

Supplementary Table S1. miR-185 expression in oral cancers.

Cancer type	miR-185 expression	Affected gene / pathway	Functional consequences	Samples analyzed	Ref.
OPMDs	Down	Akt/NF- κ B pathway, Akt/CASP-9 pathway	Decreased inflammation, apoptosis, cell proliferation, and angiogenesis	- Cell line Cal27 - Animal tissue	[21]
OSCC	Down	<i>AQP3</i> , <i>CASP-14</i> , <i>ALOX12B</i>	Increased sensitivity to cisplatin	- Cell lines SCC-11, SCC-11M, SCC-25, and SCC-25CP	[24]
OSCC	Down	<i>CCND2</i>	Decreased <i>CCND2</i> expression and cell viability	- Tissue (n=58) - Cell lines SCC4, SCC9, SCC1, SCC25, TU183, HSU3, FADU, OEC-M1, SNU1041, and SCC15	[30]
OSCC	Down	<i>RAB14</i>	Reduced <i>Rab14</i> expression and invasion, increased apoptosis	- Tissue (n=60) - Cell lines Tca-8113, SCC15, Cal-27, HSC-3, and SCC-090	[32]
OSCC	Down	<i>YWHAZ</i>	Upregulation decreases <i>YWHAZ</i> and tumorigenesis	- Tissue (n=30) - Cell lines SCC9, SCC25, CAL27, and SCC15	[28]
OSCC	Down	<i>ZNF703</i>	Promotion of proliferation and migration	- Tissue (n=23) - Cell lines Fadu, SCC-25, CAL-27, OMEC, and Tca8113	[31]
Hypopharyngeal squamous cell carcinoma	Down	Wnt2b/ β -catenin/c-Myc pathway	Increased proliferation, metastasis and EMT	- Cell lines Fadu, TU686, TU212, and Detroit562 - Animal tissue	[27]
TSCC/BOTSCC	-	-	Differentiation of HPV ⁺ and HPV ⁻ TSCC/BOTSCC, low expression related to increased survival in all patients, associated with decreased survival in HPV ⁻ TSCC/BOTSCC	- Tissue (n=168)	[22]

OPMD, oral potentially malignant disorder; OSCC, oral squamous cell carcinoma; TSCC, tonsillar squamous cell carcinoma; BOTSCC, base of tongue squamous cell carcinoma

Supplementary Table S2. miR-185 expression in nasopharyngeal cancers.

miR-185 expression	Affected gene / pathway	Functional consequences	Samples analyzed	Ref.
Down	<i>FOXD3</i>	Upregulation diminishes cell stemness, invasion, migration, and viability and enhances apoptosis	- Tissue (n=52) - Cell lines C666-1 and HK-1 - Animal tissue	[26]
Down	<i>HOXC6</i> , TGF- β 1/mTOR axis	Associated with increased apoptosis and autophagy, reduced proliferation and invasion, clinicopathological features, and a good prognosis	- Tissue (n=126) - Cell lines 5-8F, HNE-1, and HNE-2	[20]
Down	<i>SMAD7</i>	Correlated to clinicopathological features, radioresistance, increased apoptosis, decreased cell growth, and a good prognosis	- Tissue (n=80) - Cell lines CNE-2 and HEK-293T	[18]
Down	WNT2B/ β -catenin pathway	Decreased radioresistance	- Tissue (n=15) - Cell lines CNE-2, HNE-1, 5-8F, and 6-10B	[16]
Down	<i>WNT2B</i>	Decreased invasion and metastasis	- Cell lines CNE-1, CNE-2, HNE-1, and HNE-2, 5-8F	[17]

Supplementary Table S3. miR-185 expression in esophageal cancers.

miR-185 expression	Affected gene / pathway	Functional consequences	Samples analyzed	Ref.
Down	<i>KLK5</i>	Upregulation reduces malignant behavior of cells and leads to better prognosis	- Tissue (n=57) - Cell lines KYSE-30, TE-1, Eca-109, EC9706, and KYSE-150 - Animal tissue	[36]
Down	<i>RAGE/HSP27</i>	Suppression of proliferation, migration, and invasion	- Tissue (n=29) - Plasma (n=28) - Cell lines Eca-109, TE-11 - Animal tissue	[37]
Down	<i>SIX1</i>	Inhibition of proliferation, migration, and invasion	- Tissue (n= 23) - Cell lines KYSE150 and KYSE30	[38]
Up	<i>KLF3</i>	Increased invasion, proliferation, migration, and tumor size	- Cell line Eca-109 - Animal tissue	[44]
Up	-	Upregulation is a potential diagnostic biomarker and is associated with a good prognosis.	- Tissue (n= 38)	[33]

