

Uncovering the Anti-Angiogenic Mechanisms of *Centella Asiatica* via Network Pharmacology and Experimental Validation

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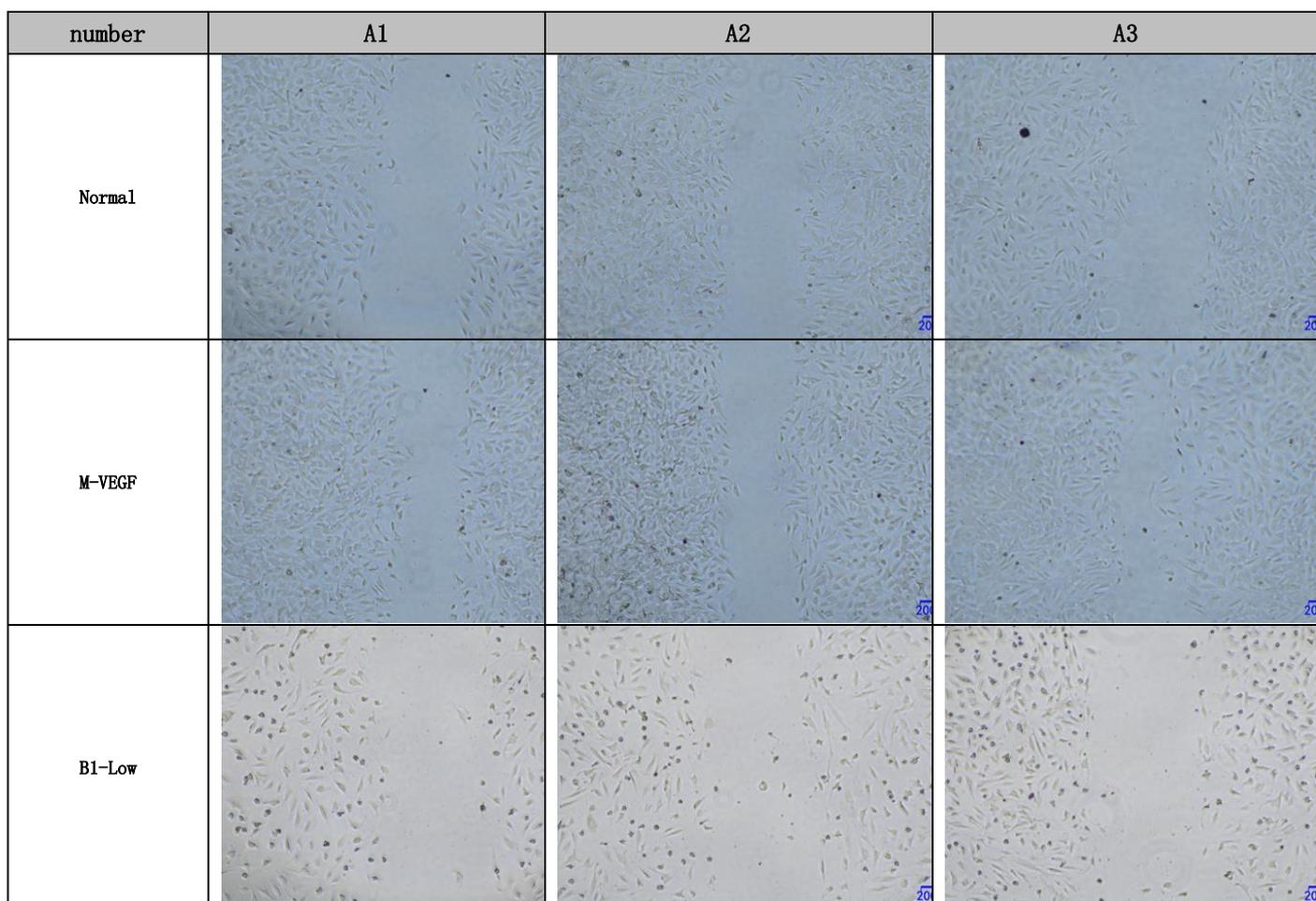
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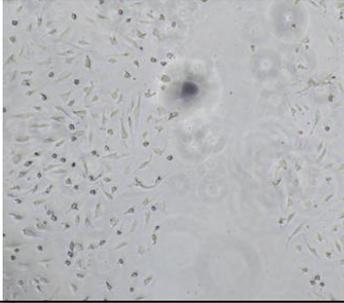
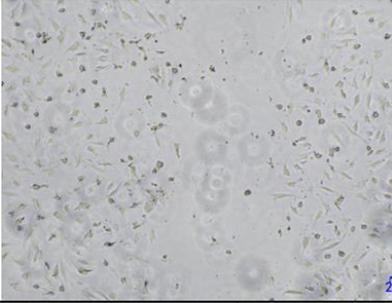
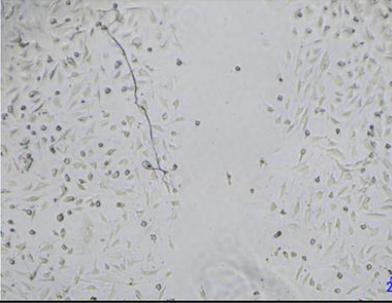
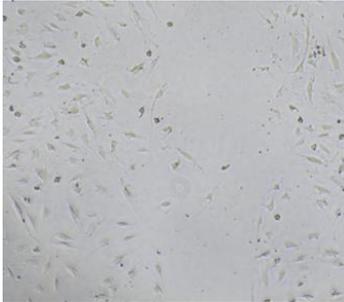
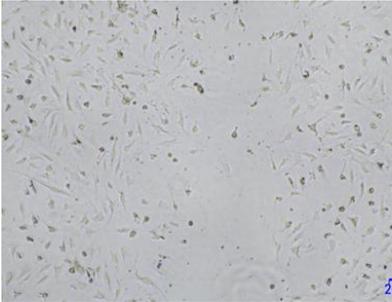
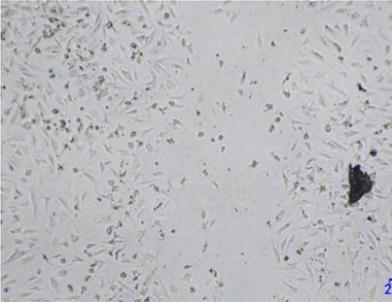
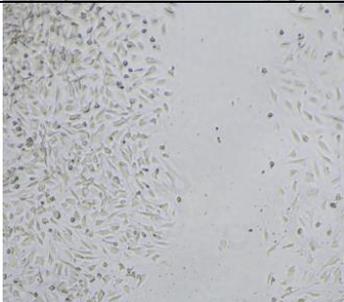
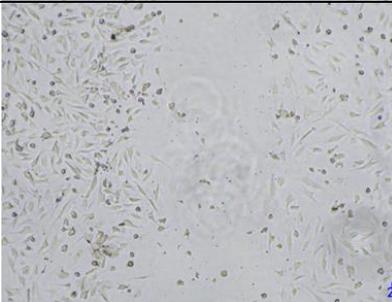
