

Supplementary Materials

Effect of HDI-modified GO on the thermoelectric performance of poly(3,4-ethylenedioxothiophene):poly(styrenesulfonate) nanocomposite films

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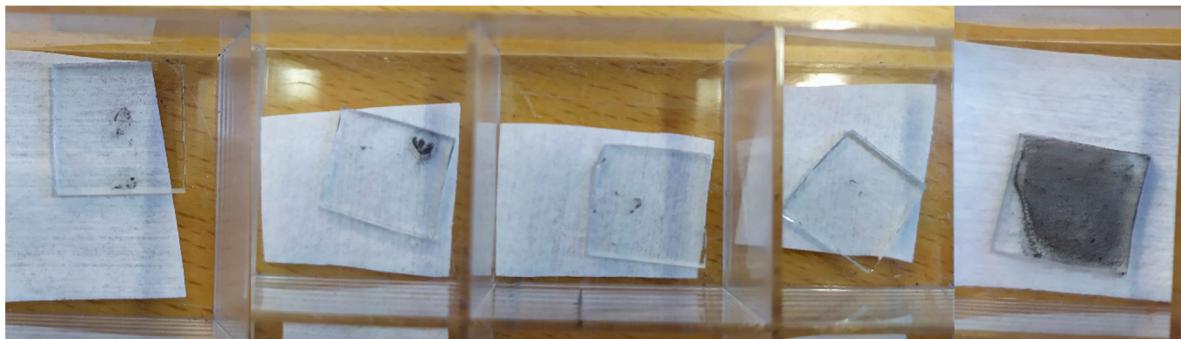


Figure S1. Spin coating samples of HDI-GO 5 in DMSO (10 wt%) (from left to right): spin-coated at 1000 rpm, substrate without ozone treatment; spin-coated at 1000 rpm, substrate with ozone treatment; spin-coated at 1800 rpm, substrate without ozone treatment; spin-coated at 1800 rpm, substrate with ozone treatment. For comparison, the drop-casted reference sample is shown in the last photo.

