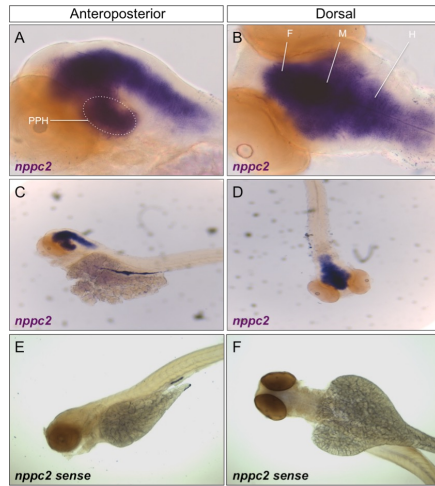
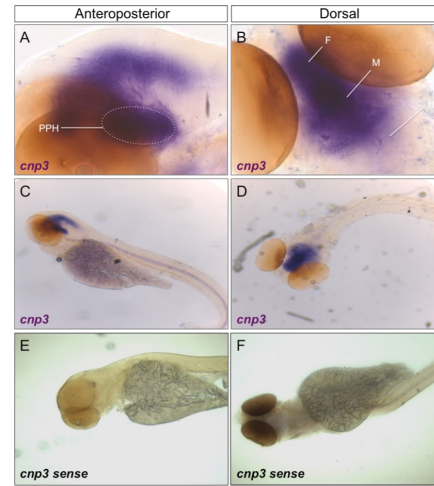


**Supplemental Figure S1 Phylogenetic tree of natriuretic peptide receptors including NPR1 (GC,A), NPR2 (GC-B) and NPR3** To examine the evolutionary relationships of zebrafish natriuretic peptide receptors, multiple sequence alignments of published whole natriuretic peptide receptor sequences were aligned using Clustal Omega (<http://www.ebi.ac.uk/Tools/msa/clustalo>). Evolutionary genetic analysis was performed on the resulting alignment using MEGA5 (<http://megasoftware.net>) and a phylogenetic tree created using the maximum-likelihood method and Tamura-Nei substitution model. Nonparametric bootstrap sampling was performed (1000 replicates) alongside and shown as a percentage at each corresponding node. Scale bar represents a genetic distance of 0.1.

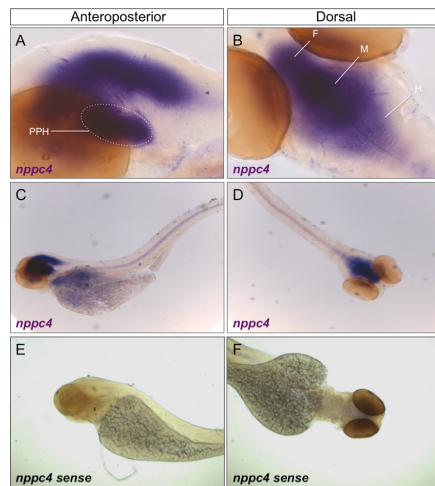
A\*



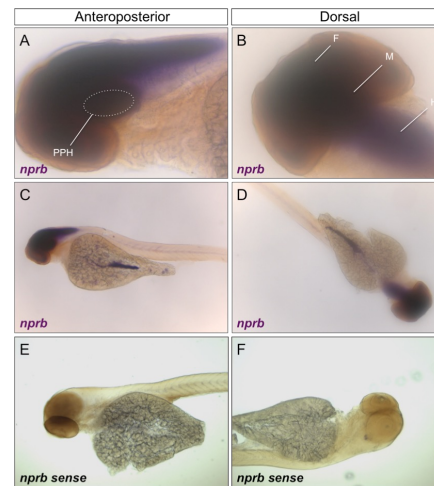
B\*



C\*



D\*



**Supplemental Figure S2A-D\*** Wholemount in situ hybridization of (A\*) *nppc2*, (B\*) *cnp3*, (C\*) *nppc4* and (D\*) *npr2* in 96hpf wild-type zebrafish embryos. Zebrafish embryos were captured at 96hpf and fixed with 4% PFA before wholemount in situ hybridization was performed to assess spatial expression of *nppc2*, *cnp3*, *nppc4* and *npr2* alongside sense probe controls. Images were captured at 20x (A,B) and 5x magnification (C-F) using bright field microscopy on an Axiovert 135 inverted microscope (Carl Zeiss Ltd, Cambridge, UK) and DC500 colour camera. *In situ* hybridization was performed using 12-15 embryos for each RNA probe and images are representative of the staining observed in multiple embryos. (PPH – presumptive pituitary and hypothalamus; F – forebrain; M – midbrain; H – hindbrain).

