

Supplementary Material

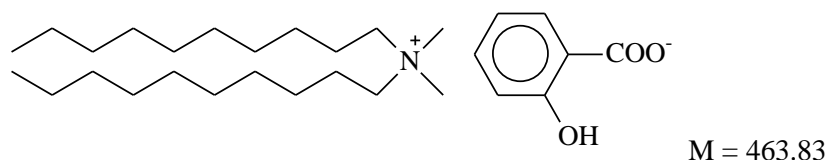
Recovery of metals from electronic waste - printed circuit boards by ionic liquids, DESs and organophosphorous-based acid extraction

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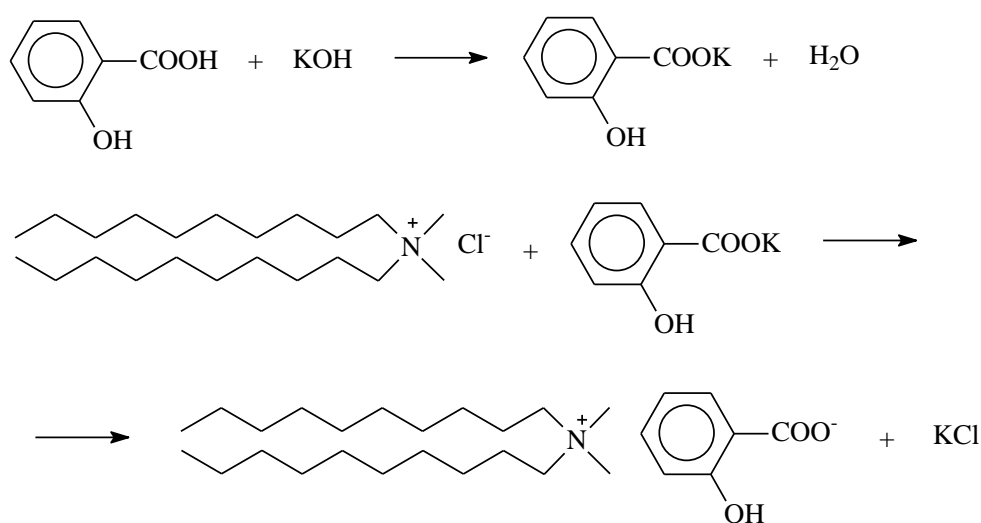
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S1. SYNTHESIS OF NEW BI-FUNCTIONAL IONIC LIQUIDS

S1.1. The synthesis of didecyldimethylammonium salicylate ($[N_{10,10,1,1}][Sal]$, $C_{29}H_{53}NO_3$)