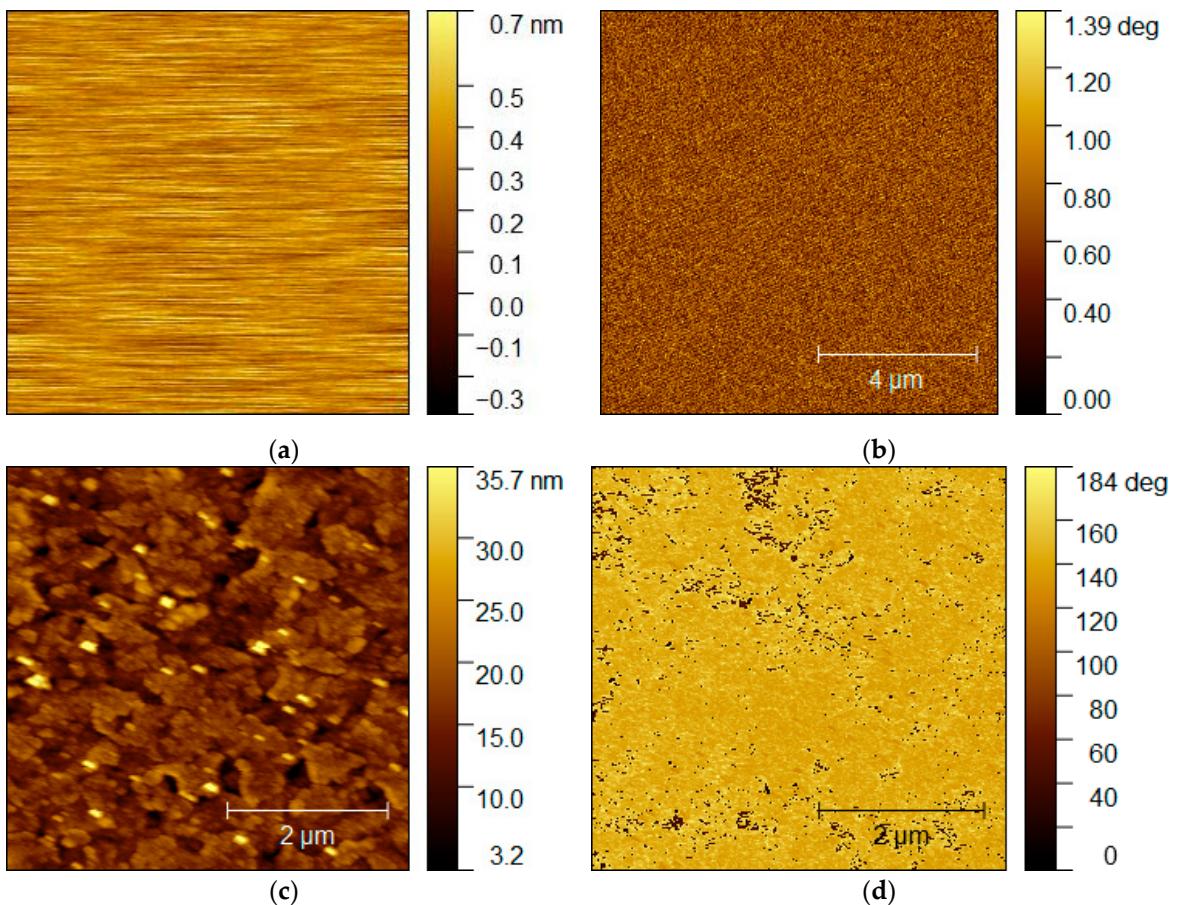


Figure S2. AFM images of the substrate reference samples: (a) glass 10x10 μm topography image; (b) glass 10x10 μm phase image; (c) glass/ITO 5x5 μm topography image; (d) glass/ITO 5x5 μm phase image.

