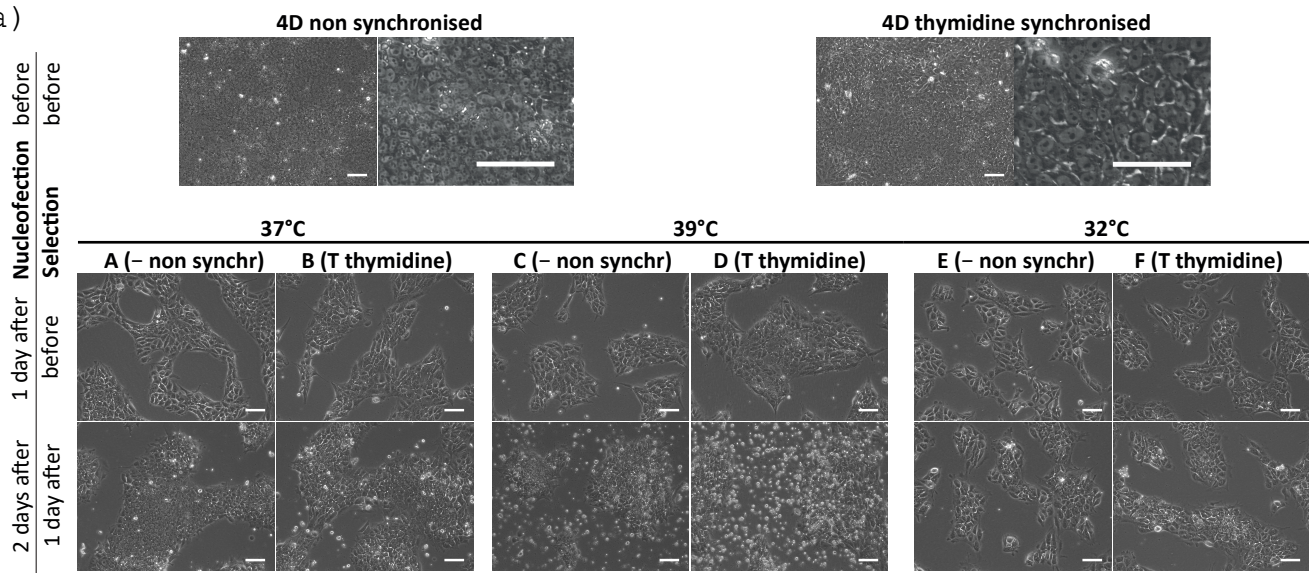
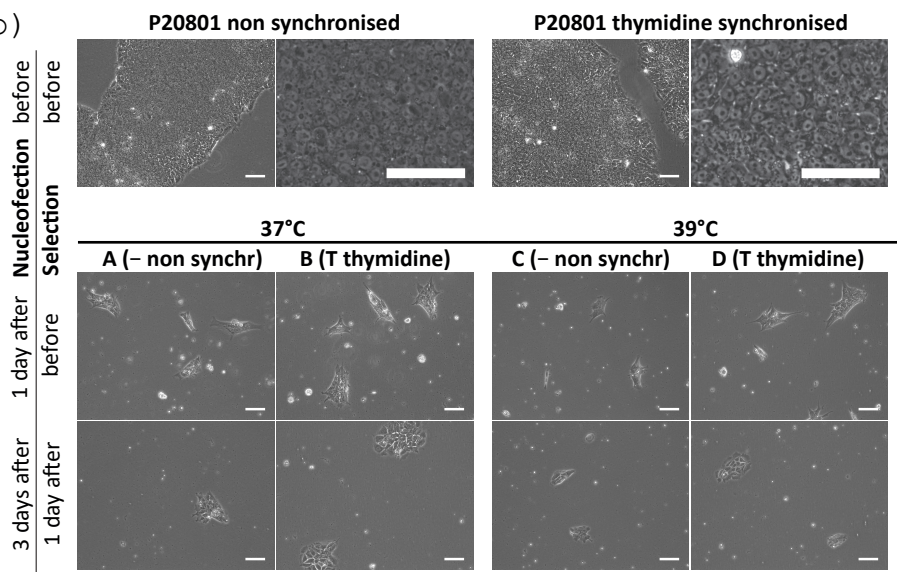


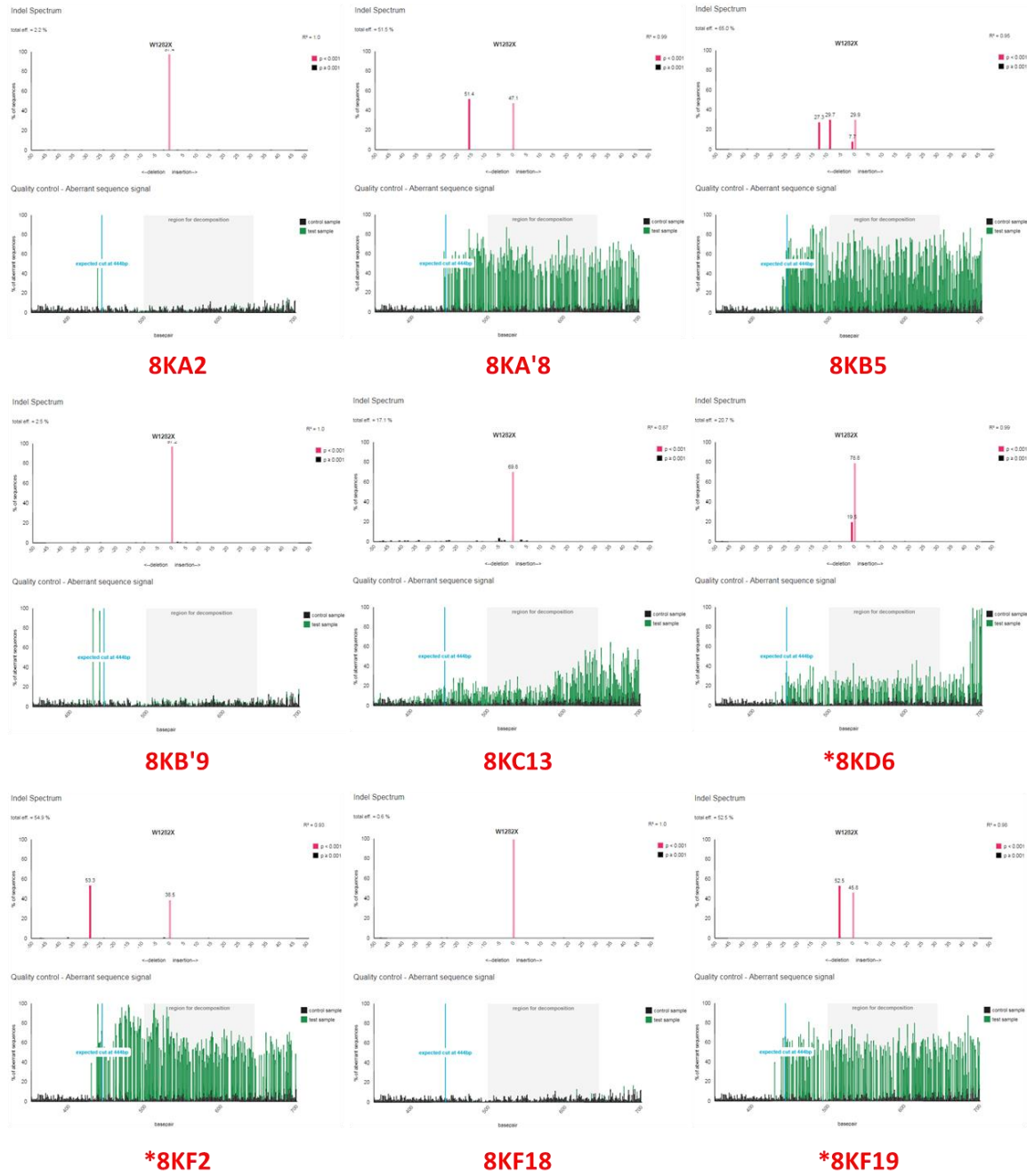
(a)



