Special Issue

3D Imaging Techniques Adapted to Plant Phenomics

Message from the Guest Editors

Plant phenomics is the bridge for linking plant genomics and environmental studies, thereby improving plant breeding and management. Imaging techniques have improved high-throughput plant phenotyping due to their advantages in multi-dimensional data acquisition and analysis. Among them, 3D imaging techniques, such as LiDAR (light detection and ranging), CT, structured light, and multi-view images, provide powerful new tools for characterizing 3D traits that are unavailable from a single 2D perspective. Currently, the development of 3D imaging in plant phenotyping includes both facilities (sensors and platforms) and algorithms. This progress also improves 3D plant modeling across different spatial-temporal scales and disciplines, providing easier and less expensive association with genes and analysis of environmental practices. Although 3D imaging has been favored in plant phenotyping and modeling, its progress lags far behind 2D image-based plant phenotyping. Low-cost, high-throughput, and accurate 3D imaging phenotypic facilities and intelligent algorithms are urgently needed in order to boost 3D image-based plant phenomics applications.

Guest Editors

Dr. Shichao Jin

Prof. Dr. Wanneng Yang

Dr. Xinyu Guo

Deadline for manuscript submissions

closed (31 March 2023)



Plants

an Open Access Journal by MDPI

Impact Factor 4.1
CiteScore 7.6
Indexed in PubMed



mdpi.com/si/127076

Plants
Editorial Office
MDPI, Grosspeteranlage 5
4052 Basel, Switzerland
Tel: +41 61 683 77 34
plants@mdpi.com

mdpi.com/journal/plants





Plants

an Open Access Journal by MDPI

Impact Factor 4.1 CiteScore 7.6 Indexed in PubMed



About the Journal

Message from the Editor-in-Chief

Plants is an open access journal which provides an advanced forum for research findings in areas related to plant function, its physiology, biology, taxonomy, stresses, and its interactions with other organisms. It publishes original research articles, reviews, reports, conference proceedings (peer reviewed full articles) and communications. In original research papers, it is important that full experimental details are provided. We also encourage timely reviews and commentaries on topics of interest to the plant research community.

Editor-in-Chief

Prof. Dr. Dilantha Fernando

Department of Plant Science, University of Manitoba, Winnipeg, MB R3T 2N2, Canada

Author Benefits

Open Access:

free for readers, with article processing charges (APC) paid by authors or their institutions.

High Visibility:

indexed within Scopus, SCIE (Web of Science), PubMed, PMC, PubAg, AGRIS, CAPlus / SciFinder, and other databases.

Journal Rank:

JCR - Q1 (Plant Sciences) / CiteScore - Q1 (Ecology, Evolution, Behavior and Systematics)

