

SUPPORTING INFORMATION

Reaction with ROO• and HOO• Radicals of Honokiol-Related Neolignan Antioxidants

Nunzio Cardullo ¹, Filippo Monti ², Vera Muccilli ¹, Riccardo Amorati ^{3,*} and Andrea Baschieri ^{2,*}

¹ Dipartimento di Scienze Chimiche, Università di Catania, V.le A. Doria 6, 95125 Catania, Italy

² Istituto per la Sintesi Organica e la Fotoreattività (ISOF), Consiglio Nazionale delle Ricerche (CNR) Via Gobetti 101, 40129 Bologna, Italy

³ Dipartimento di Chimica "G. Ciamician", Università di Bologna, Via S. Giacomo 11, 40126 Bologna, Italy

* Correspondence: riccardo.amorati@unibo.it (R.A.); andrea.baschieri@isof.cnr.it (A.B.)

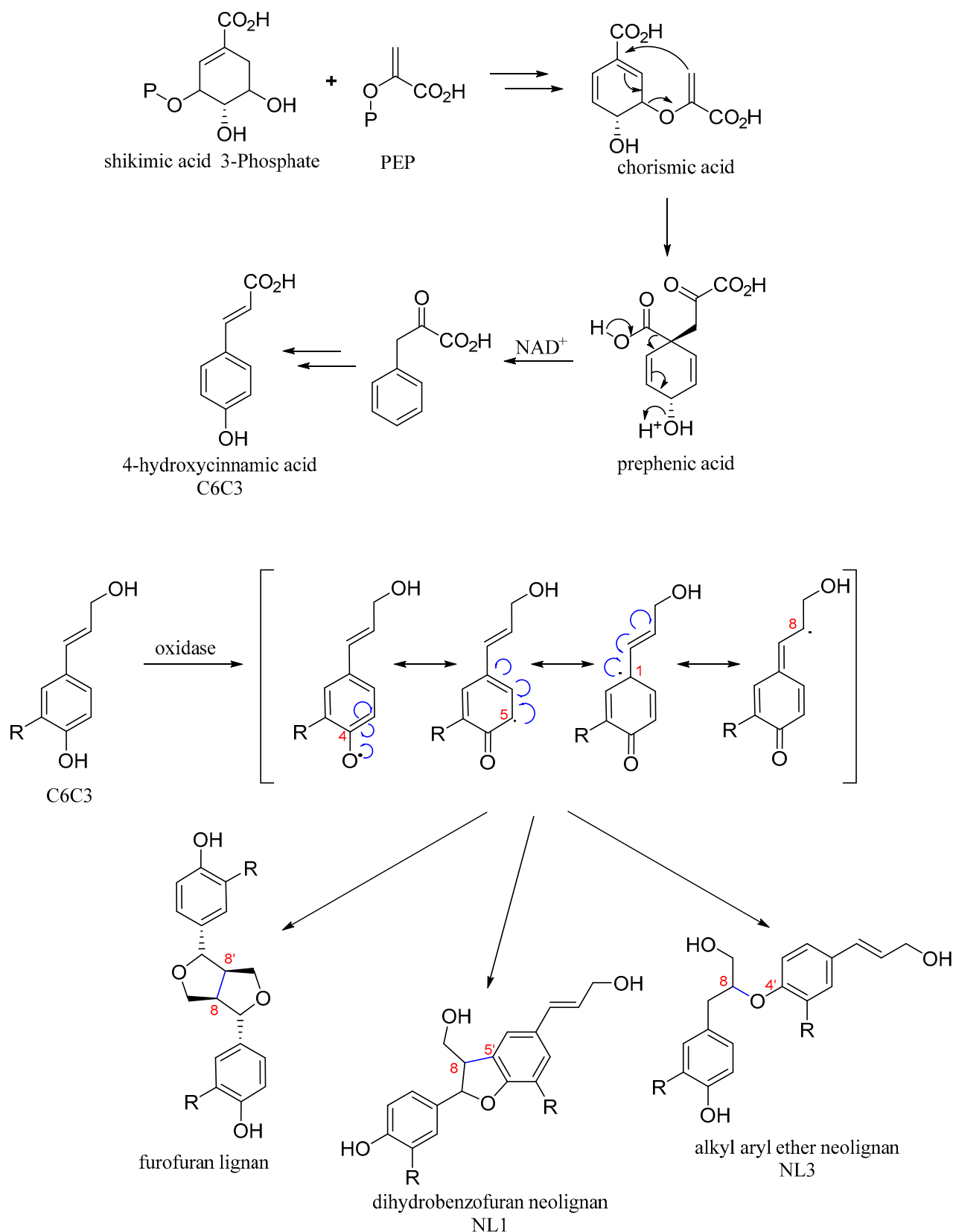


Figure S1. Schematization of biosynthetic pathway for the synthesis of phenylpropanoids C6C3, lignans and neolignans [56]. NL1 and NL3 are referred to neolignans according to the classifications of Teponno et al. [4].

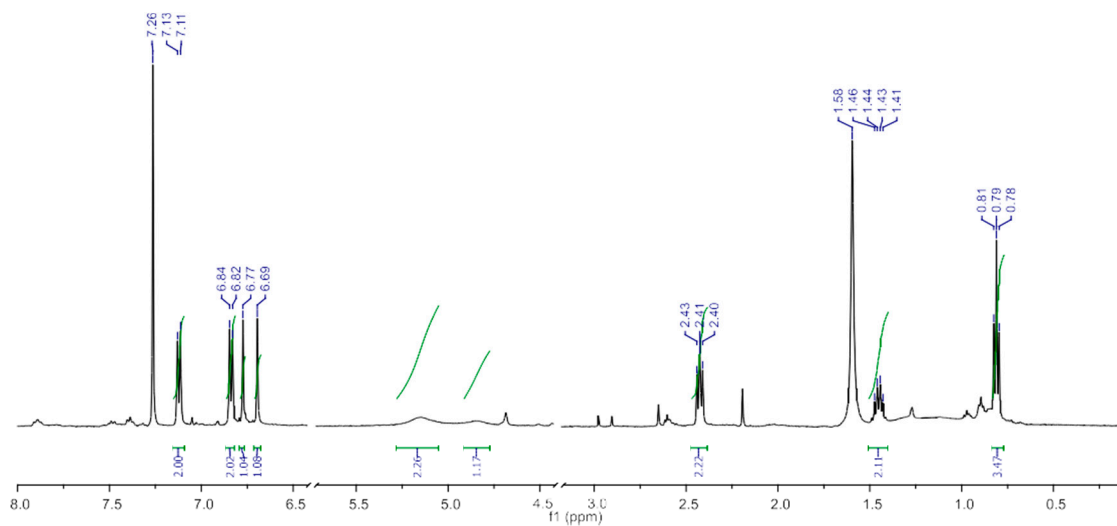


Figure S2. ¹H NMR spectrum (500 MHz, CDCl₃) of 7.