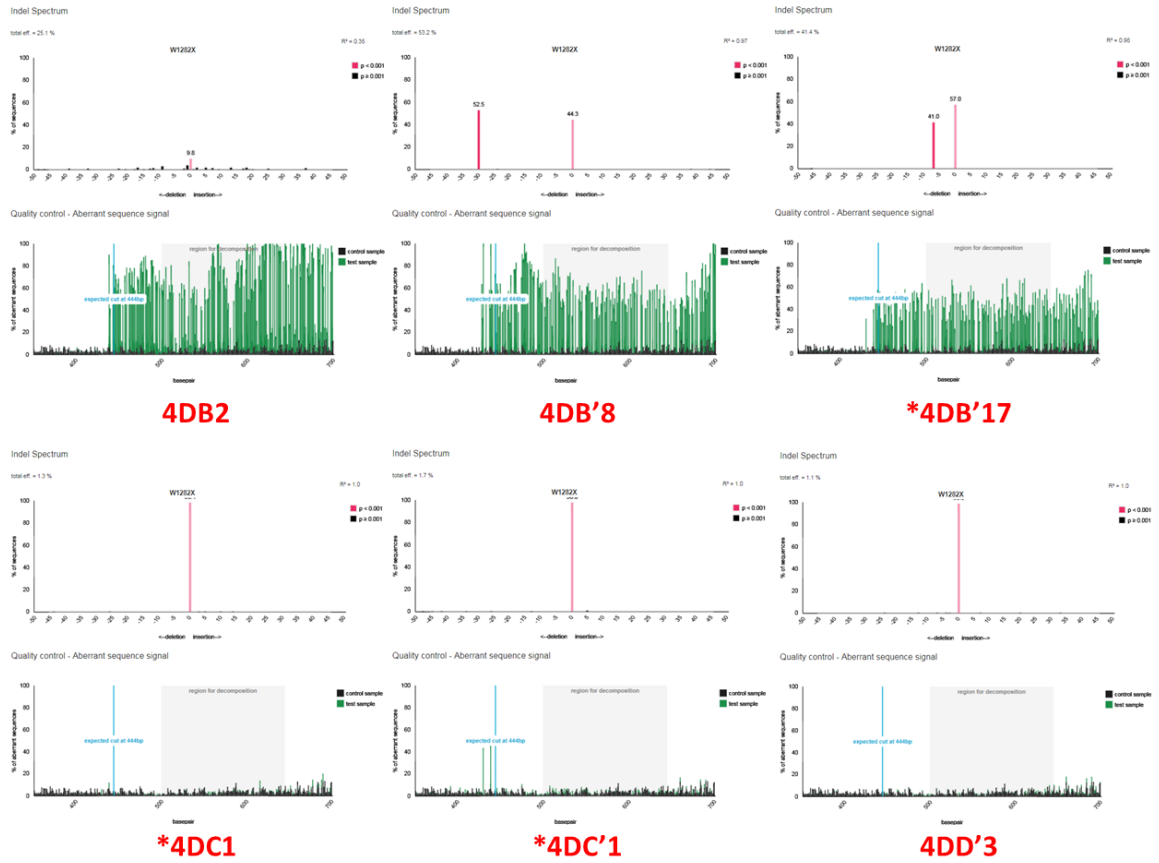
(b)



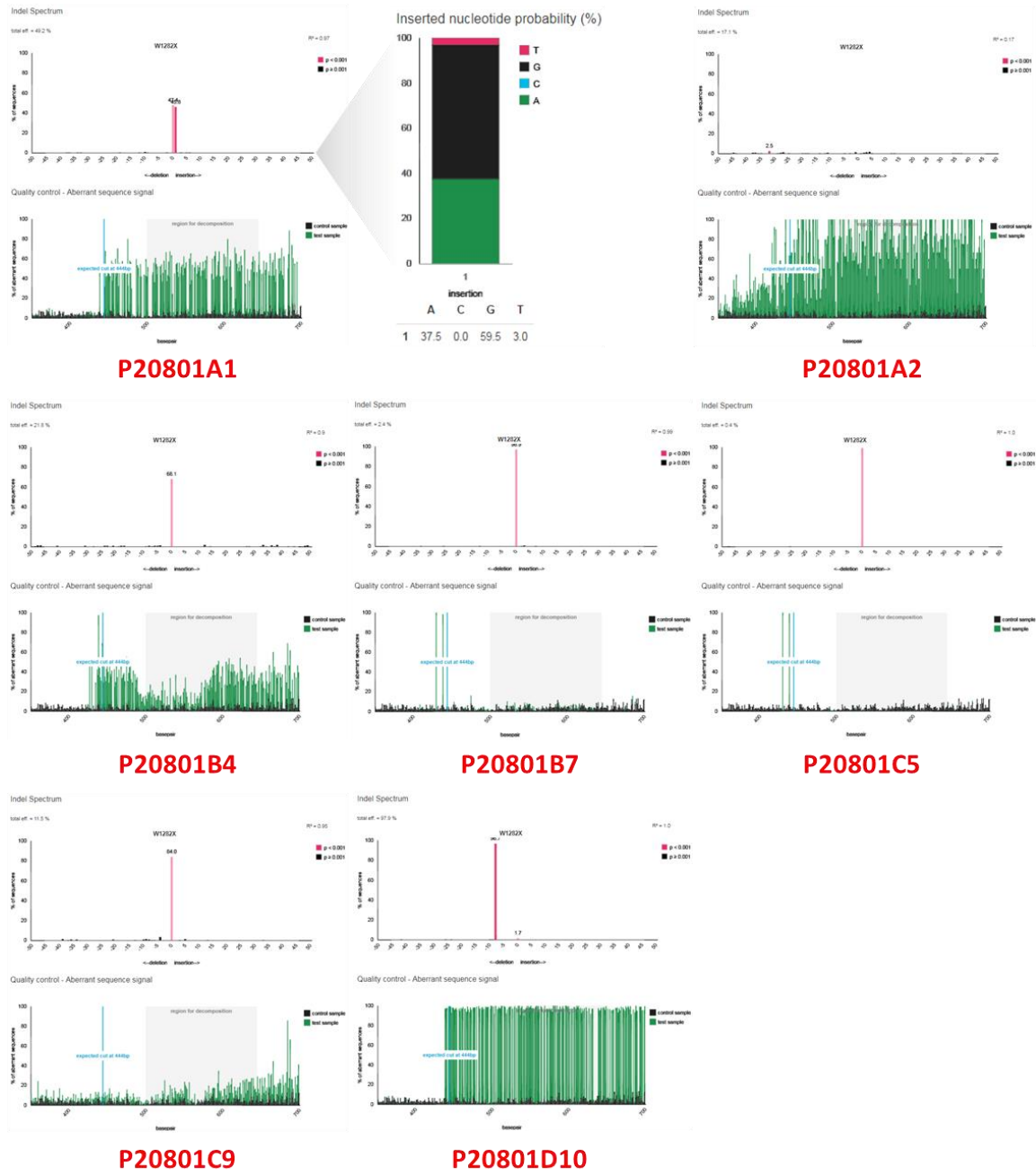
(a)



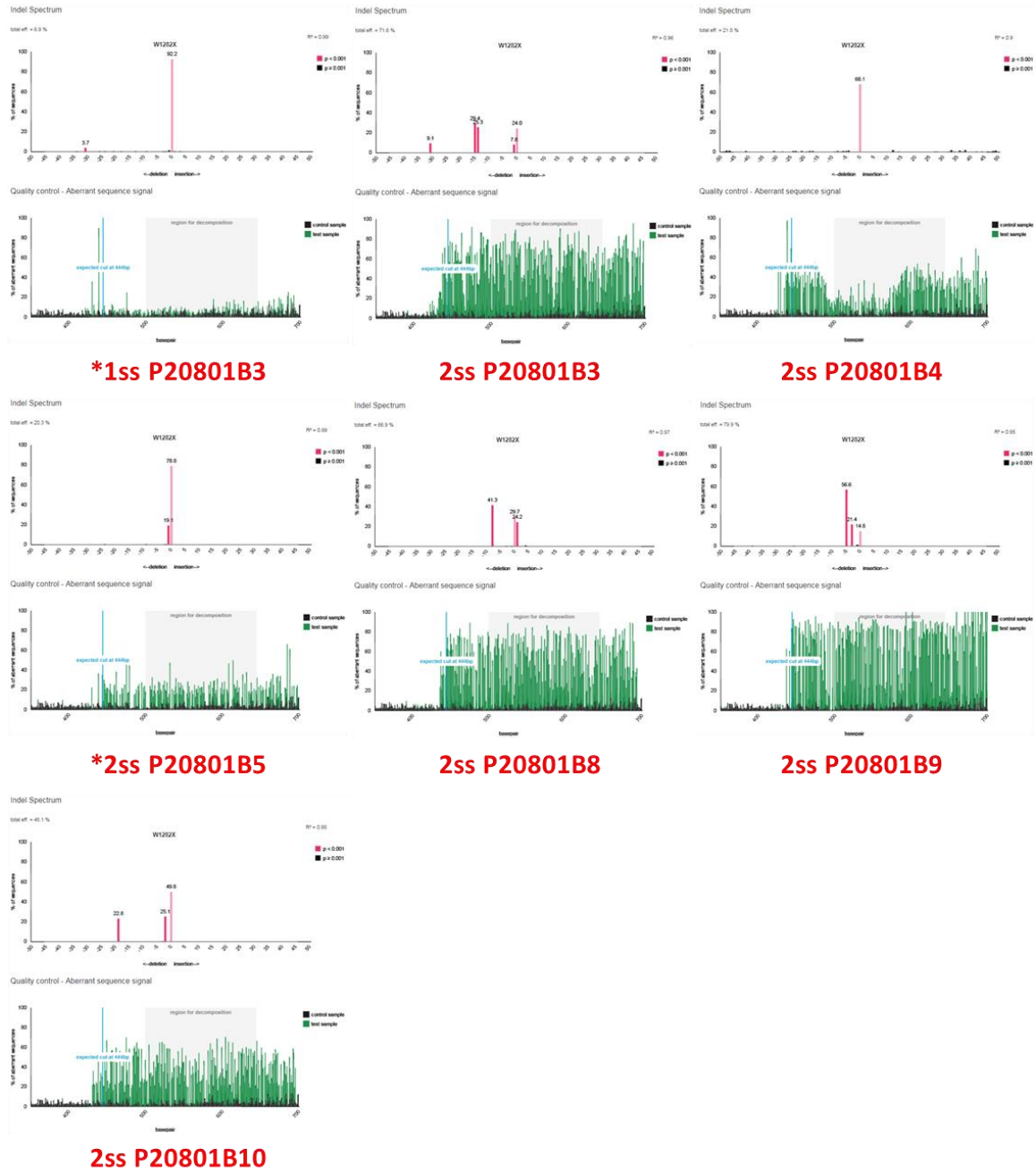
(b)