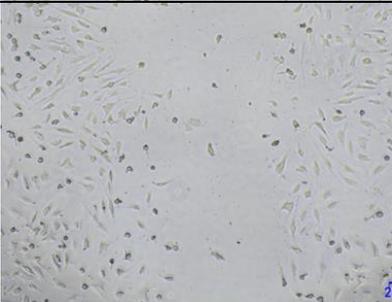
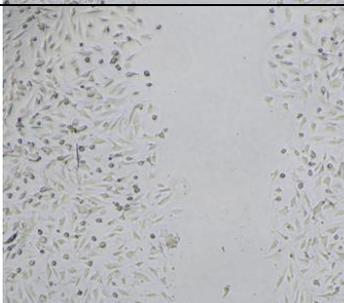
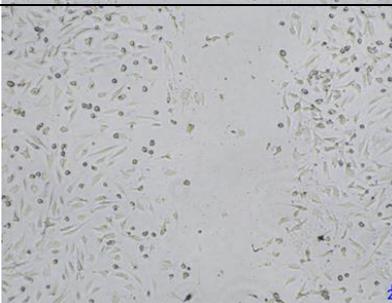
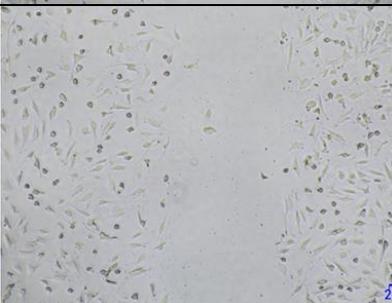
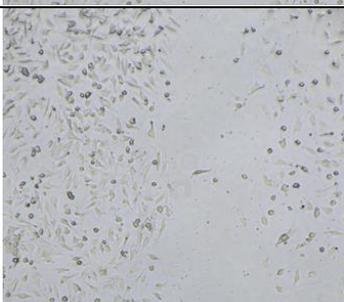
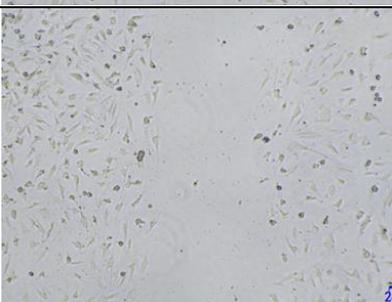
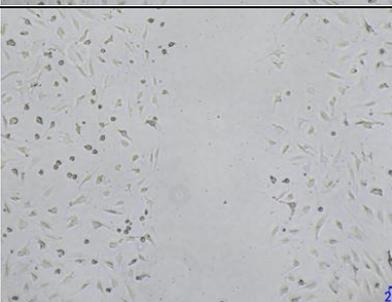
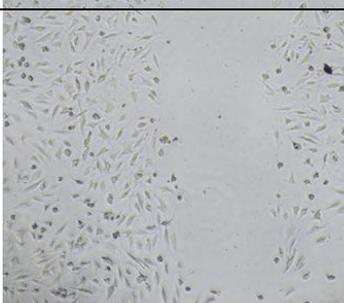
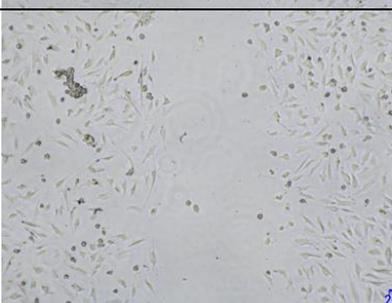
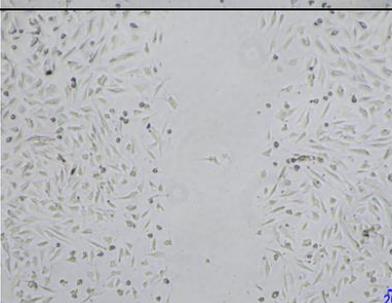
² Yunnan Baiyao Group Shanghai Science & Technology Co., Ltd., Shanghai, 201100, P. R.China; doubleyoung75@163.com (Y.Y.); 18811781508@163.com (Q.Q.); ynbyanquan@sina.com (Q.A.)

