

Special Issue

Lignocellulose: Properties, Characterization and Applications

Message from the Guest Editors

Lignocellulosic biomass is a key sustainable feedstock to produce materials, chemicals, and fuels replacing fossil carbon resources. However, given lignocellulose chemical and structural complexity, its viable transformation in biorefineries is still not economically optimal. This chemical complexity can also be considered as an advantage because a wide spectrum of biomolecules can be produced from polysaccharides in lignocellulose, bringing innovative properties and a better environmental impact. Contributions will be articles presenting characterization techniques providing in-depth information on polysaccharide structure, organization, and chemical composition that are critical to optimize lignocellulose valorization. Additionally, applications of polysaccharides from lignocellulose to make various bioproducts are expected, from products designed at the nanoscale (e.g., nano-assemblies, complex biomolecules) to materials (e.g., composites) and commodities (biofuels, bioenergy).

Guest Editors

Prof. Dr. Pedro Fardim

Department of Chemical Engineering, University of Leuven,
Celestijnenlaan 200F, 3001 Leuven, Belgium

Dr. Gabriel Paes

FARE Laboratory, INRAE/University of Reims Champagne-Ardenne,
51100 Reims, France

Deadline for manuscript submissions

closed (31 December 2021)



Polysaccharides

an Open Access Journal
by MDPI

Impact Factor 5.5
CiteScore 9.7



mdpi.com/si/64180

Polysaccharides
Editorial Office
MDPI, Grosspeteranlage 5
4052 Basel, Switzerland
Tel: +41 61 683 77 34
polysaccharides@mdpi.com

[mdpi.com/journal/
polysaccharides](https://mdpi.com/journal/polysaccharides)





Polysaccharides

an Open Access Journal
by MDPI

Impact Factor 5.5
CiteScore 9.7



[mdpi.com/journal/
polysaccharides](https://mdpi.com/journal/polysaccharides)



About the Journal

Message from the Editor-in-Chief

Polysaccharides and their derivatives are ubiquitous biopolymers, and therefore in recent years their potential use has increasingly been explored. *Polysaccharides* are still the biggest class of biopolymers used in classical industries such as the paper and textile industry. The progress and fundamental aspects of the new synthesis pathways and derivatization routes, characterization, properties, as well as processing of polysaccharides is important for their possible application in modern sustainable functional materials and future green technologies.

Editor-in-Chief

Prof. Dr. Karin Stana Kleinschek
Institute for Chemistry and Technology of Biobased Systems, Graz
University of Technology, 8010 Graz, Austria

Author Benefits

High Visibility:

indexed within ESCI (Web of Science), Scopus, FSTA, CAPIus / SciFinder, and other databases.

Rapid Publication:

manuscripts are peer-reviewed and a first decision is provided to authors approximately 36.4 days after submission; acceptance to publication is undertaken in 4.5 days (median values for papers published in this journal in the first half of 2025).

Journal Rank:

JCR - Q1 (Polymer Science) / CiteScore - Q1 (Engineering (miscellaneous))