

Supporting Information

Use of Enzymatically Activated Carbon Monoxide Donors for Sensitizing Drug-Resistant Tumor Cells

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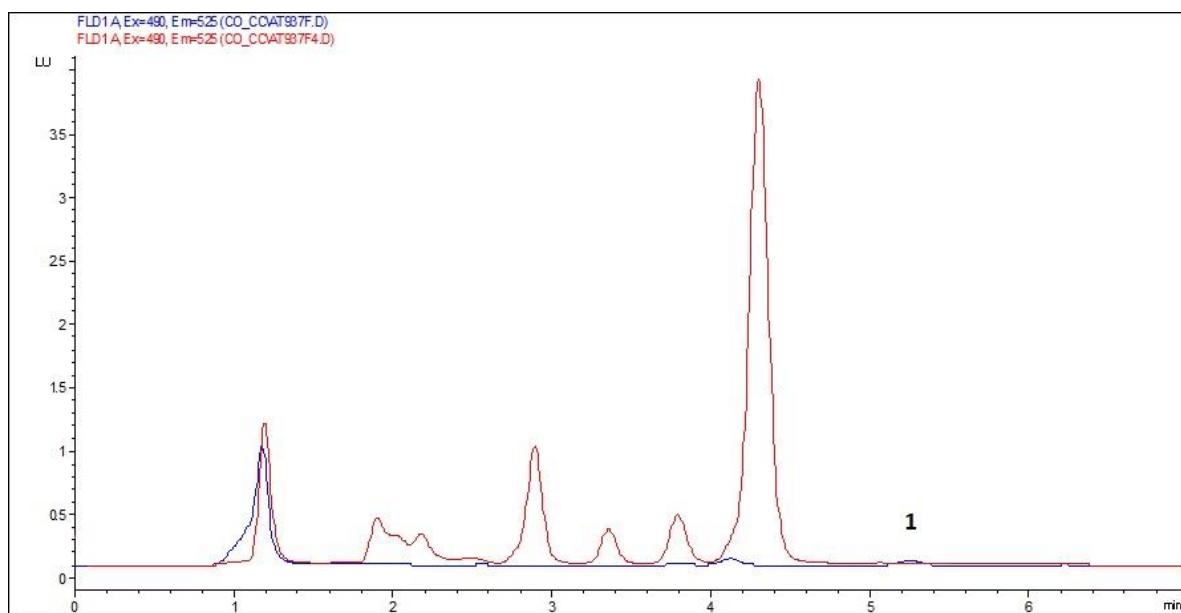
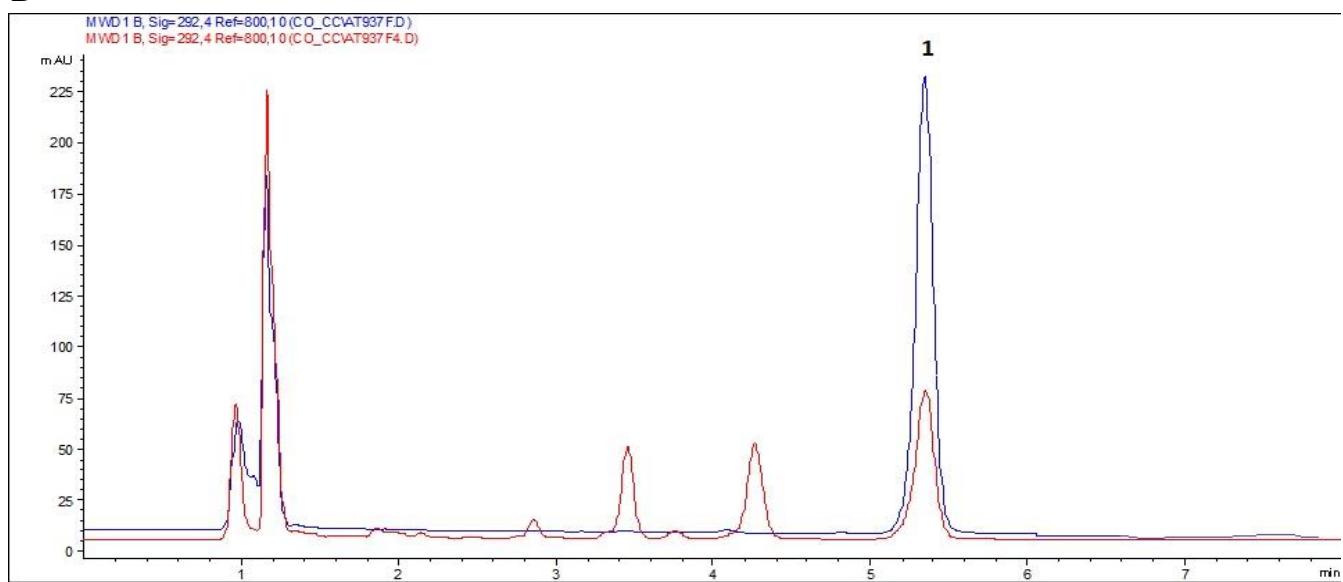
A**B**

Figure S1. Degradation of compound **1** in human serum: chromatogram of **1** at time 0 (blue track) and after 180 min (red track) of incubation at 37°C in human serum;
(A) Fluorescence detection (exc. 490, emiss. 525 nm); **(B)** UV detection at 292 nm (ref 800 nm).