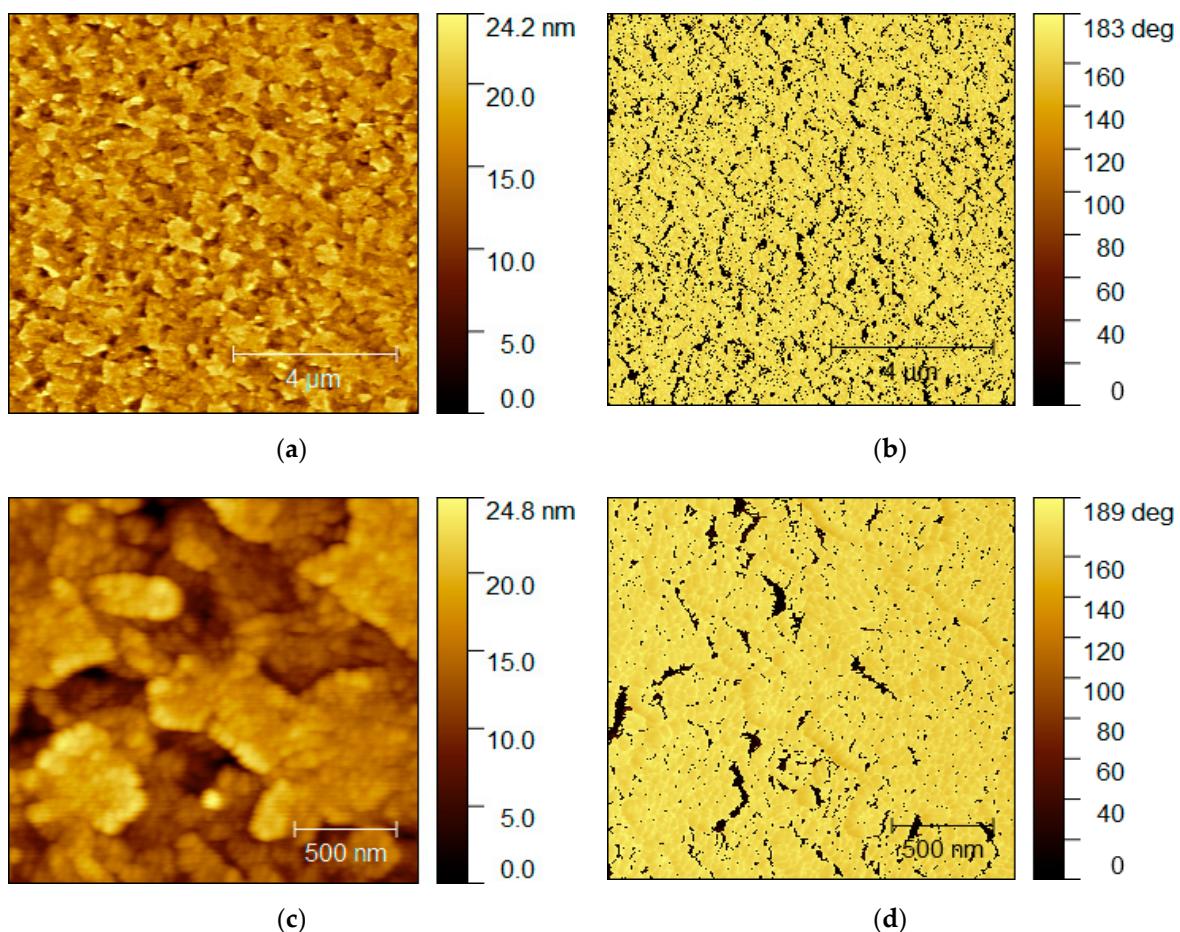


Figure S3. AFM images of HDI-GO5 spin coated at 1000 rpm over glass/ITO treated with ozone plasma and using DMSO as the solvent, at different magnifications: **(a and c)** topography images; **(b and d)** phase images.

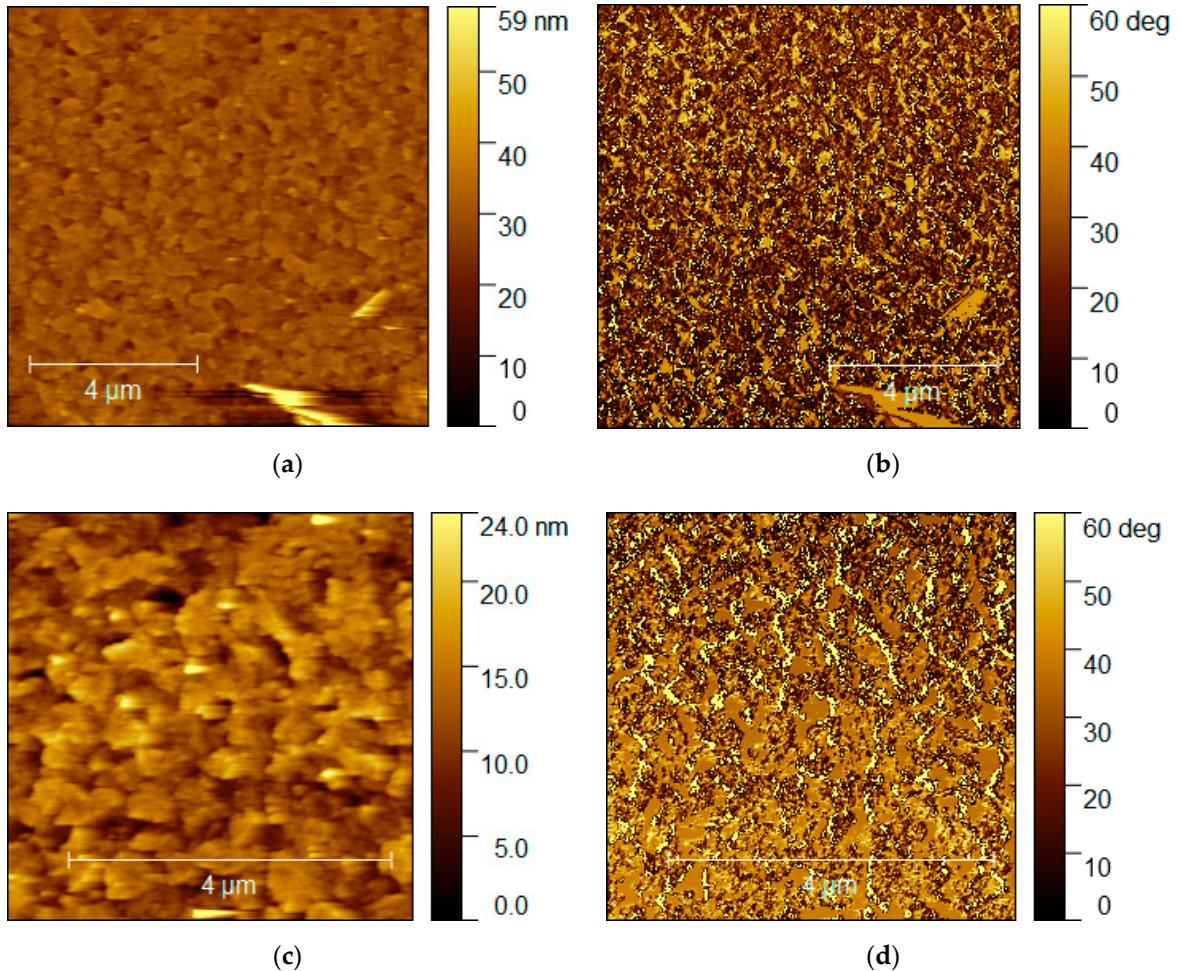


Figure S4. AFM images of HDI-GO 5 spin coated at 1000 rpm over glass/ITO treated with ozone plasma treatment and using IPA as the solvent: (a) 10x10 μm topography images; (b) 10x10 μm phase images; (c) 5x5 μm topography images; (d) 5x5 μm phase images.

