# Special Issue

## Evaluation of Emerging Antimicrobials

## Message from the Guest Editor

Antimicrobials are therapeutic agents used in the treatment and/or prevention of infections. They include antibiotics, antivirals, antifungals, antiparasitics, and antiseptics. Antimicrobial agents can interfere with cellular processes like cell wall/membrane synthesis and the activity of cellular enzymes, thereby preventing their growth, or they can directly kill the microorganisms. As defined by the WHO (World Health Organization), antimicrobial resistance occurs when microorganisms change over time and do not respond to treatment, thereby making infections difficult to treat and increasing their severity and spread, leading to death. The overuse and misuse of antimicrobials is a serious driver of antimicrobial resistance. Antimicrobial resistance is a global concern and demands the urgent development of novel antimicrobial agents with diverse chemical structures and novel mechanisms of action to overcome it. This Special Issue aims to present new chemical agents (NCEs) and their antimicrobial evaluation against different microorganisms. It also encourages any novel advances in the mechanistic insights of known antimicrobial agents toward infections.

#### **Guest Editor**

Dr. Dilep Kumar Sigalapalli

Department of Biochemistry, University of Washington, Seattle, WA, USA

#### Deadline for manuscript submissions

closed (31 May 2025)



an Open Access Journal by MDPI

Impact Factor 4.6 CiteScore 8.7 Indexed in PubMed



mdpi.com/si/179441

Antibiotics
Editorial Office
MDPI, Grosspeteranlage 5
4052 Basel, Switzerland
Tel: +41 61 683 77 34
antibiotics@mdpi.com

mdpi.com/journal/ antibiotics





an Open Access Journal by MDPI

Impact Factor 4.6 CiteScore 8.7 Indexed in PubMed



## **About the Journal**

## Message from the Editor-in-Chief

There are very few fields that attract as much attention as scientific endeavor related to antibiotic discovery. use and preservation. The public, patients, scientists, clinicians, policy-makers, NGOs, governments, and supra-governmental organizations are all focusing intensively on it: all are concerned that we use our existing agents more effectively, and develop and evaluate new interventions in time to face emerging challenges for the benefit of present and future generations. We need every discipline to contribute and collaborate: molecular, microbiological, clinical, epidemiological, geographic, economic, social scientific and policy disciples are all key. Antibiotics is a nimble, inclusive and rigorous indexed journal as an enabling platform for all who can contribute to solving the greatest broad concerns of the modern world.

#### Editor-in-Chief

Prof. Dr. Nicholas Dixon

School of Chemistry and Molecular Bioscience, University of Wollongong, Wollongong, NSW 2522, Australia

#### **Author Benefits**

## **Open Access:**

free for readers, with article processing charges (APC) paid by authors or their institutions.

## **High Visibility:**

indexed within Scopus, SCIE (Web of Science), PubMed, PMC, Embase, CAPlus / SciFinder, and other databases.

#### Journal Rank:

JCR - Q1 (Infectious Diseases) / CiteScore - Q1 (General Pharmacology, Toxicology and Pharmaceutics)