Supplementary Table S4. miR-185 expression in gastric cancers.

miR-185 expression	Affected gene / pathway	Functional consequences	Samples analyzed	Ref.
Down	<i>ARC</i>	Contributor to chemosensitivity	- Tissue (n=25) - Cell lines NCI-N87, MGC-803, BGC-823, and AGS - Animal tissue	[54]
Down	<i>BCL-2, CASP-3, CASP-8, XIAP</i>	Associated with clinicopathological features and enhanced apoptosis	- Tissue (n=30) - Cell lines MKN74, SGC7901, BGC823, and MGC803	[58]
Down	<i>BCL-2, MDR1/P-gp, MRP-1</i>	Involvement in chemoresistance	- Tissue (n=70) - Cell lines SGC7901, GES-1, and SGC7901/ADR	[55]
Down	<i>CCND2</i>	Decreased apatinib-resistance	- Tissue (n=80) - Cell line MGC-803/AP	[68]
Down	<i>CTSD</i>	Overexpression leads to inhibition of EMT and migration and augmentation of apoptosis and cell cycle arrest	- Tissue (n=10) - Cell lines MKN-1, AGS, SGC7901, NCI-N87, BGC823	[60]
Down	<i>DNMT1</i>	Correlation with metastasis and poor prognosis	- Tissue (n=162) - Cell lines MGC-803, BGC-823, MKN-28, SGC-7901, HGC-27, AGS, and MKN-45 - Animal tissue	[57]
Down	<i>DNMT1, EZH2</i>	Associated with methylation status	- Tissue (n=24)	[48]
Down	<i>DNMT1, EZH2</i>	Inhibition of proliferation and arrest of cell cycle	- Tissue (n=80) - Cell lines AGS, MKN1, and MKN28	[49]
Down	<i>DNMT1, EZH2</i>	Upregulation mediates NH ₂ -terminal hydrophobic region and BRICHOS domain of the GKN1 tumor suppressive effects	- Cell line AGS	[50]
Down	<i>MDR1/P-gp, MRP-1, GST-π</i>	Inhibition improves resistance to chemotherapeutic drugs	- Tissue (n=25) - Cell lines SGC7901 and SGC7901/ADR	[53]
Down	<i>RHOA</i>	Decreased migration and invasion	- Tissue (n=35) - Cell lines AGS and MKN1	[51]
Down	<i>TGF-β1</i>	Decreased cell growth, migration, and invasion	- Cell lines MGC803, BGC823, SGC-7901, AGS, KATOIII, and HEK-293T	[67]
Down	<i>TRIM29, Wnt/β-catenin pathway</i>	Induction of apoptosis, reduction of cell proliferation, arrest of cell cycle	- Cell lines MGC803 and BGC823	[59]
Down	-	Prediction of effectiveness of chemotherapy	- Tissue (n=120)	[56]

Up	Putative targets: <i>AQP5, ESRRA, RAC3, RGS14, ZNF1A4</i>	Involved in development and progression	- Tissue (n=10)	[61]
Up	-	Expression associated with EBV-infected and uninfected cancers	- Tissue (n=100)	[62]
Up	-	Diagnosis	- Tissue (n=216) - Serum (n=370) - Pooled serum (n=4) - Exosomes in serum (n=58)	[65]
Up	-	Diagnosis	- Tissue (n=60) - Plasma (n=192) - Pooled plasma (n=4) - Arterial plasma (n=38) - Exosomes in plasma (n=20),	[64]

Supplementary Table S5. miR-185 expression in hepatocellular carcinoma (HCC).