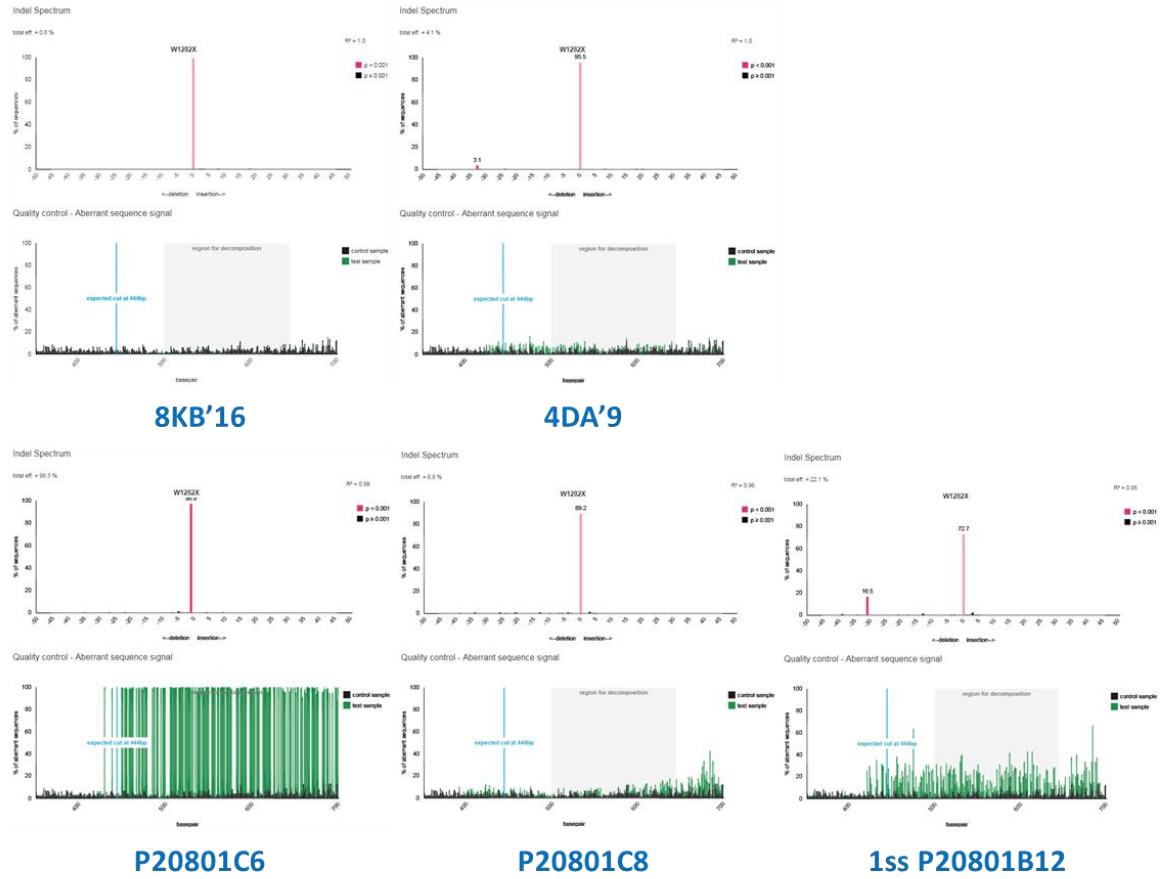
(c)



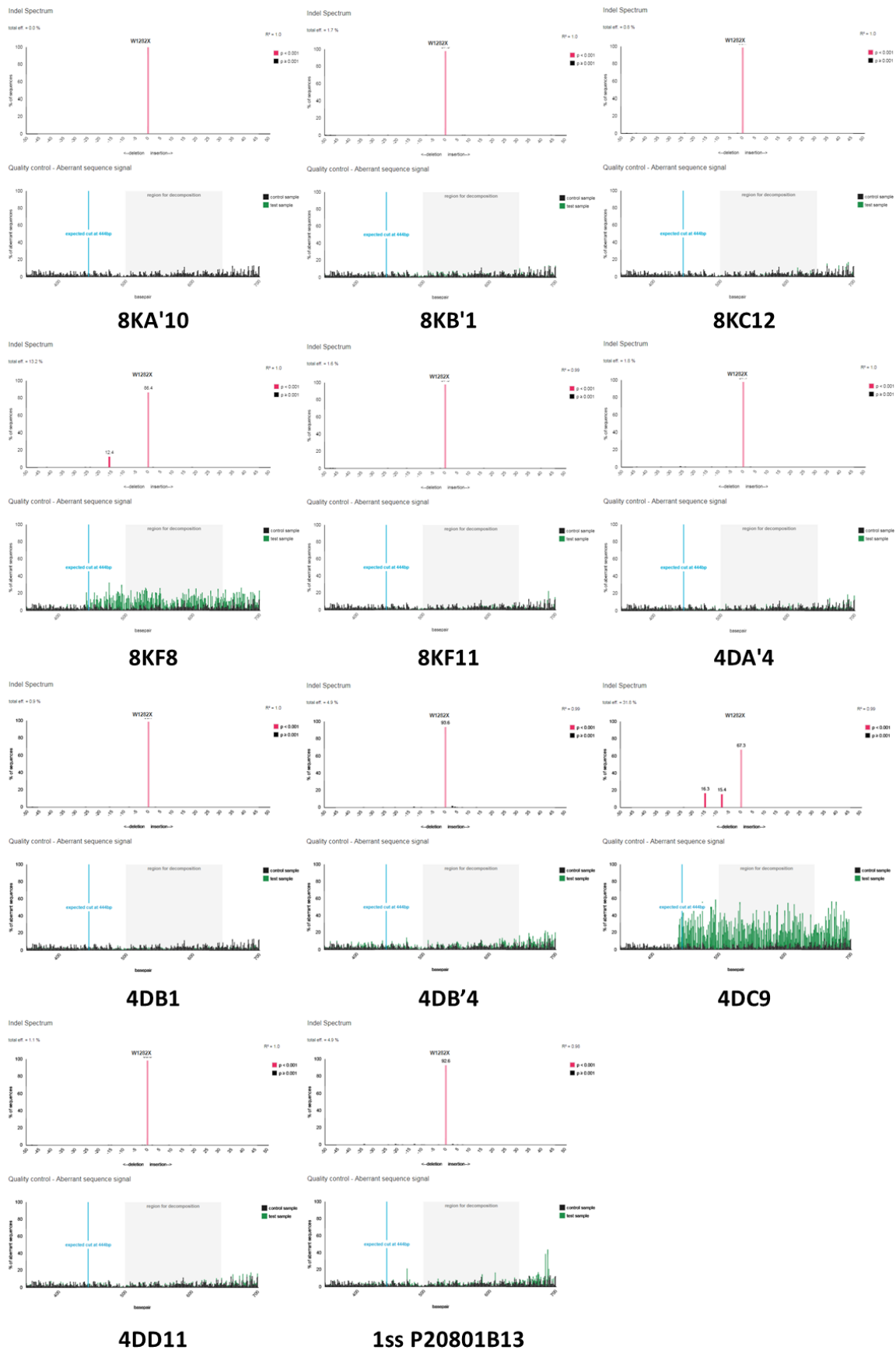
(d)



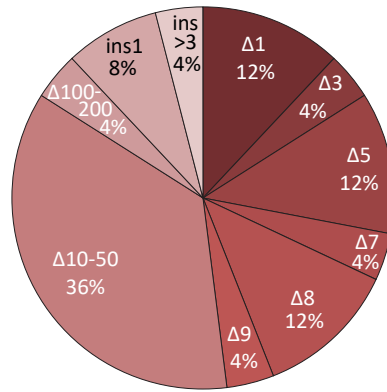
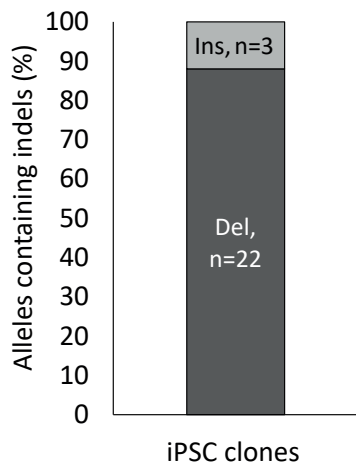
(e)



