Special Issue

Advances in Mineral-Based Carbon Capture and Storage

Message from the Guest Editors

This Special Issue focuses on the critical role of minerals in both the capture and long-term storage of CO2, particularly from major industrial sources such as cement, steel, refining, and chemical production. On the capture side, porous solid materials like zeolites. hydrotalcites, and natural or modified clavs are being explored for selective CO2 adsorption, influencing the efficiency and viability of industrial-scale deployment. In storage, mineral interactions with CO2, whether dissolved in brine or in the supercritical phase, are central to the permanence and safety of geological sequestration. Key processes include carbonation reactions with carbonates (e.g., calcite, dolomite), mafic and felsic silicates (e.g., olivine, pyroxene, feldspars), and clay minerals (e.g., serpentine, smectite), as well as competitive interactions involving organic matter and methane. Topics such as mineral dissolution/precipitation kinetics, brine-CO2-rock chemistry, and the scalability of lab experiments to reservoir conditions are also essential to advancing CCS technologies.

Guest Editors

Dr. Lucy Gomes Sant'Anna

Environmental Management Group, School of Arts, Sciences and Humanities, University of São Paulo, São Paulo 03828-000, Brazil

Dr. Harrison Lisabeth

Lawrence Berkeley National Laboratory, Berkeley, CA 94720, USA

Deadline for manuscript submissions

30 January 2026



Minerals

an Open Access Journal by MDPI

Impact Factor 2.2 CiteScore 4.4



mdpi.com/si/245209

Minerals
Editorial Office
MDPI, Grosspeteranlage 5
4052 Basel, Switzerland
Tel: +41 61 683 77 34
minerals@mdpi.com

mdpi.com/journal/ minerals





Minerals

an Open Access Journal by MDPI

Impact Factor 2.2 CiteScore 4.4



About the Journal

Message from the Editor-in-Chief

Minerals welcomes submissions that report basic and applied research in mineralogy. Research areas of traditional interest are mineral deposits, mining, mineral processing and environmental mineralogy. The journal footprint also includes novel uses of elemental and isotopic analyses of minerals for petrology, geochronology and thermochronology, thermobarometry, ore genesis and sedimentary provenance. Contributions are encouraged in emerging research areas such as applications of quantitative mineralogy to the oil and gas, manufacturing, forensic science, climate change, geohazard and health sectors.

Fditor-in-Chief

Prof. Dr. Leonid Dubrovinsky

Bayerisches Geoinstitut, University Bayreuth, D-95440 Bayreuth, Germany

Author Benefits

High Visibility:

indexed within Scopus, SCIE (Web of Science), GeoRef, CaPlus / SciFinder, Inspec, Astrophysics Data System, AGRIS, and other databases.

Journal Rank:

JCR - Q2 (Mining and Mineral Processing) / CiteScore - Q1 (Geology)

Rapid Publication:

manuscripts are peer-reviewed and a first decision is provided to authors approximately 18.2 days after submission; acceptance to publication is undertaken in 2.6 days (median values for papers published in this journal in the first half of 2025).