miR-185 expression	Affected gene / pathway	Functional consequences	Samples analyzed	Ref.
Down	<i>AKT</i>	Decreased proliferation, invasion, and migration and increased apoptosis	- Cell lines HepG2, Huh-7, SMMC-7721, Bel-7402, and Hep3B	[84]
Down	Akt1 signaling pathway	Induction of autophagy and apoptosis and inhibition of cell cycle	- Cell line HepG2	[77]
Down	<i>AQP11, KIF14, KNL1, MKI67, SPC25</i>	Arrested cell cycle and increased necroptosis	- Cell lines HepG2, Huh-7, Hep3B, HLE, HLF, HeLa, and HEK293	[85]
Down	<i>CDC42</i>	High expression associated with good prognosis as well as suppressed migration and invasion through downregulation of CDC42	- Tissue (n=63) - Cell line Huh-7	[71]
Down	<i>CDH1, SIX2, VIM</i>	Suppressed cell growth, metastasis, and EMT progression	- Cell lines HepG2, Huh-7, SNU-387, and SNU-449	[74]
Down	<i>DNMT1</i>	Overexpression decreases the expression of DNMT1	- Cell lines Huh-7 and TFK-1	[76]
Down	<i>DNMT1, DNMT3A, DNMT3B, MEG3</i>	Increased expression of tumor suppressive gene MEG3	- Cell lines HepG2 and Huh-7	[87]
Down	DNMT1/PTEN/Akt pathway	Decreased cell proliferation and invasion	- Tissue (n=40) - Cell lines HepG2, Huh7, and Hep3B cells - Animal tissue	[75]
Down	<i>ELK1</i>	Decreased HBV proteins through suppression of ELK1	- Cell lines Huh-7 and HepG2.2.15	[89]
Down	ITGB5/ β -catenin pathway	Low expression correlated to tumorigenesis through activation of ITGB5/ β -catenin pathway	- Tissue (n=61) - Cell lines Huh-7 and MHCC-97L - Animal tissue	[73]
Down	<i>ROCK2</i>	Reduced invasion and migration	- Tissue (n=44) - Cell lines Hep-3B and SNU-387	[72]
Down	-	Reduced miR function following RACK1-knockdown	- Tissue (n=3) - Cell lines Huh-7, PLC/PRF/5, and 293T	[88]
Down	-	Potential serum biomarker for HCV-related HCC	- Serum (n=40)	[80]
Down	-	Associated with survival, recurrence, cell growth, and invasion	- Tissue (n=95)	[78]
Up	PLAC8/Wnt/ β -catenin pathway	Increased HCC progression	- Tissue (n=30) - Cell lines Huh-7, Hep3B, and HepG2 - Animal tissue	[83]
Up	-	Discrimination of HBV-positive HCC patients from HBV-positive cancer-free controls	- Plasma (n=67)	[81]
Up	-	Associated with venous metastasis	- Tissue (n=482)	[82]

Supplementary Table S6. miR-185 expression in pancreatic cancer (PDAC).

miR-185 expression	Affected gene / pathway	Functional consequences	Samples analyzed	Ref.
Down	<i>CBX2</i>	Overexpression inhibits proliferation, migration and invasion	- Tissue (n=67) - Cell lines Capan-2, AsPC-1, PANC1, BxPC-3, and HPDE	[91]
Down	<i>CCND2</i>	Decreased cell proliferation, arrested cell cycle, promoted apoptosis	- Tissue (n=70) - Cell lines PANC-1, ASPC-1, HPAC, and BxPC-3	[90]
Down	<i>TAFAZZIN</i>	Decreased TAZ expression and cell proliferation	- Tissue (n=46) - Cell lines HPAC, PANC-1, and 293T - Serum (n=46) - Pancreatic fluid (n=46)	[93]
Up	<i>CORO2B, NTRK3</i>		- Tissue (n=32; database records)	[94]
Up	-	Potential diagnostic and prognostic biomarker	- Serum (n=197)	[95]

Supplementary Table S7. miR-185 expression in colorectal cancer (CRC).

