

Pore-Mouth Structure of Highly Agglomerated Detonation Nanodiamonds

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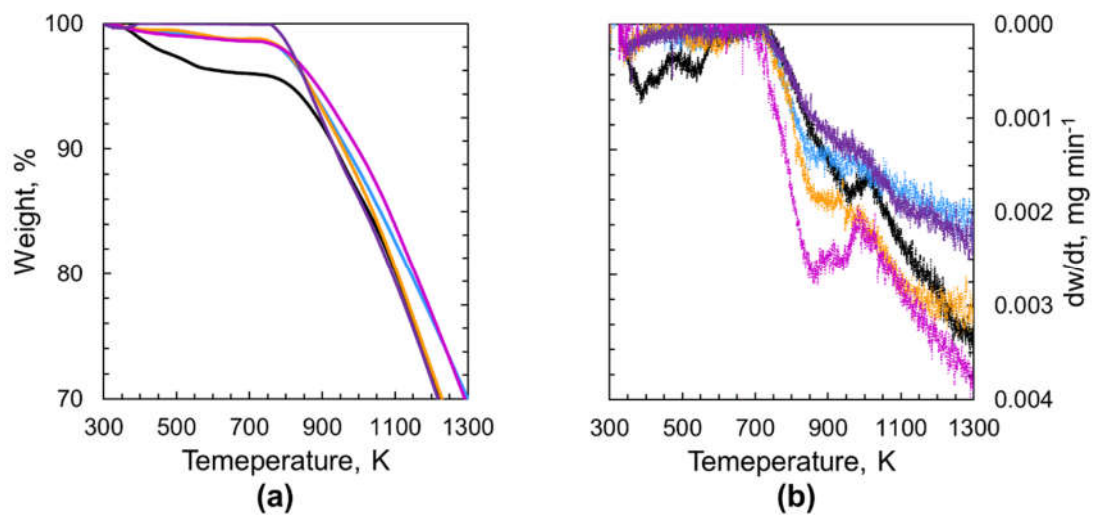


Figure S1. Comparison of (a) thermogravimetric (TG) and (b) TG differential profiles of nonheated nanodiamonds (black line -) and nanodiamonds heated at 423 K for 2 h (light blue line -) and 52 h (orange line -); and at 623 K for 2 h (purple line -) and 52 h (pink line -) under an argon atmosphere (Ar 100 mL min⁻¹).

