

Supporting Information

for

# Halogen-Doped Chevrel Phase Janus Monolayers for Photocatalytic Water Splitting

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Table S1. Bader charge analysis for surface Mo atoms in  $\text{Ch}_2\text{Mo}_3\text{Hal}_2$  (Ch = O, S, Se, Te; Hal = F, Cl, Br, I) Chevrel monolayers.

$\text{Ch}_2\text{Mo}_3\text{Hal}_2$ monolayer	Charge, $e/\text{Mo-atom}$	
	Chalcogen side	Halogen side
$\text{O}_2\text{Mo}_3\text{F}_2$	1.13	0.91
$\text{O}_2\text{Mo}_3\text{Cl}_2$	1.16	0.74
$\text{S}_2\text{Mo}_3\text{F}_2$	0.89	0.90
$\text{S}_2\text{Mo}_3\text{Cl}_2$	0.89	0.72
$\text{S}_2\text{Mo}_3\text{Br}_2$	0.89	0.60
$\text{S}_2\text{Mo}_3\text{I}_2$	0.89	0.45
$\text{Se}_2\text{Mo}_3\text{Cl}_2$	0.74	0.72
$\text{Se}_2\text{Mo}_3\text{Br}_2$	0.74	0.59
$\text{Se}_2\text{Mo}_3\text{I}_2$	0.74	0.45
$\text{Te}_2\text{Mo}_3\text{Cl}_2$	0.52	0.73
$\text{Te}_2\text{Mo}_3\text{Br}_2$	0.52	0.61
$\text{Te}_2\text{Mo}_3\text{I}_2$	0.52	0.45

Table S2. Reaction types on  $\text{Ch}_2\text{Mo}_3\text{Hal}_2$  (Ch = O, S, Se, Te; Hal = F, Cl, Br, I) Chevrel monolayers.

$\text{Ch}_2\text{Mo}_3\text{Hal}_2$ monolayer	Reaction type	
	Chalcogen side	Halogen side
$\text{O}_2\text{Mo}_3\text{F}_2$	HER	HER
$\text{O}_2\text{Mo}_3\text{Cl}_2$	HER	HER
$\text{S}_2\text{Mo}_3\text{F}_2$	HER	HER
$\text{S}_2\text{Mo}_3\text{Cl}_2$	HER/OER	-
$\text{S}_2\text{Mo}_3\text{Br}_2$	OER	-
$\text{S}_2\text{Mo}_3\text{I}_2$	OER	HER
$\text{Se}_2\text{Mo}_3\text{Cl}_2$	HER	-
$\text{Se}_2\text{Mo}_3\text{Br}_2$	OER	-
$\text{Se}_2\text{Mo}_3\text{I}_2$	OER	-
$\text{Te}_2\text{Mo}_3\text{Cl}_2$	HER	-
$\text{Te}_2\text{Mo}_3\text{Br}_2$	HER	-
$\text{Te}_2\text{Mo}_3\text{I}_2$	-	-

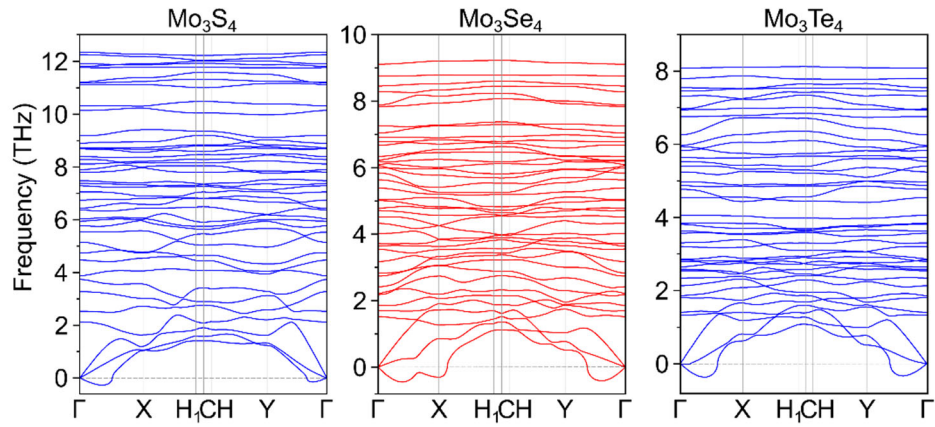


Figure S1. Phonon dispersion spectra for  $\text{Ch}_2\text{Mo}_3\text{Ch}_2$  (Ch = S, Se, Te) Chevrel monolayers.



