Special Issue

Role of Microbes in the Remediation of Harmful Pollutants in Contaminated Ecosystems

Message from the Guest Editors

In addition, deepening our knowledge on the diversity and metabolic pathways of microbes inhabiting contaminated marine sites can unveil novel taxa (either as single strains or consortia) with biotechnological potential for the bioremediation of harmful pollutants. Indeed, bioremediation approaches based on the stimulation of useful autochthonous microbes (biostimulation) or the addition of useful microbes (bioaugmentation) are gaining increasing attention for their eco-compatibility and lower costs. For effective bioremediation, ideal microbes should be abundant and metabolically active in the natural system, resistant to mixed contaminations, easy to grow, and responsive to selective stimulation. However, frequent failures are observed due to unsuccessful increases in the abundance or activity of target microbes, or due to the low fitness of lab-grown microbes once released into the contaminated environment. It is thus important to improve our knowledge on the diversity and dynamics of natural microbial assemblages for optimizing bioremediation performance, especially in sites that show the co-presence of multiple contaminants.

Guest Editors

Dr. Eugenio Rastelli

Dr. Sergio Balzano

Prof. Dr. Antonio Dell'Anno

Deadline for manuscript submissions

closed (31 December 2023)



Microorganisms

an Open Access Journal by MDPI

Impact Factor 4.2 CiteScore 7.7 Indexed in PubMed



mdpi.com/si/130290

Microorganisms
Editorial Office
MDPI, Grosspeteranlage 5
4052 Basel, Switzerland
Tel: +41 61 683 77 34
microorganisms@mdpi.com

mdpi.com/journal/ microorganisms





Microorganisms

an Open Access Journal by MDPI

Impact Factor 4.2 CiteScore 7.7 Indexed in PubMed



About the Journal

Message from the Editor-in-Chief

"Microorganism" merges the idea of the very small with the idea of the evolving reproducing organism is a unifying principle for the discipline of microbiology. Our journal recognizes the broadly diverse yet connected nature of microorganisms and provides an advanced publishing forum for original articles from scientists involved in high-quality basic and applied research on any prokaryotic or eukaryotic microorganism, and for research on the ecology, genomics and evolution of microbial communities as well as that exploring cultured microorganisms in the laboratory.

Editor-in-Chief

Dr. Nico Jehmlich

Department of Molecular Toxicology, UFZ-Helmholtz Centre for Environmental Research, 04318 Leipzig, Germany

Author Benefits

High Visibility:

indexed within Scopus, SCIE (Web of Science), PubMed, PMC, PubAg, CAPlus / SciFinder, AGRIS, and other databases.

Journal Rank:

JCR - Q2 (Microbiology) / CiteScore - Q1 (Microbiology (medical))

Rapid Publication:

manuscripts are peer-reviewed and a first decision is provided to authors approximately 15.2 days after submission; acceptance to publication is undertaken in 2.9 days (median values for papers published in this journal in the first half of 2025).

