Cohort Study of Oral Health

Guest Editor:

Dr. Dong-Hun Han
Seoul National University School of Dentistry

Message from the Guest Editor

Oral diseases are representative chronic diseases that most people suffer from. Most oral diseases, except dental caries, occur in later life in adults and the elderly, but we still do not know the causes and mechanisms of oral disease. We have learned much about human chronic diseases such as cardiovascular and metabolic diseases from cohort studies which began in the mid-20th century. However, research on cohort studies of oral diseases is not yet active. A major research methodology that can reveal the causes and mechanisms of oral diseases, ranging from the cellular level to the socio-environmental levels, is the cohort study from the early stage of life. A cohort study of oral diseases can provide significant progress in disease prevention, health promotion, and improving quality of life if the cause and mechanism of the disease and its relationship with other chronic diseases can be identified. This Special Issue covers a wide range of recent research findings on cohort studies in oral disease.

mdpi.com/si/36801

Special Issue

Editor-in-Chief

Message from the Editor-in-Chief

Healthcare is an international, scientific, peer-reviewed, open access journal on health care systems, industry, technology, policy, and regulation, and is published semimonthly online by MDPI. Ocular Wellness & Nutrition Society (OWNS) is affiliated with *Healthcare* and its members receive discounts on article processing charges.

Author Benefits

Open Access: free for readers, with article processing charges (APC) paid by authors or their institutions.
High Visibility: indexed within Scopus, SCIE and SSCI (Web of Science), PubMed, PMC, and other databases.
Journal Rank: JCR - Q2 (*Health Policy & Services*) / CiteScore - Q2 (*Leadership and Management*)

Contact Us