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How Perinatal Stress Affects Brain Plasticity in Ontogenesis

Collection Editors:

Prof. Dr. Alexander V. Arutjunyan

1. Chief Researcher of the
Department of Immunology and
Intercellular Interactions, D.O. Ott
Institute of Obstetrics,
Gynecology and Reproductology,
Saint-Petersburg, Russia
2. Head of the Laboratory of
Biochemistry, Saint-Petersburg
Institute of Bioregulation and
Gerontology, Saint-Petersburg,
Russia

Prof. Dr. Natalia V. Gulyaeva

Russian Academy of Sciences, Department of Functional Biochemistry of the Nervous System, Moscow, Russia

Message from the Collection Editors

Recent advances strongly support the essential role of perinatal stress in delayed psychological, psychiatric, and neurological sequelae during ontogenesis, specifically in adolescence and adulthood. A number of animal models of perinatal stress have been developed and used to study the mechanisms of its detrimental effects on the brain. with these studies having major translational significance. The perinatal period of brain development is extremely important, since it involves the formation of the main brain structures associated with neurogenesis and gliogenesis. the maturation of synapses, as well as other essential events regulated by endocrine and immune systems and potentially vulnerable to early-life stress. Stress-induced changes involve all levels of neuroplasticity, including synaptic plasticity. This Topical Collection is aimed at the accumulation of new data regarding the effects of perinatal stress on the development of brain plasticity mechanisms at all levels of brain organization. The goal of this collection is to highlight the translational potential of these data to elucidate connections between perinatal stress and negative health outcomes.













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Editors-in-Chief

Prof. Dr. Alexander E. Kalyuzhny

Neuroscience, UMN Twin Cities, 6-145 Jackson Hall, 321 Church St SE, Minneapolis, MN 55455, USA

Prof. Dr. Cord Brakebusch

Biotech Research & Innovation Centre, The University of Copenhagen, Copenhagen, Denmark

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