

Supplementary Materials

Efficient Photocatalytic Degradation of Organic Pollutant in Wastewater by Electrospun Functionally Modified Polyacrylonitrile Nanofibers Membrane anchoring TiO₂ Nanostructured

Fahad A. AlAbduljabbar ¹, Sajjad Haider ^{2,*}, Fekri Abdulraqueb Ahmed Ali ², Abdulaziz A. Alghyamah ², Waheed A. Almasry ², Raj Patel ¹ and Iqbal M. Mujtaba ^{1,*}

¹ Department of Chemical Engineering, Faculty of Engineering & Informatics, University of Bradford, Bradford BD7 1DP, West Yorkshire, UK; thelastfahad@yahoo.com (F.A.A.); R.Patel@bradford.ac.uk (R.P.)

² Department of Chemical Engineering, College of Engineering, King Saud University, P.O. Box 800, Riyadh 11421, Saudi Arabia, Saudi Arabia; falhulidy@ksu.edu.sa (F.A.A.A.); aalghyamah@ksu.edu.sa (A.A.A.); walmasy@ksu.edu.sa (W.A.A.)

* Correspondence: shaider@ksu.edu.sa; shaider@ksu.edu.sa (S.H.); Iqbal Mujtaba I.M.Mujtaba@bradford.ac.uk (I.M.M)

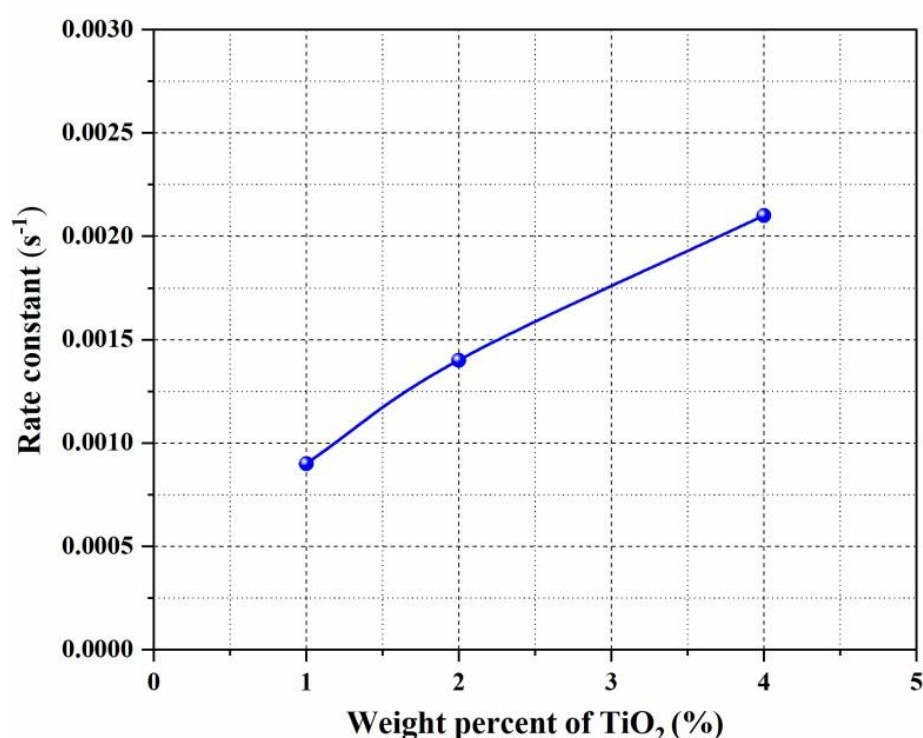


Figure S1. Rate constant for TiO₂ coated DETA-f-PAN NFs membrane with variation in wt.% of TiO₂/PAN membrane Keeping the concentration of methyl orange 20 ppm and dose 60 mg.