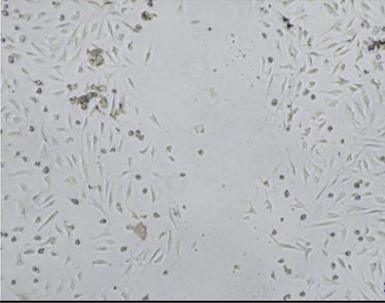
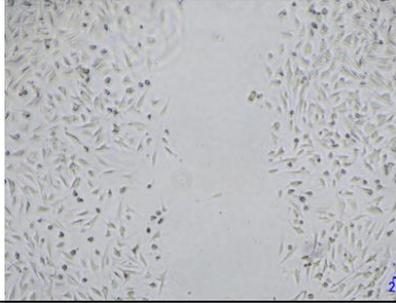
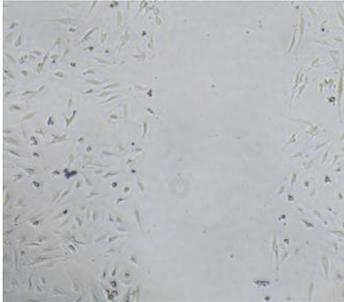
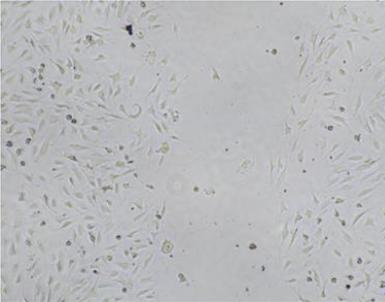
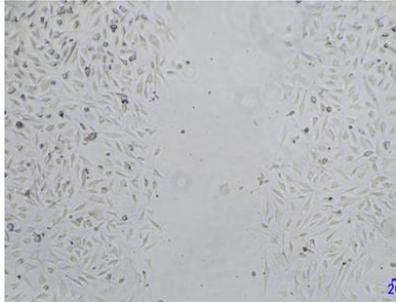
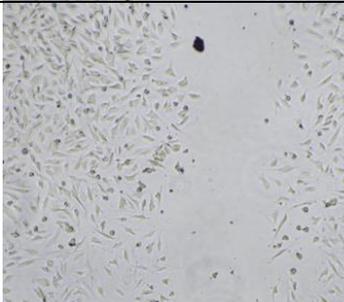
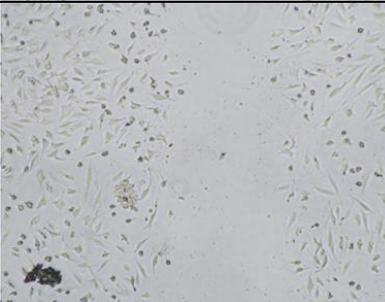
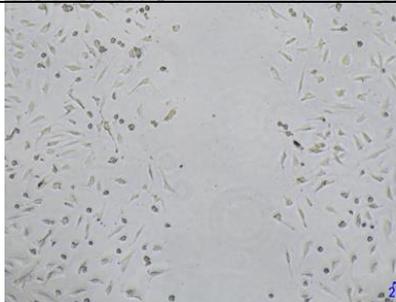
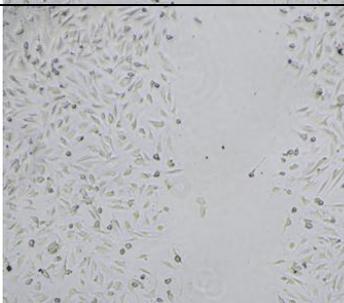
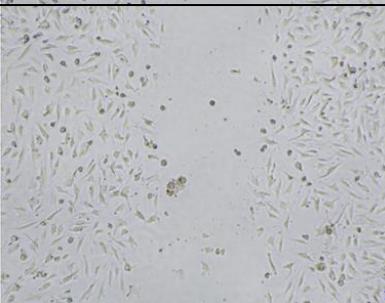
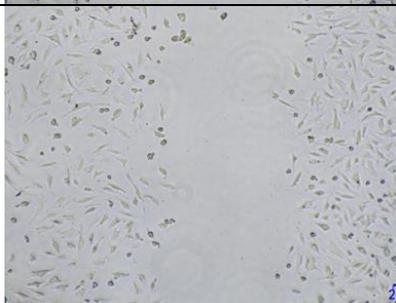
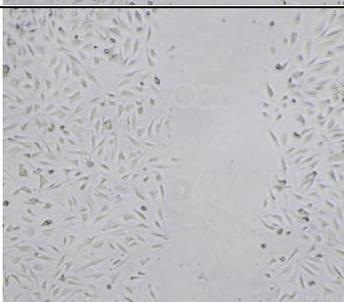
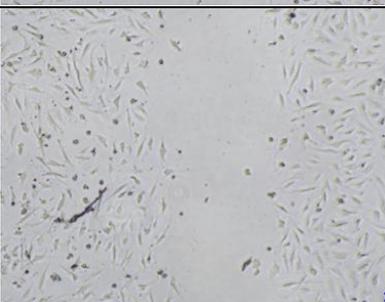
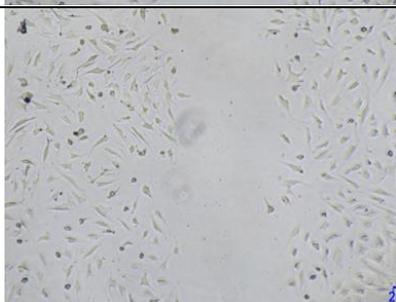
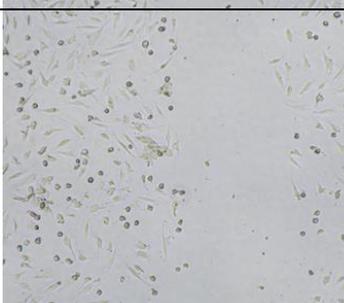
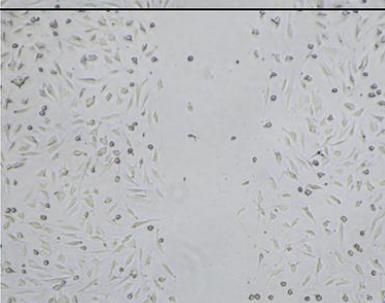
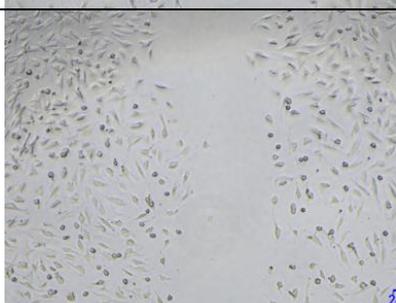
³ East Asia Skin Health Research Center, Beijing 100037, P. R.China