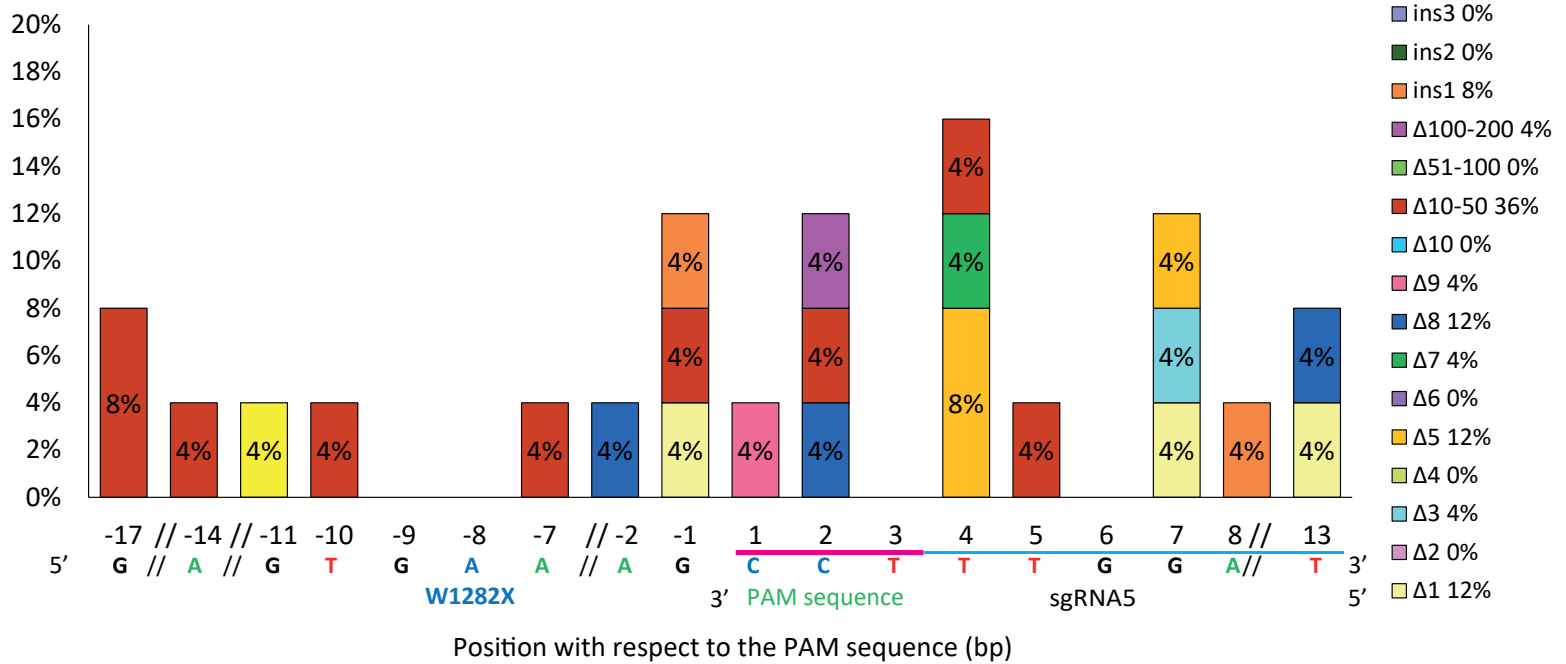
(f)



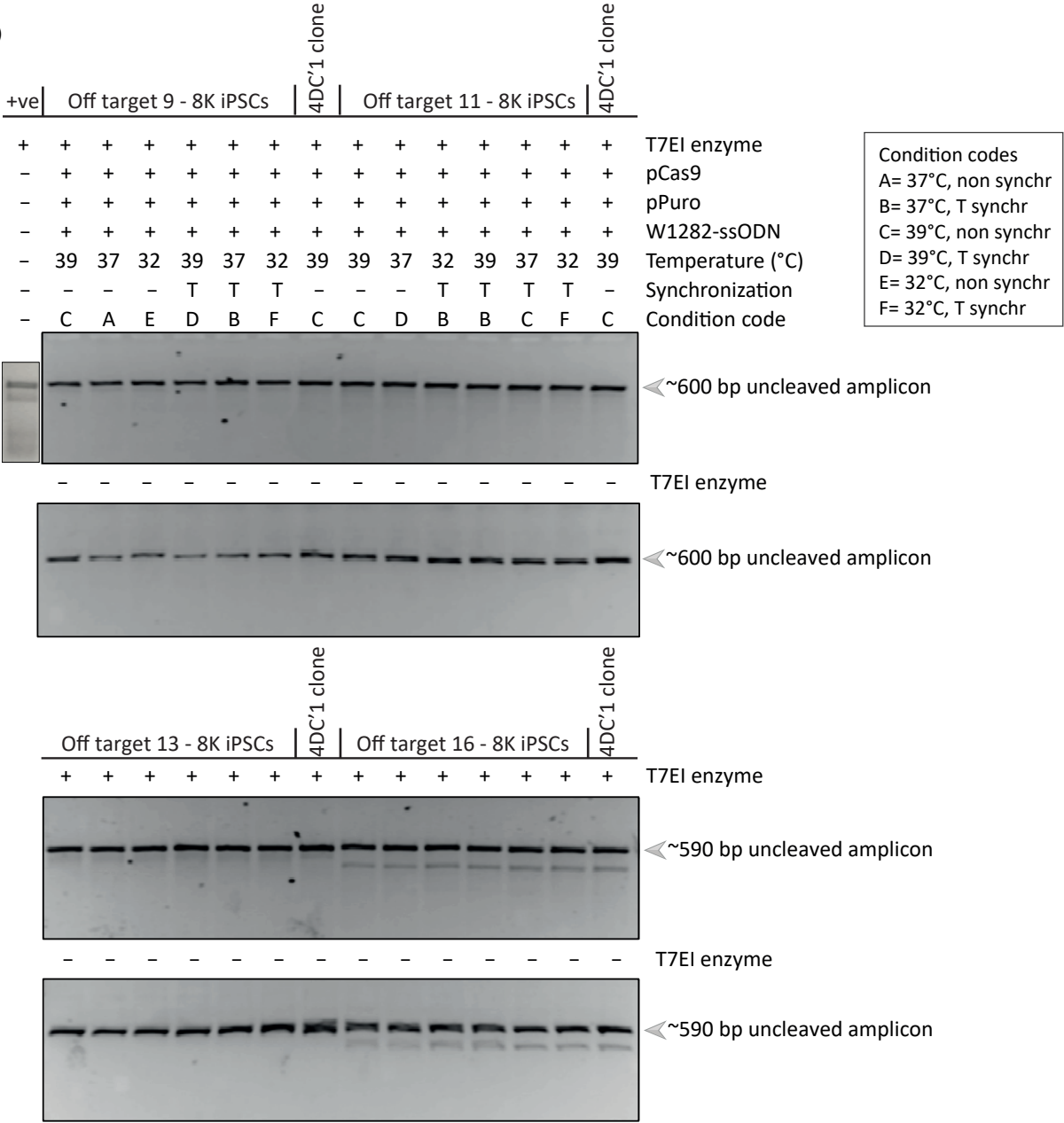
(a) (b)



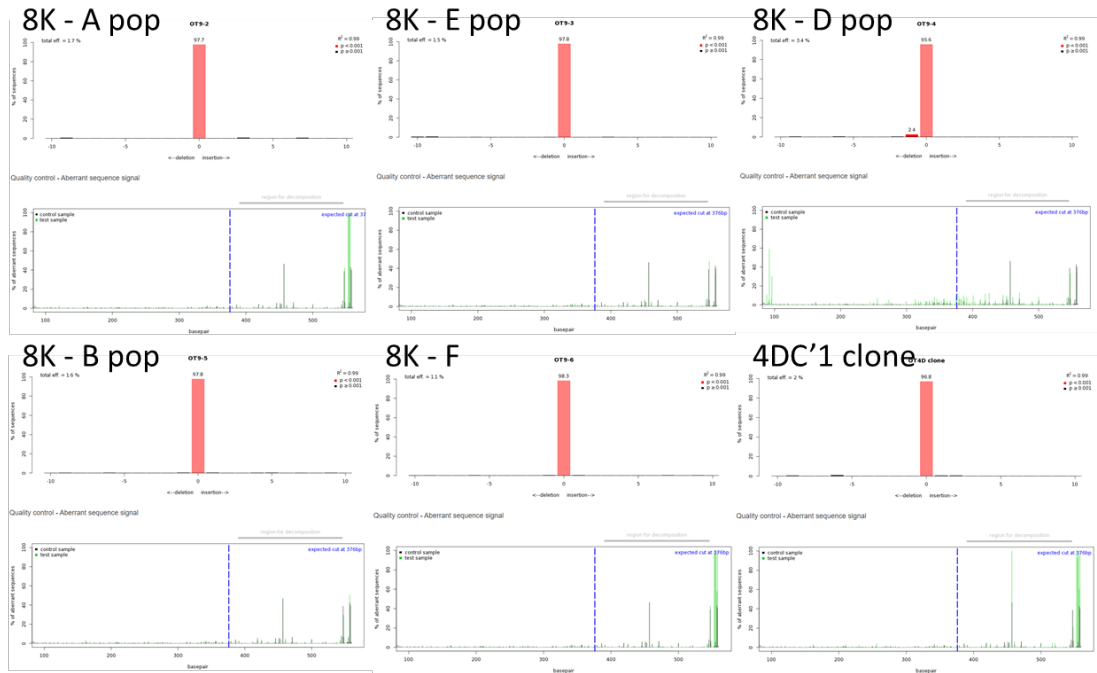
(c)



