

Supporting Information

Trehalose-Based Nucleolipids as Nanocarriers for Autophagy Modulation: An In Vitro Study

Anthony Cunha 1,2, Alexandra Gaubert 1, Julien Verget 1, Marie-Laure Thiolat 2, Philippe
Barthélémy 1, Laurent Latxague 1,†,‡ and Benjamin Dehay 2,*,‡

¹ Univ. Bordeaux, INSERM U1212, CNRS UMR 5320, ARNA, ARN: Régulations Naturelle et Artificielle, ChemBioPharm,
146 rue Léo Saignat, 33076 Bordeaux CEDEX, France

² Univ. Bordeaux, CNRS, IMN, UMR 5293, F-33000 Bordeaux, France

* Correspondence: benjamin.dehay@u-bordeaux.fr

† Deceased 13 December 2021.

‡ These authors contributed equally to this work.

IR spectroscopy

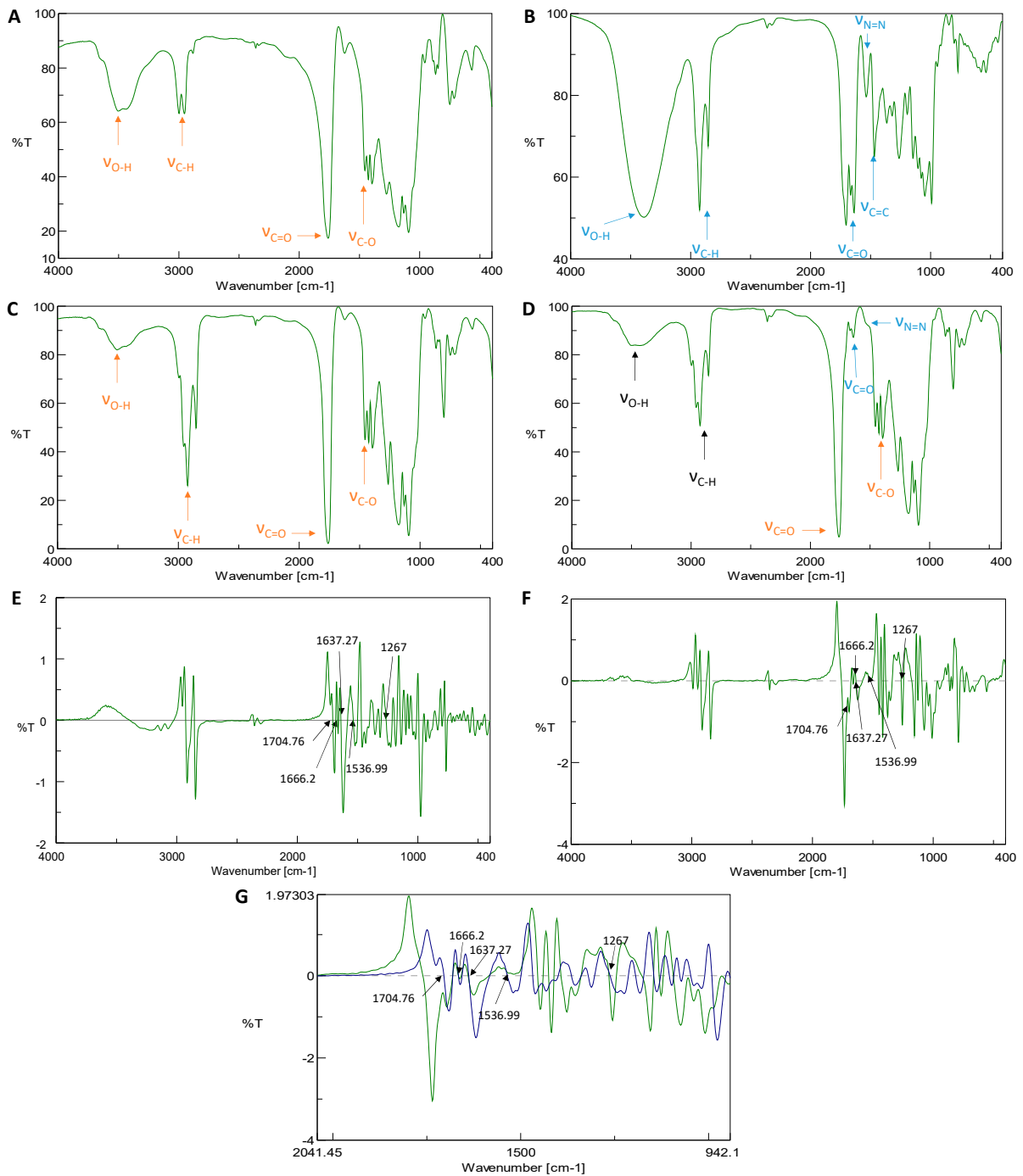


Figure S1. Infrared analysis of PLGA, GNL, and (un)loaded PLGA NPs. IR spectra of (A) PLGA, (B) GNL, (C) F2 and (D) F4, acquired in transmission mode. First derivative of (E) GNL, (F) F4 (Savitzky-Golay: Derivative order 1, Polynomial order 2 and window of 7 points) and (G) zoom of both first derivatives.

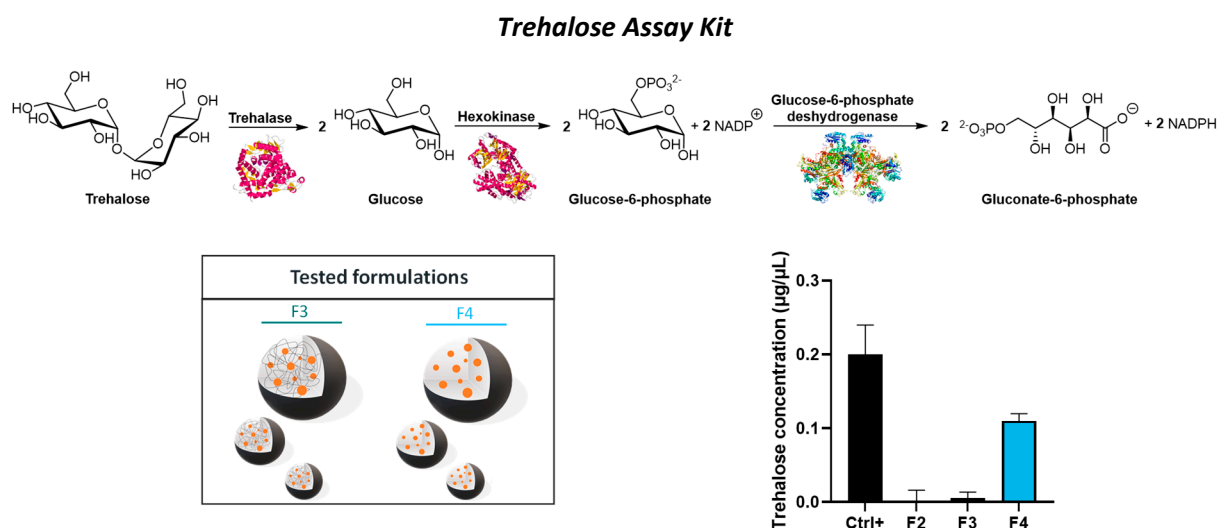


Figure S2. Principle of the enzymatic determination of trehalose. Enzymatic degradation of trehalose allowing the quantification of non-encapsulated GNL by UV spectroscopy.

