



## Cellular Communication, Carcinogenesis and Targeted Interventions

Guest Editors:

**Prof. Dr. Jean Jiang**

Department of Biochemistry and Structural Biology, University of Texas Health Science Center, San Antonio, TX 78229, USA

**Prof. Dr. Maria Lucia Zaidan Dagle**

School of Veterinary Medicine and Animal Science, Universidade de São Paulo, São Paulo, SP 05508-900, Brazil

**Prof. Dr. Marc Mesnil**

CoMeT Laboratory, UR 24344, Université de Poitiers, 86073 Poitiers, France

Deadline for manuscript submissions:

**closed (31 December 2023)**

### Message from the Guest Editors

Cells in tissues communicate closely with each other either directly, by contact, or indirectly, by secretion of soluble factors or extracellular vesicles. Intercellular communication by contact is carried out mainly via three types of interactions: intercellular recognition or adhesion molecules, gap junctions and the very thin cytoplasmic projections called nanotubes. On the other hand, indirect cellular communication is carried out through secreted molecules that are transported from one cell to another by diffusion over short distances (paracrine communication) or long distances by blood flow (endocrine communication). Indirect intercellular communication can also be achieved by transmitting extracellular vesicles (EVs), such as exosomes and microvesicles, which act as transport shuttles, allowing cells to exchange proteins, RNAs (miRNAs, mRNAs) likely to modify the phenotype of the recipient cell. Gap junction intercellular communication capacity (GJICc) and connexin expression were found to be altered in cancer cells in 1966 when the studies on the gap junction involvement in carcinogenesis started.





an Open Access Journal by MDPI

## Editor-in-Chief

**Prof. Dr. Samuel C. Mok**

Department of Gynecologic  
Oncology and Reproductive  
Medicine, The University of Texas  
MD Anderson Cancer Center,  
Houston, TX 77030, USA

## Message from the Editor-in-Chief

*Cancers* (ISSN 2072-6694) is an international, online journal addressing both clinical and basic science issues related to cancer research. The journal will continue its open access format, which will certainly evolve to ensure that the journal takes full advantage of the rapidly changing world of information and knowledge dissemination. It publishes high-quality clinical, translational, and basic science research on cancer prevention, initiation, progression, and treatment, as well as other related topics, particularly to capture the most seminal studies in the rapidly growing area of immunology, immunotherapy, and tumor microenvironment.

## Author Benefits

**Open Access:** free for readers, with article processing charges (APC) paid by authors or their institutions.

**High Visibility:** indexed within Scopus, SCIE (Web of Science), PubMed, PMC, Embase, CAPlus / SciFinder, and other databases.

**Journal Rank:** JCR - Q2 (Oncology) / CiteScore - Q1 (Oncology)

## Contact Us

---

*Cancers* Editorial Office  
MDPI, Grosspeteranlage 5  
4052 Basel, Switzerland

Tel: +41 61 683 77 34  
[www.mdpi.com](http://www.mdpi.com)

[mdpi.com/journal/cancers](http://mdpi.com/journal/cancers)  
[cancers@mdpi.com](mailto:cancers@mdpi.com)  
[X@Cancers\\_MDPI](https://twitter.com/Cancers_MDPI)