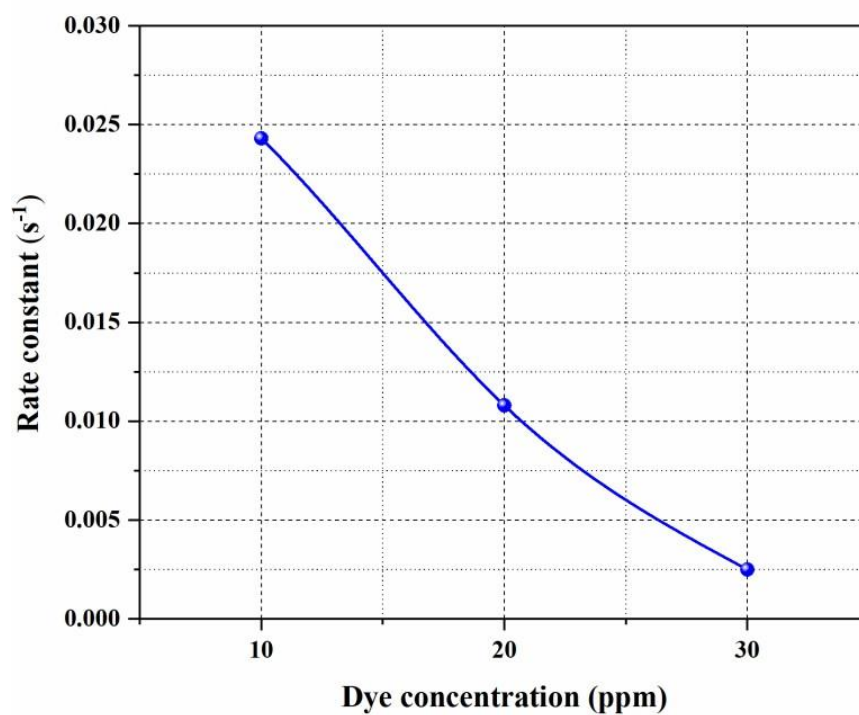


Figure S2. Rate constant for TiO₂ coated DETA-f-PAN NFs membrane with variation in membrane concentration of methyl orange keeping the dose constant (60 mg).

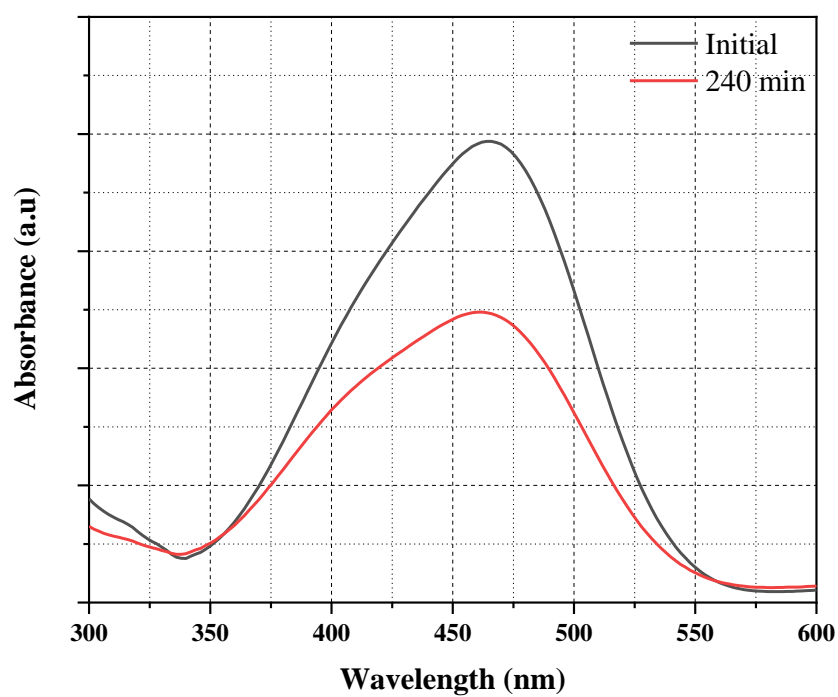


Figure S3. Spectrophotometer spectra of the 20 ppm methyl orange at 0 min and 240 min. TiO₂ NPs dose was 60 mg.

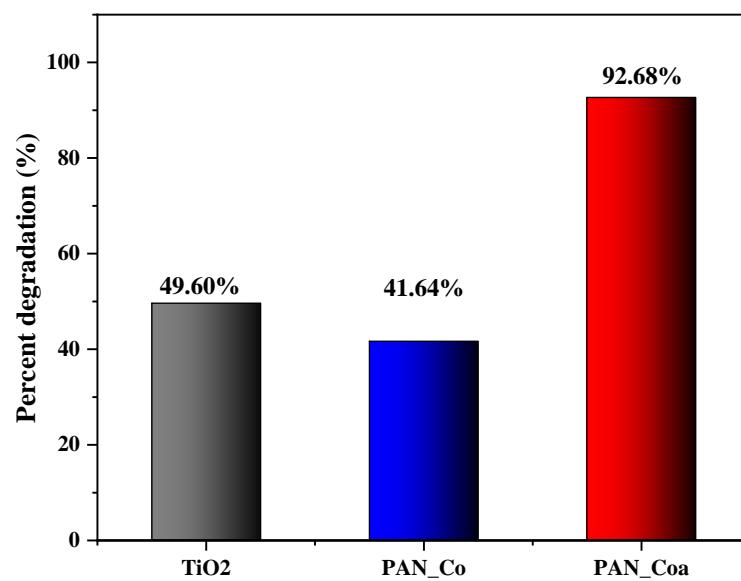


Figure S4. Comparative data of the bare TiO₂ NPs, PAN_Co and PAN_Coa at 20 ppm methyl orange and 60 mg dose.