

IMPACT FACTOR 4.8





an Open Access Journal by MDPI

# Targeting β-Lactamases to Fight Antimicrobial Resistance

Guest Editor:

## Prof. Dr. Malcolm Page

Life Sciences & Chemistry, Jacobs University Bremen gGmbH, 28759 Bremen, Germany

Deadline for manuscript submissions:

closed (31 December 2022)

## Message from the Guest Editor

Dear colleagues,

 $\beta\text{-Lactamases}$  constitute the primary means of resistance that bacteria have towards the widely used  $\beta\text{-lactam}$  antibiotics. These enzymes hydrolyze not only the amide bond of the four-membered  $\beta\text{-lactam}$  ring that gives its name to this class of antibiotics, but also the larger  $\beta\text{-lactam}$  ring found in some natural products and derivatives. Only a handful of  $\beta\text{-lactamases}$  were known in the early 1970s, but the number of  $\beta\text{-lactamases}$  has increased dramatically in the face of intense selection pressure imposed by the human use of  $\beta\text{-lactam}$  antibiotics.

Starting with clavulanic acid, a natural inhibitor of the serine enzymes discovered in the 1970s and introduced into clinical practice in 1981 combined with amoxicillin, combinations of a  $\beta$ -lactamase-labile antibiotic with a specific  $\beta$ -lactamase inhibitor have now become an important way to combat the growing threat from  $\beta$ -lactamase-mediated resistance. In this Special Issue, we will explore different approaches to developing inhibitors that will overcome the broad array of  $\beta$ -lactamases now distributed in pathogenic bacteria.













an Open Access Journal by MDPI

## **Editor-in-Chief**

#### Prof. Dr. Nicholas Dixon

School of Chemistry and Molecular Bioscience, University of Wollongong, Wollongong, NSW 2522, Australia

## **Message from the Editor-in-Chief**

There are very few fields that attract as much attention as scientific endeavor related to antibiotic discovery, use and preservation. The public, patients, scientists, clinicians, policy-makers, NGOs, governments, and governmental organizations are all focusing intensively on it: all are concerned that we use our existing agents more effectively, and develop and evaluate new interventions in time to face emerging challenges for the benefit of present and future generations. We need every discipline to contribute and collaborate: molecular, microbiological, clinical, epidemiological, geographic, economic, social scientific and policy disciples are all key. Antibiotics is a nimble, inclusive and rigorous indexed journal as an enabling platform for all who can contribute to solving the greatest broad concerns of the modern world.

### **Author Benefits**

**Open Access:** free for readers, with article processing charges (APC) paid by authors or their institutions.

**High Visibility:** indexed within Scopus, SCIE (Web of Science), PubMed, PMC, Embase, CAPlus / SciFinder, and other databases.

**Journal Rank:** JCR - Q1 (*Pharmacology & Pharmacy*) / CiteScore - Q1 (*General Pharmacology, Toxicology and Pharmaceutics*)

### **Contact Us**