



Climate, Water and Wetland Interaction

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Message from the Guest Editors

Wetlands are part of the planet's landscape and provide numerous functions that are of substantial and significant value to humans. Loss of coastal wetlands, space, food production, and the displacement of about 800 million people will further contribute to the climate problems we face. Implementation of or returning to traditional environmental knowledge (TEK) and traditional environmental management (TEM) practices may help resolve some of the climate change/water/wetland issues that have been identified. The decisions that we make today and in the future will inevitably challenge/change our way of life in profound ways.

In this Special Issue, we welcome studies on climate, water, and wetland interaction and mainly presenting the most recent advances in:

- Wetlands absorb and store carbon;
- Vulnerability of wetlands from rising sea levels;
- Wetlands for ecosystem-based DRR to extreme weather;
- Wetlands enhance hydrological functions and reduce heat waves;
- Wetlands policy to adapt and mitigate the impacts of climate change.

