Special Issue

Tolerance of Horticultural Plants to Abiotic Stresses

Message from the Guest Editors

The capacity of horticultural plants to endure abiotic stresses, such as drought, salinity, extreme temperatures, and heavy metal contamination, is vital for sustaining growth and optimizing productivity. Central tolerance mechanisms, including osmoprotectant accumulation, heightened antioxidant enzyme activity, and ion transport regulation, serve to alleviate stress-induced damage. Moreover, plant hormones, fertilizers, and biostimulants are instrumental in enhancing stress resilience. Recent advances in genomics and metabolomics provide promising strategies for breeding and cultivating stress-tolerant horticultural crops. Investigating the physiological. molecular, and genetic responses of plants to abiotic stresses is imperative for fortifying their resilience and ensuring sustainable productivity. Given the increasing frequency of extreme conditions due to climate change. research in horticultural plant stress tolerance is indispensable for developing resilient crops, safeguarding food security, and advancing sustainable agricultural practices in an evolving environment.

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Message from the Editor-in-Chief

Horticultural plants and their products provide sustenance, health, and beauty. A confluence of factors is putting increasing pressure on horticultural production to evolve, and innovative research is addressing these challenges. *Horticulturae* provides a venue to communicate research results in a rapid manner with open access, allowing everyone the opportunity to stay abreast of leading research addressing horticulture. I invite you to consider publishing the results of your research in this high quality, peer-reviewed journal.

Editor-in-Chief

Prof. Dr. Luigi De Bellis

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