

# Special Issue

## Biological Treatment of Solidwaste

### Message from the Guest Editors

Biological treatment is a kind of treatment technology that uses organisms in nature, mainly microorganisms, to transform degradable organic solid waste into stable products, energy, and other useful substances. The main organic solid waste biological treatment technologies include composting, anaerobic digestion, biodrying, and bioleaching. Biological treatment is primarily used to deal with organic waste, also known as biomass waste, mainly including kitchen waste (leftovers, leftovers, fruit peel, etc.), bark, wood chips, crop stalks, animal feces, and sludge, among others. Keywords: composting; anaerobic digestion; biodrying; bioleaching

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### Deadline for manuscript submissions

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## Microorganisms

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## About the Journal

### Message from the Editor-in-Chief

"Microorganism" merges the idea of the very small with the idea of the evolving reproducing organism is a unifying principle for the discipline of microbiology. Our journal recognizes the broadly diverse yet connected nature of microorganisms and provides an advanced publishing forum for original articles from scientists involved in high-quality basic and applied research on any prokaryotic or eukaryotic microorganism, and for research on the ecology, genomics and evolution of microbial communities as well as that exploring cultured microorganisms in the laboratory.

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### Editor-in-Chief

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