

## Supporting Information

### **New Evidence on a Distinction between A $\beta$ 40 and A $\beta$ 42 Amyloids: Thioflavin T Binding Modes, Clustering Tendency, Degradation Resistance, and Cross-Seeding**

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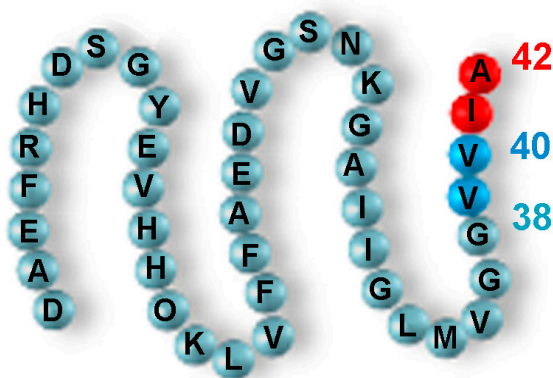
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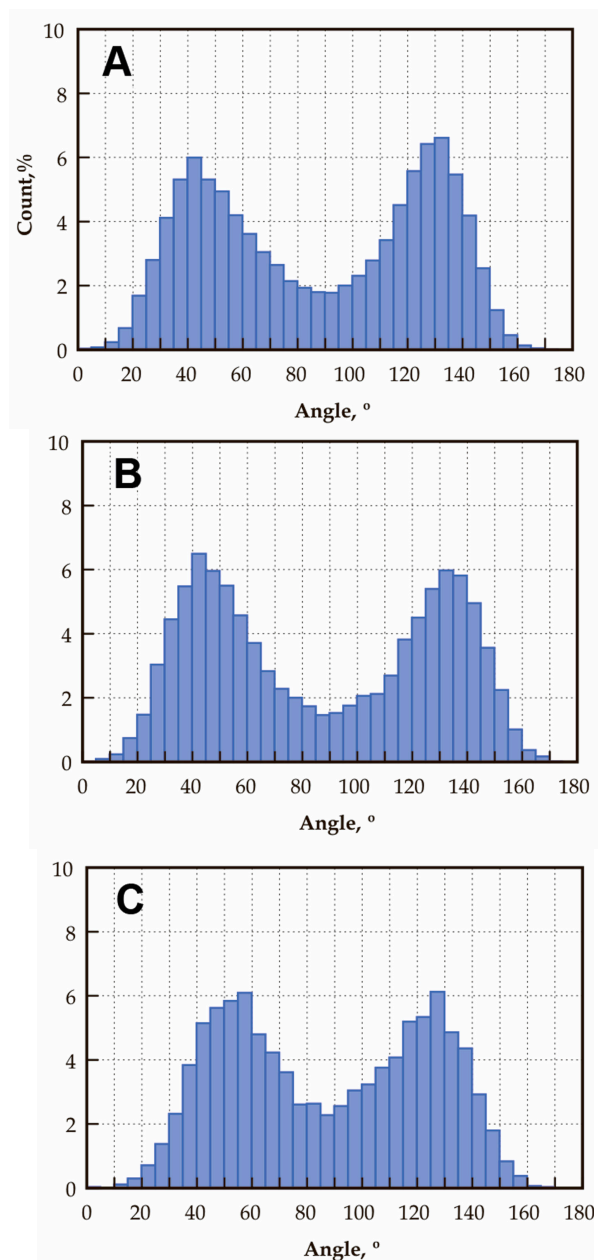
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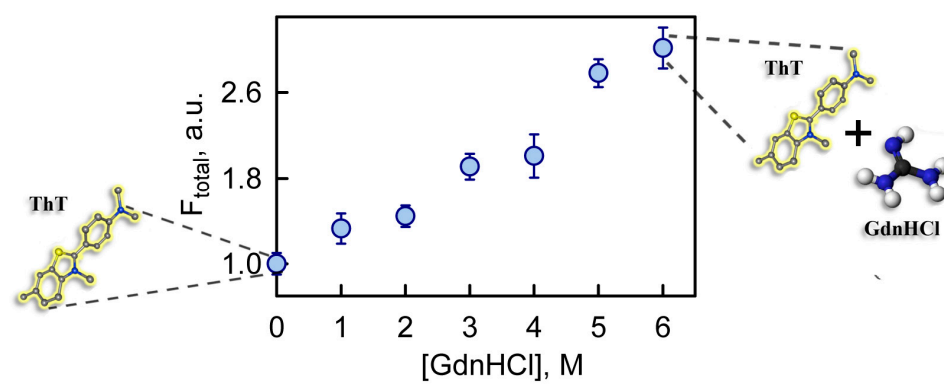
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**Scheme S1.** Amino acid sequence of Abeta-peptides.



**Figure S1.** Distribution of the dihedral angle between the aminobenzene and benzthiazole rings of ThT located in the binding sites of A $\beta$ 40 (**A**) and A $\beta$ 42 (**B**) fibrils, characterized by the lowest free binding energy, as well as ThT in the free state in an aqueous environment (**C**).



**Figure S2.** Fluorescence intensity of thioflavin T (ThT) probe in the presence of GdnHCl. Total ThT fluorescence intensity normalized to fluorescence of free dye in water solution is presented.