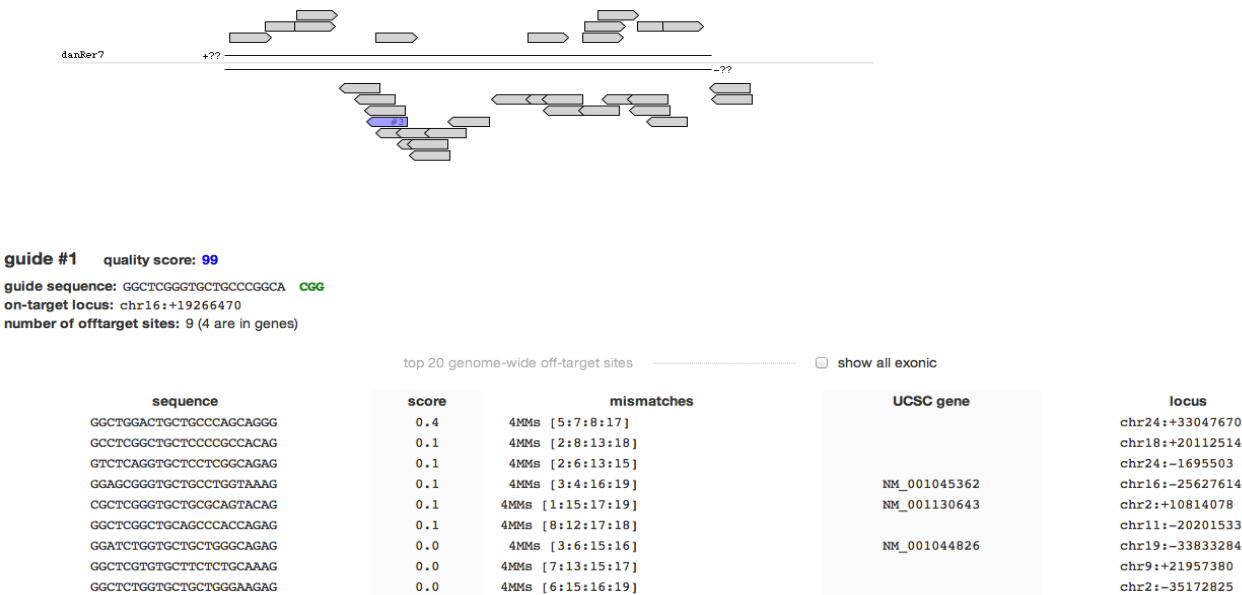
**ZF *nppcl* CDS:**

5' ATGCTGTGCTCATCTGTGTTTGTGGTGCTTCTTATCCTTTTGGCCAATCCCGTGCCGGGCAGCACCCGAGCCCTTCACACCTCTGACAAAGCCATGCAGGTCATTGAACAGTTCCTTGAGCGA  
TACAATGACCTTTTAACCCCTTGATGATCTTGAAAACCTCACAAAGTGACCAATCGGAAGAGCCCGTGACAGCCTTCAGCTCTGGGCTAAAGGTTGCAGAAT3' TACGACACGAGTAGACACAAACA  
CCACGAAGAATAGGAAAACCGGTTAGGGCACGGCCCGTCTGGGCTCGGGAAGTGTGGAGACTGTTTCGGTACGTCCAGTAACCTTGTCAGGAACCTCGCTATGTTACTGGAAAATTGGGAACCTAC  
TAGAACTTTTGGAGTGTTCACCTGGTTAGCCTTCTCGGGCACGTCTGGAAGTCGAGACCCGATTTCCAACGTCTTA5' ATCCCAAGTGGATTGACATACCGGTGCAGAATGAGAATGCCTGGCTCC  
GGCTTTTAAAGGGGGCTTTGGCCAATCAGAAACGAGCTCCACCGGATCGGTTGCGGAGGGGGTGAACCGAGGCTGTTTGGCTTGAAACTGGACCGGATCGGCTCTATGAGTGGCTCGGCTGC  
TAA3' TAGGGTTCACCTAACTGTATGGCCACGTCTTACTCTTACGGACCGAGGCCGAAAATTTCCCCCGAAACCGGTTAGTCTTTGCTCGAGGTGGCCTAGCCAACGCCCTCCCCACCTTGGCTC  
CGACAAAACCGAACTTTGACCTGGCCTAGCCGAGATACTACCGGAGCCGACGATT