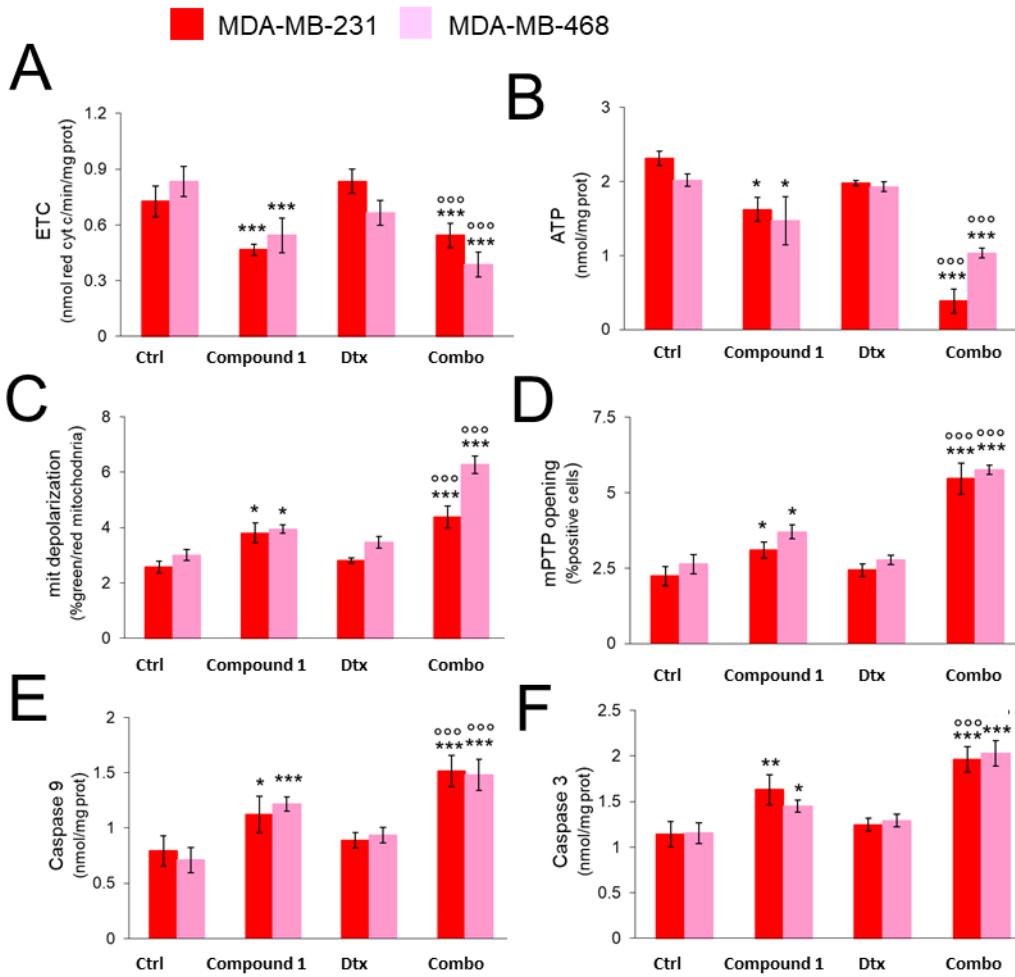


Figure S2. Mitochondrial parameters and caspases activation in triple negative breast cancer cells treated with compound 1 and docetaxel. Human triple negative breast cancer MDA-MB-231 and MDA-MB-468 cells were treated 24 h with 1 μ M compound 1+1 μ M docetaxel (Dtx), alone or in association (Combo). Ctrl: cells grown in fresh medium. (A) Electron transport chain measured spectrophotometrically. (B) Mitochondria ATP measured by chemiluminescence-based assay. (C-D) Percentage of mitochondria with depolarized membrane, as index of mitochondrial damage, assessed fluorometrically (C), and characterized by open mitochondrial permeability transition pore (mPTP), measured by flow cytometry (D). (E-F) Activity of caspase-9 (E) and caspase-3 (F), measured fluorometrically. All assays were performed in triplicate ($n=3$ biological replicates). Data are means \pm SD. * $p<0.05$, ** $p<0.01$, *** $p<0.001$: compound 1+chemotherapeutic drug versus untreated cells; $\circ\circ\circ p<0.001$: compound 1+chemotherapeutic drug versus chemotherapeutic drug alone.

