

Supporting Information

Development of WO₃-Nafion based membranes for enabling higher water retention at low humidity and enhancing PEMFC performance at intermediate temperature operation.

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Contact angle results

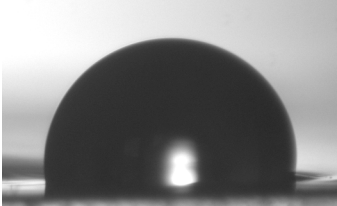
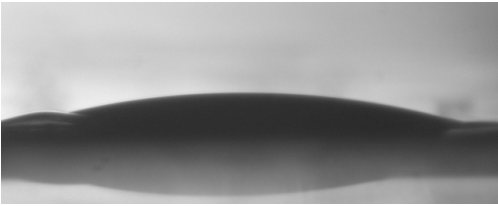
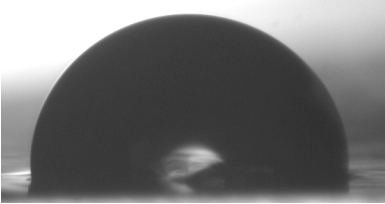
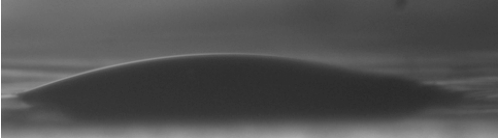
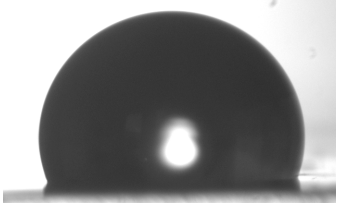
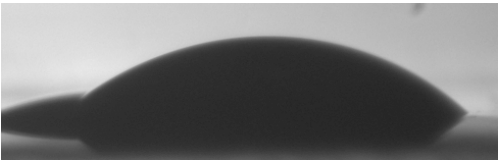
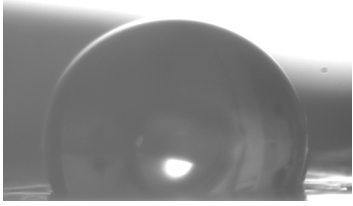
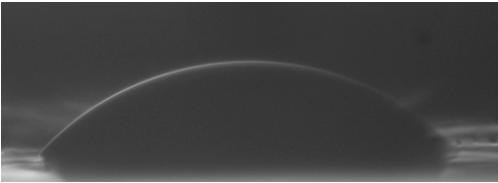
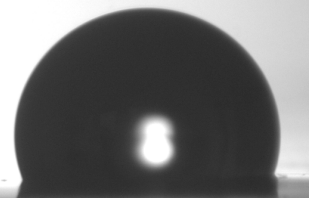
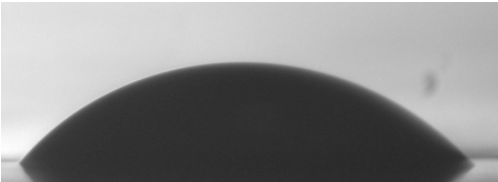
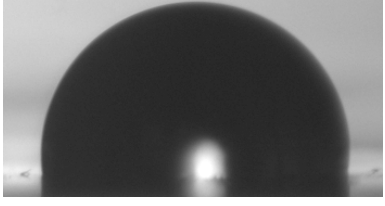
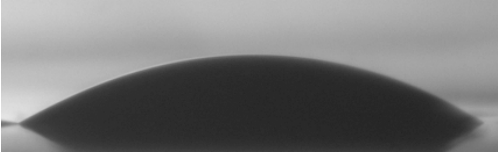
sample type	$\theta_a / ^\circ$	$\theta_r / ^\circ$
XL	 98.0	 15.5
rNF	 93.4	 19.7
rNF + 5% WO ₃	 106.7	 44.7
rNF + 7.5% WO ₃	 109.3	 46.8
rNF + 10% WO ₃	 107.2	 48.2
rNF + 15% WO ₃	 97.6	 33.0

Figure S1. Representative advancing (θ_a) and receding (θ_r) water contact angles of the membranes.

WO₃ is known to be hydrophilic, with reported (static) water contact angles ranging from 4 to 104°, typically around ~30° (Table S1).

Table S1. Reported (static) water contact angles of different WO₃ layers

type	water CA /°	remark	ref
sol-gel dip-coated	13–55	in function of the annealing temp.	Azimirad 2007; Naseri 2007
sol-gel dip-coated	97–104	5-15 multilayer	Raudonienė, 2018
thermally evaporated film	4–57	in function of the annealing temp.	Azimirad 2007
sol-gel spin-coated	26–30	further decreasing by long UV irradiation	Miyauchi M 2009
spray pyrolysis	28	nanoporous layer	Vlauduta C, 2008; Enesca, 2008
spray pyrolysis	58	dense layer	Vlauduta C, 2008; Enesca, 2008
pulsed spray pyrolysis	30		Enesca, 2008
sol-gel spin-coated	21–92	in function of the annealing temp.	Hemati, 2013
sol-gel	44	after being annealed at 450 °C for 1 h	Liu, 2018
spray pyrolysis	31		Vardhan, 2022
pulsed laser deposition	27–56	depending on the process temperature	Behbahani, 2013
spray pyrolysis	6–7		Vardhan, 2020
sol-gel spin-coated	16–36	on the top of VO ₂ substrate layers; depending on process parameters	Top, 2018
reactive magnetron sputtering	5–73	depending on process temperature	Ramana, 2020

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