

Geometrical Stabilities and Electronic Structures of Rh₅ Nanocluster on Rutile TiO₂ (110) for Green Hydrogen Production

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1. TiO_2

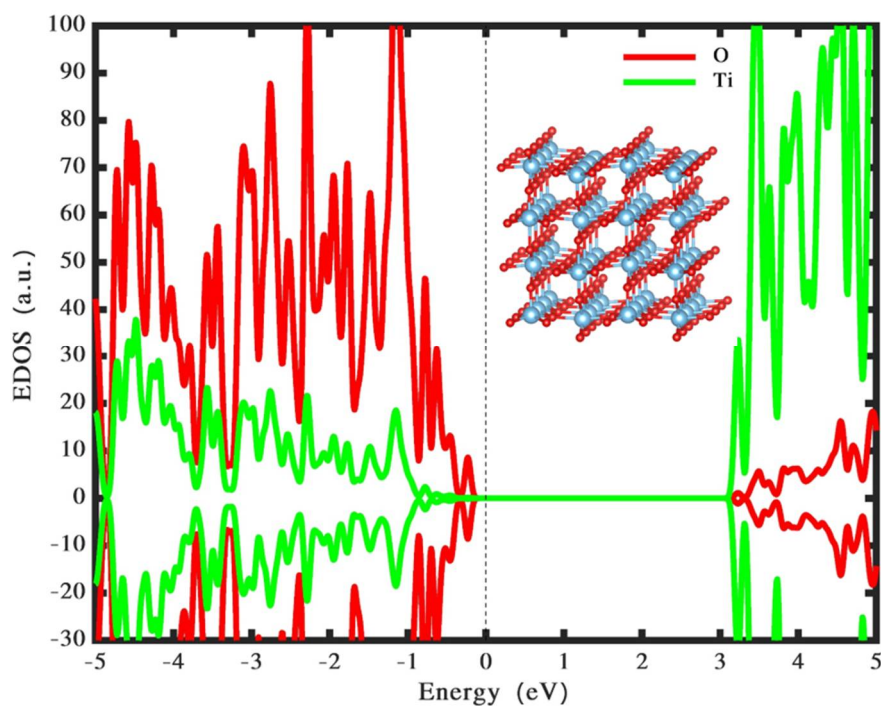


Figure S1 Density of states of pristine rutile TiO_2 (110). The green and red curves show the electronic density of states on titanium and oxygen atoms, respectively. The black vertical dashed line shows the Fermi energy level. Reproduced from our previous calculations [1].

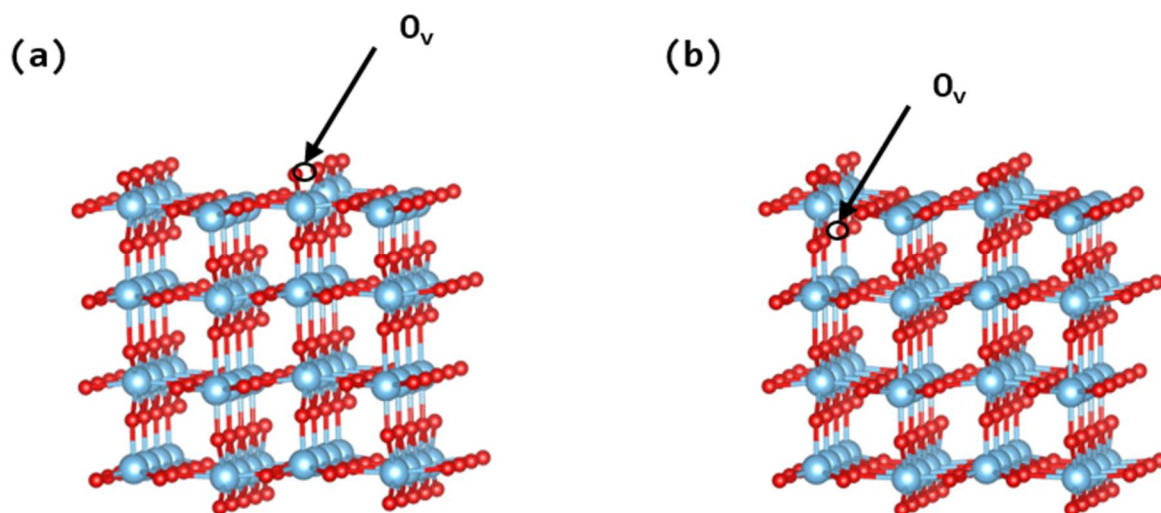


Figure S2 Oxygen vacancy formation at (a) surface and (b) subsurface locations of TiO_2 rutile (110). The black circles represent the oxygen vacancy position. Reproduced from our previous calculations [1].

2. $\text{Rh}_5@$ reduced TiO_2

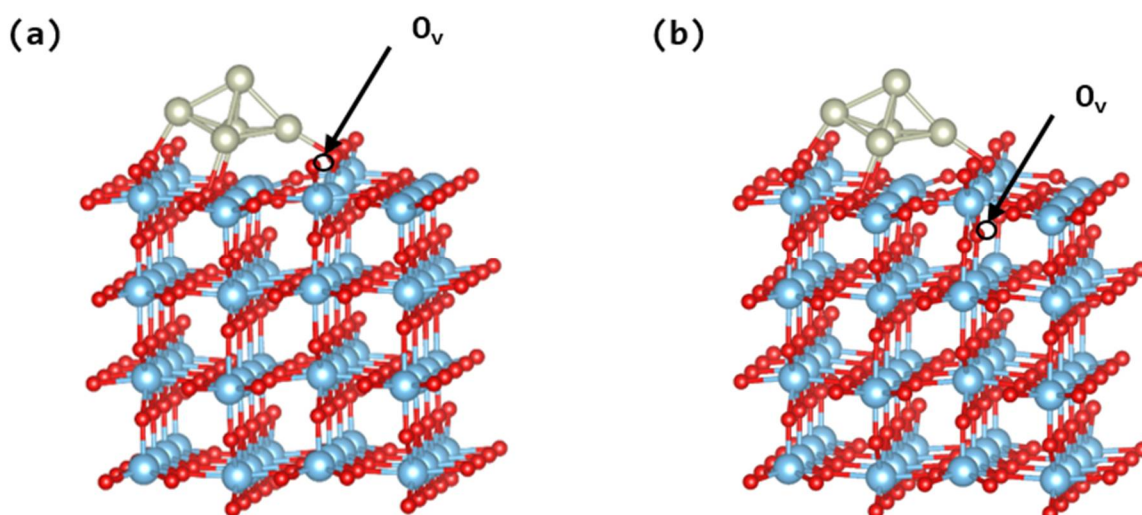


Figure S3 Oxygen vacancy formation at (a) surface and (b) subsurface locations of $\text{Rh}_5@$ TiO_2 rutile (110). The black circles represent the oxygen vacancy position.

Table S1 Comparisons of formation energies of oxygen vacancy.

Structure	(a) In Figure S2	(b) In Figure S2	(a) In Figure S3	(b) In Figure S3
Formation energy of oxygen vacancy (eV)	4.07	4.65	4.50	4.82

Reference

- [1] M. Alotaibi, Q. Wu, and C. Lambert, "Computational Studies of Ag 5 Atomic Quantum Clusters Deposited on Anatase and Rutile TiO₂ Surfaces," *Appl Surf Sci*, p. 156054, 2022, doi: 10.1016/j.apsusc.2022.156054.