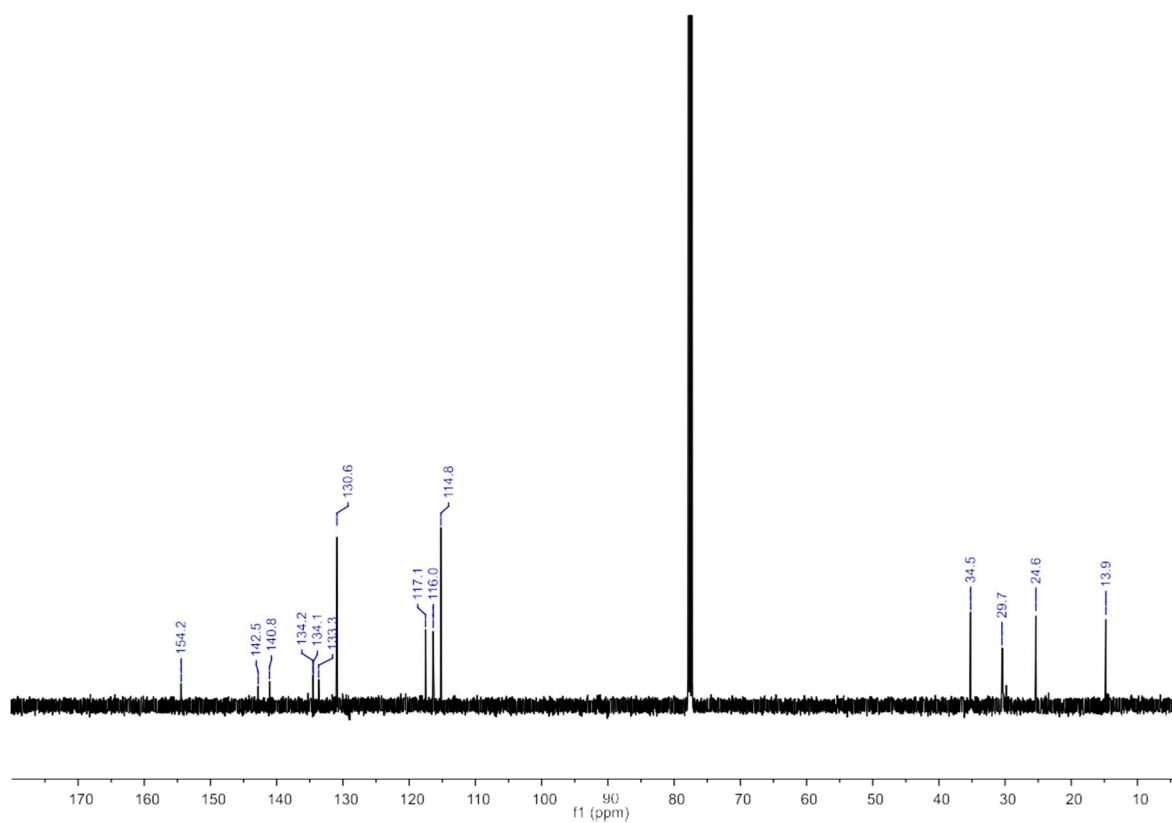


Figure S3. ¹³C NMR spectrum (500 MHz, CDCl₃) of 7.