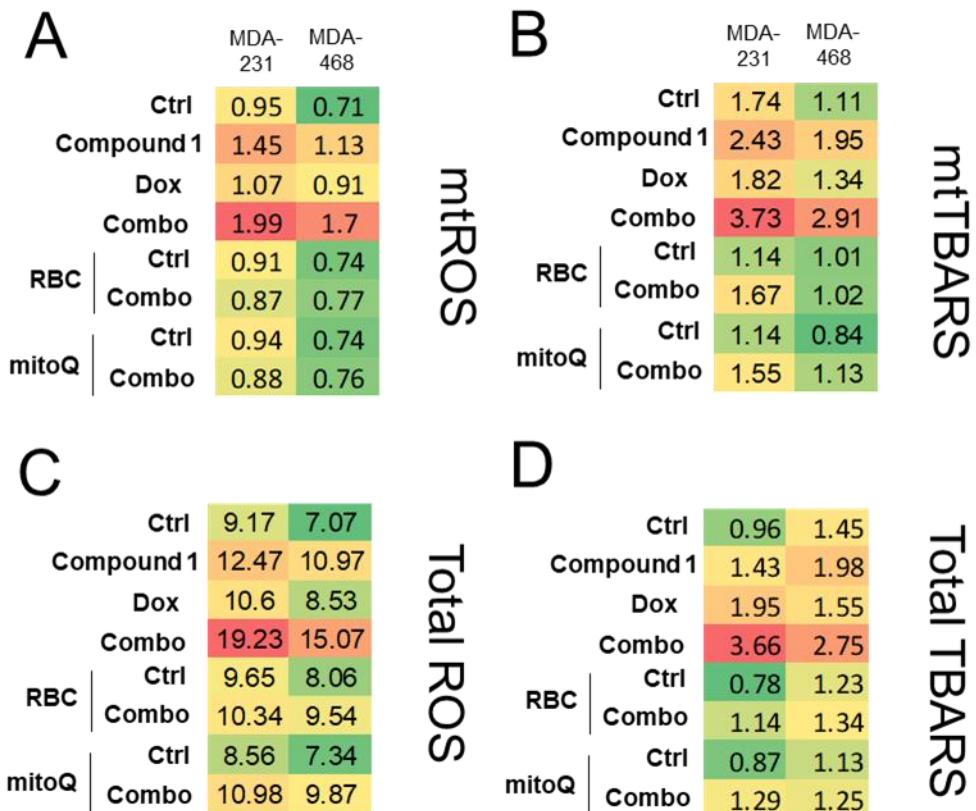
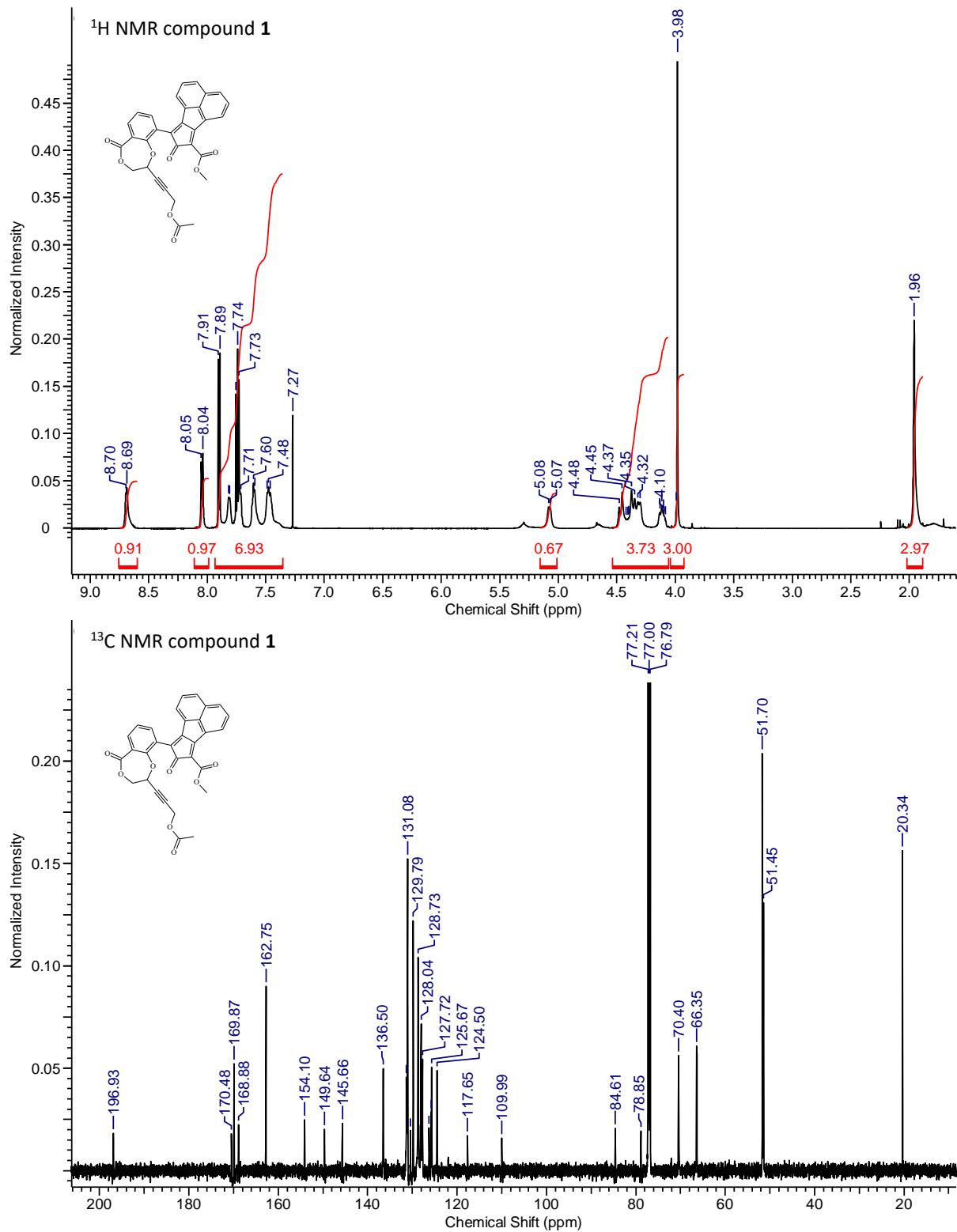
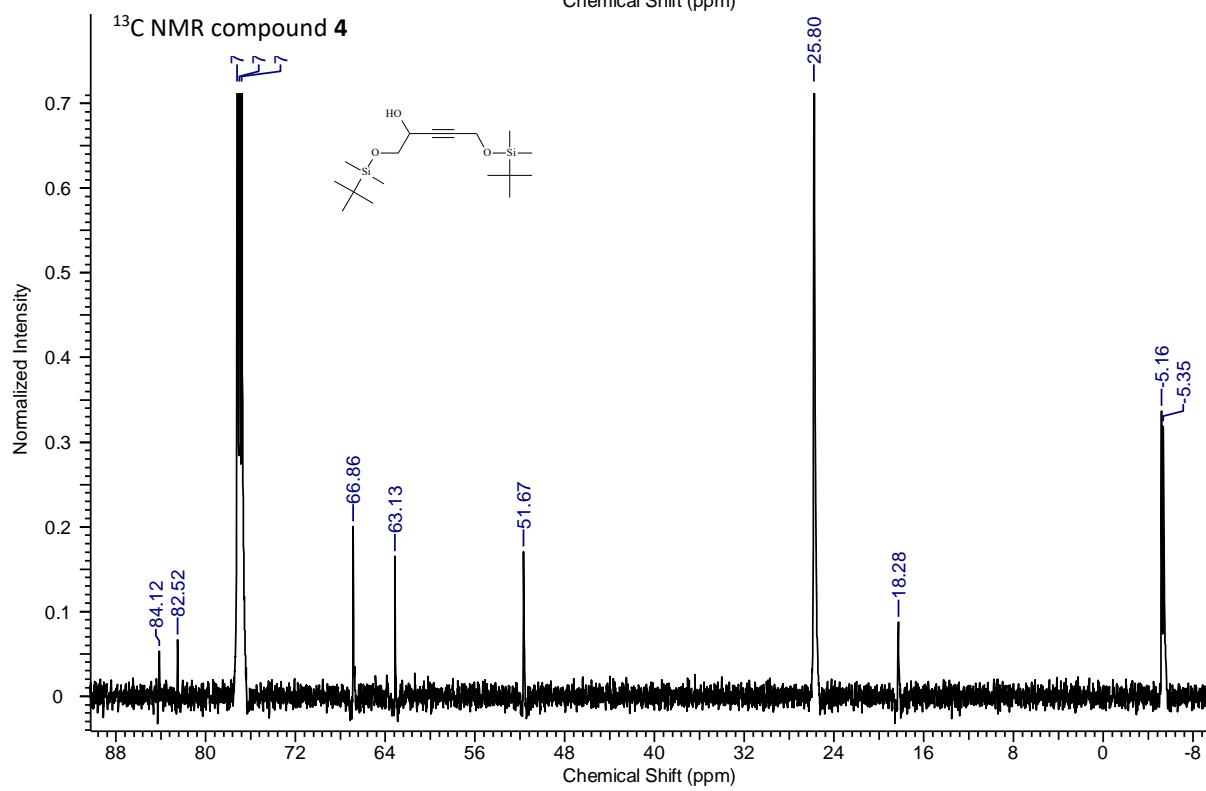
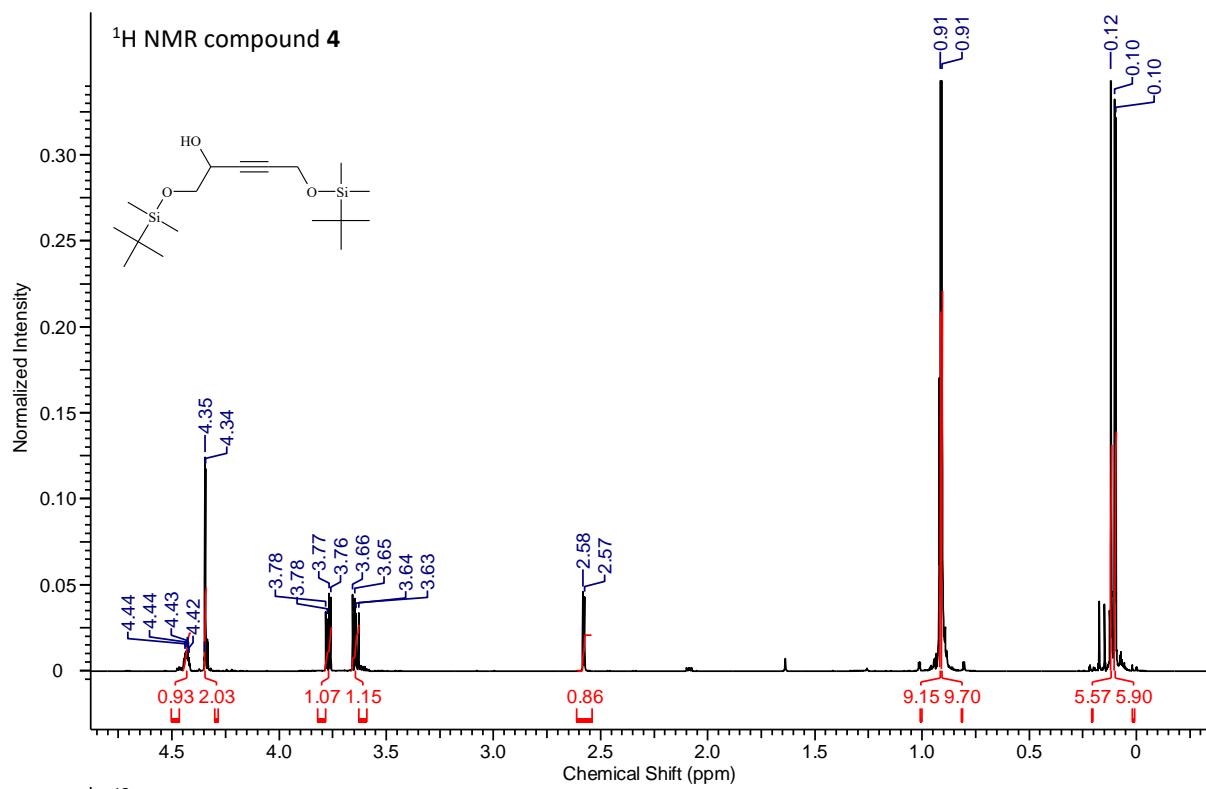