UV spectroscopy

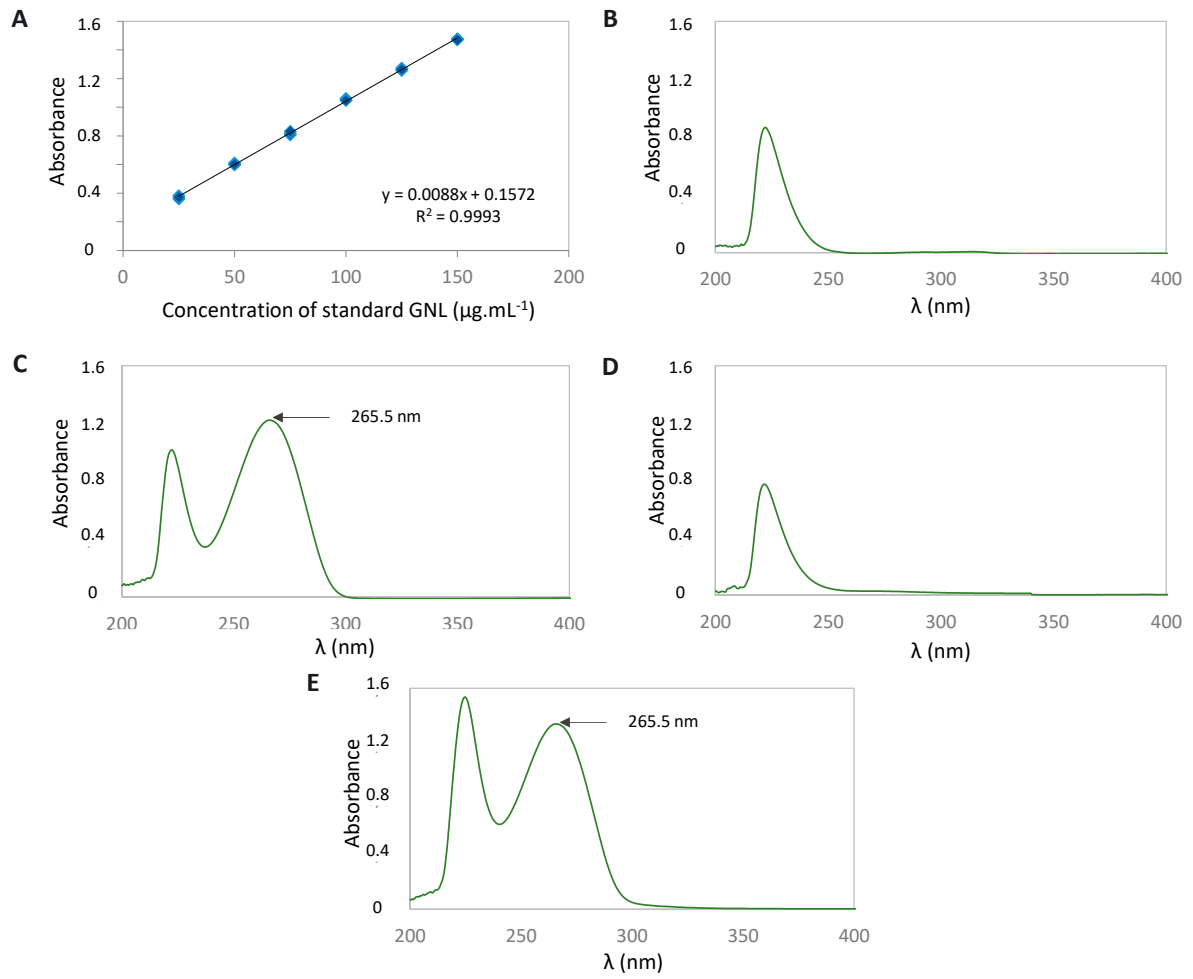


Figure S3. UV spectroscopy assays. (A) Calibration curve of GNL in methanol (concentration: 0.5 to 40 $\mu\text{g.mL}^{-1}$; absorbance at 266.5 nm). UV spectra of (B) PLGA, (C) GNL, (D) F2 and (E) F4.

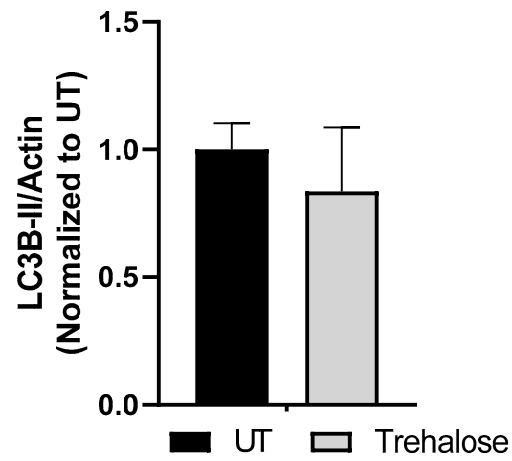


Figure S4. Biological evaluation of the condition of trehalose at the same concentration contained in the nanovectors. Quantification of LC3 protein levels normalized by actin in BE (2)-M17 cells treated with molecular trehalose for 24 h (n= 3).