Special Issue

Esophageal Cancer: Incidence, Risk Factors, and Early Diagnosis

Message from the Guest Editor

Esophageal cancer is one of the leading causes of cancer-related deaths, causing over 400,000 deaths globally each year. The two main histological subtypes of esophageal cancer, squamous cell carcinoma and adenocarcinoma, differ greatly in distribution and risk factor profiles. The etiology of esophageal cancer is not completely understood. Esophageal cancer is featured by a poor prognosis, and tumor stage at diagnosis is the strongest prognostic factor. Detection at an early stage may improve prognosis, but unselected endoscopic screening or surveillance is not justified in the general population. Risk prediction models have shown the potential to identify selected high-risk individuals for targeted prevention and early detection, but such models need to be further refined and validated, and their clinical utility remains to be carefully evaluated. The aim of this Special Issue is to provide epidemiologists. clinicians and public health professionals with an overview of the epidemiology and prevention of esophageal cancer, with a focus on updated evidence from public health and clinical epidemiological research.

Guest Editor

Dr. Shaohua Xie

- Upper Gastrointestinal Surgery, Department of Molecular Medicine and Surgery, Karolinska Institute, Karolinska University Hospital, 17176 Stockholm, Sweden
- School of Public Health, Fujian Medical University, Fuzhou 350001, China

Deadline for manuscript submissions

closed (15 December 2023)



Cancers

an Open Access Journal by MDPI

Impact Factor 4.4
CiteScore 8.8
Indexed in PubMed



mdpi.com/si/147571

Cancers
Editorial Office
MDPI, Grosspeteranlage 5
4052 Basel, Switzerland
Tel: +41 61 683 77 34
cancers@mdpi.com

mdpi.com/journal/cancers





Cancers

an Open Access Journal by MDPI

Impact Factor 4.4 CiteScore 8.8 Indexed in PubMed



About the Journal

Message from the Editor-in-Chief

Cancers is an international online journal addressing both clinical and basic science issues related to cancer research. The journal is publishing in Open Access format, which will certainly evolve to ensure that the journal takes full advantage of the rapidly changing world of information and knowledge dissemination. It publishes high-quality clinical, translational, and basic science research on cancer prevention, initiation, progression, and treatment, as well as other related topics, particularly to capture the most seminal studies in the rapidly growing area of immunology, immunotherapy, and tumor microenvironment.

Editor-in-Chief

Prof. Dr. Samuel C. Mok.

Department of Gynecologic Oncology and Reproductive Medicine, The University of Texas MD Anderson Cancer Center, Houston, TX 77030, USA

Author Benefits

Open Access:

free for readers, with article processing charges (APC) paid by authors or their institutions.

High Visibility:

indexed within Scopus, SCIE (Web of Science), PubMed, PMC, Embase, CAPlus / SciFinder, and other databases.

Journal Rank:

JCR - Q2 (Oncology) / CiteScore - Q1 (Oncology)