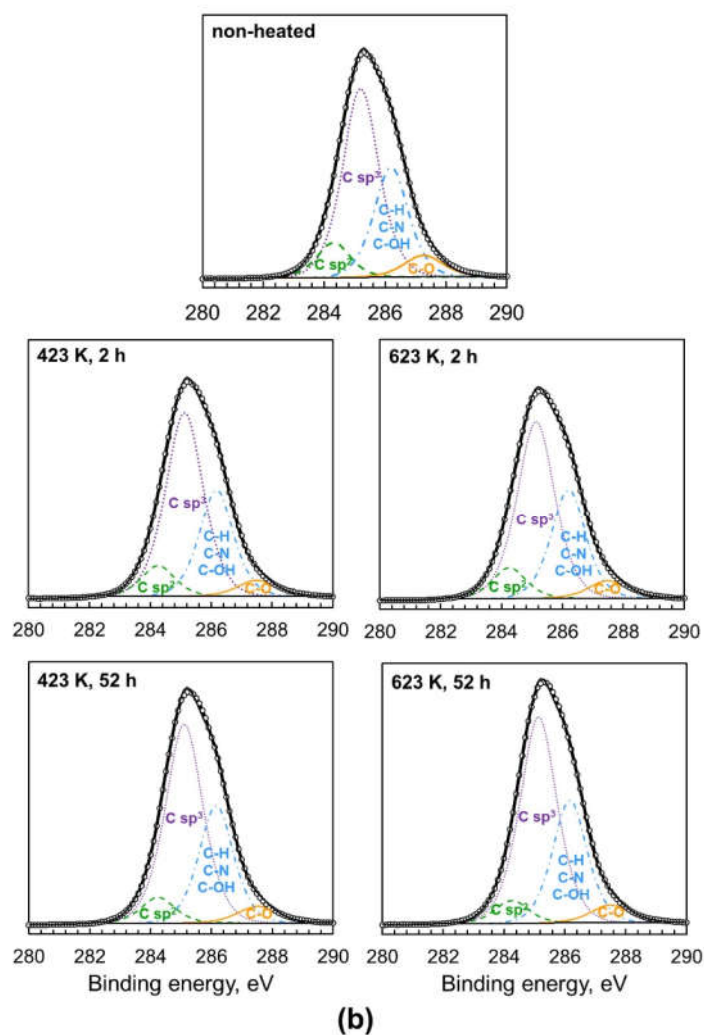
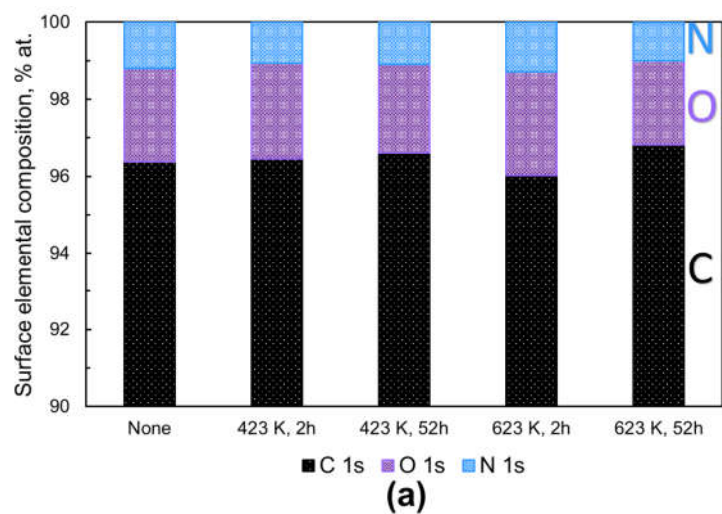


Figure S2. XPS analyses nonheated and heated nanodiamonds at 423 K and 623 K for 2 h and 52 h. (a) atomic contents (at. %) of C 1s, O 1s, and N 1s core levels, and (b) deconvolution of the high-resolution C 1s spectra; black bold line, open circles, and colored lines depict the experimental, fitted and deconvoluted spectra, respectively.

Table S1. Constituents of C 1s (at. %) from XPS analyses of nonheated and heated nanodiamonds in *vacuo*.

C 1s components	nonheated ND		423 K for 2 h		423 K for 52 h		623 K for 2 h		623 K for 52 h	
	Position	%Area	Position	%Area	Position	%Area	Position	%Area	Position	%Area
C sp ²	284.3	9.4	284.3	8.5	284.3	6.7	284.3	8.6	284.3	5.8
C sp ³	285.2	54.2	285.1	56.4	285.1	57.2	285.1	54.8	285.1	57.6
C-H, C-N, C-OH	286.2	29.8	286.2	30.1	286.2	31.1	286.2	31.0	286.2	31.5
C-O	287.3	6.6	287.5	5.0	287.5	5.0	287.5	5.6	287.5	5.1
sp ² /sp ³ ratio:	0.17		0.15		0.12		0.16		0.10	