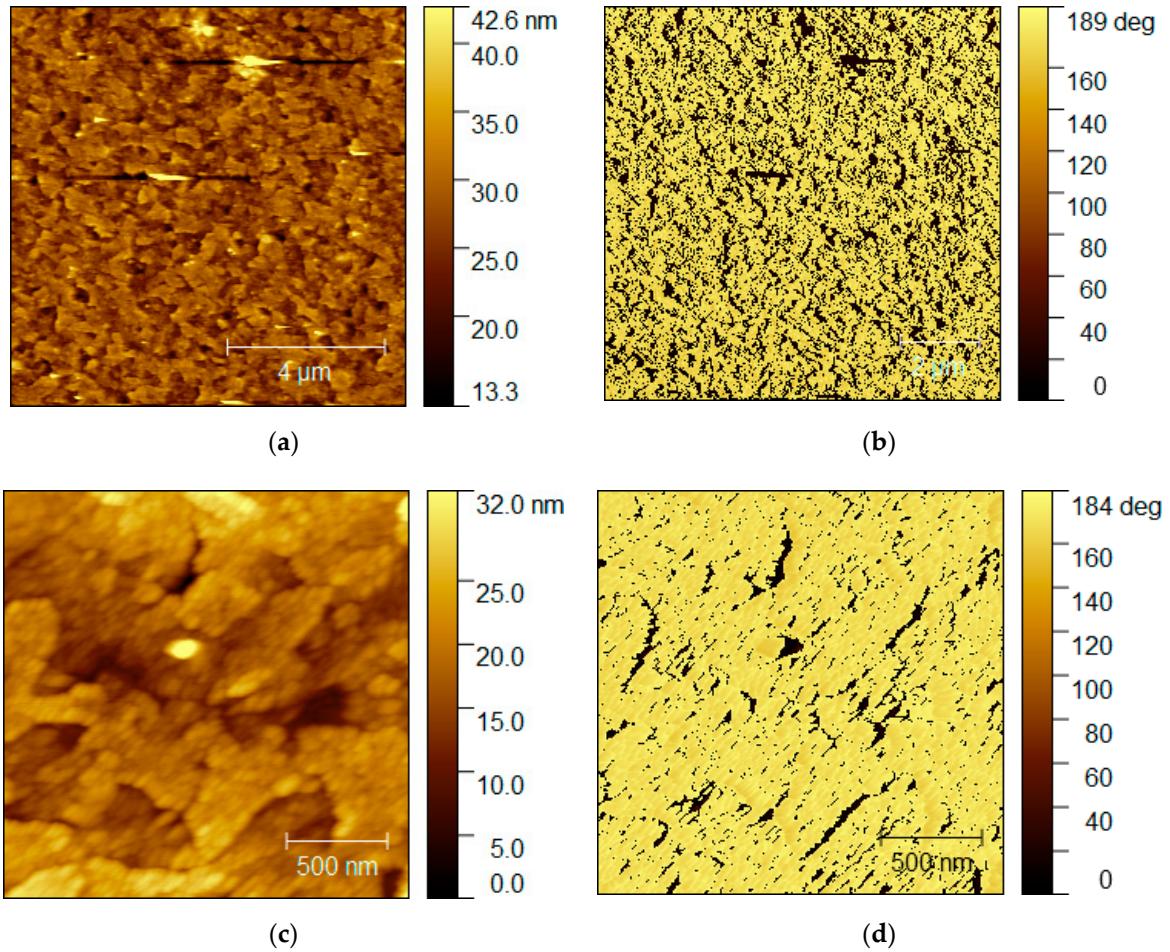


Figure S5. AFM images of HDI-GO 5 sample spin coated at 1000 rpm over glass/ITO substrates without plasma treatment and using IPA as solvent: (a) 10x10 μm topography micrograph; (b) 10x10 μm phase micrograph; (c) 5x5 μm topography micrograph; (d) 2x2 μm phase micrograph.