Special Issue

Quantum Information: Fragility and the Challenges of Fault Tolerance

Message from the Guest Editors

The recent advances in scaling up quantum processors into the range of 50-100 gubits make quantum error correction (QEC) and fault tolerance urgent practical issues in order to achieve quantum advantage or even quantum supremacy. Interesting developments in regular QEC include new classes of codes, either in the qubit setting (topological, non-abelian, holographic...) or with continuous variables, such as Gottesman-Kitaev-Preskill (GKP) or cat-codes. However, universal faulttolerant quantum computation based on QEC is not yet within reach. The near-term challenge is rather to make optimal use of available hardware and software resources. This requires developing useful characterization tools, typically involving the number, connectivity, and coherence of physical gubits, the available gate set, and the number of operations that can be run in parallel. On the software side, machine learning (ML) may be used for optimizing gate sequences, minimizing circuit depths, optimizing variational schemes. Other challenges involve new types of architectures, like dynamical complex systems based on (brain-inspired) adaptive quantum networks.

Guest Editors

Prof. Dr. Göran Wendin

Department of Microtechnology and Nanoscience-MC2, Chalmers University of Technology, S-412 96 Göteborg, Sweden

Dr. Giulia Ferrini

Department of Microtechnology and Nanoscience-MC2, Chalmers University of Technology, S-412 96 Göteborg, Sweden

Deadline for manuscript submissions

closed (31 October 2019)



an Open Access Journal by MDPI

Impact Factor 2.0 CiteScore 5.2 Indexed in PubMed



mdpi.com/si/18474

Entropy
Editorial Office
MDPI, Grosspeteranlage 5
4052 Basel, Switzerland
Tel: +41 61 683 77 34
entropy@mdpi.com

mdpi.com/journal/entropy





an Open Access Journal by MDPI

Impact Factor 2.0 CiteScore 5.2 Indexed in PubMed



About the Journal

Message from the Editor-in-Chief

The concept of entropy is traditionally a quantity in physics that has to do with temperature. However, it is now clear that entropy is deeply related to information theory and the process of inference. As such, entropic techniques have found broad application in the sciences.

Entropy is an online open access journal providing an advanced forum for the development and/or application of entropic and information-theoretic studies in a wide variety of applications. Entropy is inviting innovative and insightful contributions. Please consider Entropy as an exceptional home for your manuscript.

Editor-in-Chief

Prof. Dr. Kevin H. Knuth

Department of Physics, University at Albany, 1400 Washington Avenue, Albany, NY 12222, USA

Author Benefits

Open Access:

free for readers, with article processing charges (APC) paid by authors or their institutions.

High Visibility:

indexed within Scopus, SCIE (Web of Science), Inspec, PubMed, PMC, Astrophysics Data System, and other databases.

Journal Rank:

JCR - Q2 (Physics, Multidisciplinary) / CiteScore - Q1 (Mathematical Physics)