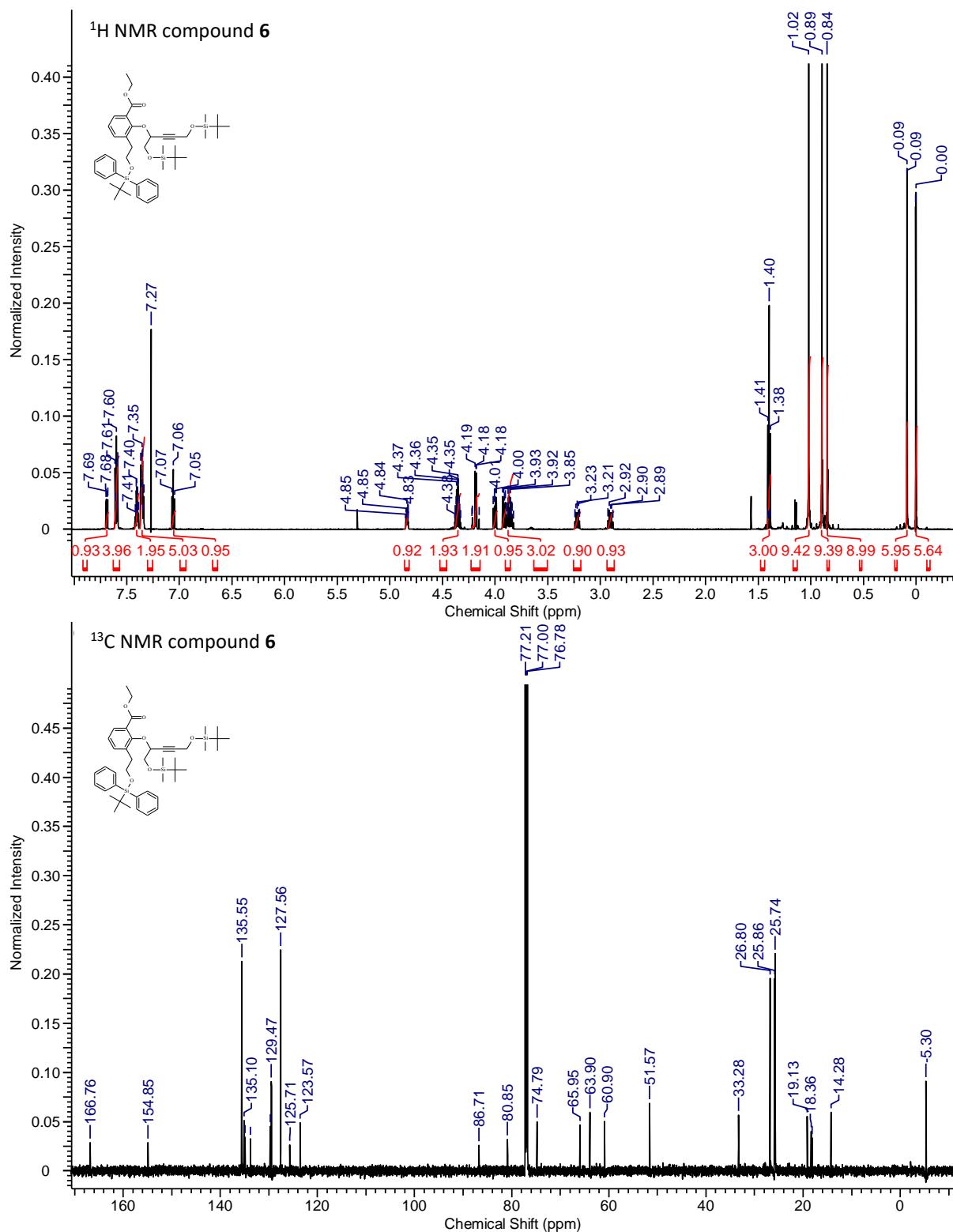
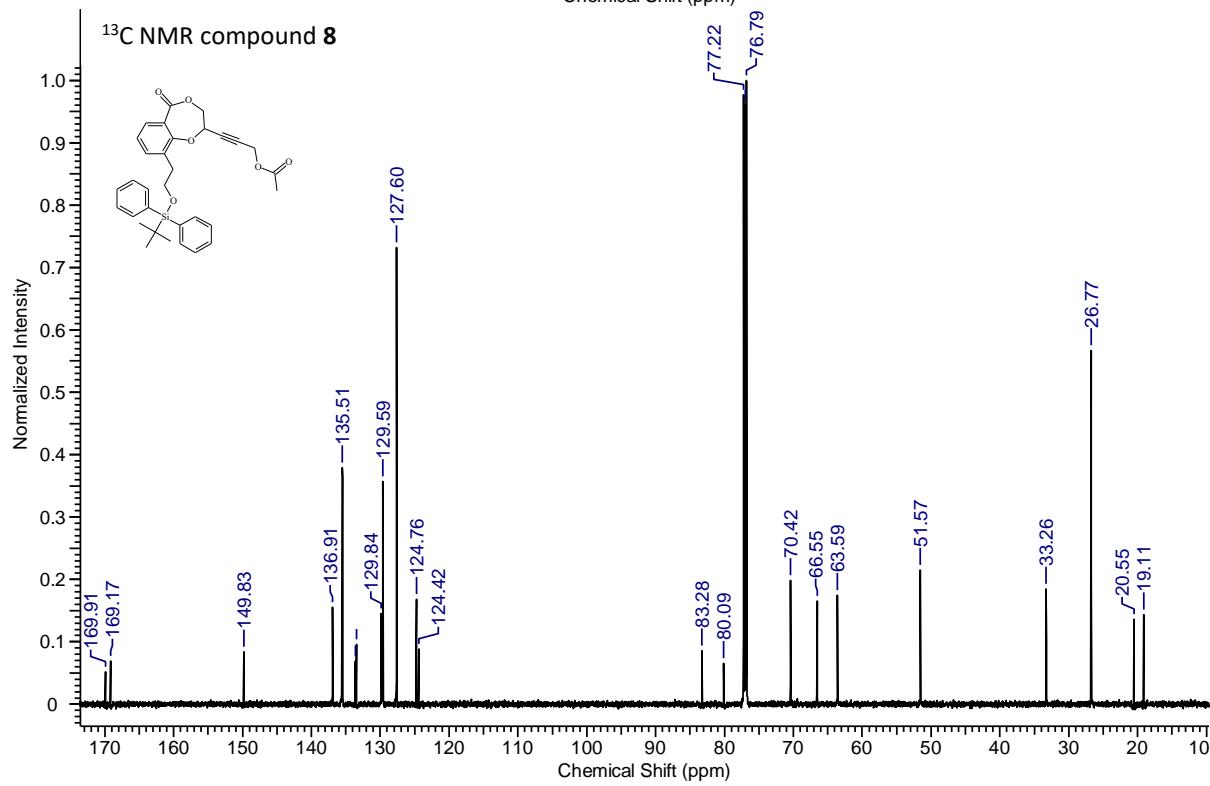
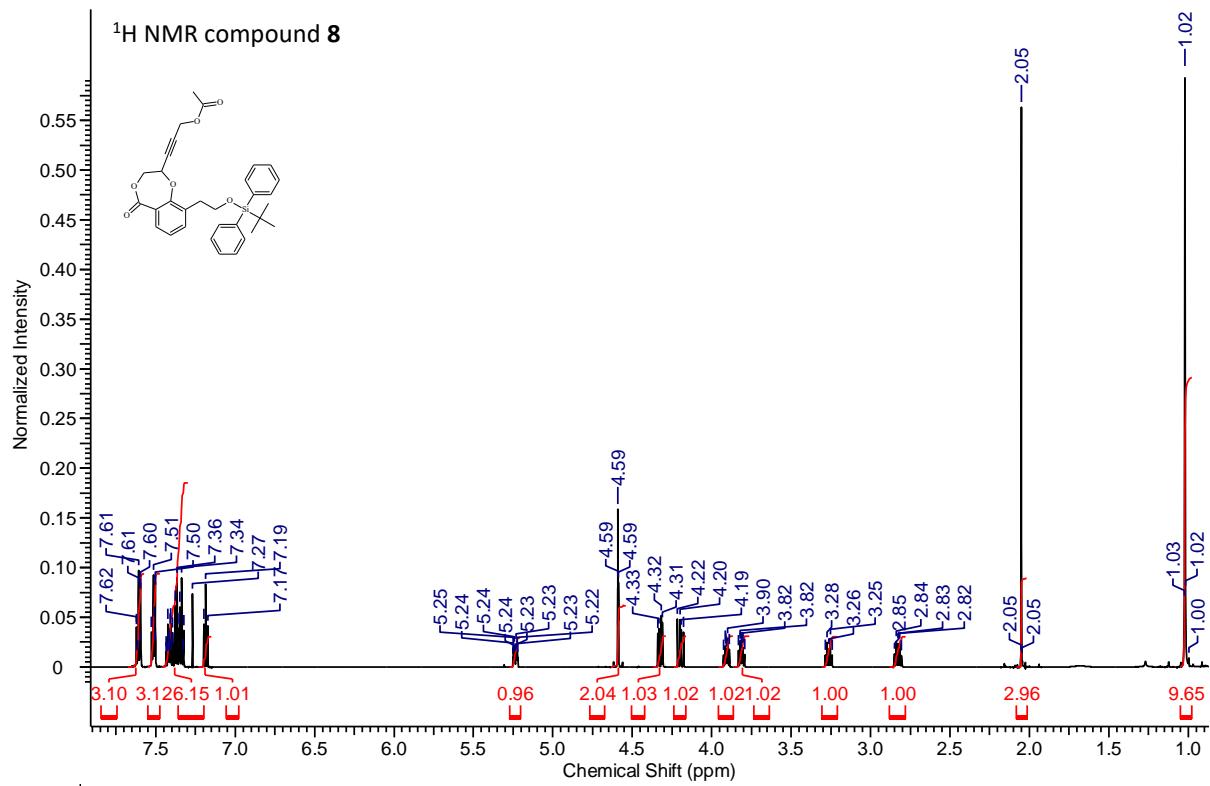


