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Comment

Comments on Lynch. Pyrrolyl Squaraines—Fifty Golden Years. *Metals* 2015, *5*, 1349–1370

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In addition to the papers referenced in the main article [1]; a symmetrical pyrrol-2-yl and a range of symmetrical pyrrol-3-yl squaraines were given as examples of photosensitive pigment materials in a 1979 US patent from Eastman Kodak [2] in relation to electrophoretic migration imaging processes, symmetrical pyrrol-2-yl squaraines were covered for optical data storage applications in a 2005 US patent from BASF [3], symmetrical pyrrol-3-yl squaraines and unsymmetrical pyrrol-2-yl squaraines were both noted in a 2007 US patent from KyoWa Hakko Chemical covering their use as optical filters for electronic display devices [4], a range of pyrrol-2-yl squaraines were also included as examples in a computational study in 2007 on the diradical nature of both squaraine and croconaine dyes [5], and a pyrrol-2yl squaraine was shown in a 2009 review (in Spanish) of oxocarbons and pseudooxocarbons [6], of which squaric acid and squaraines are respective members.

Since publication of the main article, the following papers have also been published in 2015; a range of pyrrol-3-yl squaraines have been studied for their two-photon absorption properties [7], pyrrol-2-yl squaraines (both symmetrical and unsymmetrical) have been discussed in a review of squaraine dyes for use in organic photovoltaic cells [8], an unsymmetrical pyrrol-2yl squaraine has been studied in a continuous flow device for the photo-oxidation of phenol [9], and another unsymmetrical pyrrol-2-yl squaraine has been studied in solar cells [10].

Conflicts of Interest

The author declares no conflicts of interest.

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