



Article

Biological Activities of *Ceratonia siliqua* Pod and Seed Extracts: A Comparative Analysis of Two Cretan Cultivars

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Supplementary information

Table S1. Cell viability following a 24-hour incubation with carob samples.

Cultivar (Area)	Sample	Cell Lines (MTT Assay)				
		Normal Cells		Cancer Cells		
		AG01523	A431	HT-1080		
		Highest Non-Cytotoxic Dose (µg/mL)	IC ₅₀ ± SD (µg/mL)	Maximal Degree of Inhibition (%)	IC ₅₀ ± SD (µg/mL)	Maximal Degree of Inhibition (%)
Imera (Elounda)	CSE1	200	>200	N/A	>200	N/A
	CSE2	200	>200	N/A	>200	N/A
	CSE3	200	>200	37 ± 31	>200	N/A
Tylliria (Heraklion)	CSH1	200	>200	N/A	>200	N/A
	CSH2	200	>200	N/A	>200	N/A
	CSH3	200	>200	N/A	>200	N/A

Highest non-cytotoxic doses of carob samples tested on normal fibroblasts. Half maximal inhibitory concentration (IC₅₀) values ± standard deviation (SD) (µg/mL) and maximal degree of inhibition percentages against cancer cell lines^a.

N/A; non-active, indicating that the sample exhibited no inhibitory effect at the highest concentration tested (200 µg/mL).

The results are expressed as mean ± SD of three independent experiments, conducted in quadruplicates. Dimethylsulfoxide (DMSO)-treated cells served as controls.

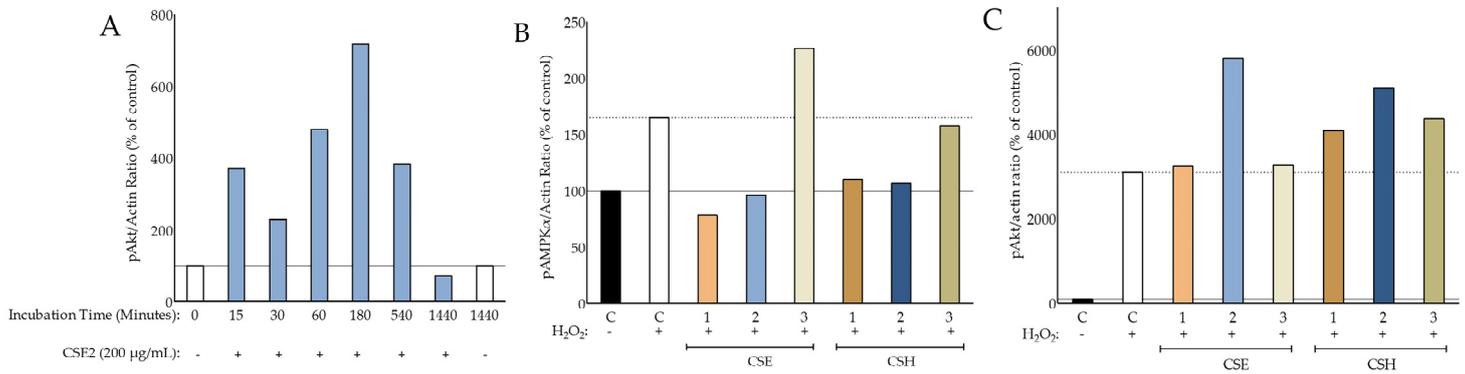


Figure S1. Western blot analysis of carob extracts; illustration of densitometry results. (A) Akt phosphorylation upon incubation with CSE2. (B) Effects of pre-treatment of 180 minutes with carob extracts on AMPK α phosphorylation of fibroblast treated with H₂O₂ (800 μ M) for 45 minutes. (C) Effects of pre-treatment of 180 minutes with carob extracts on Akt phosphorylation of fibroblast treated with H₂O₂ (800 μ M) for 45 minutes. Densitometry was performed using ImageJ 1.54b.

