

Supplementary Table S2. Source of infection of MRSA-BSI episodes by acquisition. The table shows the total number of episodes and the percentage (in parentheses).

Acquisition	Time periods												
	1990-1995		1996-2001		2002-2007			2008-2013			2014 – 2019		
	<i>n</i> = 137		<i>n</i> = 142		<i>n</i> = 207			<i>n</i> = 149			<i>n</i> = 149		
	HO-HCA	CO-HCA	HO-HCA	CO-HCA	HO-HCA	CO-HCA	CA	HO-HCA	CO-HCA	CA	HO-HCA	CO-HCA	CA
Source of infection													
Vascular Catheter	74 (54)	4 (3)	65 (46)	6 (4)	33 (16)	29 (14)	-	25 (17)	9 (6)	1 (1)	11 (7)	19 (13)	-
Endocarditis	5 (4)	-	1 (1)	2 (1)	1 (0.5)	3 (1)	-	2 (1)	1 (1)	1 (1)	2 (1)	7 (5)	2 (1)
Osteoarticular	1 (1)	3 (2)	2 (1)	3 (2)	4 (2)	8 (4)	-	5 (3)	6 (4)	-	2 (1)	11 (7)	-
Respiratory Tract	1 (1)	-	11 (8)	3 (2)	10 (5)	7 (3)	-	5 (3)	12 (8)	-	13 (9)	9 (6)	2 (1)
SST	7 (5)	1 (1)	5 (4)	7 (5)	9 (4)	23 (11)	2 (1)	7 (5)	13 (9)	-	3 (2)	17 (11)	9 (6)
Urinary	-	2 (1)	3 (2)	2 (1)	9 (4)	13 (6)	-	5 (3)	13 (9)	3 (2)	1 (1)	9 (6)	2 (1)
Other†	14 (10)	-	16 (11)	2 (1)	18 (9)	9 (4)	-	8 (5)	3 (2)	1 (1)	2 (1)	6 (4)	2 (1)
Unknown	22 (16)	3 (2)	10 (7)	4 (3)	14 (7)	15 (7)	-	13 (9)	14 (9)	2 (1)	5 (3)	11 (7)	4 (3)

† Other sources: biliary, pericardium, central nervous system. SST, skin and soft tissue; HA, hospital acquired; HCA healthcare-associated and CA, community-acquired.