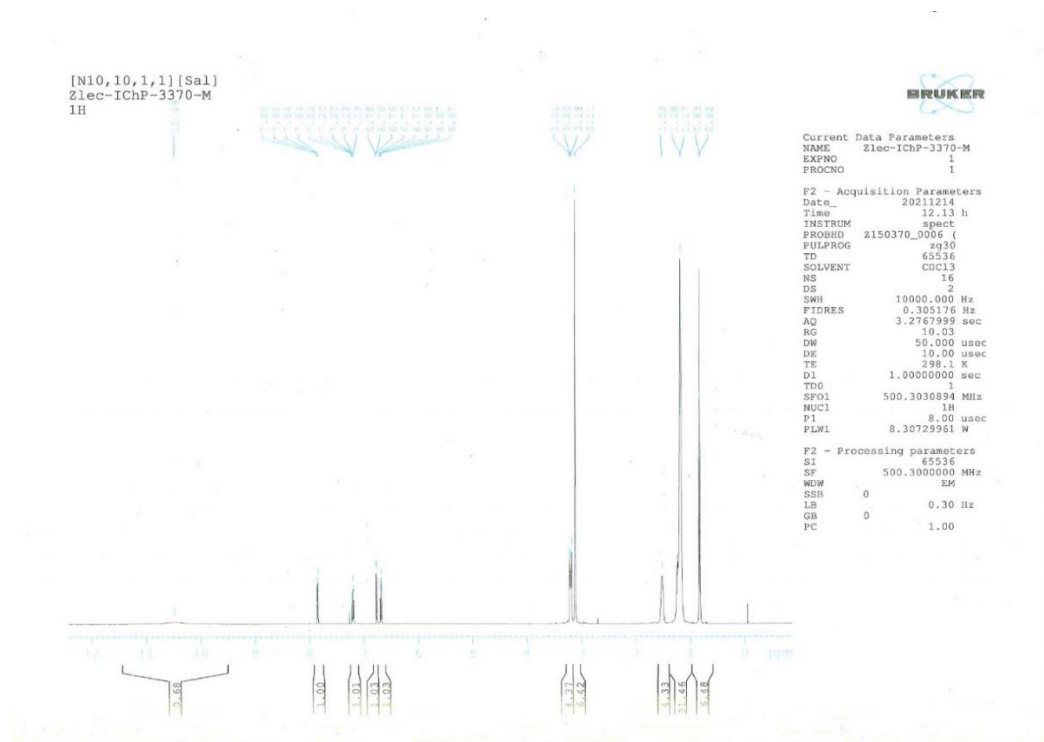


Salicylic acid (13.81 g, 0.1 mol) and water (65 cm³) were placed in a 500 cm³ round bottom flask equipped with a magnetic stirrer, cooler condenser and thermometer. To the obtained suspension 5.61 g (0.1 mol) of potassium hydroxide dissolved in water (30 cm³) was added. The mixture was stirred at $T = 343$ K for 2 h until salicylic acid was completely dissolved /until the complete dissolution of the salicylic acid. Next, 72.44 g of a 50 % aqueous solution of didecyldimethylammonium chloride (36.22 g, 0.1 mol of $[N_{10,10,1,1}][Cl]$) was added. There was immediate cloudiness upon the addition of the didecyldimethylammonium chloride solution. The mixture was stirred at $T = 333$ K for 6 h, then cooled to $T = 298$ K and 100 cm³ of dichloromethane was added. Two phases were separated. The organic layer containing the desired product was washed 2 times (2×50 cm³) with water to remove the potassium chloride. The solvent was removed by distillation under reduced pressure. The residue was dried at 1.3 hPa (333 K, 10 h). 43.40 g (0.094 mol) of didecyldimethylammonium salicylate was obtained in the solid phase. Yield 94.0 %.

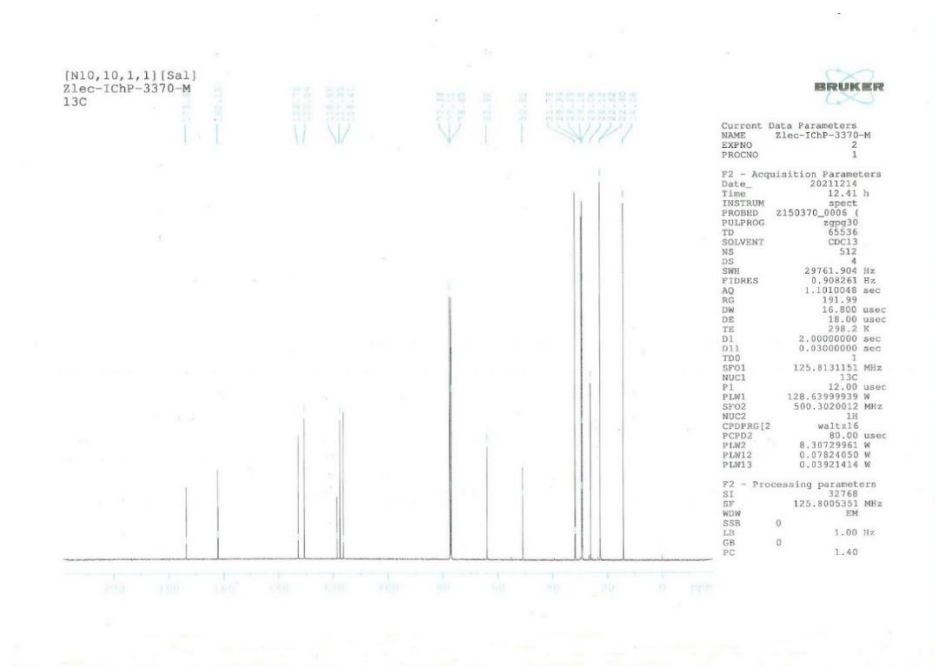


¹H NMR (CDCl₃, 500 MHz), δ : 0.83 (t, 6H, $2 \times CH_3$, $J = 5.0$ Hz), 1.12-1.27 (m, 28H, $14 \times CH_2$), 1.48-1.56 (m, 4H, $2 \times CH_2$), 3.11 (s, 6H, $2 \times CH_3[N^+]$), 3.18-3.21 (m, 4H, $2 \times CH_2[N^+]$), 6.69 (dt, 1H, Ar, J_1