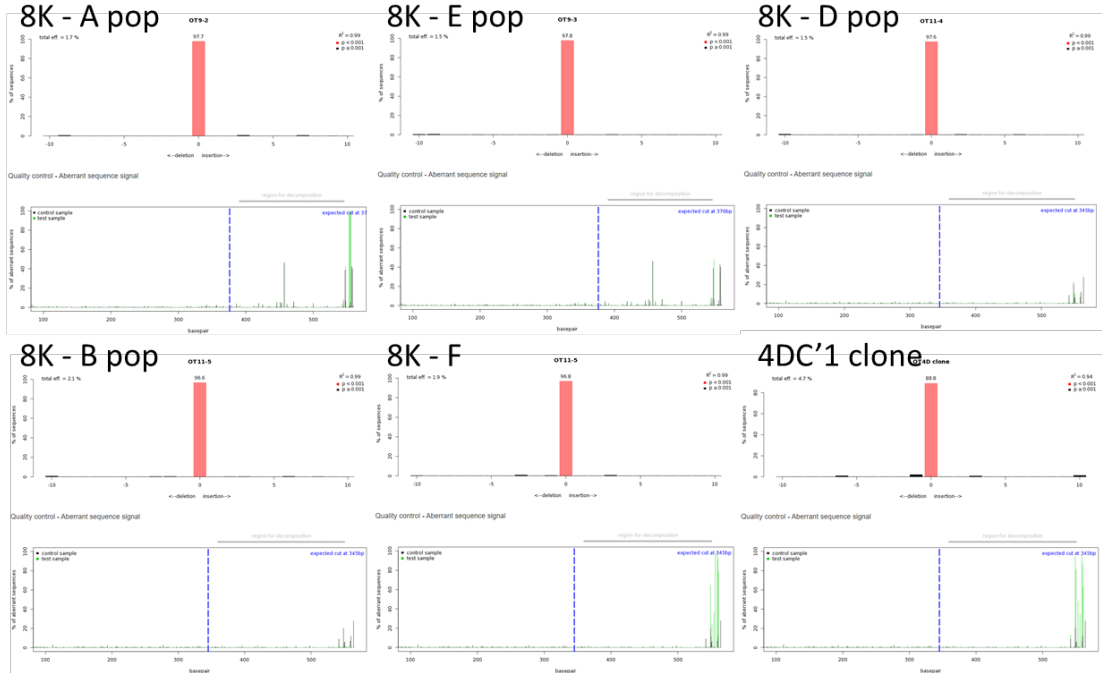
(a)



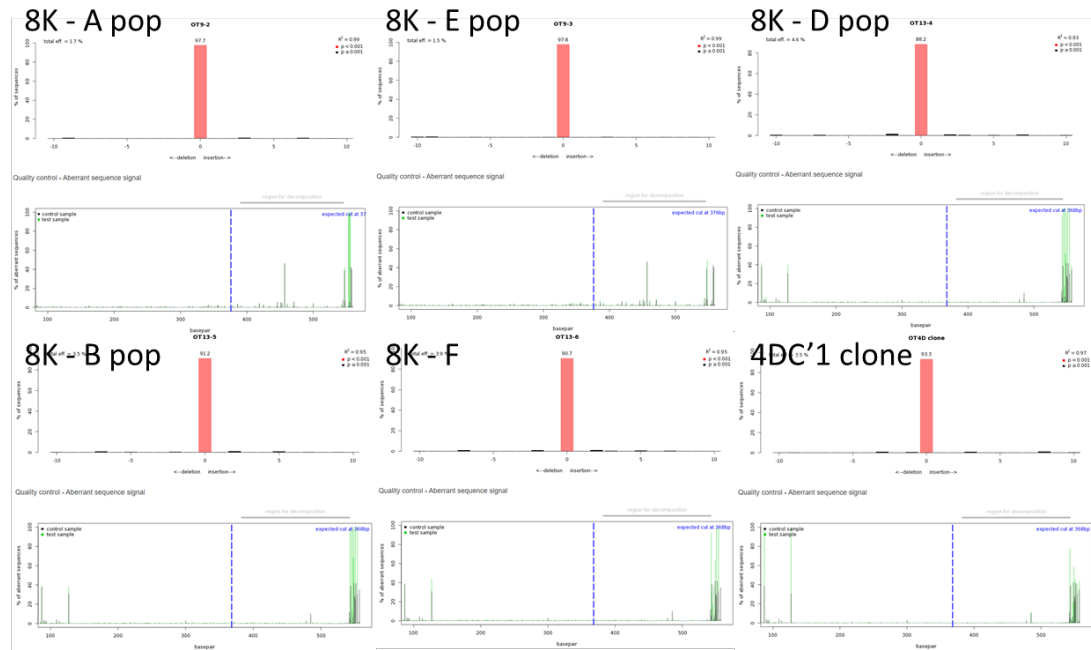
(b)



(c)

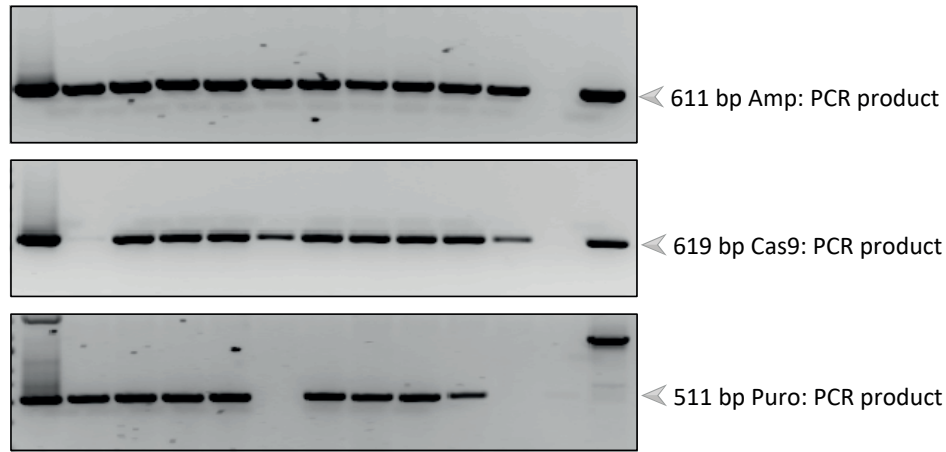


(d)



+ve	P20801 B iPSCs				1ss P20801 B	P20801 C iPSCs				2ss P20801 B	8K'9 clone	4DC'1 clone	
-	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	pCas9
-	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	pPuro
-	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	+	W1282-ssODN
-	37	37	39	39	37	37	37	39	39	37	37	39	Temperature (°C)
-	-	T	-	T	T	-	-	-	T	T	T	-	Synchronization
-	A	B	C	D	B	A	B	C	D	B	B	C	Condition code

Condition codes  
A= 37°C, non synchr  
B= 37°C, T synchr  
C= 39°C, non synchr  
D= 39°C, T synchr



**Figure S1.** Efficient transfection of CA1 cells achieved by nucleofection: (a) Nucleofection was performed in EDTA CA1 cells with 2.5 µg eGFP plasmid, resuspended in Ingenio® electroporation solution, by A-012 (green), A-013 (orange), A-023 (blue), A-027 (yellow) and B-016 (purple) programs. EDTA CA1 nucleofected cultures were assessed, 40 h after transfection, by flow cytometry (dot plots gates were set up at 0.1% threshold based on untransfected cells overlapped in grey, to calculate the transfection efficiency achieved by each program in purple, expressed as percentage); (b) Efficient transfection of CA1 cells upon nucleofection. A-023 and B-016 nucleofection programs were used in combination with the Ingenio® electroporation solution (Ingenio), human Stem Cell solution 1 (hSCS1) or human Stem Cell solution 2 (hSCS2).  $1.45 \times 10^6$  CA1 cells were nucleofected with 2.5 µg eGFP plasmid per reaction. Transfection efficiency was quantified by flow cytometry as previously described in (A) for each set of conditions, 40 hours after nucleofection. Percentage of eGFP positive cells is shown by the bar graph, n=1 per set of conditions; (c) Transfection efficiency of EDTA CA1 and CA1 cells upon nucleofection of eGFP in Ingenio® electroporation solution using the B-016 program. Note that all cells were dissociated into single cells prior to nucleofection, independently of the passaging method. Transfection efficiency was assessed as described in Figure S1a legend. Each data point (n=9, n=15 biological replicates for EDTA and SC CA1 cells, respectively) plotted as circles. The centre lines show the medians; box limits indicate the quartiles; Tukey-whiskers extend 1.5 times the quartiles; crosses represent sample means. A significant difference was found in the transfection efficiency of EDTA CA1 and CA1 cells (nonparametric Mann-Whitney U test).