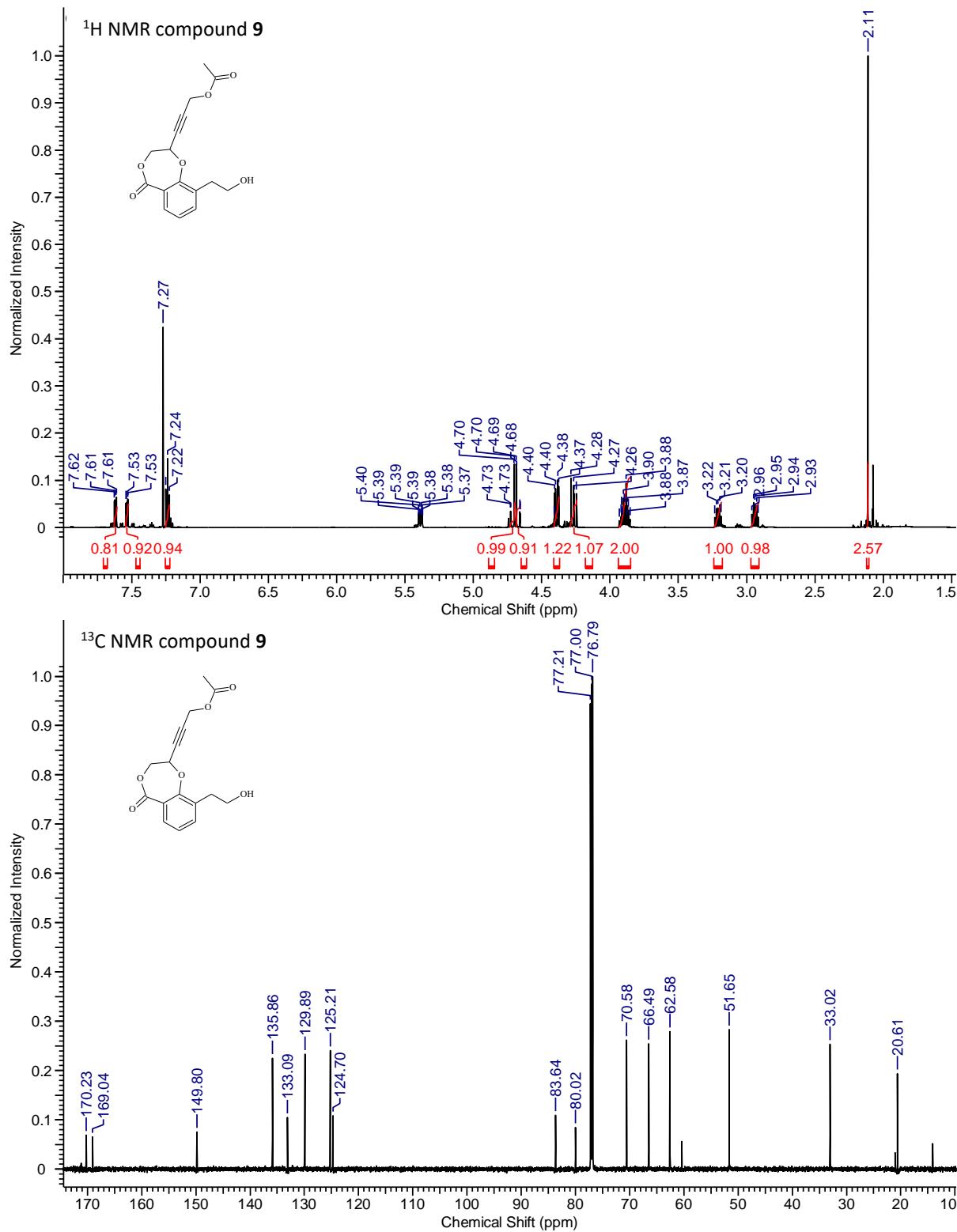
Figure S3. Mitochondrial and total ROS and lipoperoxidation in triple negative cancer cell lines treated with compound 1 and docetaxel. Human triple negative breast cancer MDA-MB-231 and MDA-MB-468 cells were treated 24 h with 1 μ M compound 1+1 μ M docetaxel (Dtx), alone or in association (Combo). Ctrl: cells grown in fresh medium. When indicated, 10 μ g/mL packed red blood cells (RBC), as a CO scavenger, or 0.4 μ M mitoquinol (mitoQ), as a mitochondrial ROS scavenger, were co-incubated. (A-B) ROS, as an index of oxidative stress, measured fluorometrically and TBARS, as an index of lipoperoxidation, determined spectrophotometrically in extracted mitochondria. (C-D) ROS and TBARS measured in whole cell lysate. All assays were performed in triplicate (n=3 biological replicates). Data are represented as heatmap (numbers correspond to means). For all panels: ** p <0.01: compound 1 versus untreated cells, *** p <0.001: compound 1+chemotherapeutic drug versus untreated cells; $^{\circ\circ}p$ <0.001: compound 1+chemotherapeutic drug versus chemotherapeutic drug alone; $^{\$\$}p$ <0.001: compound 1+chemotherapeutic drug versus compound 1 alone; # p <0.001: RBC+Combo/mitoQ+Combo versus Combo alone.