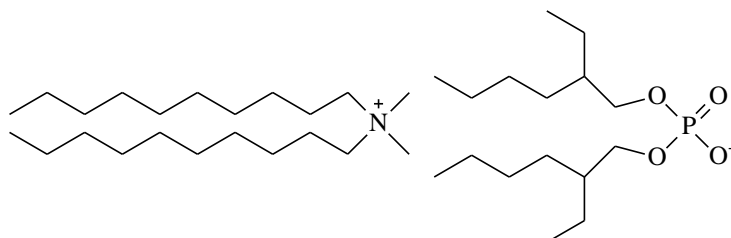
= 7.5 Hz, $J_2 = 1.0$ Hz), 6.77 (dd, 1H, Ar, $J_1 = 10.0$ Hz, $J_2 = 2.5$ Hz), 7.20 (dt, 1H, Ar, $J_1 = 7.5$ Hz, $J_2 = 1.0$ Hz), 7.85 (dd, 1H, Ar, $J_1 = 10.0$ Hz, $J_2 = 2.5$ Hz), 10.49 (s, 1H, ArOH) ppm.



^{13}C NMR (CDCl_3 , 125.8 MHz), δ : 14.06 ($2 \times \text{CH}_3$), 22.60 ($2 \times \text{CH}_2$), 22.62 ($2 \times \text{CH}_2$), 26.12 ($2 \times \text{CH}_2$), 29.06 ($2 \times \text{CH}_2$), 29.18 ($2 \times \text{CH}_2$), 29.29 ($2 \times \text{CH}_2$), 29.34 ($2 \times \text{CH}_2$), 31.78 ($2 \times \text{CH}_2$), 50.91 ($2 \times \text{CH}_3[\text{N}^+]$), 63.92 ($2 \times \text{CH}_2[\text{N}^+]$), 116.41 (CH, Ar), 117.55 (CH, Ar), 118.69 (C, Ar), 130.54 (CH, Ar), 132.75 (CH, Ar), 162.13 (C, Ar-OH), 173.65 ($[\text{C}=\text{O}]\text{O}^-$) ppm.