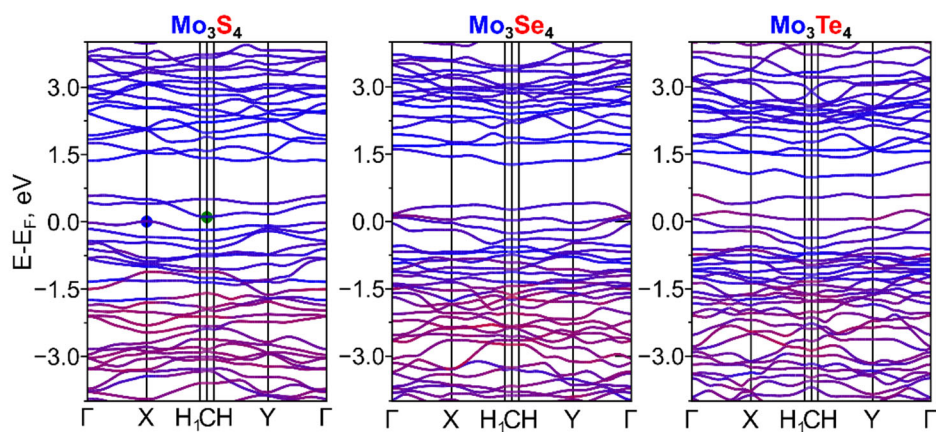


Figure S2. Electronic band structure for  $\text{Ch}_2\text{Mo}_3\text{Ch}_2$  ( $\text{Ch} = \text{S}, \text{Se}, \text{Te}$ ) Chevrel monolayers.

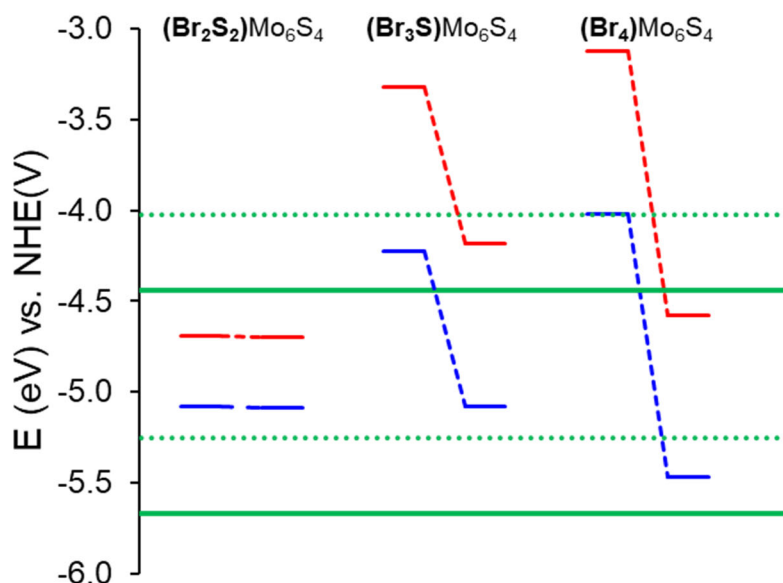


Figure S3. Band edge positions of Janus  $(\text{Br}_2\text{S}_2)\text{Mo}_6\text{S}_4$ ,  $(\text{Br}_3\text{S})\text{Mo}_3\text{S}_4$  and  $(\text{Br}_4)\text{Mo}_3\text{S}_4$  Chevrel monolayers compared with the redox potentials of water. The CBM and VBM are marked by red and blue lines. The values are given concerning the vacuum level (in eV). The redox potentials of water are denoted as green lines for  $\text{pH}=7$  (dashed) and  $\text{pH}=0$  (solid) [1].

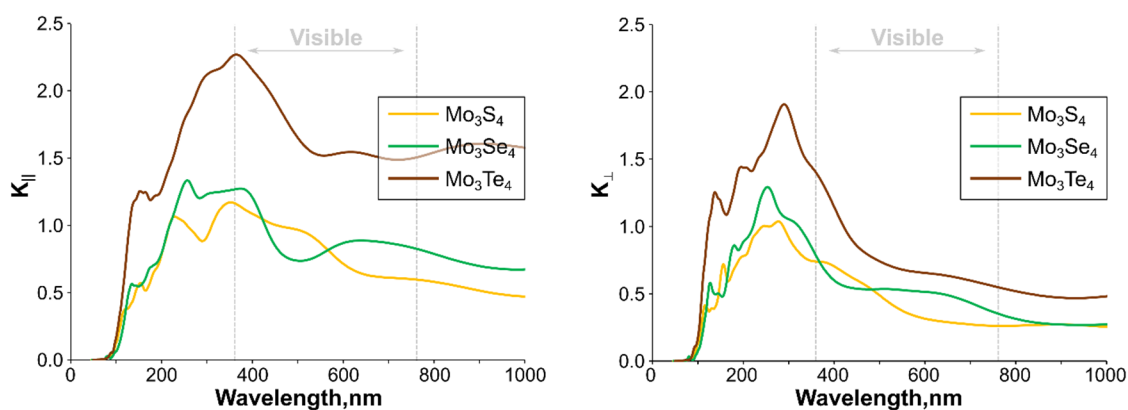


Figure S4. Wavelength dependence of the extinction coefficient in the transverse and perpendicular to the surface direction for Janus  $\text{Ch}_2\text{Mo}_3\text{Ch}_2$  ( $\text{Ch} = \text{S}, \text{Se}, \text{Te}$ ) Chevrel phases.