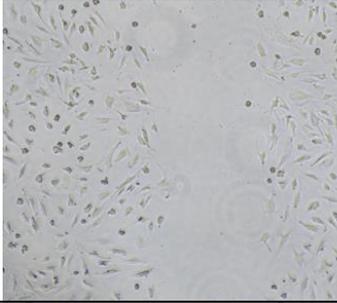
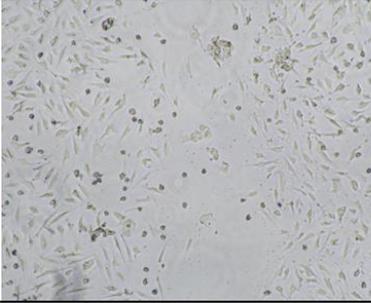
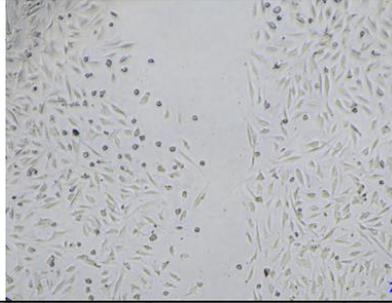
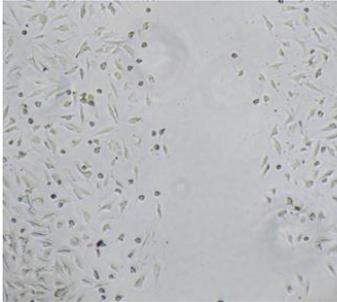
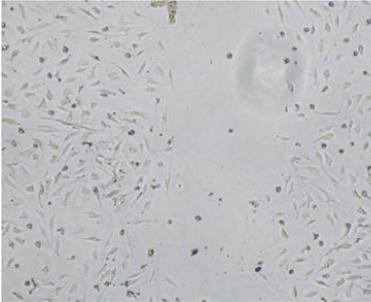
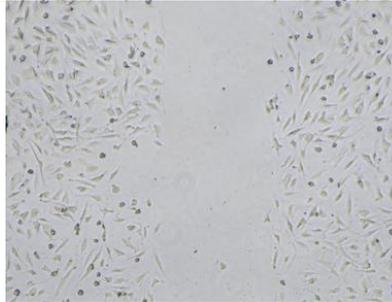
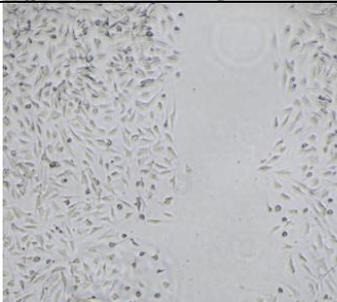
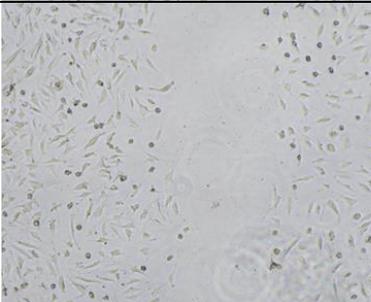
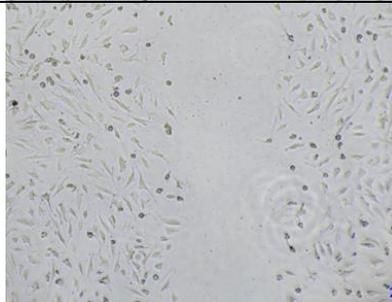
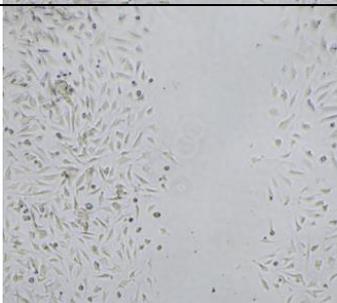
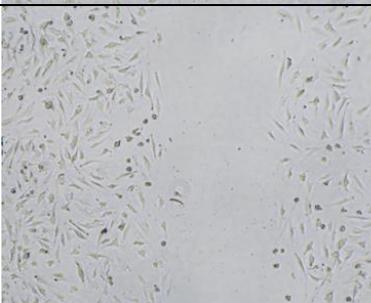
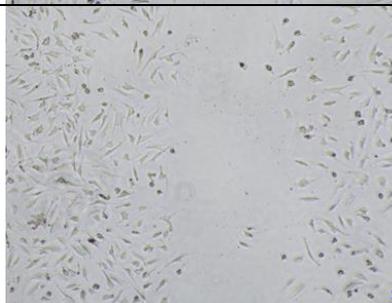
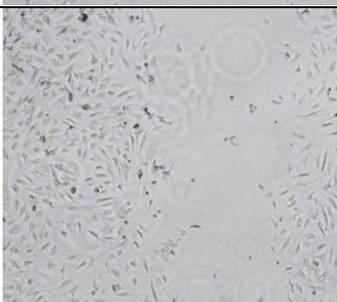
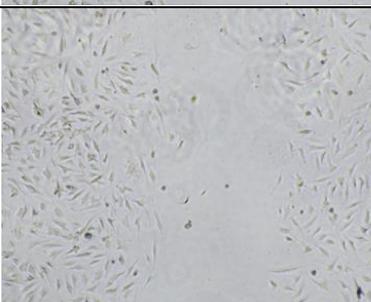
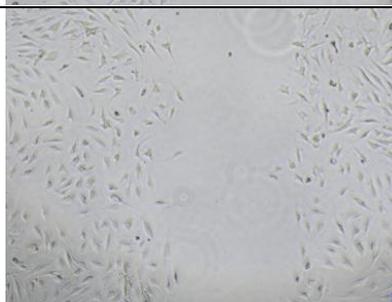
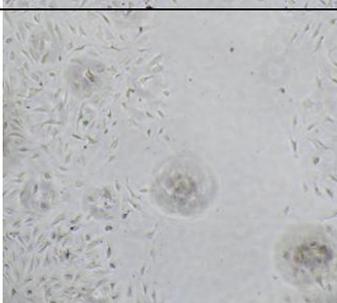
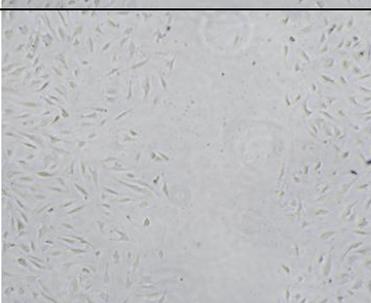
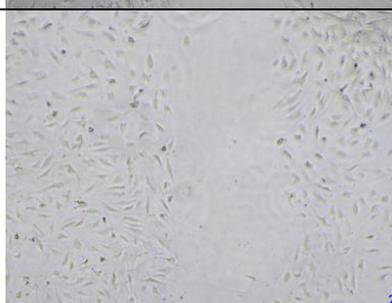