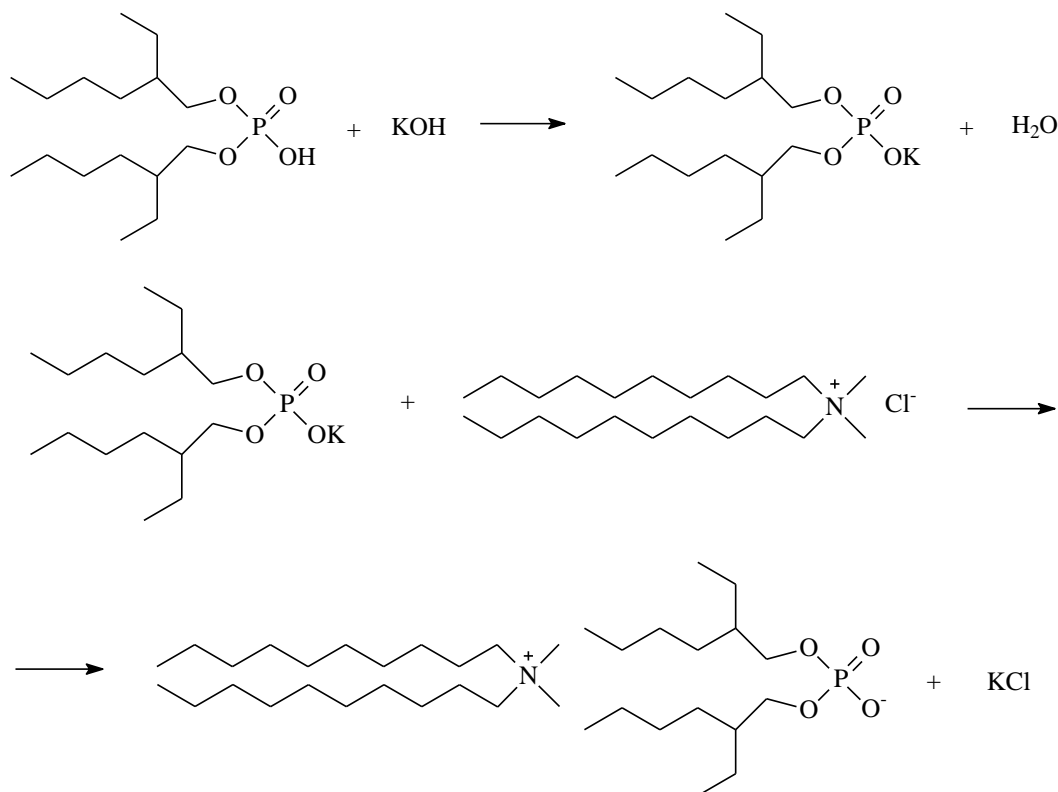


S1.2. The synthesis of didecyldimethylammonium bis(2-ethylhexyl)phosphate ([N_{10,10,1,1}][D2EHPA], C₃₈H₈₂NO₄P)

