## **Special Issue**

# Advanced Earth-Abundant Catalysts for Energy Related Electrochemistry

## Message from the Guest Editors

This Special Issue aims to compile a set of manuscripts about advanced electrocatalysts composed of earthabundant elements for energy related electrochemical reactions, including hydrogen evolution, CO2 reduction, ammonia production, and the related anodic reactions. Additionally, we are also interested in new mechanistic insights into catalysts using in situ/operando characterization. The combination of various techniques is expected. Keywords

- water splitting
- CO2 reduction
- ammonia production
- electrocatalysts
- reaction mechanisms
- in situ/operando characterization

#### **Guest Editors**

Dr. Lichen Bai

Department of Interface Science, Fritz-Haber-Institute of Max-Planck-Society, 14195 Berlin, Germany

Dr. Jun Gu

Department of Chemistry, Southern University of Science and Technology, Shenzhen 518055, China

## Deadline for manuscript submissions

closed (30 April 2023)



# **Catalysts**

an Open Access Journal by MDPI

Impact Factor 4.0 CiteScore 7.6



mdpi.com/si/108054

Catalysts
Editorial Office
MDPI, Grosspeteranlage 5
4052 Basel, Switzerland
Tel: +41 61 683 77 34
catalysts@mdpi.com

mdpi.com/journal/catalysts





# **Catalysts**

an Open Access Journal by MDPI

Impact Factor 4.0 CiteScore 7.6



## **About the Journal**

## Message from the Editor-in-Chief

## **Editor-in-Chief**

Prof. Dr. Keith Hohn

Carl R. Ice College of Engineering, Kansas State University, Manhattan, KS, USA

## **Author Benefits**

## **High Visibility:**

indexed within Scopus, SCIE (Web of Science), Inspec, Ei Compendex, CAPlus / SciFinder, CAB Abstracts, and other databases.

#### Journal Rank:

JCR - Q2 (Chemistry, Physical) / CiteScore - Q1 (General Environmental Science)

## **Rapid Publication:**

manuscripts are peer-reviewed and a first decision is provided to authors approximately 16.6 days after submission; acceptance to publication is undertaken in 2.7 days (median values for papers published in this journal in the first half of 2025).

