

Branched DNA-based electrochemical biosensor for sensitive nucleic acids analysis with gold nanoparticles as amplifier

Zhikun Zhang^{*}, Chunyan Shang, Cuixia Hu, Yumin Liu, Jilong Han^{*}

School of Chemical and Pharmaceutical Engineering, Hebei University of Science and Technology,
Shijiazhuang, 050018, China

^{*}Corresponding author E-mail address. zhikun.zhang@hebust.edu.cn and hanjilong@hebust.edu.cn

Table S1. Oligonucleotide sequences were employed to synthesize branched DNA or participate in hybridization chain reaction.

Strand	Sequence (5'-3')	Use
T-DNA	CGACATGTCATAGCTTATCAGACTGATGTTGACGATTCTCTA	Target DNA
a ₁ -DNA	GAAGCTGCCAGTACCAATCCTGTCGCACAAAAAAAAAAAAA-SH	Y ₁ -DNA
b ₁ -DNA	GGAGACTAGATCATGTACTGGCAGCTTCTAGAGAATCGTCAACATCAGT	Probe
c ₁ -DNA	GTGCGACAGGATTGATGATCTAGTCTCCTAGAGAATCGTCAACATCAGT	
a ₂ -DNA	SH-AAAAAAAAAAAAACACGCTGTCCTAACCATGACCGTCGAAG	Amplifer
b ₂ -DNA	CTGATAAGCTATGACATGTCGCTTCGACGGTCATGTACTAGATCAGAGG	Y ₂ -DNA
c ₃ -DNA	CTGATAAGCTATGACATGTCGCCTCTGATCTAGTAGTTAGGACAGCGTG	

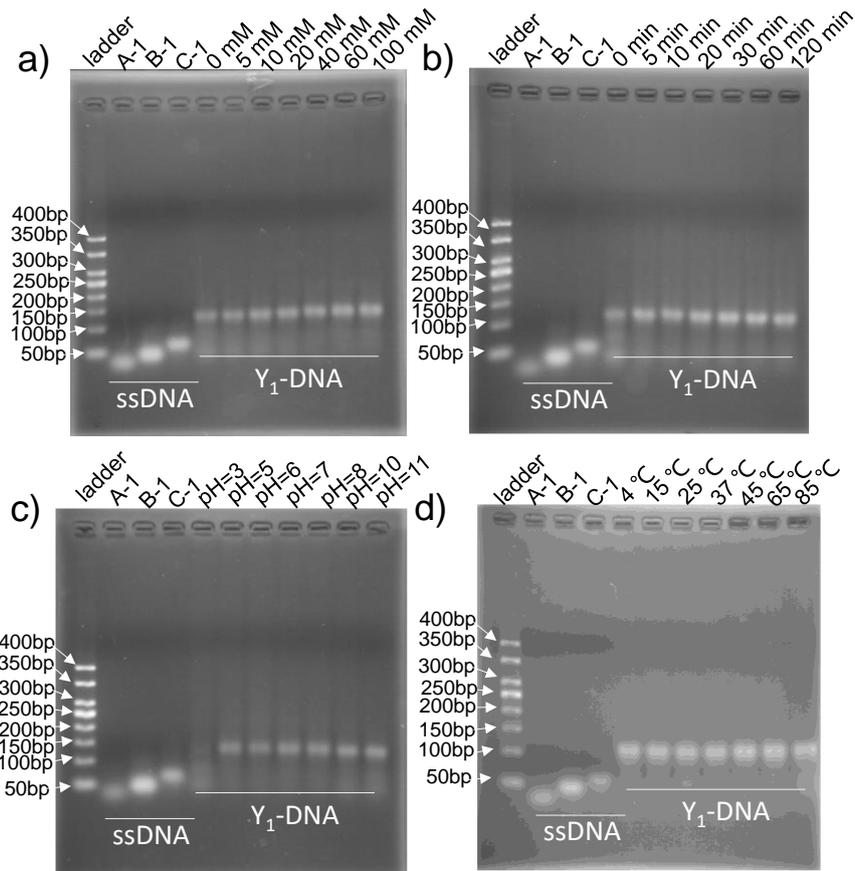


Figure S1. Gel electrophoresis analysis (3%) of Y₁-DNA prepared under different conditions. The Y₁-DNA was prepared in presence of various NaCl concentrations (a), incubation time (b), pH (c) and temperature (d).

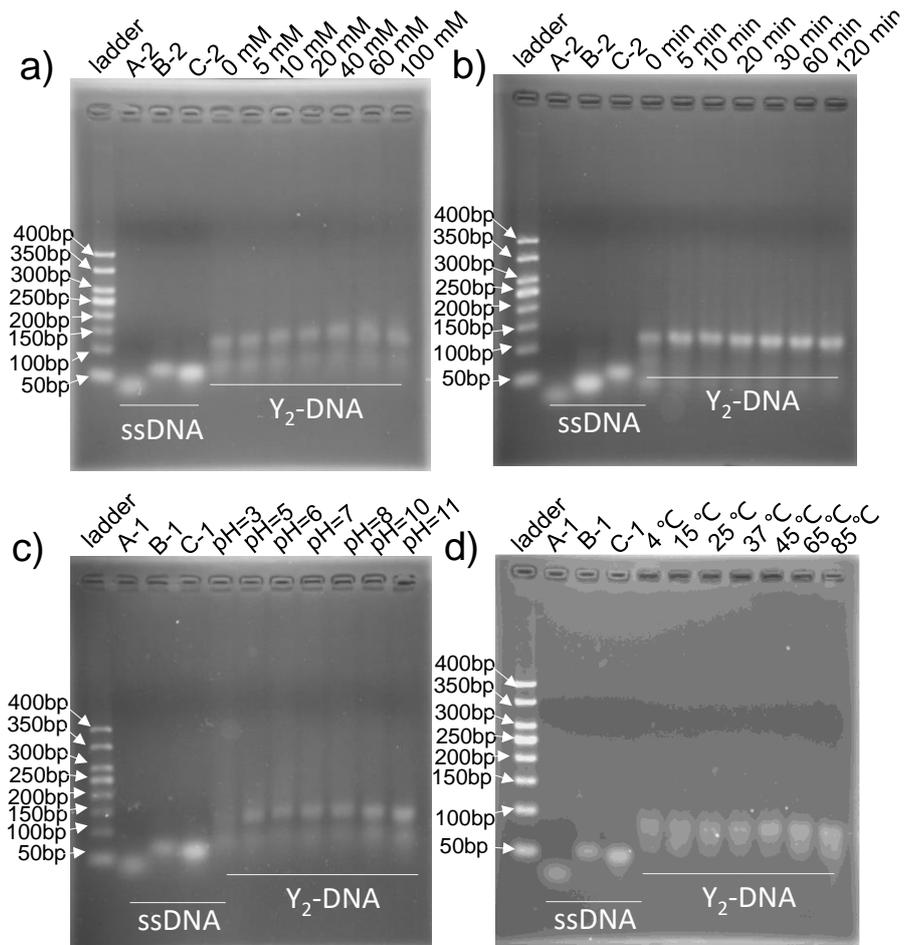


Figure S2. Gel electrophoresis analysis (3%) of Y_2 -DNA prepared under different conditions. The Y_2 -DNA was prepared in presence of various NaCl concentrations (a), incubation time (b), pH (c) and temperature (d).