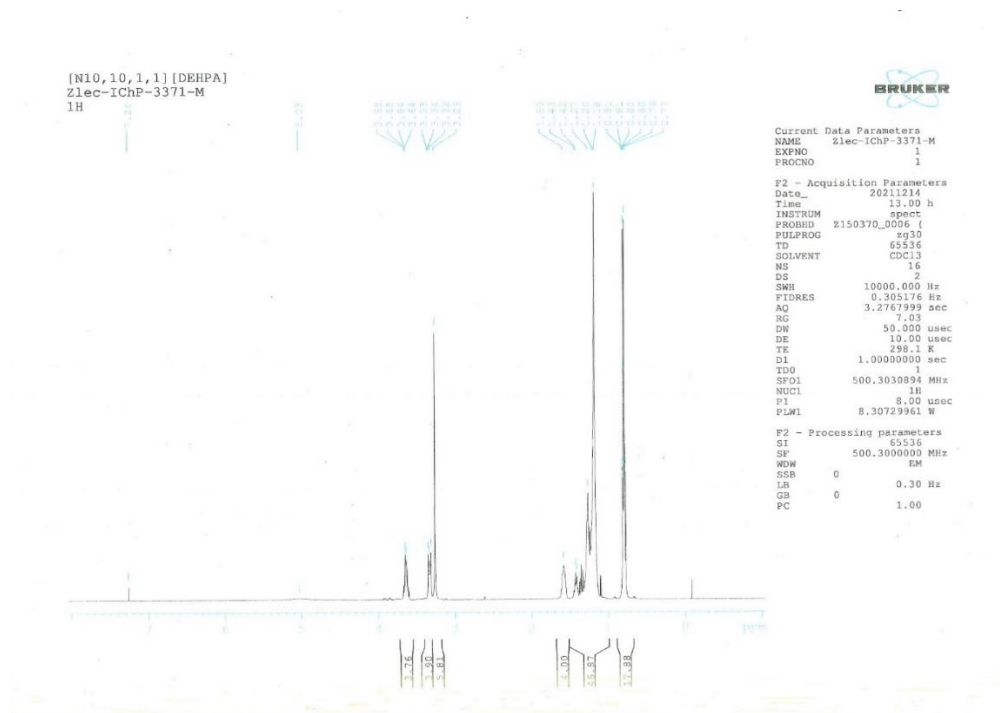


M = 648.13

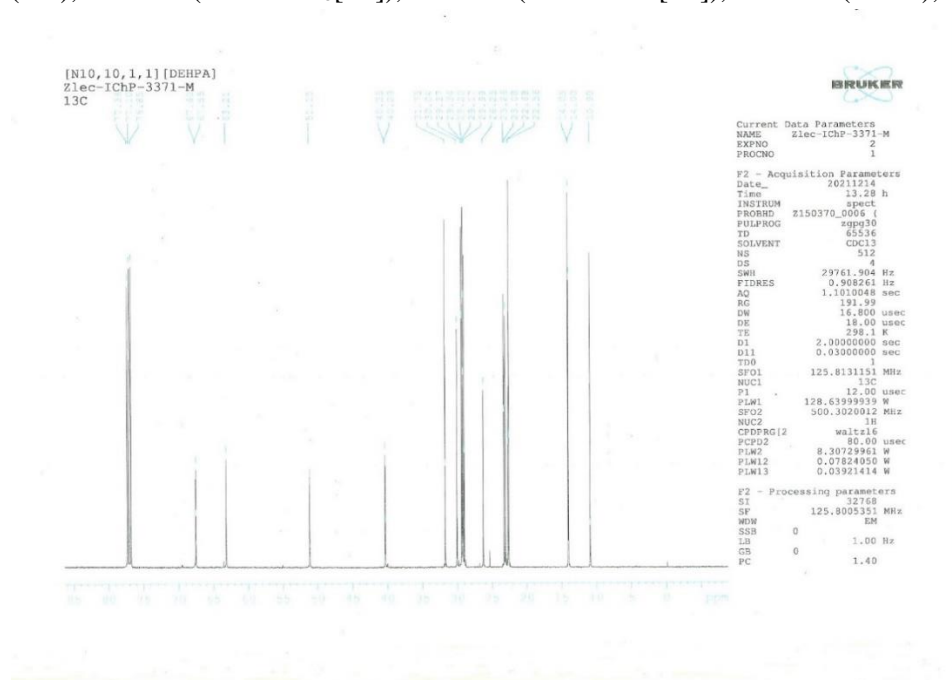
32.24 g (0.1 mol) of bis(2-ethylhexyl)phosphoric acid were placed in a 500 cm³ round bottom flask equipped with a magnetic stirrer, cooler condenser and thermometer. Next, the solution of potassium hydroxide (5.61 g, 0.1 mol) in water (50 cm³) was added. The thick and glassy mixture was stirred magnetically at $T = 343$ K for 2 h. Next, 72.44 g of a 50% aqueous solution of didecyldimethylammonium chloride (36.22 g, 0.1 mol of [N_{10,10,1,1}][Cl]) was added. The mixture was stirred at $T = 338$ K for 6 h, then cooled to $T = 298$ K and 100 cm³ of dichloromethane were added. Two phases were separated. The organic layer containing the desired product was washed 2 times (2×50 cm³) with water to remove the potassium chloride. The solvent was removed by distillation under reduced pressure. The residue was dried at 1.3 hPa (333 K, 10 h). 62.39 g (0.096 mol) of didecyldimethylammonium bis(2-ethylhexyl)phosphate was obtained in the form of a clear thick liquid. Yield 96.0%.



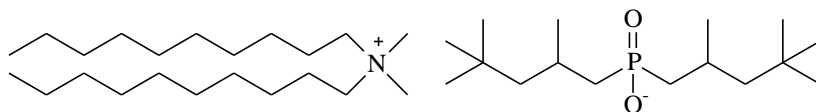
^1H NMR (CDCl_3 , 500 MHz), δ : 0.77-0.81 (m, 18H, $6 \times \text{CH}_3$), 1.13-1.28 (m, 42H), 1.33-1.39 (m, 2H), 1.41-1.46 (m, 2H), 1.56-1.62 (m, 4H, $2 \times \text{CH}_2$), 3.26 (s, 6H, $2 \times \text{CH}_3[\text{N}^+]$), 3.32-3.35 (m, 4H, $2 \times \text{CH}_2[\text{N}^+]$), 3.61-3.69 (m, 4H, $2 \times \text{CH}_2\text{O}$) ppm.