* Correspondence: btzhao@jiangnan.edu.cn (B.Z.); cyang@jiangnan.edu.cn (C.Y.)

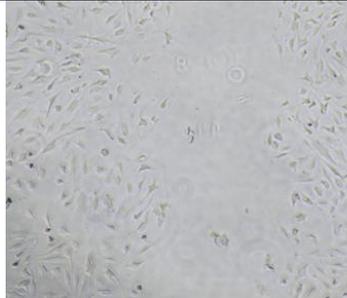
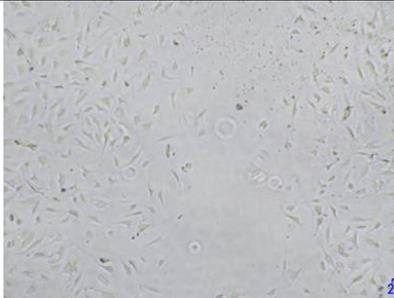
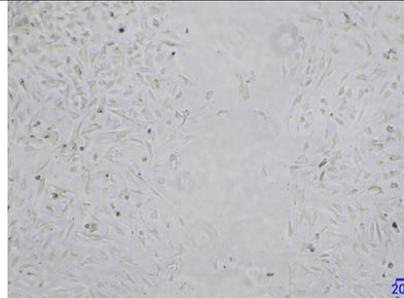
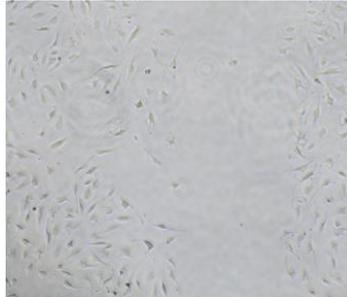
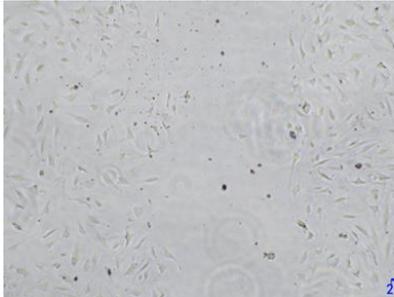
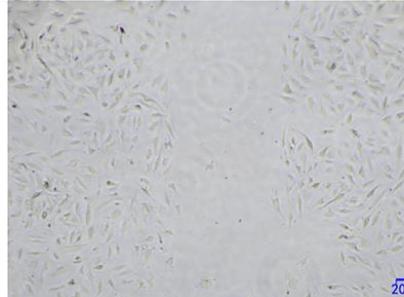
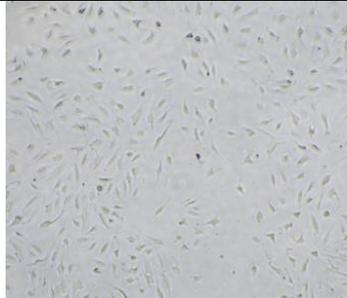
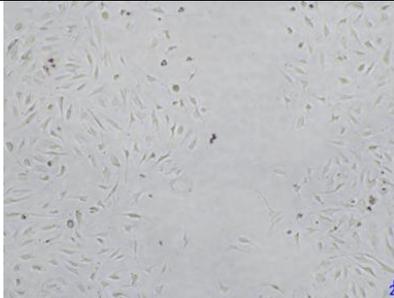
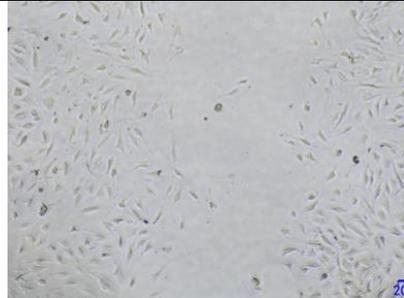
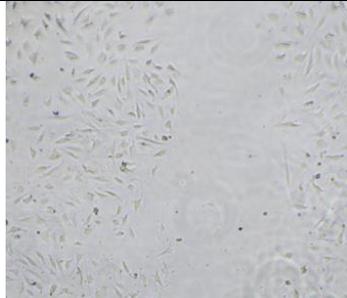
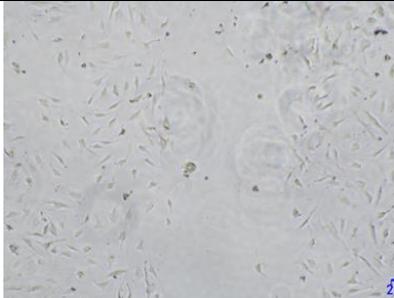
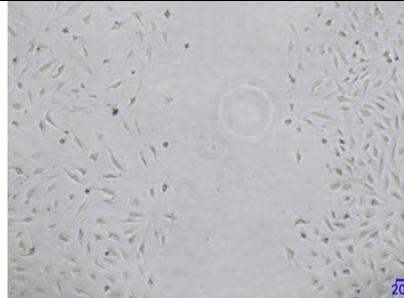
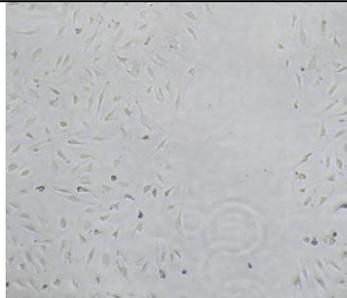
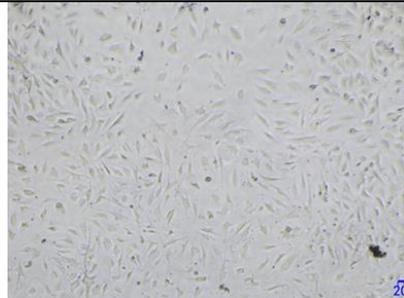
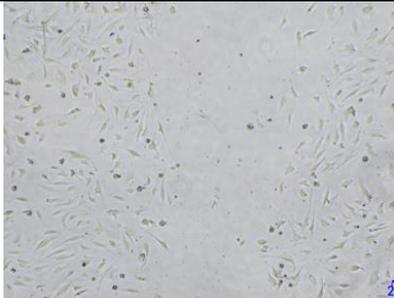
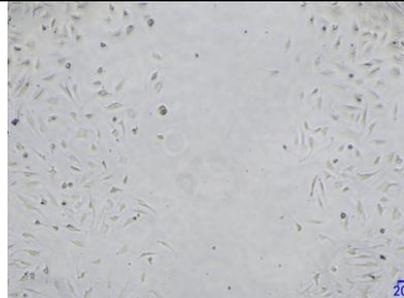