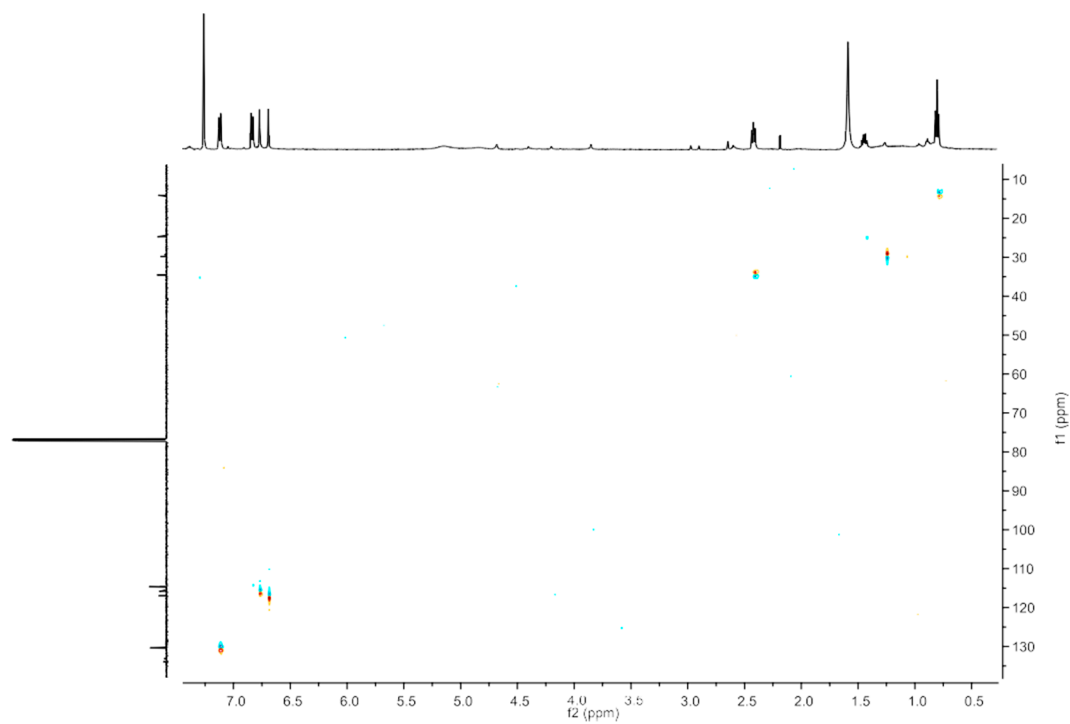


Figure S4. gHSQC spectrum of 7.

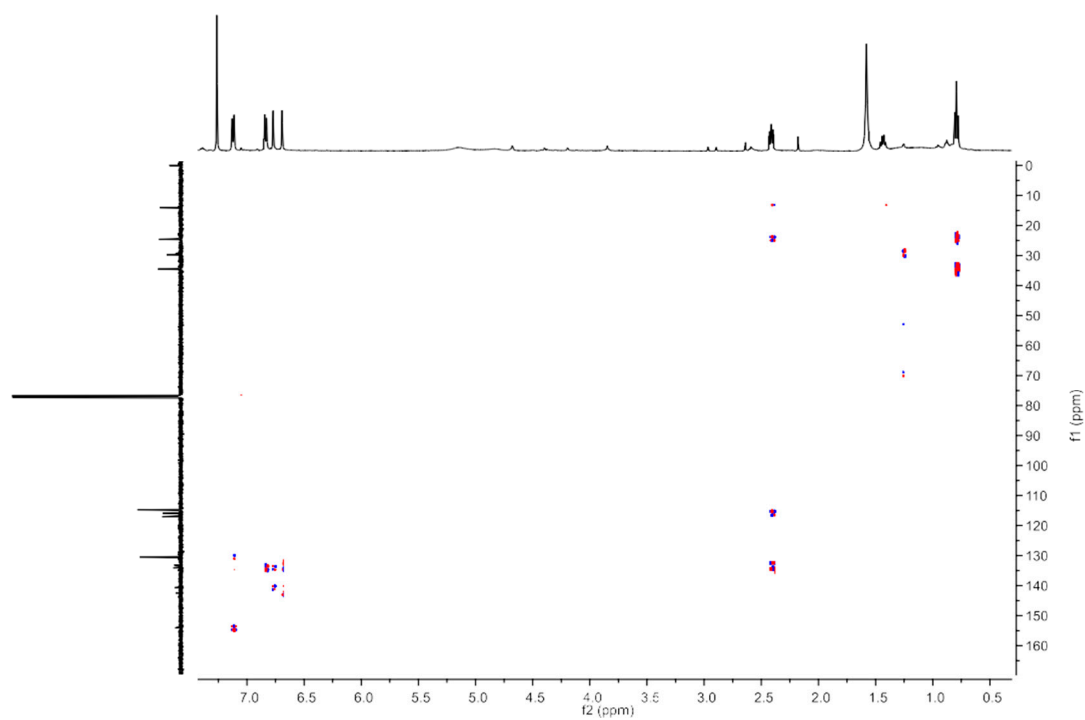


Figure S5. gHMBC spectrum of 7.

References

4. Teponno, R.B.; Kusari, S.; Spiteller, M. Recent advances in research on lignans and neolignans. *Nat. Prod. Rep.* **2016**, *33*, 1044–1092.
56. Dewick, P.M. The shikimate pathway: aromatic amino acids and phenylpropanoids. In *Medicinal Natural Products: A Biosynthetic Approach*; 3rd ed.; John Wiley & Sons Ltd: Hoboken, NJ, USA, 2009; pp.137–186. <https://doi.org/10.1002/9780470742761.ch4>