**Figure S2.** Nucleofected EDTA CA1 and CA1 cultures showed high expression of the pluripotency marker TRA-1-60: (a) The expression of the pluripotency marker TRA-1-60 was assessed by flow cytometry using as controls untransfected-unstained CA1 cells, untransfected-stained CA1 cells, as well as unstained CA1 cells-nucleofected with eGFP (see Figure S1c legend for further details), to set up the flow cytometry gates at 0.1% threshold; (b) Representative transfected EDTA and CA1 cells assessed for TRA-1-60 expression by flow cytometry, 40 hours post-nucleofection incubated under normothermia or hypothermia; (c) TRA-1-60 expression of untransfected CA1 (control), nucleofected EDTA and CA1 cells (incubated under normothermia or hypothermia) is represented as mean  $\pm$  SEM (n=2 biological replicates for control and n=6 for nucleofected samples. No significant difference was found in the expression of TRA-1-60 pluripotency marker (nonparametric Kruskal-Wallis test).

**Figure S3.** The type and location of the indels identified in the CA1 clones: (a) TALEN-induced indels were identified in a total of 26 alleles from the sequenced CA1 clones. Most indels corresponded to deletions (black), although some insertions were also observed (grey); (b) Frequency of each type of deletions and insertions, ranging from 1 to 50 bp, shown as percentages of the 26 alleles containing indels; (c) Distribution of indels was mostly found within the spacer sequence, shown as frequency of each type of modification observed at the indicated positions. Total percentage of each type of modification is displayed on the right of each category.

**Figure S4.** Efficient transfection of 8K, 4D and P20801 iPSCs achieved by nucleofection: (a) Nucleofection of iPSC lines ( $3 \times 10^6$  cells per reaction) was performed with 2.5 µg eGFP plasmid, resuspended in human Stem Cell solution 1 (hSCS1), using B-016 program and incubated at 37°C and 32°C. Cell density and transfection efficiency were qualitatively assessed for each iPSC line and condition by phase-contrast and fluorescence microscopy, 40 hours after nucleofection. Scale bars, 100 µm; (b) Transfection efficiency was then quantified for each condition by flow cytometry, by setting up dot plots gates at 0.1% threshold based on untransfected cells, and eGFP positive cells were expressed as percentage, n=1 per condition.

**Figure S5.** 4D and P20801 nucleofected populations: (a–b) Phase-contrast microscopy images of the non- and S phase synchronised nucleofected (a) 4D and (b) P20801 iPSC populations. Procedure was performed as described in Figure 5a legend;  $3 \times 10^6$  cells were nucleofected with 5 µg pCas9, 2 µg pPuro and 3.5 µl W1282-ssODN, resuspended in medium containing 10 µM Y-27632, and incubated for 2 days at 37°C, 39°C and 32°C. Then, transient puromycin selection was performed for (a) 4D iPSC populations

1 day after nucleofection (0.7  $\mu\text{g/mL}$  for 1 day and 1  $\mu\text{g/mL}$  for 1 day) and (b) for P20801 iPSC populations 2 days after nucleofection (1  $\mu\text{g/mL}$  for 2 days). Scale bars, 100  $\mu\text{m}$ .

**Figure S6.** TIDE analysis of all the chromatograms obtained by Sanger sequencing of the (a) 8K, (b) 4D, (c) P20801, and (d) P20801B frozen/thawed iPSC clones. Additionally, chromatograms obtained from clones that were considered (e) possibly positive and negative (f) were also assessed by TIDE for quality control purposes. Samples indicated with (\*) were re-isolated and subclones were also sequenced and assessed by TIDE analysis (data not shown).

**Figure S7.** The type and location of the indels identified in the iPSC clones: (a) CRISPR-Cas9-mediated DSB induced indels identified in a total of 25 alleles from the 8K, 4D or P20801 iPSC clones. Most indels corresponded to deletions (black), although some insertions were also observed (grey); (b) Frequency of each type of deletions and insertions, ranged from 1 to 200 bp, shown as percentages of the 25 alleles containing indels; (c) Distribution of indels was mostly found around the PAM sequence, shown as frequency of each type of modification observed at the indicated positions. Total percentage of each type of modification is displayed on the right of each category.

**Figure S8.** Off-target analysis of 8K iPSC populations and a representative 4D iPSC clone: (a) T7EI assay analysis of the off-target 9, off-target 11, off-target 13, off-target 16, with and without the addition of T7EI enzyme. A sample confirmed to contain indels was used as control (+ve). TIDE analysis of the Sanger sequencing chromatograms of the amplified PCR product for each 8K iPSC population and 4DC'1 clone compared with 8K C population for (b) off-target 9, (c) 11 and (d) 13.

**Figure S9.** Random plasmid integration analysis of P20801 B, thawed 1ss P20801, P20801 C, thawed 2ss P20801 iPSC populations, representative 8KB'9 and 4DC'1 clones. Plasmids containing an ampicillin resistant cassette, the Cas9 encoding sequence, and a puromycin resistant cassette were used as positive controls (+ve). Amplification of 611 bp, 619 bp and 511 bp PCR products, respectively, suggested a potential plasmid integration or more likely the detection of remaining plasmids in the cells in the case of the iPSC populations.

**Table S1.** Genotyping of 8K, 4D and P20801 iPSC clones. Column 'clone': clones were colour-coded as results from AS-PCR W1282 (expected positive in red, possibly positive in blue, expected negative in bold black). Column 'ss': number of times that the populations, from which clones were isolated, were SC dissociated between nucleofection and clonal isolation; f indicates freezing using GCDR, non ss indicated as (ns). Column 'sequence': only shown the sequences identified at the highest percentages. It was indicated: A, G, or R (when A/G was identified at 50%) at W1282 position (green); PAM site CTT, CTT, or Y (when C/T was identified at 50%) (green); sgRNA binding site (underlined). Deletions (- - -) and insertions (orange) were also indicated. Column 'modified alleles': indicates how many alleles were modified in clones shown pure at the time of analysis; 'not pure' indicated otherwise, '0' was indicated when proportion of modified cells could not be obtained due to impure clones. Column 'modification (visually)': modifications visually identified from the chromatograms. Location of modifications are annotated as 'at x' position downstream (5' → 3') from the PAM site. When several modifications were identified in the same sample, it was indicated as following: modifications in different cells of an impure clone and modifications in a pure clone, but it could not be determined whether they were present in the same or different allele was indicated (/). Modifications contained in the same allele (-) and modifications contained in different alleles (&) of the same pure clone. In cases of impure clones, indicated modifications were deduced from overlapped sequences and/or from sequencing analysis of several re-isolated and analysed subclones. Column 'modification (TIDE)': modifications obtained by TIDE analysis of chromatograms, and their frequencies in the samples indicated as a percentage of the total population. When modifications were not quantified but shown by the quality control graph indicated as 'QC confirmed'. Information was colour-coded based on: whether the results provided by visual analysis were confirmed (green), not detected (red), or new information was provided, not detected previously by visual analysis (blue).