**CRISPR Guide: GGCTCGGGTGCTGCCCGGCA**

Fwd oligonucleotide: 5' TAGGCTCGGGTGCTGCCCGGCA  
Common sequence: 3' GAGCCCACGACGGGCCGT  
Rvs sequence: 3' GAGCCCACGACGGGCCGTCAA  
Rvs oligonucleotide: 5' AAAGTGGCCGGCAGCACCCGAG

**Supplemental Figure S3** Design of CRISPR/Cas9 gRNA for targeting zebrafish *nppcl*. The whole genetic coding sequence for zebrafish *nppcl* (NM\_001161341) was inserted into the CRISPR design software E--CRISP (<http://www.e--crisp.org/E--CRISP/designcrisp.html>) and the MIT Optimized CRISPR design tool (<http://crispr.mit.edu>) using similar design parameters. The top scoring design sequences across from both design lists were then evaluated and the top scoring design present in both lists was selected. The target gRNA sequence is shown in the sequence above (blue) with the palindromic repeats at each end (red). Forward and reverse oligonucleotides designed are shown below along with the scoring output from the MIT Optimized CRISPR design tool.



Gene	Accession Number	Forward primer (5'-3'), Reverse primer (3'-5')	Product Size (including universal tag) (bp)	Annealing Temperature (°C)
<i>nppcl</i>	NM_001161341	TCCTAGCAGGTGCCAAAAAC GGTCCAGTTTCAAGCCAAAA	602	60.2
<i>nppc4</i>	XM_003201148	TTTGCTGGCTTGTGGACTTA GAGAGTTGTTAATGGAGTGG	379	60.4
<i>nppc2</i>	XM_001919491	TGGCTGCTTCATCATCTCTG GTCCACCTTCATCCAAAAAC	332	56.4
<i>cnp3</i>	NM_001128741	GTGTCCTCGTTCTGCTTTT CACGGGTGGATTAAAGAGG	557	60
<i>npra</i>	XM_002666526	ACCTCCTGTCCGTATGGA CCTGACACCACCATATACGC	352	60
<i>npr1a</i>	NM_001044937	CAGATGAGCAACACGGAGAA TGATGCCAAAGCTGTAGACG	640	60
<i>nprb</i>	GU076493	GGGAGACCGTACAAGCAGAA ACTCCATACGGGATGCTGTG	429	60
<i>nprc</i>	NM_001102673	ATTTTGCCGTGTTGAACTCC ATCCCAGTCACCGCTGATAC	748	60.4
<i>nppa</i>	NM_198800	CCGGGGGACTAATTCTGAC GAAGACCCTATGCGATCCAG	231	60
<i>nppb</i>	XM_002663224	AGTCGGCCTTCTTTCTCC AGTTCTTCTGGGACCTGAGC	365	60.9

**Table S1:** Custom oligonucleotide primers used for RT-PCR analyses and for construction of *in situ* hybridisation probes.