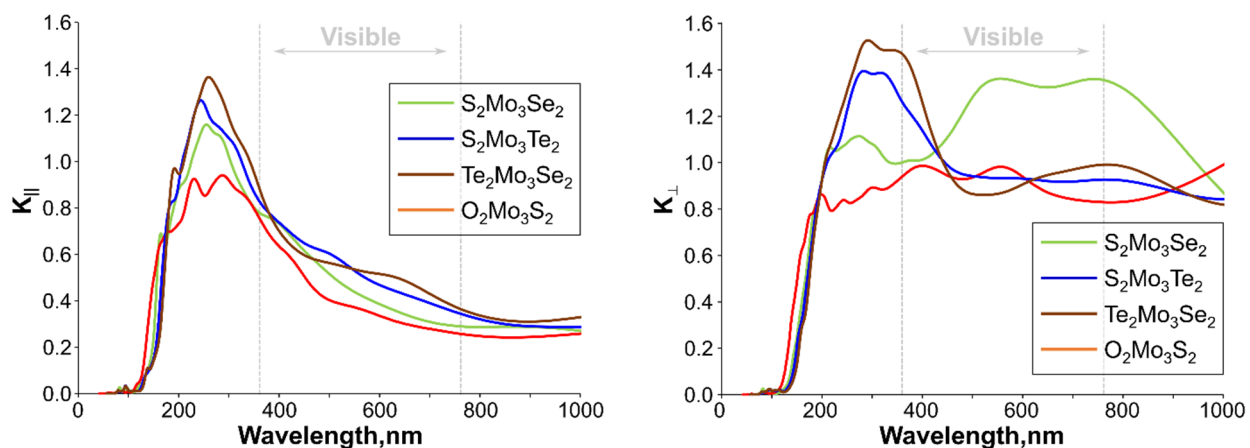


Figure S5. Wavelength dependence of the extinction coefficient in the transverse and perpendicular to the surface direction for dynamically stable Janus  $\text{Ch}^1_2\text{Mo}_3\text{Ch}^2$  ( $\text{Ch}^1/\text{Ch}^2 = \text{O}, \text{S}, \text{Se}, \text{Te}$ ) Chevrel phases.

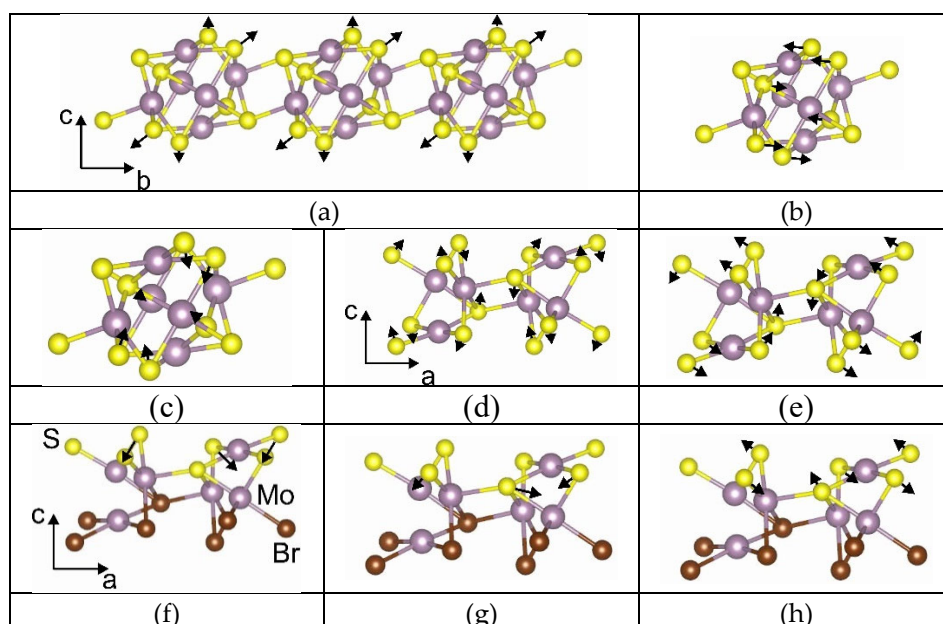


Figure S6. Vibrational modes in  $\text{Mo}_3\text{S}_4$  monolayer at (a)  $404 \text{ cm}^{-1}$ , (b)  $283 \text{ cm}^{-1}$ , (c)  $210 \text{ cm}^{-1}$ , (d)  $141 \text{ cm}^{-1}$ , (e)  $72 \text{ cm}^{-1}$ . Graphical presentation of vibrations in  $\text{S}_2\text{Mo}_3\text{Br}_2$  monolayer at (f)  $417 \text{ cm}^{-1}$ , (g)  $374 \text{ cm}^{-1}$ , (h)  $209 \text{ cm}^{-1}$ .



## References

1. Chakrapani, V.; Angus, J.C.; Anderson, A.B.; Wolter, S.D.; Stoner, B.R.; Sumanasekera, G.U. Charge Transfer Equilibria between Diamond and an Aqueous Oxygen Electrochemical Redox Couple. *Science* **2007**, *318*, 1424–1430, doi:<https://doi.org/10.1021/acs.nanolett.8b02561>.