^{13}C NMR (CDCl_3 , 125.8 MHz), δ : 10.83 ($2 \times \text{CH}_3$), 13.99 ($2 \times \text{CH}_3$), 14.05 ($2 \times \text{CH}_3$), 22.56 ($2 \times \text{CH}_2$), 22.68 ($2 \times \text{CH}_2$), 23.08 ($2 \times \text{CH}_2$), 23.26 ($2 \times \text{CH}_2$), 26.25 ($2 \times \text{CH}_2$), 28.99 ($2 \times \text{CH}_2$), 29.17 ($2 \times \text{CH}_2$), 29.20 ($2 \times \text{CH}_2$), 29.34 ($2 \times \text{CH}_2$), 29.37 ($2 \times \text{CH}_2$), 30.04 ($2 \times \text{CH}_2$), 31.75 ($2 \times \text{CH}_2$), 40.29 (CH), 40.35 (CH), 51.14 ($2 \times \text{CH}_3[\text{N}^+]$), 63.21 ($2 \times \text{CH}_2[\text{N}^+]$), 67.55 (CH_2O), 67.55 (CH_2O) ppm

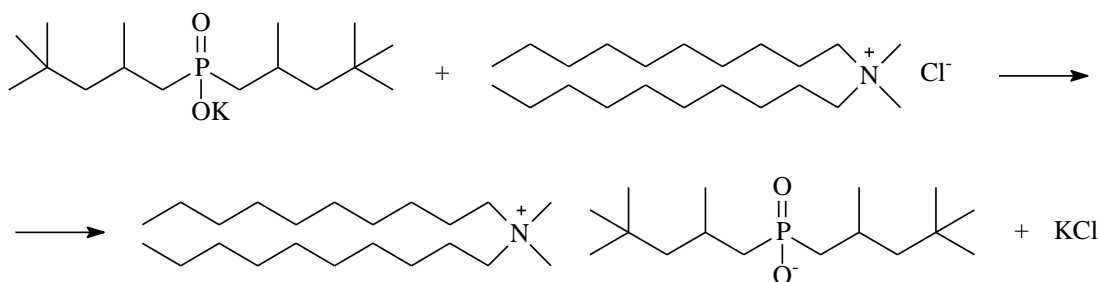
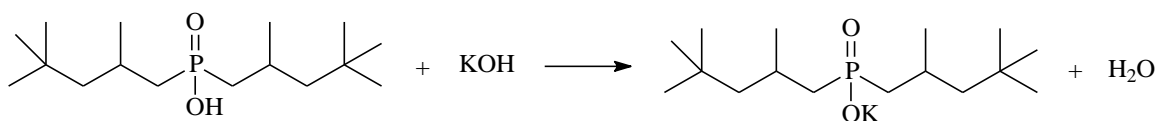


S1.3. The synthesis of didecyldimethylammonium bis(2-2,4,4-trimethylpentyl)phosphinate ([N_{10,10,1,1}][Cyanex272], C₃₈H₈₂NO₂P)



$$M = 616.12$$

16.13 g (0.05 mol) of bis(2,4,4-trimethylpentyl)phosphinic acid (Cyanex 272, 90%) and a solution of potassium hydroxide (2.80g, 0.05 mol) in water (30 cm³) was placed in a 250 cm³ round bottom flask equipped with a magnetic stirrer, cooler condenser, and thermometer. The mixture was stirred at $T = 338$ K for 3 h. Next, 36.22 g of a 50% aqueous solution of didecyldimethylammonium chloride (18.11 g, 0.05 mol of [N_{10,10,1,1}][Cl]) was added. The cloudiness occurred after the addition of the ammonium chloride solution. The mixture was stirred at $T = 338$ K for 6 h. After cooling the mixture, dichloromethane (60 cm³) was added and 2 phases were separated. The organic phase containing the ionic liquid was washed 2 times with water (2 × 30 cm³). The solvent was removed by distillation under pressure and the residue was dried at 1.3 hPa for 10 h (333 K). 31.68 g (0.0495 mol) of didecyldimethylammonium bis(2-2,4,4-trimethylpentyl)phosphinate were obtained in the form of a clear, thick liquid. Yield 99%.



¹H NMR (CDCl₃, 500 MHz), δ : 0.77-0.84 (m, 24 H, 8 × CH₃), 1.00-1.04 (m, 8H), 1.13-1.30 (m, 32H, 16 × CH₂), 1.45-1.52 (m, 2H), 1.54-1.60 (m, 4H), 1.88-1.93 (m, 2H), 3.28 (s, 6H, 2 × CH₃[N⁺]), 3.34-3.37 m, 4H, 2 × CH₂[N⁺] ppm.

