

Special Issue

Complete Rectal Prolapse: Etiopathogenesis, Diagnosis and Treatment

Message from the Guest Editors

External rectal prolapse, rectal procidentia, or “complete” rectal prolapse (CRP), can be defined as a circumferential, full-thickness intussusception of the rectal wall which protrudes outside the anal canal. Despite anatomical correction, patients frequently complain of persisting pelvic floor symptoms and recurrences. For this reason, the management of CRP is challenging for all coloproctologists specializing in anatomico-functional disorders of the pelvic floor. The aim of this Special Issue is to provide a series of state-of-the-art manuscripts, including both original contributions and review articles, in order to reach a complete understanding of the etiopathogenesis, diagnosis, and treatment of CRP.

Guest Editors

Dr. Gaetano Gallo
Dr. Ugo Grossi
Dr. Atsushi Sakuraba

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Gastroenterology Insights
Editorial Office
MDPI, Grosspeteranlage 5
4052 Basel, Switzerland
Tel: +41 61 683 77 34
gastroent@mdpi.com

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Editor-in-Chief

Dr. Atsushi Sakuraba
Division of Digestive Diseases and Nutrition, RUSH University Medical
Center, Chicago, IL, USA

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