







an Open Access Journal by MDPI

#### **Rose Rosette Disease**

Guest Editor:

### Dr. John Hammond

Department of Agriculture-Agricultural Research Service, Floral and Nursery Plants Research Unit, United States National Arboretum, Beltsville, MD, 20705, USA

Deadline for manuscript submissions:

closed (28 February 2023)

# **Message from the Guest Editor**

Rose Rosette Disease (RRD) is caused by infection of roses by rose rosette virus (RRV), (Rose rosette emaravirus, genus Emaravirus, family Fimoviridae). RRV is transmitted by the eriophyid mite Phyllocoptes fructiphilus, whereas other eriophyid mites colonizing roses are not known to transmit RRV. RRV is currently known only from North America, first identified in wild roses in the western mountains, later becoming established in the introduced multiflora rose, and currently causing widespread economic damage in cultivated roses.













an Open Access Journal by MDPI

## **Editor-in-Chief**

**Prof. Dr. Lawrence S. Young**Warwick Medical School,
University of Warwick, Coventry
CV4 7AL, UK

## **Message from the Editor-in-Chief**

The worldwide impact of infectious disease is incalculable. The consequences for human health in terms of morbidity and mortality are obvious and vast but, when infections of animals and plants are also taken into account, it is hard to imagine any other disease that has such a significant impact on our lives—on healthcare systems, on agriculture and on world economics. *Pathogens* is proud to continue to serve the international community by publishing high quality studies that further our understanding of infection and have meaningful consequences for disease intervention.

#### **Author Benefits**

**Open Access:** free for readers, with article processing charges (APC) paid by authors or their institutions.

**High Visibility:** indexed within Scopus, SCIE (Web of Science), PubMed, PMC, Embase, PubAg, CaPlus / SciFinder, AGRIS, and other databases.

**Journal Rank:** JCR - Q2 (*Microbiology*) / CiteScore - Q2 (*General Immunology and Microbiology*)

#### **Contact Us**