Fitting accuracy: >94%, G-L (60-40), FWHM 1.4 + 1.0 eV

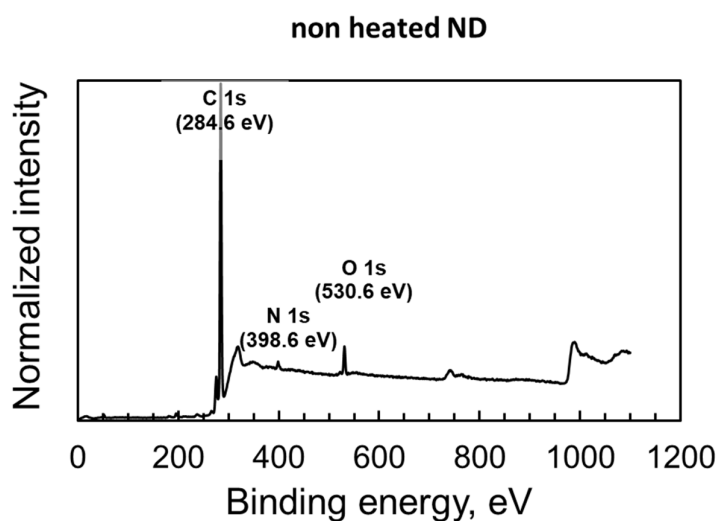


Figure S3. XPS wide scan of nonheated nanodiamonds. The main constituents C 1s, O 1s and N1 s are plotted in bold. The plots corresponding to nanodiamonds heated at 423 K and 623 K for 2 and 52 h are not shown.

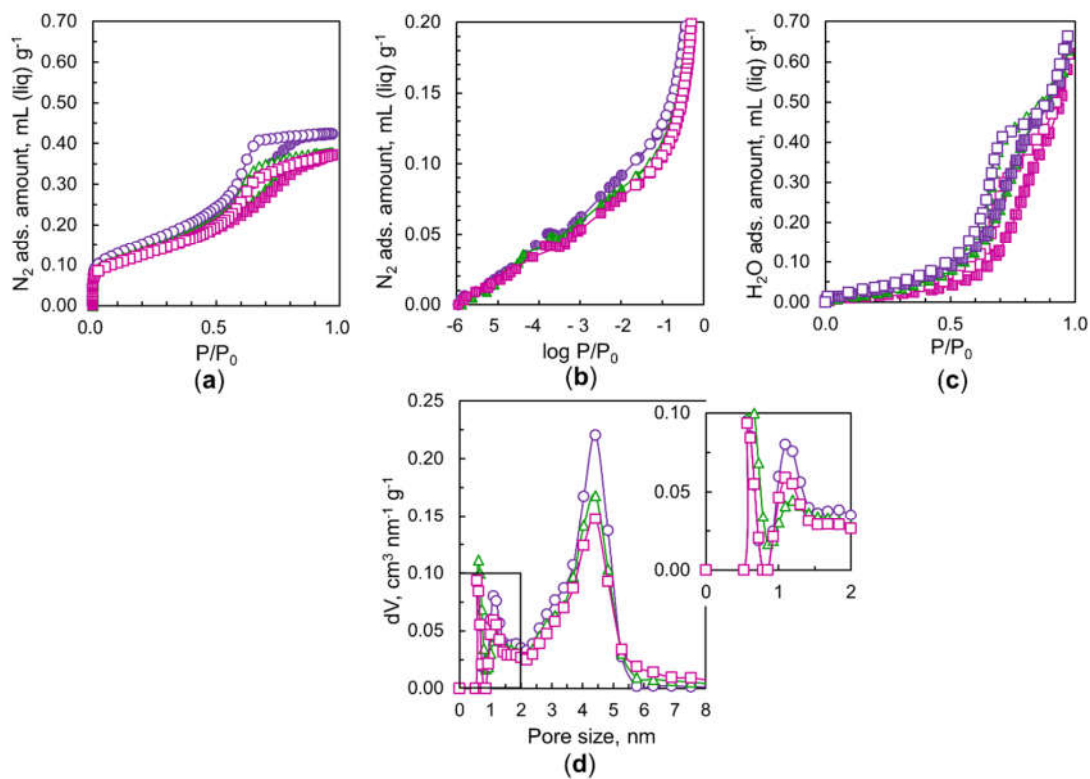


Figure S4. Nitrogen adsorption isotherms at 77 K of nanodiamonds heated in *vacuo* at 623 K for different times on (a) linear scale and (b) logarithmic scale, and (c) adsorption isotherms of water at 298 K. (d) QS-DFT-derived pore size distributions of nanodiamonds from nitrogen adsorption. The heating times were 2 h (○), 10 h (△) and 52 h (□). Solid and open symbols in (a), (b) and (c) indicate adsorption and desorption branches, respectively.