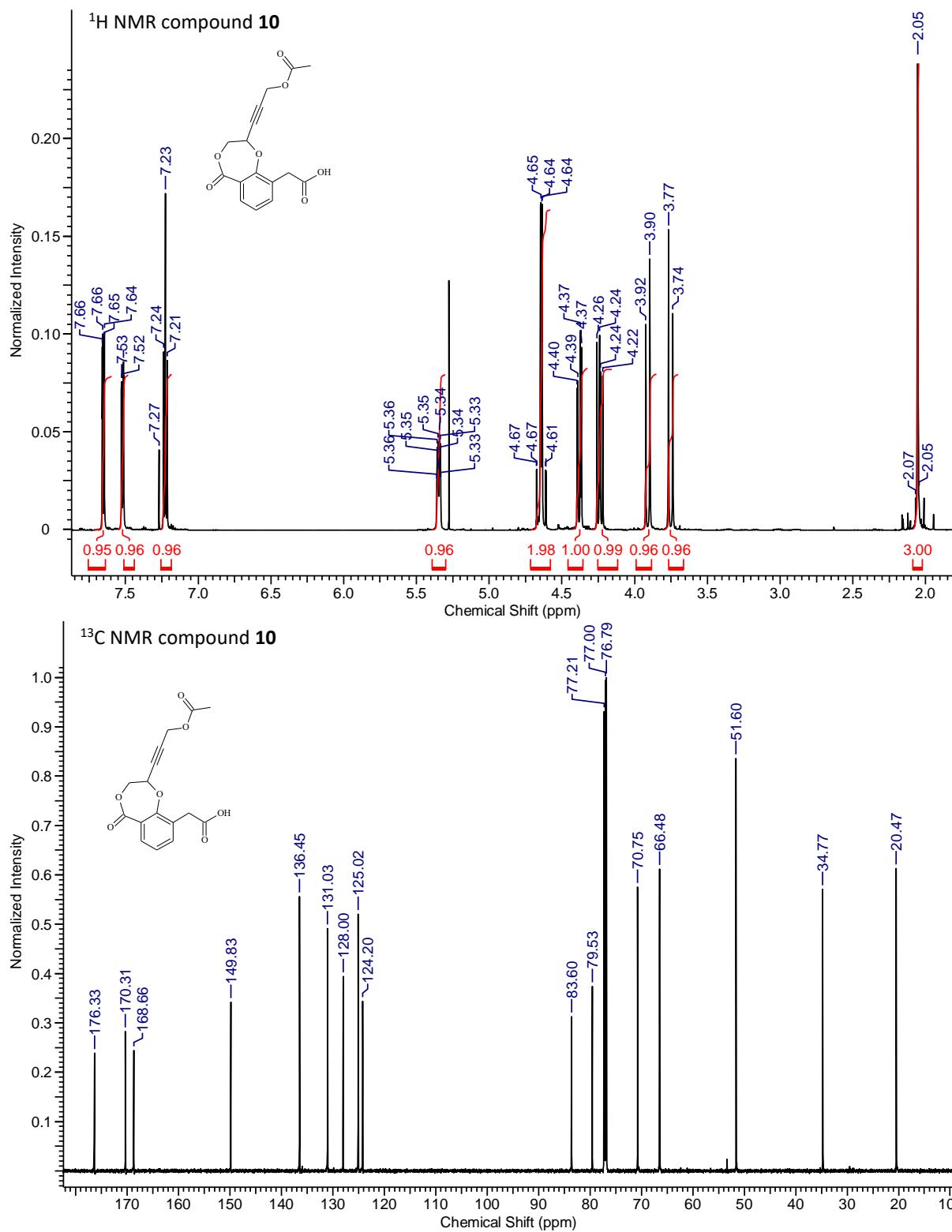


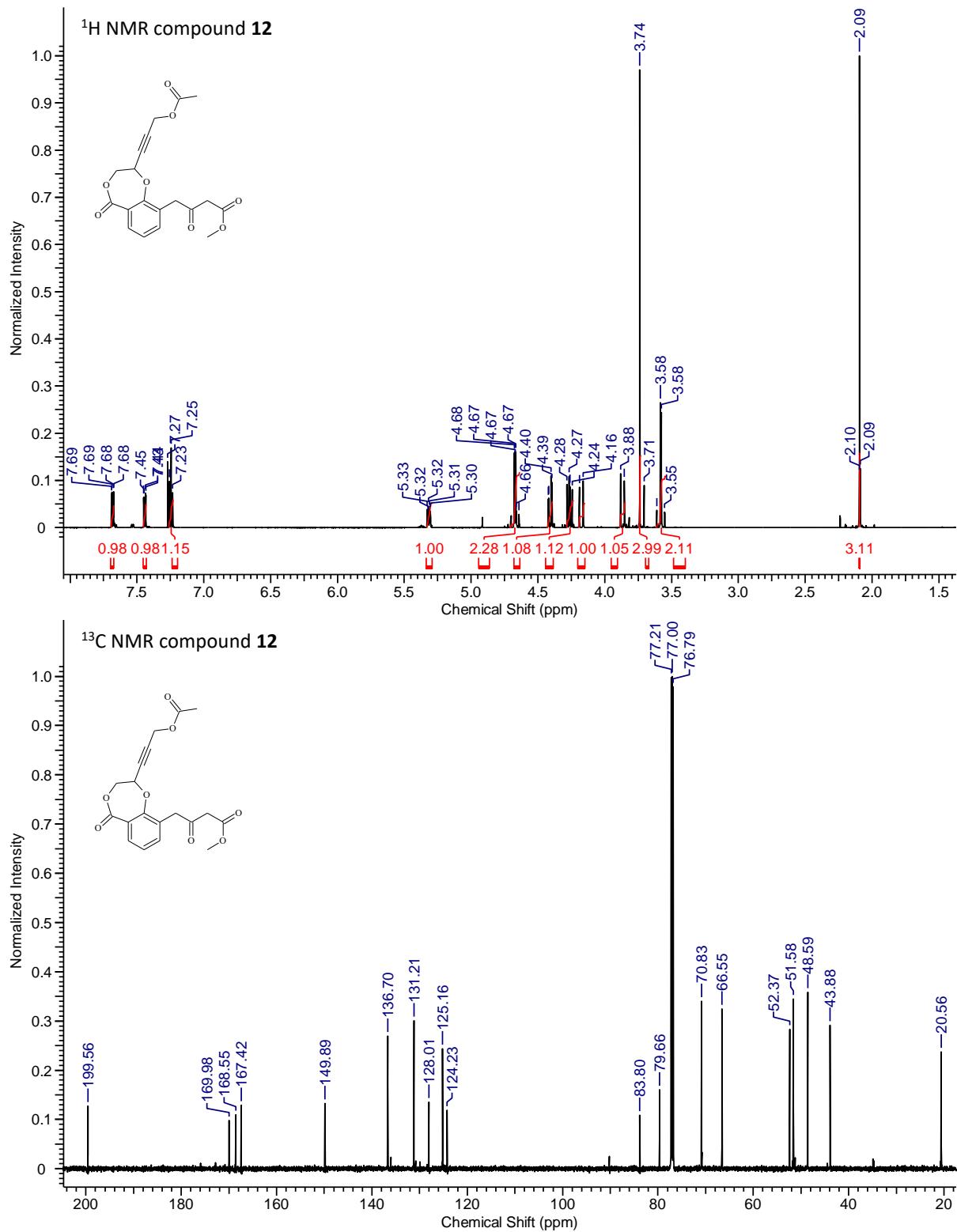




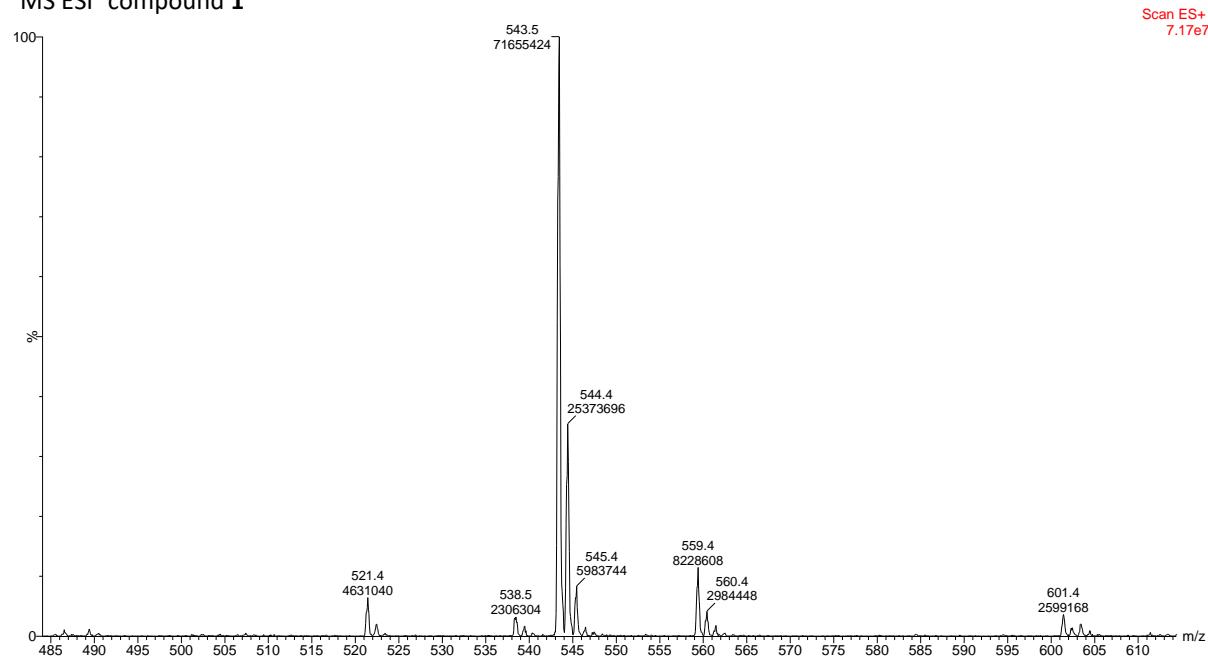




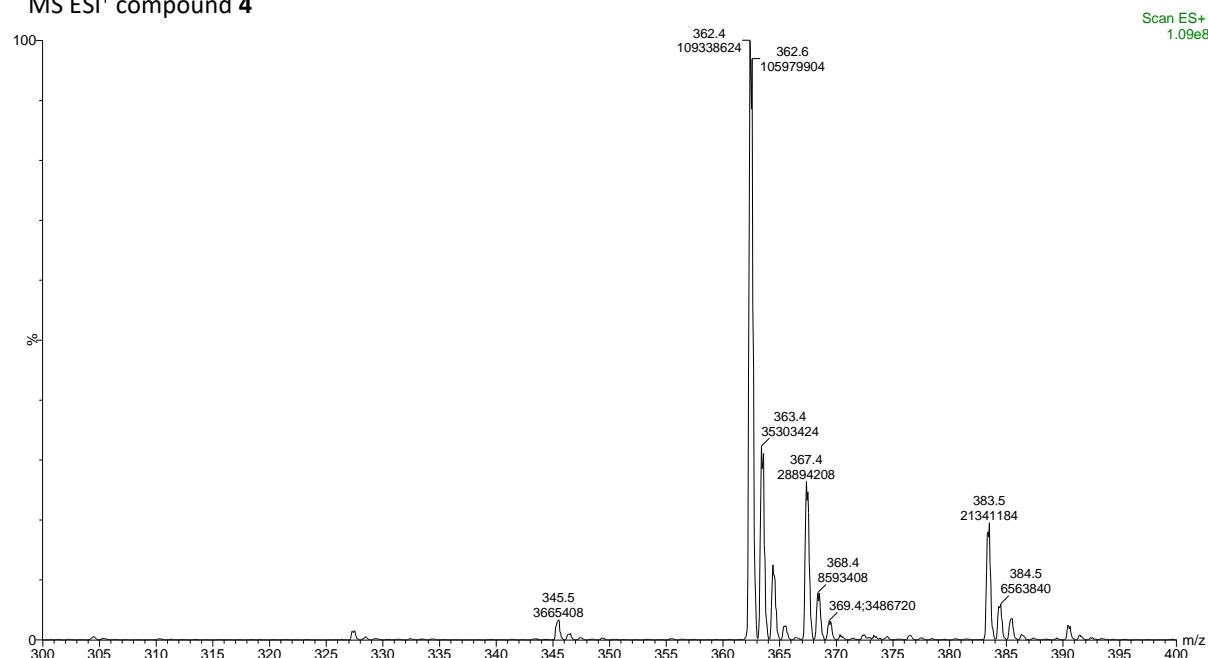




