





an Open Access Journal by MDPI

# **Cerium-based Materials for Energy Conversion**

Guest Editors:

### Prof. Dr. Ulrich F. Vogt

1. Empa, Swiss Federal Laboratories for Materials Science and Technology, Überlandstrasse 129, 8600 Dübendorf, Switzerland 2. Albert-Ludwigs-University Freiburg, Crystallography, Institute of Earth and Environmental Sciences, Hermann-Herder-Str. 5, D-79104 Freiburg i.Br., Germany

#### Prof. Dr. Paolo Fornasiero

Department of Chemical and Pharmaceutical Sciences, Universita'degli Studi di Trieste, 34127 Trieste, Italy

Deadline for manuscript submissions:

closed (30 September 2017)

## **Message from the Guest Editors**

Ceria (CeO<sub>2</sub>) plays a key role in many catalytic processes. Due to its excellent oxygen storage capacity (OSC), ceriabased mixed oxides are widely used for industriallyrelevant applications, like three-way catalysis, catalytic oxidation in exhaust converters, SOFC fuel cells, SOEC electrolysis, water-gas shift reactions, or thermochemicaland photocatalytic water splitting. There is no doubt that ceria is able to reduce the energetic requirements of catalytic process, particularly relevant are the direct application in energy sector. This is the case of ceria-based materials used as electrolytes in SOFS, as co-catalyst in anodes of SOFC or in DAFC, as active components in the formulation of reforming catalysts for hydrogen production. Applications in photophotoelectrochemical processes for solar fuel production are also exponentially growing. This Special Issue aims to bring together the actual status of research on the use of ceria-based materials for energy-related applications. Therefore, we invite you to contribute with a paper in the above-mentioned areas.

Prof. Dr. Ulrich F. Vogt

Prof. Dr. Paolo Fornasiero Guest Editors











an Open Access Journal by MDPI

### **Editor-in-Chief**

### **Prof. Dr. Duncan H. Gregory** School of Chemistry, University of Glasgow, University Avenue, Glasgow G12 800, UK

## **Message from the Editor-in-Chief**

Inorganic chemistry remains a lynchpin of modern chemistry, not only embracing the function and reactivity of combinations of most elements of the periodic table, but also providing a footing for studies of materials, catalysts, drugs, fuels and industrial chemicals. Arguably, the role and reach of inorganics in society have never been as great as today. Adventurous research at the heart and at the extremes of inorganic chemistry is vital to further advances and Inorganics offers authors the opportunity to publish exciting new research in an open access format.

### **Author Benefits**

**Open Access:** free for readers, with article processing charges (APC) paid by authors or their institutions.

**High Visibility:** indexed within Scopus, SCIE (Web of Science), CAPlus / SciFinder, and other databases.

**Journal Rank:** JCR - Q2 (*Chemistry, Inorganic & Nuclear*) / CiteScore - Q2 (*Inorganic Chemistry*)

#### **Contact Us**