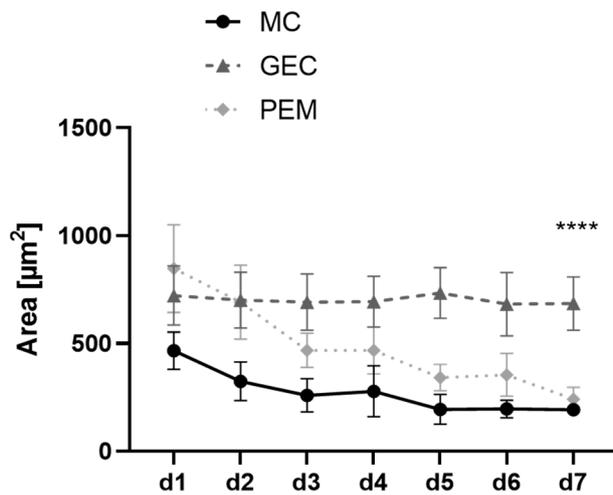


Supplementary data

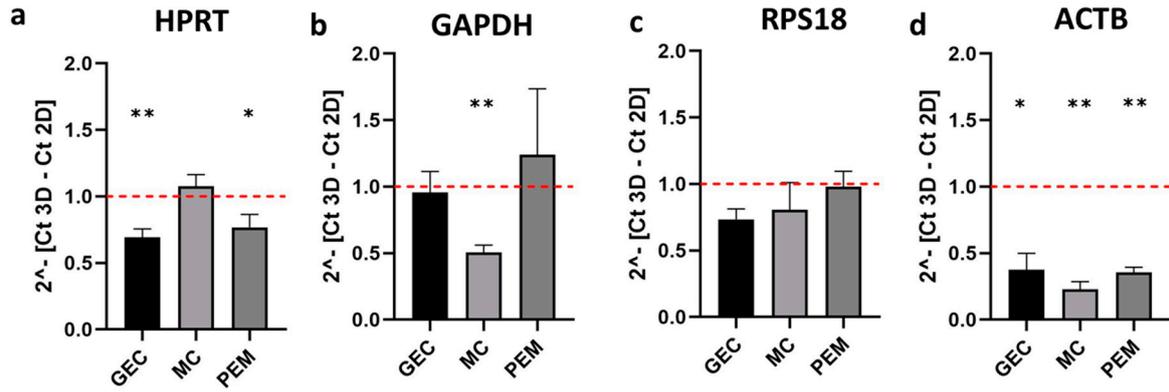
Supplementary Video S1: Representative video of glomerular co-culture in 3D over a time course of four days.

Podocytes are labeled in blue (eBioscience™ Cell Proliferation Dye eFluor™ 450), glomerular endothelial cells are labeled in red (tdTomato-Farnesyl-reporter line) and mesangial cells are labeled in green (eBioscience™ CFSE).

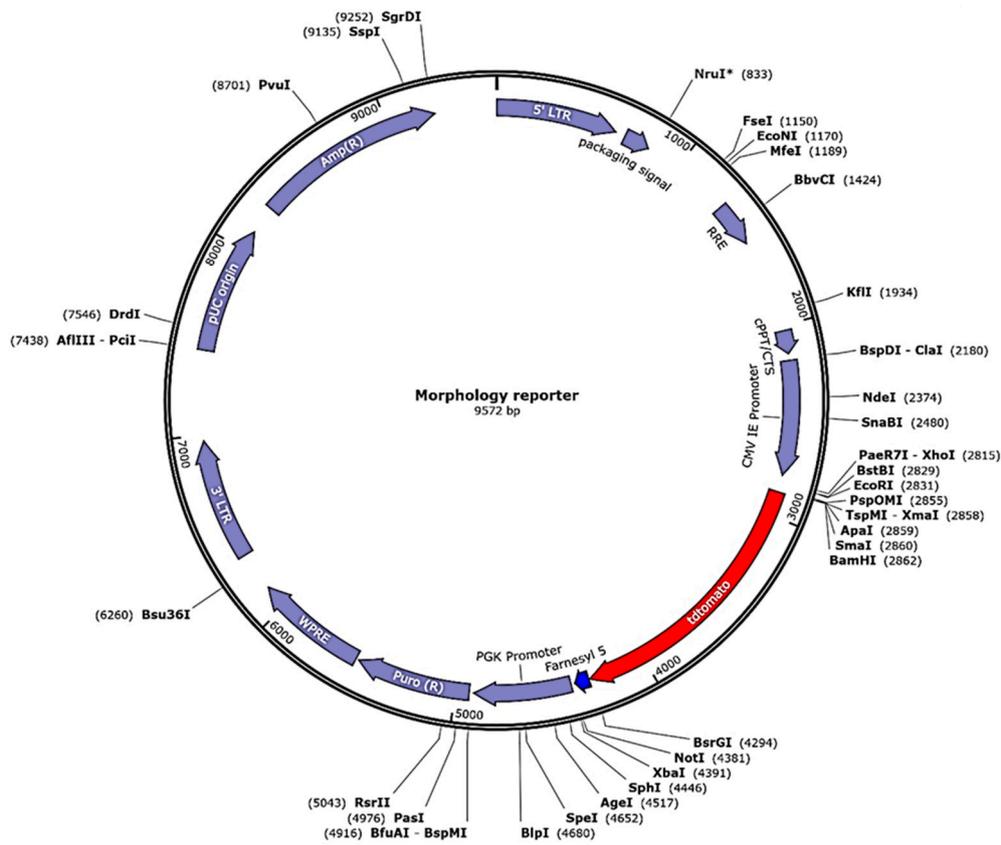
Supplementary Video S2: 3D reconstruction and animation of multiphoton images of glomerular co-culture in 3D. Podocytes are labeled in blue, glomerular endothelial cells are labeled in magenta and mesangial cells are labeled in green.



Supplementary Figure S1: Dynamic changes of spheroid size over time. Area of mesangial cell spheroids, glomerular endothelial cell spheroids and glomerular co-culture spheroids plotted against days. Data are presented as mean \pm SD ($n = 10$). Data are given as mean \pm SEM, **** $p < 0.0001$ GEC compared to MC or PEM spheroids. MC: mesangial cells, GEC: glomerular endothelial cells, PEM: co-culture of glomerular endothelial cells, mesangial cells and differentiated conditionally immortalized human podocytes.



Supplementary Figure S2: Comparison of gene expression of common housekeeper genes. Comparison of gene expression of *HPRT* (a), *GAPDH* (b), *RPS18* (c) and *ACTB* (d) in 3D versus 2D monoculture glomerular endothelial cells and mesangial cells and co-cultures of glomerular endothelial cells, mesangial cells and podocytes. Data are given as fold change of 3D condition compared to 2D. $n = 20$ for *HPRT*, $n = 4$ for *GAPDH*, $n=3$ for *RPS18* and *ACTB*. Data are given as mean \pm SEM, * $p < 0.05$, ** $p < 0.01$.



Supplementary Figure S3: Plasmid map of morphology reporter. Plasmid map of lentiviral transfer vector that carries the sequence for a tdTomato protein with an additional farnesylation signal. The farnesylation of the tdTomato protein leads to its incorporation into the plasma membrane and makes it possible to assess cell morphology. *: This site is blocked by Dam methylation.



Supplementary Figure S4: *Negative mould of the agarose micro-wells.* Computer aided design projected model for moulds with 131micro-wells. The negatives are 3D-printed from resin FotoDent®. The radius of the 131 micro pillars is 1 mm each at the widest position.