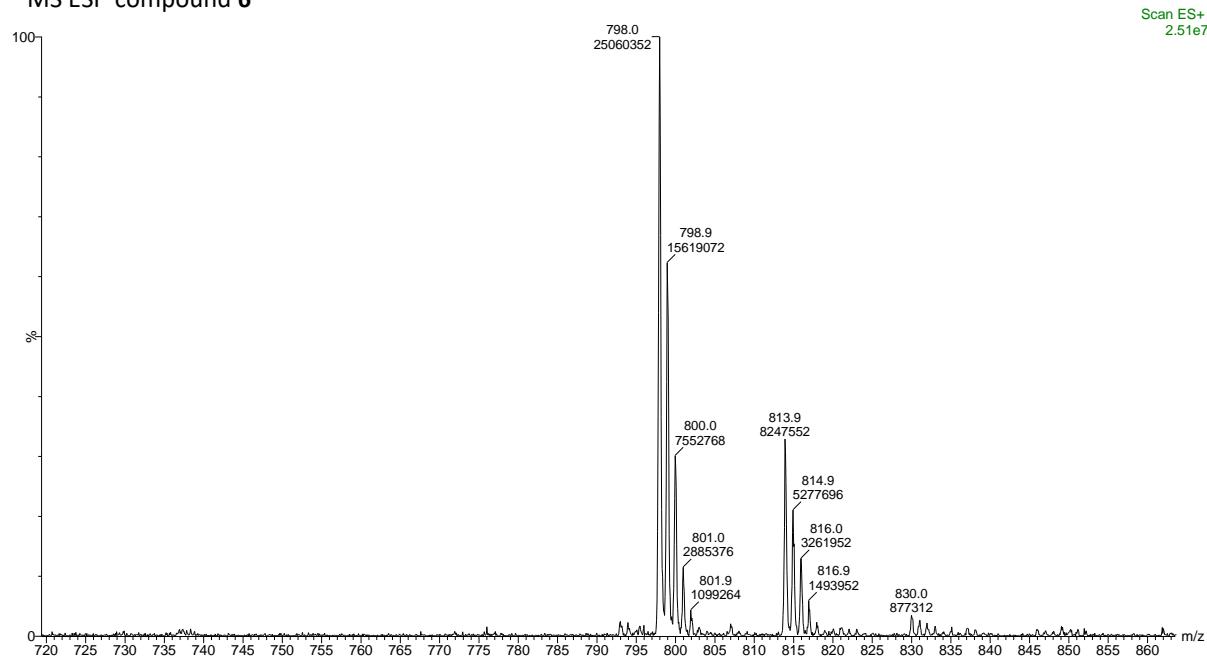
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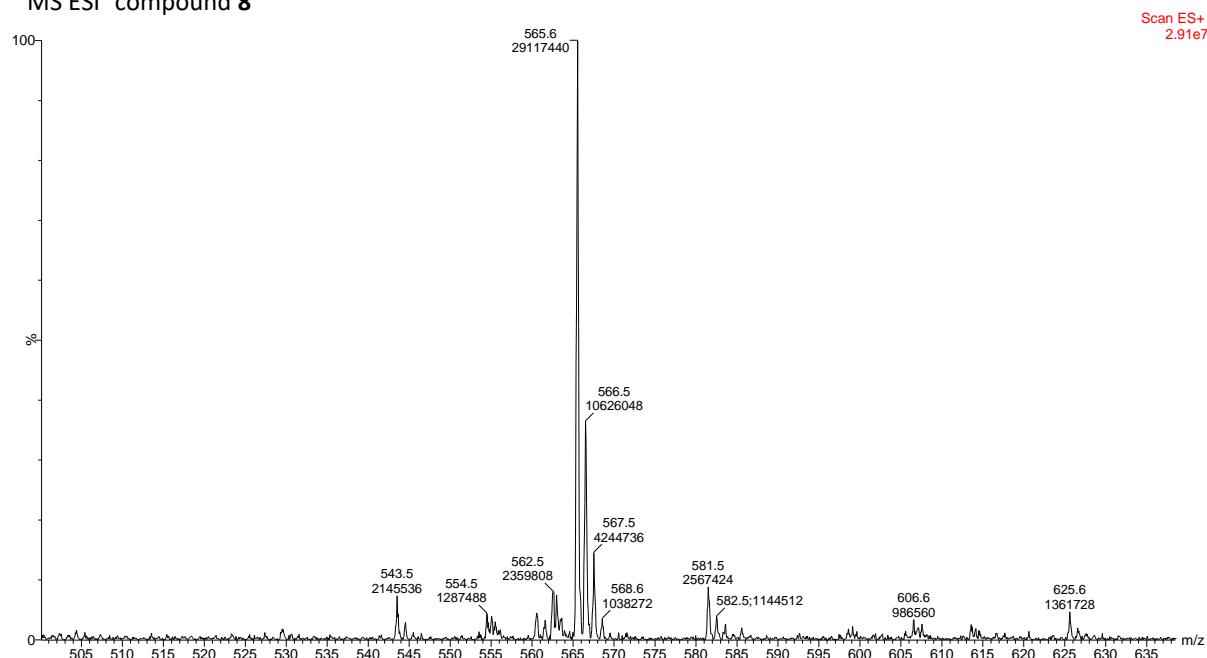
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