Clone	ss	Sequence	Modified alleles	Modification (visually)	Modification (TIDE)
<b>W1282X</b>		TGCAACAGTGAAGGAAAGCCTTTGGAGTGATACCACAGgt		Located modifications	Indels present > 2%
<b>8KA2</b>	2	TGCAACAGTGAAGGAAAGCCTTTGGAGTGATACCACAGgt	1	het mutPAM	QC confirmed
<b>8KA'8</b>	2	TGCAACAGTGAAGGAAAGCCTT-----gt	1	het del16 at5	51.4% del16
<b>8KA'10</b>	2	TGCAACAGTGAAGGAAAGCCTTTGGAGTGATACCACAGgt	0	-	Control for TIDE
<b>8KB'1</b>	2	TGCAACAGTGAAGGAAAGCCTTTGGAGTGATACCACAGgt	0	-	QC confirmed
<b>8KB5</b>	2	TGCAACAGTGAAGGAAAG-----TGATACCACAGgt	not pure	del9 at1	29.7% del9/27.3% del13/7.7% del1
<b>8KB'9</b>	2	TGCAACAGTGAAGGAAAGCCTTTGGAGTGATACCACAGgt	2	hom correct-mutPAM	QC confirmed
<b>8KB'16</b>	2	TGCAACAGTGAAGGAAAGCCTTTGGAGTGATACCACAGgt	0	-	QC confirmed
<b>8KC12</b>	2	TGCAACAGTGAAGGAAAGCCTTTGGAGTGATACCACAGgt	0	-	QC confirmed
<b>8KC13</b>	2	TGCAACAGTGAAGGAAAGCCTTTG-----ATACCACAGgt	not pure	mutPAM/del5 at7	- /3.2% del5
<b>8KD6</b>	2	TGCAACAGTGAAGGAAAGCCTTTG-AGTGATACCACAGgt	not pure	het correct/mutPAM/del1 at7	QC confirmed/19.5% del1
<b>8KF2</b>	2	TGCAACAGTGRAGGAAA-----	2	het correct-mutPAM & del29 at-1	QC confirmed/53.3% del29
<b>8KF8</b>	2	TGCAACAGTGAAGGAAAGCCT-----Ggt	not pure	del16 at4	12.4% del16
<b>8KF11</b>	2	TGCAACAGTGAAGGAAAGCCTTTGGAGTGATACCACAGgt	0	-	QC confirmed
<b>8KF18</b>	2	TGCAACAGTGAAGGAAAGCCTTTGGAGTGATACCACAGgt	0	-	QC confirmed
<b>8KF19</b>	2	TGCAACAGTGRAGGAAAGCCT-----GTGATACCACAGgt	1 or 2	het correct/mutPAM/del5 at4	QC confirmed/52.5% del5
<b>4DA'4</b>	2	TGCAACAGTGAAGGAAAGCCTTTGGAGTGATACCACAGgt	0	-	QC confirmed
<b>4DA'9</b>	2	TGCA-----Ggt	not pure	del33 at-14	3.1% del33
<b>4DB1</b>	2	TGCAACAGTGAAGGAAAGCCTTTGGAGTGATACCACAGgt	0	-	QC confirmed
<b>4DB2</b>	2	TGCAACAGTGAAGGAAAGC-----	2	het mutPAM & del154 at2	- /QC indicates a change
<b>4DB'4</b>	2	TGCAACAGTGAAGGAAAGCCTTTGGAGTGATACCACAGgt	0	-	QC confirmed
<b>4DB'8</b>	2	TGCAACAG-----gt	2	het correct-mutPAM & del30 at-10	- /52.5% del30
<b>4DB'17</b>	2	TGCAACAGTGRAGGAAAGCCT-----GATACCACAGgt	1 or 2	het correct/mutPAM/del7 at4	QC confirmed/41% del7
<b>4DC1</b>	2	TGCAACAGTGAAGGAAAGCCTTTGGAGTGATACCACAGgt	not pure	correct/mutPAM	QC confirmed
<b>4DC'1</b>	2	TGCAACAGTGRAGGAAAGCCTTTGGAGTGATACCACAGgt	1 or 2	het correct/mutPAM	QC confirmed
<b>4DC9</b>	2	TGCAACAGTGAAGGAAAGC-----t	not pure	del15 at2/del8 at13	16.3% del15/15.4% del8
<b>4DD'3</b>	2	TGCAACAGTGAAGGAAAGCCTTTGGAGTGATACCACAGgt	0	-	QC confirmed
<b>4DD11</b>	2	TGCAACAGTGAAGGAAAGCCTTTGGAGTGATACCACAGgt	0	-	QC confirmed
<b>P20801A1</b>	ns	TGCAACAGTGAAGGAAAGCCTTTGGAGTGATACCACAGgt	1 or 2	het mutPAM/ins1 at8	QC confirmed/45.8% ins1(59.5%G)
<b>P20801A2</b>	ns	TGCAACAGTGAAGGAAAGCCTTTGGAGTGATACCACAGgt	not pure	correct/mutPAM	- /2.5% del32
<b>P20801B4</b>	ns	TGCAACAGTGAAGGAAAGCCTTTGGAGTGATACCACAGgt	2	hom correct-mutPAM & ins55-4=51 at-11	- /QC indicates a change
<b>P20801B7</b>	ns	TGCAACAGTGAAGGAAAGCCTTTGGAGTGATACCACAGgt	2	hom correct-mutPAM	QC confirmed
<b>P20801C5</b>	1	TGCAACAGTGAAGGAAAGCCTTTGGAGTGATACCACAGgt	2	hom correct-mutPAM	QC confirmed
<b>P20801C6</b>	1	TGCAACAGTGAAGGAAAGCCTTTGGAGTGA-ACCACAGgt	2	hom correct-mutPAM-del1 at13	QC confirmed/96.9% del1
<b>P20801C8</b>	1	TGCAACAGTGAAGGAAAGCCTTTGGAGTGATACCACAGgt	0	-	QC confirmed
<b>P20801C9</b>	1	TGCAACAGTGAAGGAAAGCCTTTGGAGTGATACCACAGgt	not pure	-	3.1% del4
<b>P20801D10</b>	1	TGCAACAGTGAAGGAAAGC-----TGATACCACAGgt	2	hom del8 at2	96.7% del8

<b>1ss P20801B3</b>	f	TGCAACAGTGRAGGAAAGCTTTTGGAGTGATACCACAGgt	not pure	het correct-hom mutPAM	QC confirmed/3.7% del31
<b>1ss P20801B12</b>	f	T-----CCACAGgt	not pure	del31 at-17	16.5% del31
<b>1ss P20801B13</b>	f	TGCAACAGTGAAGGAAAGCCTTTGGAGTGATACCACAGgt	0	-	QC confirmed
<b>2ss P20801B3</b>	1,f	T-----CCACAGgt	not pure	del31 at-17	29.4%del15/25.3%del14/ 9.1% del31/7.8% del1
<b>2ss P20801B4</b>	1,f	TGCAACAGTGRAGGAAAGCTTTTGGAGTGATACCACAGgt	not pure	hom correct-mutPAM	- /QC indicates a change
<b>2ss P20801B5</b>	1,f	TGCAACAGTGAAGGAAAGCYTTTG-AGTGATACCACAGgt	not pure	hom correct-mutPAM	QC confirmed/19.1% del1
<b>2ss P20801B8</b>	1,f	TGCAACAGTGAAGGAA-----GAGTGATACCACAGgt	not pure	del8 at-2	41.3% del8/24.2% ins1
<b>2ss P20801B9</b>	1,f	TGCAACAGTGAAGGAAARCCT-----TGATACCACAGgt	not pure	G>A at-1/del5 at4/del3 at7	- /56.6% del5/21.4% del3
<b>2ss P20801B10</b>	1,f	TGCAACAGTGA-----TACCACAGgt	not pure	del19 at-7	25.1% del2/22.8% del19

**Table S2.** Summary of the number of predicted potential off-targets obtained by Cas-OFFinder (<http://www.rgenome.net/>).

Target Sequence	Bulge Type	Mismatch	Bulge Size	Number of Found Targets	<i>In vitro</i> tests performed
CACCTGTGGTATCACTCCAANGG	DNA	1	1	1	See below
CACCTGTGGTATCACTCCAANGG	DNA	2	1	8	See below
CACCTGTGGTATCACTCCAANGG	DNA	3	1	247	
CACCTGTGGTATCACTCCAANGG	DNA	4	1	3549	
CACCTGTGGTATCACTCCAANGG	DNA	0	2	1	See below
CACCTGTGGTATCACTCCAANGG	DNA	1	2	2	See below
CACCTGTGGTATCACTCCAANGG	DNA	2	2	2	See below
CACCTGTGGTATCACTCCAANGG	DNA	3	2	96	
CACCTGTGGTATCACTCCAANGG	DNA	4	2	1650	