Figure S1. Six extracts (B1-B6) and five core components from CA inhibits the proliferation of HU-VECs compared to resveratrol as positive control.

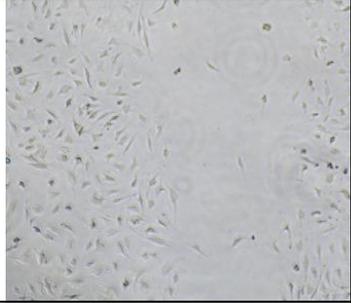
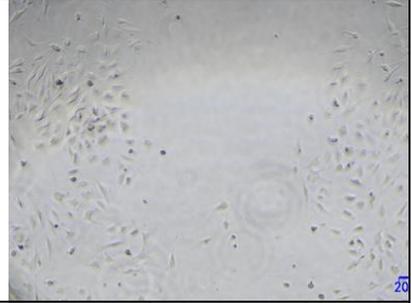
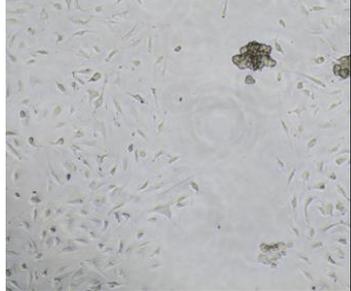
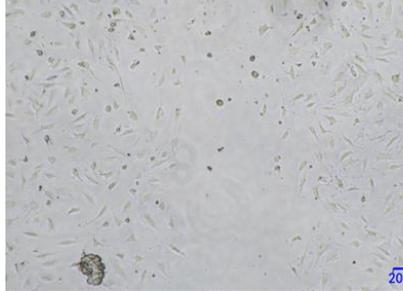
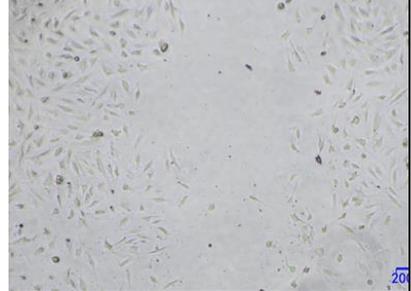
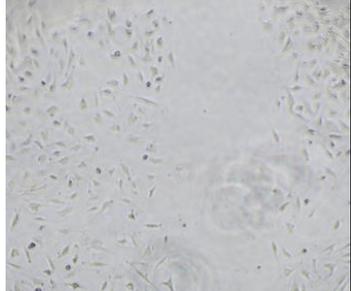
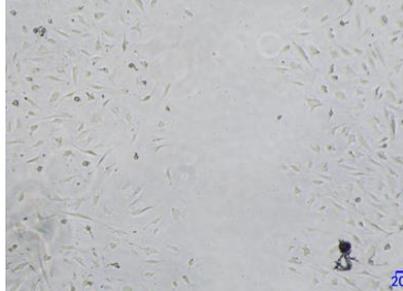
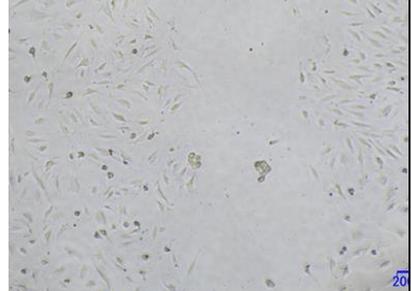
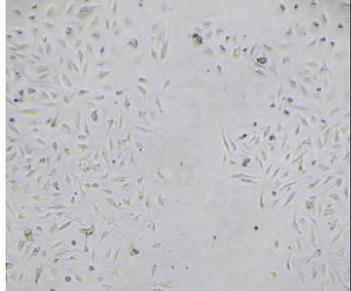
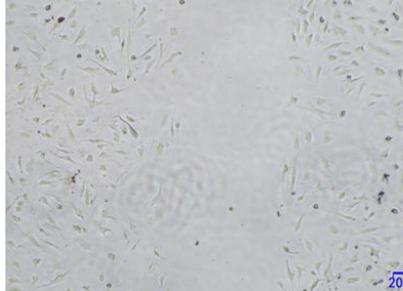
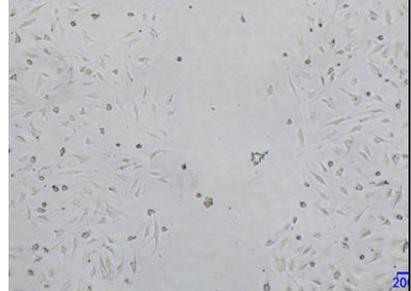
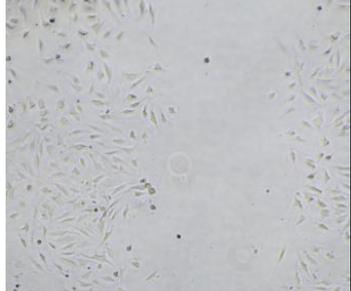
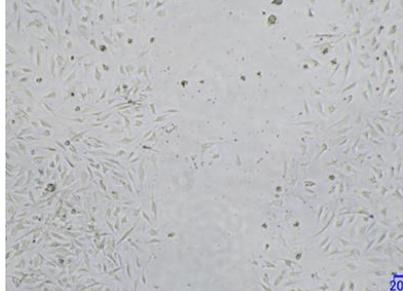
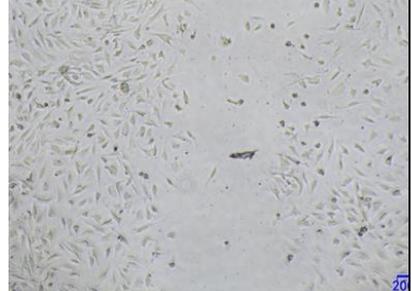
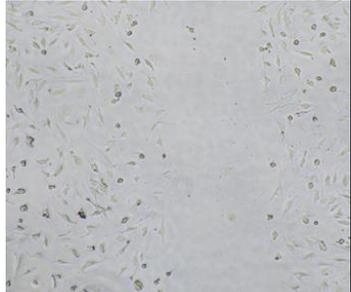
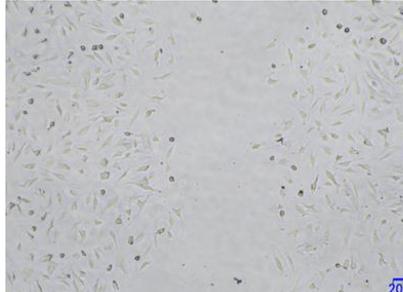