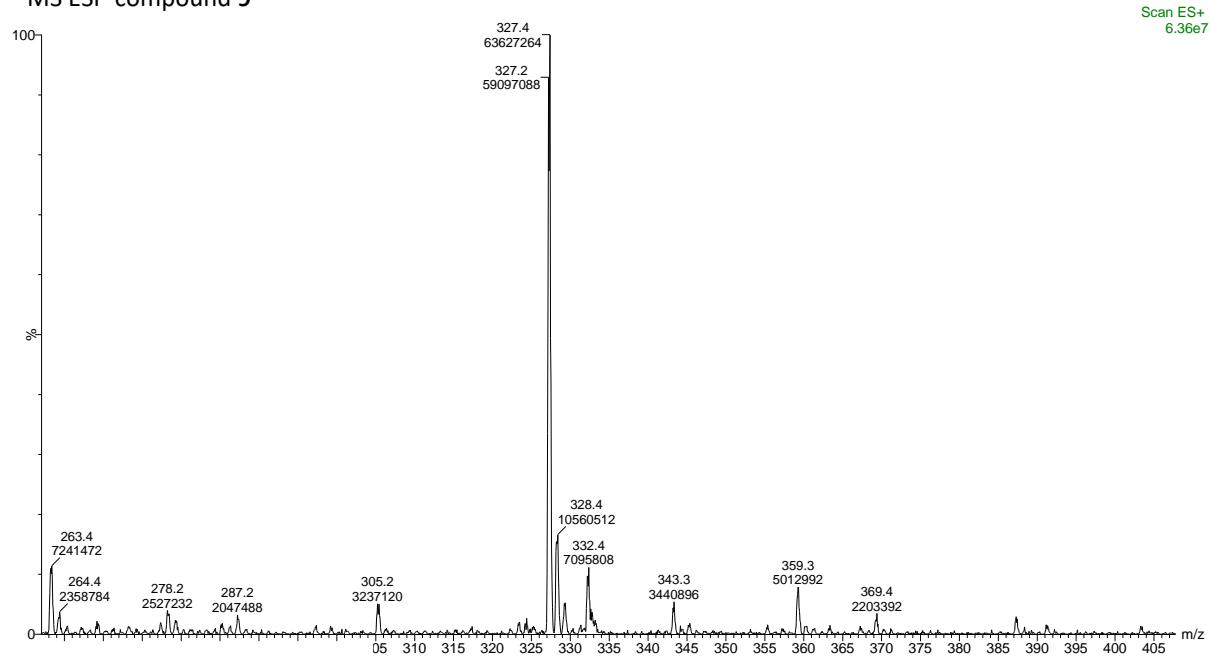
MS ESI⁺ compound 6



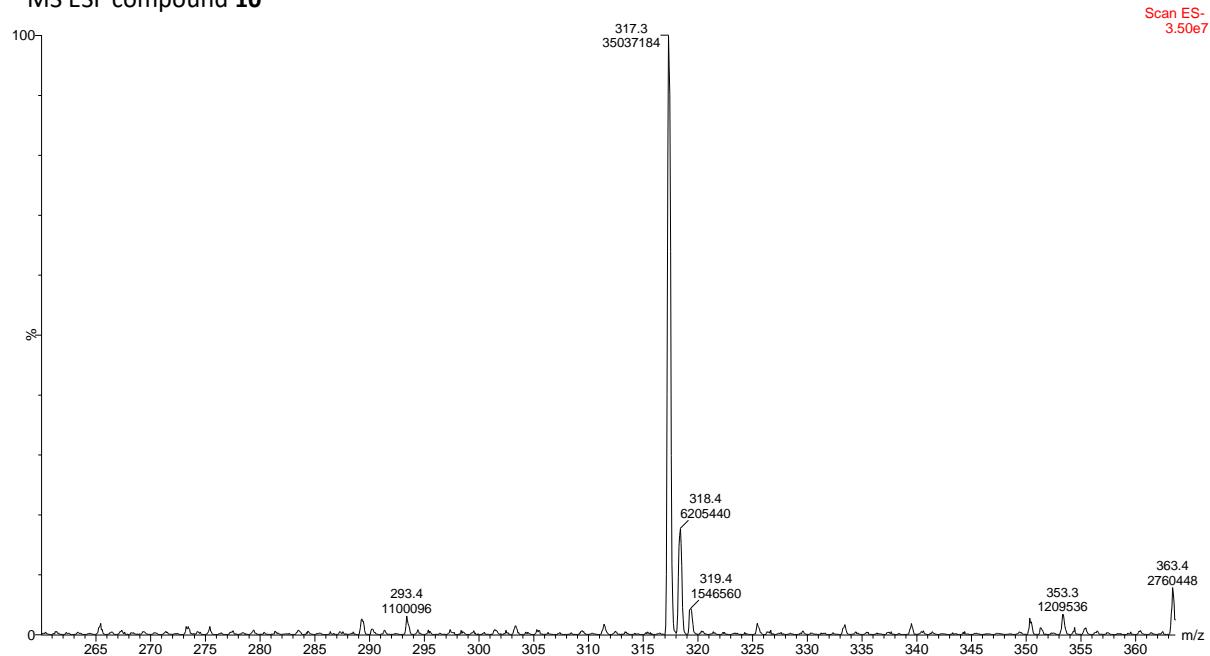
MS ESI⁺ compound 8



MS ESI⁺ compound 9



MS ESI⁻ compound 10



MS ESI⁻ compound **12**

