

Special Issue

New Advance in Chaperone-Mediated Autophagy

Message from the Guest Editor

Chaperone-mediated autophagy (CMA) is a selective proteolytic pathway in the autophagic lysosomal protein degradation system. CMA substrates are delivered to a lysosomal CMA receptor, lysosome-associated membrane protein 2A (LAMP2A) and transported to lysosomal lumen via a translocon complex formed by oligomerization of LAMP2A. CMA is considered to be related to the maintenance of intracellular protein homeostasis. Indeed, CMA has been focused as the regulator of physiological functions and disease pathogenesis. In various organs, the lysosomal protein degradation in kidney is mainly mediated by CMA, because macroautophagy is not active in kidney tissues. Regarding diseases, impairment of CMA participates in the pathogenesis of Parkinson's disease, because CMA is mainly involved in the degradation of α -synuclein, which is highly accumulated in Lewy bodies found in affected neurons of Parkinson's disease patients. In addition, Hsc70 and LAMP2A are decreased in lymphocytes and tissues of Parkinson's disease patients. This special issue focuses on the recent advances on the roles and mechanisms of CMA.

Guest Editor

Dr. Takahiro Seki

Department of Pharmacology, Faculty of Pharmaceutical Sciences, Himeji Dokkyo University, 7-2-1 Kamiohno, Himeji 670-8524, Japan

Deadline for manuscript submissions

closed (31 May 2022)



Cells

an Open Access Journal
by MDPI

Impact Factor 6.0
CiteScore 11.4
Indexed in PubMed



mdpi.com/si/74181

Cells
Editorial Office
MDPI, Grosspeteranlage 5
4052 Basel, Switzerland
Tel: +41 61 683 77 34
cells@mdpi.com

[mdpi.com/journal/
cells](https://mdpi.com/journal/cells)





Cells

an Open Access Journal
by MDPI

Impact Factor 6.0
CiteScore 11.4
Indexed in PubMed



[mdpi.com/journal/
cells](https://mdpi.com/journal/cells)



About the Journal

Message from the Editorial Board

Cells has become a solid international scientific journal that is now indexed on SCIE and in other databases. We have successfully introduced a special issues format so that these issues serve as mini-forums in specific areas of cell science. *Cells* encourages researchers to suggest new special issues, serve as special issues editors, and volunteer to be reviewers. Our main focus will remain on cell anatomy and physiology, the structure and function of organelles, cell adhesion and motility, and the regulation of intracellular signaling, growth, differentiation, and aging. We are open to both original research papers and reviews.

Editors-in-Chief

Dr. Alexander E. Kalyuzhny

Neuroscience, UMN Twin Cities, 6-145 Jackson Hall, 321 Church St SE,
Minneapolis, MN 55455, USA

Prof. Dr. Cord Brakebusch

Biotech Research & Innovation Centre, The University of Copenhagen,
Copenhagen, Denmark

Author Benefits

High Visibility:

indexed within Scopus, SCIE (Web of Science), PubMed, MEDLINE, PMC, CAPlus / SciFinder, and other databases.

Journal Rank:

JCR - Q2 (Cell Biology) / CiteScore - Q1 (General Biochemistry, Genetics and Molecular Biology)

Rapid Publication:

manuscripts are peer-reviewed and a first decision is provided to authors approximately 14.9 days after submission; acceptance to publication is undertaken in 2.8 days (median values for papers published in this journal in the first half of 2026).