

Special Issue

Assessing Complexity in Physiological Systems through Biomedical Signals Analysis II

Message from the Guest Editors

Complexity is ubiquitous among physiological systems, originating from fractal structures, self-organization, nonlinearity, interactions at different levels/scales, and interconnections through physiological networks. Biomedical signals carry information on the system complexity that may help to monitor health conditions or predict pathological events. Thus, recent trends in signals analysis aim at designing tools for extracting such information from time series like EEG and EMG, beat-by-beat cardiovascular variables, or breath-by-breath respiratory variables. However, important issues remain open, like the development of methods that: distinguish randomness from complexity; provide estimates on short series or from multivariate recordings; allow multiscale estimates of predictability, entropy, and multifractality; represent parametrically the stochastic processes; or set the analysis parameters automatically. Thus, this 2nd volume of our special issue is aimed at collecting methodological contributions to improve complexity-based methods of biosignals analysis and new applications illustrating the value of complexity analysis. State-of-the-art reviews are also welcome.

Guest Editors

Prof. Dr. Paolo Castiglioni

Prof. Dr. Luca Faes

Dr. Gaetano Valenza

Dr. Andrea Faini

Deadline for manuscript submissions

closed (30 April 2025)



Entropy

an Open Access Journal
by MDPI

Impact Factor 2.0
CiteScore 5.2
Indexed in PubMed



mdpi.com/si/140759

Entropy
Editorial Office
MDPI, Grosspeteranlage 5
4052 Basel, Switzerland
Tel: +41 61 683 77 34
entropy@mdpi.com

[mdpi.com/journal/
entropy](https://mdpi.com/journal/entropy)





Entropy

an Open Access Journal
by MDPI

Impact Factor 2.0
CiteScore 5.2
Indexed in PubMed



[mdpi.com/journal/
entropy](https://mdpi.com/journal/entropy)



About the Journal

Message from the Editor-in-Chief

The concept of entropy is traditionally a quantity in physics that has to do with temperature. However, it is now clear that entropy is deeply related to information theory and the process of inference. As such, entropic techniques have found broad application in the sciences.

Entropy is an online open access journal providing an advanced forum for the development and/or application of entropic and information-theoretic studies in a wide variety of applications. *Entropy* is inviting innovative and insightful contributions. Please consider *Entropy* as an exceptional home for your manuscript.

Editor-in-Chief

Prof. Dr. Kevin H. Knuth

Department of Physics, University at Albany, 1400 Washington Avenue,
Albany, NY 12222, USA

Author Benefits

Open Access:

free for readers, with article processing charges (APC) paid by authors or their institutions.

High Visibility:

indexed within Scopus, SCIE (Web of Science), Inspec, PubMed, PMC, Astrophysics Data System, and other databases.

Journal Rank:

JCR - Q2 (Physics, Multidisciplinary) / CiteScore - Q1 (Mathematical Physics)