

The supplementary Material for
Pathological Role of Phosphoglycerate Kinase 1 in Balloon Angioplasty-Induced
Neointima Formation

Chun-Hsu Pan^{1,2}, Yi-Chung Chien^{3,4}, Min-Shan Sung⁵, Hui-Yu Huang⁶, Ming-Jyh Sheu⁷,
Chieh-Hsi Wu^{2,*}

¹ Ph.D. Program in Drug Discovery and Development Industry, College of Pharmacy, Taipei Medical University

² School of Pharmacy, Taipei Medical University, Taipei 11031, Taiwan

³ Drug Development Center, Research Center for Cancer Biology, China Medical University, Taichung 40402, Taiwan

⁴ Center for Molecular Medicine, China Medical University Hospital, Taichung 404332, Taiwan

⁵ Graduate Institute of Basic Medical Science, China Medical University, Taichung 40402, Taiwan

⁶ Graduate Institute of Metabolism and Obesity Sciences, Taipei Medical University, Taipei 11031, Taiwan

⁷ School of Pharmacy, China Medical University, Taichung 40402, Taiwan

***Corresponding author:**

Chieh-Hsi Wu, Ph.D.

Professor and Vice President

School of Pharmacy, Taipei Medical University

No. 250, WuXing Street, Taipei 11031, Taiwan

Tel: +886-2-27361661 ext.2047

E-mail: chhswu@tmu.edu.tw

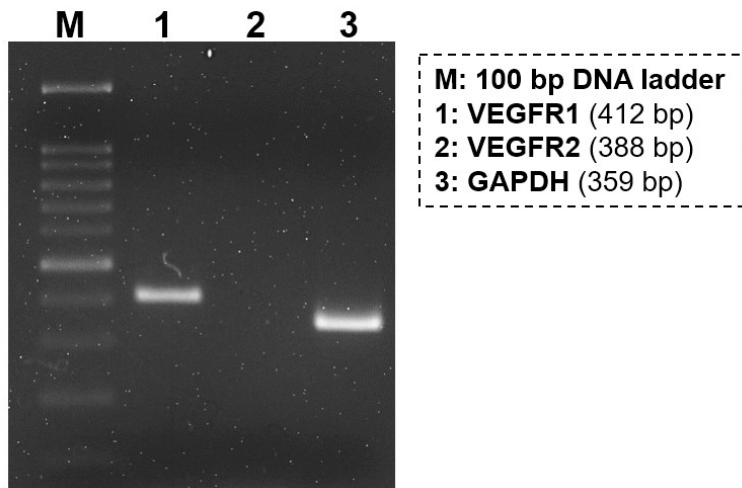


Figure S1. Detections of VEGFR1 and VEGFR2 transcripts in VSMCs by RT-PCR. Gene expression of VEGFR1 and VEGFR2 were examined using a ReverTra Ace set (TOYOBO) and an AptaTaq Fast PCR Master kit (Roche), respectively. Primer pairs were following: VEGFR1 (5'-ACAGGACCATGCACCATAGC-3'; 5'-GTGGCTCGGCACCTATAGAC-3'), VEGFR2 (5'-TCTGGACTCTCCCTGCCTAC-3'; 5'-ACACGGTGGTATCTGTGTCG-3'), and GAPDH (5'-ATCAAGAAGGTGGTGAAGCAGGCG-3'; 5'-GGGATGGAATTGTGAGGGAGATGCTC-3').