**Table S3.** Details of the top predicted potential off-targets obtained by Cas-OFFinder.

Off-target	Bulge Type	Target	Chromosome	Position	Direction	Mismatches	Bulge Size	<i>In vitro</i> tests performed
0	X	crRNA: CACCTGTGGTATCACTCCAANGG DNA: CACCTGTGGTATCACTCCAAAGG	chr7	117642573	-	0	0	on target
1	DN A	crRNA: C-ACCTGTGGTATCACTCCAANGG DNA: tCACCTGTGGTATCACTCCAAAGG	chr7	117642573	-	1	1	Not possible
2	DN A	crRNA: C--ACCTGTGGTATCACTCCAANGG DNA: CTCACCTGTGGTATCACTCCAAAGG	chr7	117642573	-	0	2	Not possible
5	DN A	crRNA: CA--CCTGTGGTATCACTCCAANGG DNA: CtCACCTGTGGTATCACTCCAAAGG	chr7	117642573	-	1	2	Not possible
6	DN A	crRNA: CAC--CTGTGGTATCACTCCAANGG DNA: CtCACCTGTGGTATCACTCCAAAGG	chr7	117642573	-	1	2	Not possible
7	DN A	crRNA: CA-CCTGTGGTATCACTCCAANGG DNA: tcACCTGTGGTATCACTCCAAAGG	chr7	117642573	-	2	1	Not possible
8	DN A	crRNA: CACC--TGTGGTATCACTCCAANGG DNA: CtCaCCTGTGGTATCACTCCAAAGG	chr7	117642573	-	2	2	Not possible
9	DN A	crRNA: CACCTGTGGTATCA-CTCCAANGG DNA: CACCTGTGGctTCACCTCCAAGGG TIDEanalysis: CACCTGTGGctTCACCTCCA	chr2	241721184	-	2	1	T7, Sanger seq
10	DN A	crRNA: CACCTGTGGTATCAC-TCCAANGG DNA: CACCTGTGGctTCACCTCCAAGGG	chr2	241721184	-	2	1	same as OT9
11	DN A	crRNA: CACCTGTGGTA-TCACTCCAANGG DNA: CACgTGTGGTATTCAaTCCAACGG TIDEanalysis: CACgTGTGGTATTCAaTCCA	chr1 6	66081948	-	2	1	T7, Sanger seq
12	DN A	crRNA: CACCTGTGGTATCACTCCAANGG DNA: CACgTGTGGTATTCAaTCCAACGG	chr1 6	66081948	-	2	1	same as OT11
13	DN A	crRNA: CACCTGTGGTATC-ACTCCAANGG DNA: CACCTGTGGTATCAaATCCAgAGG TIDEanalysis: CACCTGTGGTATCAaATCCA	chr3	64367349	+	2	1	T7, Sanger seq
14	DN A	crRNA: CACCTGTGGTATCA-CTCCAANGG DNA: CACCTGTGGTATCAaATCCAgAGG	chr3	64367349	+	2	1	same as OT13
15	DN A	crRNA: CACCTGTGGTATCAC-TCCAANGG DNA: CACCTGTGGTATCAaATCCAgAGG	chr3	64367349	+	2	1	same as OT13
16	DN A	crRNA: CACCTGT--GGTATCACTCCAANGG DNA: CACgTGTTCGGTATCACTgCAATGG	chr2	11778003	-	2	2	T7

Not possible: the first eight identified off-targets in chromosome 7 are located within a few nucleotides of the on-target side, therefore, targeting of these sites would result in almost identical outcomes as compared with on-target activity, likely leading to the same desired effects as the on-target activity, thus, the *in vitro* assessment of these off-targets was not possible.

**Table S4.** Results of the Sanger sequencing analysis of the selected predicted CRISPR-Cas9 off-targets.

Off-target	Sample	Sequence	Modification
9	8K pop-C	TGAGAGGCCAGTGAGgCCTgCACGGTGGCCTCAGCTTC	-
	8K pop-A	TGAGAGGCCAGTGAGgCCTgCACGGTGGCCTCAGCTTC	-
	8K pop-E	TGAGAGGCCAGTGAGgCCTgCACGGTGGCCTCAGCTTC	-
	8K pop-D	TGAGAGGCCAGTGAG <sup>g</sup> <sub>a</sub> CCT <sup>g</sup> <sub>a</sub> CACGGTGGCCTCAGCTTC	heterozygous 1bp substitutions at 95, 99 G<A G<A (2.4%)
	8K pop-B	TGAGAGGCCAGTGAGgCCTgCACGGTGGCCTCAGCTTC	-
	8K pop-F	TGAGAGGCCAGTGAGgCCTgCACGGTGGCCTCAGCTTC	-
	4DC'1 clone	TGAGAGGCCAGTGAGgCCTgCACGGTGGCCTCAGCTTC	SNP detected: TC heterozygous at 458 8K, CC homozygous 4D iPSC line
11	8K pop-C	TGTAGAGTAAACCATTTTTA <sup>t</sup> TGGTGTGAGAGGAGTGGT	-
	8K pop-A	TGTAGAGTAAACCATTTTTA <sup>t</sup> TGGTGTGAGAGGAGTGGT	-
	8K pop-E	TGTAGAGTAAACCATTTTTA <sup>t</sup> TGGTGTGAGAGGAGTGGT	-
	8K pop-D	TGTAGAGTAAACCATTTTTA <sup>t</sup> TGGTGTGAGAGGAGTGGT	-
	8K pop-B	TGTAGAGTAAACCATTTTTA <sup>t</sup> TGGTGTGAGAGGAGTGGT	-
	8K pop-F	TGTAGAGTAAACCATTTTTA <sup>t</sup> TGGTGTGAGAGGAGTGGT	-
	4DC'1 clone	TGTAGAGTAAACCATTTTTA <sup>t</sup> <sub>c</sub> TGGTGTGAGAGGAGTGGT	SNP detected: TT homozygous at 79 8K, TC heterozygous 4D iPSC line
13	8K pop-C	AATTTTAGATGGAGTTTTAG <sup>a</sup> <sub>g</sub> GGTGTACTCCTGTAAGCTT	-
	8K pop-A	AATTTTAGATGGAGTTTTAG <sup>a</sup> <sub>g</sub> GGTGTACTCCTGTAAGCTT	-
	8K pop-E	AATTTTAGATGGAGTTTTAG <sup>a</sup> <sub>g</sub> GGTGTACTCCTGTAAGCTT	-
	8K pop-D	AATTTTAGATGGAGTTTTAG <sup>a</sup> <sub>g</sub> GGTGTACTCCTGTAAGCTT	-
	8K pop-B	AATTTTAGATGGAGTTTTAG <sup>a</sup> <sub>g</sub> GGTGTACTCCTGTAAGCTT	-
	8K pop-F	AATTTTAGATGGAGTTTTAG <sup>a</sup> <sub>g</sub> GGTGTACTCCTGTAAGCTT	-
	4DC'1 clone	AATTTTAGATGGAGTTTTAG <sup>g</sup> GGTGTACTCCTGTAAGCTT	SNP detected: AG heterozygous at 87 8K, GG homozygous 4D iPSC line

16	8K pop-C	ACATGGACGTGTGGGGGCCCCACGTGCCTTCTTATAGGAC	
	8K pop-A	ACATGGACGTGTGGGGGCCCCACGTGCCTTCTTATAGGAC	
	8K pop-E	ACATGGACGTGTGGGGGCCCCACGTGCCTTCTTATAGGAC	
	8K pop-D	ACATGGACGTGTGGGGGCCCCACGTGCCTTCTTATAGGAC	
	8K pop-B	ACATGGACGTGTGGGGGCCCCACGTGCCTTCTTATAGGAC	
	8K pop-F	ACATGGACGTGTGGGGGCCCCACGTGCCTTCTTATAGGAC	
	4DC'1 clone	ACATGGACGTGTGGGGGCCCCcACGTGCCTTCTTATAGGAC	Insertion 1bp (c) at 532

**Table S5.** Primer list for PCR reactions and sequencing analysis. Note that primers in uppercase bind to exon regions, while lowercase primers bind to intron regions, and primers indicated as ‘repeat’ were used for several programs.

PCR name	Primer name	Primer sequence 5' → 3'
Ex11newT7 PCR	Fw_newT7	TGATTATGGGAGAACTGGAGC
Ex11newT7 PCR	Rev_CFTR11	ccattcacagtagcttacc
Ex11newT7 Phire-PCR	Fw_newT7	repeat
Ex11newT7 Phire-PCR	Rev_CFTR11	repeat
ASPCR Nor	Fw_Nor	GGCACCATTAAAGAAAATATCATCTT
ASPCR Nor	Rev_Nor	caatgctcattccattaggctata
ASPCR ΔF508	Fw_CTT	GGCACCATTAAAGAAAATATCATTGG
ASPCR ΔF508	Rev_CTT	gatcaatgctcattccattaggctata
Ex23CFTR HiFi-PCR	Fw_CFTR23	Gtgcataagacactcttgc
Ex23CFTR HiFi-PCR	Rev_CFTR23	Aactggaggtcaggccact
Ex23CFTR PCR	Fw_CFTR23	repeat
Ex23CFTR PCR	Rev_CFTR23	repeat
ASPCR W1282	Fw_W1282	TGCAACAGTGGAGGAAAGCT
ASPCR W1282	Rev_CFTR23	repeat
Off-target 9	Fw_OT9	GGGTCACCCTGGCCT
Off-target 9	Rev_OT9	GACAGGGGTTTCTCTTTAGAGC
Off-target 11	Fw_OT11	TTCATCAAGTCACTTGGTGGG
Off-target 11	Rev_OT11	GTGGGAAGGATTCAGGTGTG
Off-target 13	Fw_OT13	TCTGGCTGTAACAAACAGGTAC
Off-target 13	Rev_OT13	TCCATGTAAGCATCAGGTGC
Off-target 16	Fw_OT16	CGGGCATAGGCAGTTGG
Off-target 16	Rev_OT16	TGCCCTTTAGGGAGCAGT
Amp	Fw_Amp	CAGCGATCTGTCTATTTTCGTTCA
Amp	Rev_Amp	GCTATGTGGCGCGGTATTAT
Cas9	Fw_Cas9	GTGGACGAGGTGGCCTA
Cas9	Rev_Cas9	GGTGCTCGTCGTATCTCTTG
Puro	Fw_Puro	gagtacaagcccacggtg
Puro	Rev_Puro	gctcgtagaaggggaggt