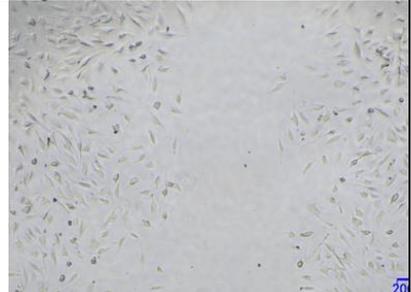


B1-Middle			
B1-High			
B2-Low			
B2-Middle			
B2-High			
B3-Low			

B3-Middle			
B3-High			
B4-Low			
B4-Middle			
B4-High			
B5-Low			

B5-Middle			
B5-High			
B6-Low			
B6-Middle			
B6-High			
Asiaticoside-Low			

<p>Asiaticoside - Middle</p>			
<p>Asiaticoside -High</p>			
<p>Asiaticoside B - Low</p>			
<p>Asiaticoside B - Middle</p>			
<p>Asiaticoside B - High</p>			
<p>Asiatic acid -Low</p>			

<p>Asiatic acid - Middle</p>			
<p>Asiatic acid -High</p>			
<p>Madecassic acid - Low</p>			
<p>Madecassic acid - Middle</p>			
<p>Madecassic acid - High</p>			
<p>Madecassoside-Low</p>			

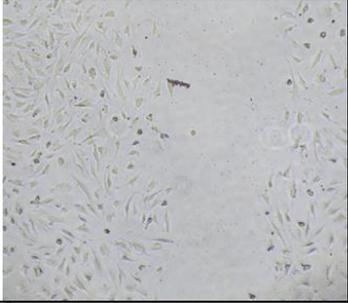
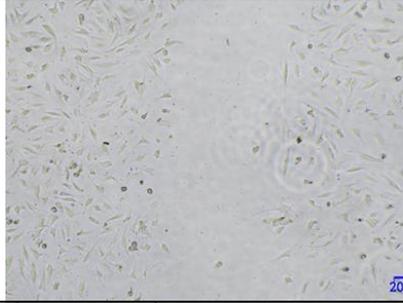
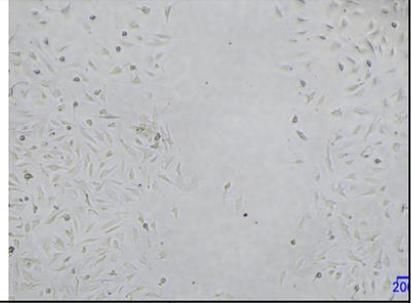
