Special Issue

Fungal Secondary Metabolites Diversity and Exploring for the Bioactive Metabolites

Message from the Guest Editors

Fungi are a huge treasure trove of bioactive compound resources. It is estimated that there are more than one million fungal species in the world, including 100 thousand known species. Compared with plants, fungi have a greater diversity of secondary metabolites because the living environment of fungi varies greatly. Fungi can not only synthetize well-known antibiotics such as penicillin, cephaloridine and cyclosporin, but also growth regulators, immunoregulators, antioxidants etc., through which fungi can crosstalk with the environment. However, the secondary metabolites of more than 90% of fungi have not been studied. This has seriously affected people's understanding of fungal language and the utilization of the fungal secondary metabolites. Therefore, this Special Issue will attempt to provide a platform for promoting research on fungal secondary metabolites' analysis, identification, biosynthesis, bioactivities and metabolism.

Guest Editors

Prof. Dr. Fenglin Hu

Engineering Research Center of Fungal Biotechnology, Ministry of Education, Anhui Provincial Key Laboratory for Microbial Control, Anhui Agricultural University, Hefei 230036, China

Prof. Dr. Yuhui Sun

Key Laboratory of Combinatorial Biosynthesis and Drug Discovery, Ministry of Education, Wuhan University School of Pharmaceutical Sciences, Wuhan 430071, China

Deadline for manuscript submissions

closed (15 August 2023)



an Open Access Journal by MDPI

Impact Factor 3.7 CiteScore 6.9 Indexed in PubMed



mdpi.com/si/164352

Metabolites
Editorial Office
MDPI, Grosspeteranlage 5
4052 Basel, Switzerland
Tel: +41 61 683 77 34
metabolites@mdpi.com

mdpi.com/journal/ metabolites





Metabolites

an Open Access Journal by MDPI

Impact Factor 3.7 CiteScore 6.9 Indexed in PubMed



About the Journal

Message from the Editor-in-Chief

The metabolome is the result of the combined effects of genetic and environmental influences on metabolic processes. Metabolomic studies can provide a global view of metabolism and thereby improve our understanding of the underlying biology. Advances in metabolomic technologies have shown utility for elucidating mechanisms which underlie fundamental biological processes including disease pathology. *Metabolites* is proud to be part of the development of metabolomics and we look forward to working with many of you to publish high quality metabolomic studies.

Editor-in-Chief

Dr. Amedeo Lonardo

Internal Medicine, Ospedale Civile di Baggiovara, Azienda Ospedaliero-Universitaria, 41126 Modena, Italy

Author Benefits

High Visibility:

indexed within Scopus, SCIE (Web of Science), PubMed, PMC, Embase, CAPlus / SciFinder, and other databases.

Journal Rank:

JCR - Q2 (Biochemistry and Molecular Biology) / CiteScore - Q2 (Endocrinology, Diabetes and Metabolism)

Rapid Publication:

manuscripts are peer-reviewed and a first decision is provided to authors approximately 14.4 days after submission; acceptance to publication is undertaken in 3.6 days (median values for papers published in this journal in the first half of 2025).