	Gene	Accession Number	Product Position (5'-3') (bp)	Forward primer (5'-3'), Reverse primer (3'-5')	Product Size (including universal tag) (bp)
1	<i>furinβ</i>	NM_001045109	2528-2627	AGGTGACACTATAGAATACTCCGGAGAGAACGAGTGTC GTACGACTCACTATAGGGAAATGCTGGGGGATTTTCTCT	137
2	<i>nprb</i>	GU076493	2640-2746	AGGTGACACTATAGAATAACAGGTGGTGACATTGCTGA GTACGACTCACTATAGGGAAAGACCACCATGTACGCATCA	144
3	<i>BNP</i>	XM_002663224	321-434	AGGTGACACTATAGAATAGCAGCCCGATACTTACCTGA GTACGACTCACTATAGGGACCGATTCTGTCCAGTTTGCT	151
4	<i>nppc2</i>	XM_001919491	778-898	AGGTGACACTATAGAATACTCCCTTGATTGGCTCCTG GTACGACTCACTATAGGGACTGTCTGAGGATGCCAGCA	158
5	<i>nppc4</i>	XM_003201148	89-216	AGGTGACACTATAGAATACCCAGAATCAGCATCTCCAT GTACGACTCACTATAGGGACTGAGGGACCTCTGTTCCAGC	165
6	<i>18s</i>	NM_173234	122-256	AGGTGACACTATAGAATACCGCTATTAAGGGTGTGGA GTACGACTCACTATAGGGAGGCGAGGGTTCTGCATAATA	172
7	<i>nppa</i>	NM_198800	194-335	AGGTGACACTATAGAATAGGCATCAGAGAGACCCGTAG GTACGACTCACTATAGGGACTGTGTGTCAAATCCATCCG	179
8	<i>npr1a (both transcripts)</i>	NM_001044937	1389-1537	AGGTGACACTATAGAATAAAAAATGACAACCCCTGCCTG GTACGACTCACTATAGGGAAGCTGAGCGGTCAACTCATT	186
9	<i>eef1a1l1</i>	NM_131263	1113-1268	AGGTGACACTATAGAATACTGAACCACCTGGTCAGAT GTACGACTCACTATAGGGAATCTCCGGATTGAGAGCCT	193
10	<i>nppcl</i>	NM_001161341	91-253	AGGTGACACTATAGAATAACACAGGATGGAGCAGGACT GTACGACTCACTATAGGGACACCACTAATGCCAAGGGAT	200
11	<i>nprc (both transcripts)</i>	NM_001102673	2408-2578	AGGTGACACTATAGAATAGCAAGCCTTCCTGTATCCAA GTACGACTCACTATAGGGAAGCGTCTGTACATGGCAGTG	208
12	<i>furina</i>	NM_001045106	2081-2258	AGGTGACACTATAGAATAATCAAAAACGTGGCTGGAAC GTACGACTCACTATAGGGAAGAACCGGGGTTACACTCT	215
13	<i>cnp3</i>	NM_001128741	157-342	AGGTGACACTATAGAATAGTGAACAAGCCGTTTGAGGA GTACGACTCACTATAGGGAGCGCTTGTATGTGGACAGTA	223
14	<i>corin</i>	XM_005174157	2470-2664	AGGTGACACTATAGAATACTCCTGTTGTGAGACGCAAA GTACGACTCACTATAGGGAGGCCTCCAGAAATCTCTTC	232
15	<i>npra</i>	XM_002666526	127-331	AGGTGACACTATAGAATACCGTACCAGGTTGTGGACTT GTACGACTCACTATAGGGAGGATCCTGAAGGTTTTGCAG	242

**Table S2:** Custom oligonucleotide primers used for multiplex RT-qPCR analyses

Gene expression	Exogenous CNP treatment	CRISPR <i>nppcl</i> -treatment
<i>nppcl</i>	Decreased	Decreased
<i>nppc2</i>	No change	Increased
<i>cnp3</i>	No change	No change
<i>nppc4</i>	Decreased/Increased	Increased
<i>nppa</i>	Increased	Decreased
<i>bnp</i>	No change	Increased
<i>corin</i>	Decreased/Increased	No change
<i>furin a</i>	Decreased	Decreased
<i>furin b</i>	No change	No change
<i>npra</i>	Increased/Decreased	Decreased
<i>npr1a</i>	Decreased/Increased	No change
<i>nprb</i>	Decreased	No change
<i>nprc</i>	No change	Increased
Morphometric analyses	Exogenous CNP treatment	CRISPR <i>nppcl</i> -treatment
Head width	Decreased	Decreased
Body length	Decreased	Decreased
Eye diameter	Decreased	Decreased

**Table S3.** Summary of gene expression and morphometric phenotypes in exogenous CNP treated zebrafish embryos and CRISPR *nppcl*-treated zebrafish embryos.