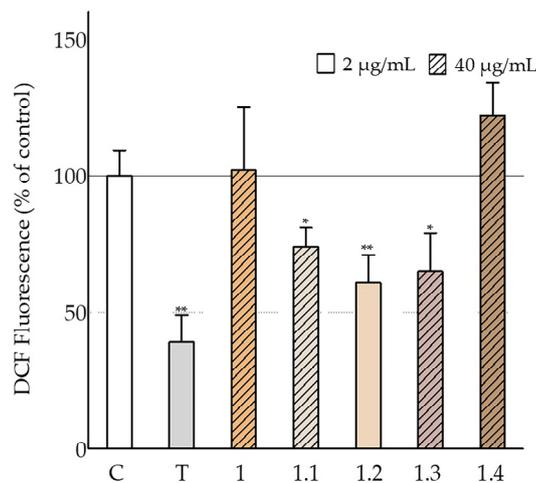


Figure S2. Intracellular (AG01523) antioxidant activity of CSE1 fractions, at lower concentrations, on basal ROS levels, 210 minutes after DCFH-DA addition (n=3). DMSO-treated cells served as controls (C) and Trolox (T) as the reference compound. Bars represent mean values \pm SD. * p<0.05; ** p<0.01 (Student's t-test). Control values were set to 100%.

Table S2. Effects of carob fractions on normal and cancer cell viability.

Cultivar (Area)	Sample	Cell Lines (MTT Assay)				
		Normal Cells		Cancer Cells		
		AG01523	A431		HT-1080	
		Highest Non-Cytotoxic Dose ($\mu\text{g/mL}$)	$\text{IC}_{50} \pm \text{SD}$ ($\mu\text{g/mL}$)	Maximal Degree of Inhibition (%)	$\text{IC}_{50} \pm \text{SD}$ ($\mu\text{g/mL}$)	Maximal Degree of Inhibition (%)
Imera (Elounda)	CSE1.1	200	96 ± 1	95 ± 0	87 ± 18	98 ± 0
	CSE1.2	10	28 ± 6	90 ± 5	31 ± 9	97 ± 2
	CSE1.3	200	>200	N/A	135 ± 36	67 ± 15
	CSE1.4	200	>200	N/A	>200	N/A
	CSE2.1	40	62 ± 28	94 ± 4	90 ± 6	99 ± 2
	CSE2.2	200 ² , 40 ³	>200	41 ± 12	114 ± 28	76 ± 13
	CSE2.3	200	>200	N/A	>200	21 ± 5
	CSE2.4	200	>200	N/A	>200	N/A

Highest non-cytotoxic doses of carob samples tested on normal fibroblasts. Half maximal inhibitory concentration (IC_{50}) values \pm standard deviation (SD) ($\mu\text{g/mL}$) and maximal degree of inhibition percentages against cancer cell lines¹.

N/A; non-active, indicating that the sample exhibited no inhibitory effect at the highest concentration tested (200 $\mu\text{g/mL}$).

¹ The results are expressed as mean values \pm SD of three independent experiments, conducted in quadruplicates.

² Highest cytotoxic concentration in normal serum conditions.

³ Maximal non-cytotoxic dose in serum-free and low serum conditions.

Table S3. *C. siliqua*, from Imera cultivar (Elounda), 30% aqueous methanolic leaf extract activities (CSE4).

Cell Viability				
	Cell Line	Highest Non-Cytotoxic Dose ($\mu\text{g/mL}$)	$\text{IC}_{50} \pm \text{SD}$ ($\mu\text{g/mL}$)	Maximal Degree of Inhibition (%)
MTT Absorbance	AG01523	200		
	A431		>200	41 \pm 4
	HT-1080		108 \pm 11	75 \pm 8
Antioxidant Activity				
	Cell Line	Concentration ($\mu\text{g/mL}$)	Maximal Activity (% of Control)	
DPPH Absorbance		100	37 \pm 7	
Intracellular ROS Levels/DCFH-DA Fluorescence		N/D	N/D	
Intracellular Glutathione Levels/MCB Fluorescence	AG01523	200	193 \pm 38 (Hypoxia), 126 \pm 3 (Normoxia)	
Photoprotective Activity				
	Cell Line			
UVB Protection/Neutral Red Fluorescence	AG01523	N/A		
SPF		32.44		
Inhibition of Tyrosinase, Collagenase and AGEs Formation (200 $\mu\text{g/mL}$)				
Tyrosinase Inhibition (%)	53 \pm 0			
Collagenase Activity (%)	61 \pm 3			
AGEs Formation Inhibition (%)	89 \pm 2			

N/A; non-active; N/D; not determined.