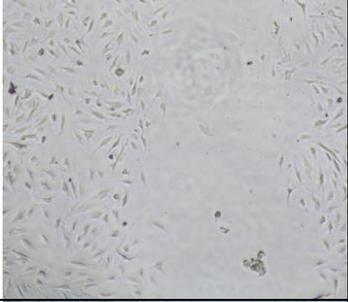
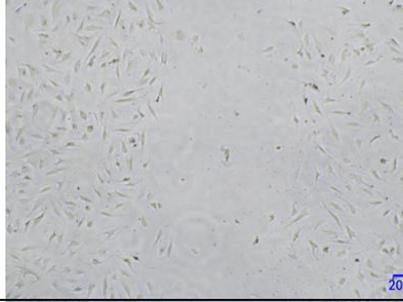
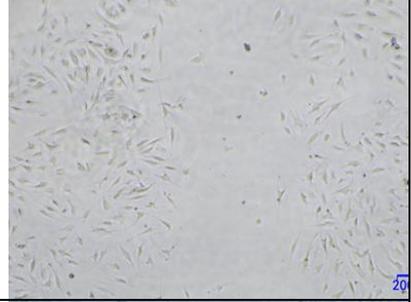
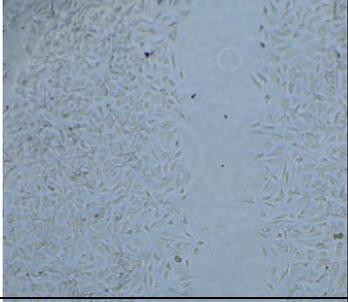
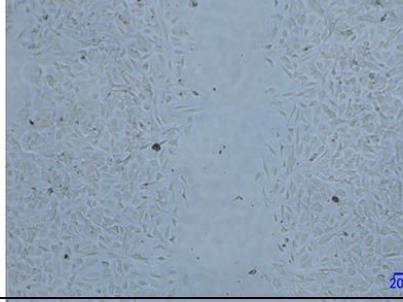
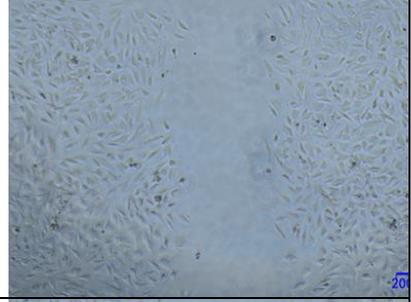
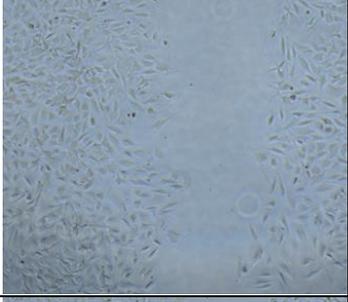
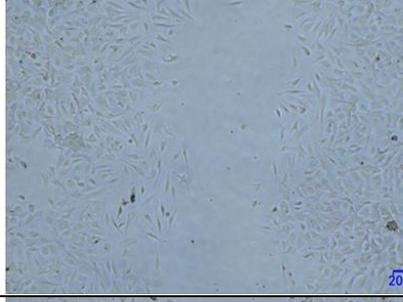
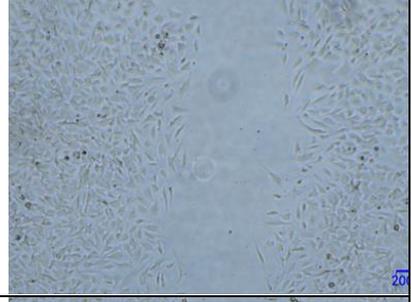
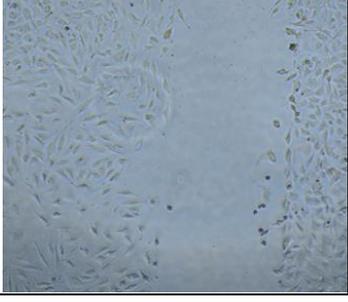
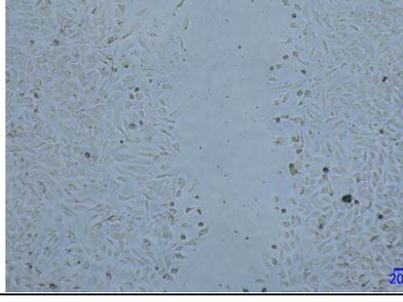
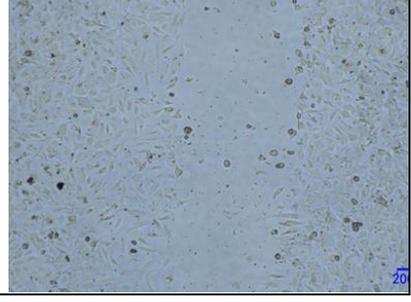
<p>Madecassoside - Middle</p>			
<p>Madecassoside - High</p>			
<p>Rev-Low</p>			
<p>Rev-Middle</p>			
<p>Rev-High</p>			

Figure S2. Six extracts (B1-B6) and five core components from CA inhibit the vascular tube formation of HUVECs compared to resveratrol as a positive control.