miR-185 expression	Affected gene / pathway	Functional consequences	Samples analyzed	Ref.
Down	<i>AQP5</i>	Increased chemosensitivity	- Tissue (n=120) - Cell lines HCT-116 and HCT-8	[103]
Down	<i>CDC42</i>	High expression reduces proliferation, migration, and invasion	- Tissue (n=25) - Cell lines SW620, HCT-116, HT-29, and LOVO	[126]
Down	<i>CDC42, RHOA</i>	Decreased proliferation and invasion and increased cell cycle arrest and apoptosis	- Cell lines SW1116 and LOVO	[101]
Down	<i>CDK4, CDK6</i>	Decrease of proliferation and increase of apoptosis	- Tissue (n=25) - Cell lines HCT-116, HCT-8, HT-29, DLD-1, SW620, and FHC - Animal tissue	[127]
Down	<i>c-MYC</i>	Low expression associated with enhanced c-Myc and cell proliferation	- Cell line HCT-116	[102]
Down	<i>DC-SIGN</i>	Decreased metastasis	- Tissue (n=56) - Cell lines LS174T, HCT116, LOVO, SW620, SW480, and HT29 - Animal tissue	[107]
Down	<i>FSCN1</i>	Suppression of FSCN1 and inhibition of tumor progression	- Tissue (n=94) - Cell lines HCT116, SW480, HT29, NCM460, SW620, and CaCO2 - Animal tissue	[124]
Down	<i>HIF-2α</i>	Reduced proliferation and invasion	- Tissue (n=30) - Cell lines LS174T, HCT116, LOVO, SW620, SW480, and HT29 - Animal tissue	[134]
Down	<i>HMGA2</i>	Reduced proliferation, migration, invasion and cell cycle progression and increased apoptosis	- Tissue (n=50) - Cell lines LoVo, SW620, SW480, and HT29	[129]
Down	<i>IGF1R, IGF2</i>	Enhancement of radiosensitivity	- Cell line RR-HCT116	[105]
Down	<i>IGF2</i>	Decreased invasion and migration via IGF2 suppression	- Tissue (n=10) - Cell lines SW620 HT-29, HCT 116, LOVO, and SW480	[125]
Down	<i>MAPK14, MAPKAPK2/HSP27 pathway</i>	Overexpression of miR-185 targets MAPK14 and inactivates MAPKAPK2/HSP27 pathway	- Cell lines SW480, SW620, and HT-29 - Animal tissue	[122]
Down	<i>NRP1</i>	Decreased metastasis	- Tissue (n=284)	[109]

			<ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Cell lines Caco2, HCT116, HT29, LoVo, RKO, SW1116, SW480, NCM460, and HEK 293T - Animal tissue 	
Down	<i>NOTCH3</i>	Decreased proliferation and metastasis	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Cell lines DLD-1, SW480, SW48, HEK-293T, and HCT-116 	[123]
Down	<i>STIM1</i>	Decreased migration and invasion and reversed EMT	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Tissue (n=40) - Cell lines SW480, SW620, HT29, and LOVO - Animal tissue 	[104]
Down	<i>TEAD1</i>	Mitigated proliferation, migration, and invasion	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Cell lines 	[130]
Down	WISP2/ β -catenin pathway	Inhibition of proliferation and induction of autophagy	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Cell lines SW620 and HT29 - Animal tissue 	[100]
Down	Wnt1/ β -catenin pathway	Upregulation of miR-185 targets Wnt1 and restrains Wnt1/ β -catenin pathway	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Tissue (n=41) - Cell lines HCT-116, LS174T, and SW480 	[98]
Down	Wnt/ β -catenin pathway	Decreased tumorigenesis	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Cell lines LOVO and SW480 	[99]
Down	<i>YY1</i>	Inhibition of metastasis and stemness	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Tissue (n=30) - Cell lines SW480, HCT116, SW620 and HT-29), animal 	[128]
Down	-	Expression correlated with advanced clinical stage and metastasis	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Tissue (n=52) 	[111]
Down	-	Decreased in patients with recurrence of liver metastasis	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Serum (n=20) 	[114]
Down	-	Expression has prognostic value	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Tissue (n=85) 	[113]
Up	<i>ARID1A</i>	Downregulation of <i>ARID1A</i>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Tissue (n=258) - Cell lines HCT116 and LoVo 	[119]
Up	-	Expression related to carcinogenesis in colon CSCs	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Cell line HT-29 	[120]
Up	-	Overexpression related to poor survival and metastasis	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Tissue (n=50) 	[118]
Up	-	Upregulation during MNNG induced carcinogenesis	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Cell line IEC-6 	[121]