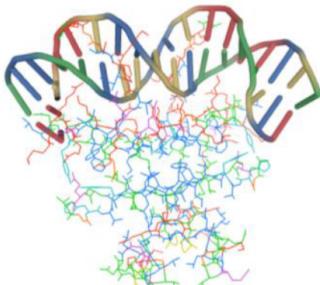


A

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QVHQAPQOASPSRDSSTDLTQTSSSGTVTLPATIMTSSVPTTVGGHMMYPSPHAVMYAPT
SGLGDGSLTVLNAFSQAPSTMQVSHSVQEPGGVPQVFLTASSGTVQI P **VSAVQLHQPCG**
IGQQAGSSSNLTELQVVNLDTAHSKE

**C****SRF-NCOA2**

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QVHQAPQOASPSRDSSTDLTQTSSSGTVTLPATIMTSSVPTTVGGHMMYPSPHAVMYAPT
SGLGDGSLTVLNAFSQAPSTMQVSHSVQEPGGVPQVFLTASSGTVQI P **VSAVQLHQPCG**
ELDNLEEILDDLQNSQLPQLFPDTRGAPAGSVDKQAI INDLMLTAENSPVTPVGAQRT
ALRISGSTFNNPRPGQLGRLLPNQNLPLDITLQSPTGAGPFPPIRNSSPYSVIPQFGMMG
NQGMIGNQGNLGNSTGMIGNSASRPTMPGEWAQPSAVRVTCAATTSMNRPVQGGM
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PQSLMSLPRMAHTQSPMMQSQANPQAYQAPS DINGWAQGNMGNSMFSSQSPHFGQOAN
TSMYNSNNMINVSMATNTGGSSMNQMTGQISMTS VTSVPTSGLSSMGPEQVNNDPALRG
KYC

B

>sp|Q15596|NCOA2_HUMAN Nuclear receptor coactivator 2
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EGEDLQSCSLICVARRVPMKERPVLPSSESFTTRQDLQGKITS LDSTMRAAMKPGWEDLV
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TNEPQLVISLHMLHREQNVCMVNEDLTGQTMGKFLNPINISSNSPAHQLCSGNPGQDMTLS
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PFPPIRNSSPYSVIPQPGMMGNQGMIGNQGNLGNSTGMIGNSASRPTMPGEWAQPS
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DQLYLALRNF DGLEEIDRALG IPELVSQSQAVDPEQFSSQDSNIMLEQKAPVFPQQYASQ
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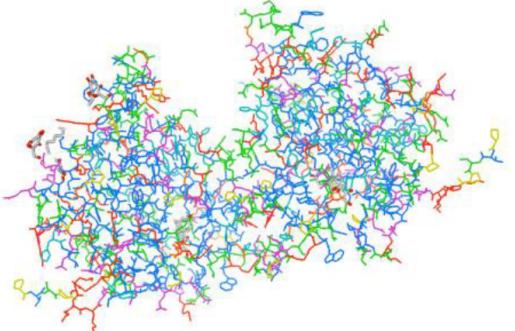


Figure S1: FASTA sequences of SRF (A), NCOA2 (B) downloaded from <https://www.uniprot.org/> and the respective three-dimensional structures obtained starting from the FASTA sequences with the use <https://swissmodel.expasy.org/interactive/S4rVBg/models/>. (C) Amino acid sequence of the SRF-NCOA2 fusion protein obtained by joining the two parts of the sequences at the breaking point. The functional domains of each protein were highlighted: MADS-Box (red), DNA-binding domain (yellow), bHLH-domain (pink), FAS-domain (green), breackpoint (light blue).

Variants by Chromosome

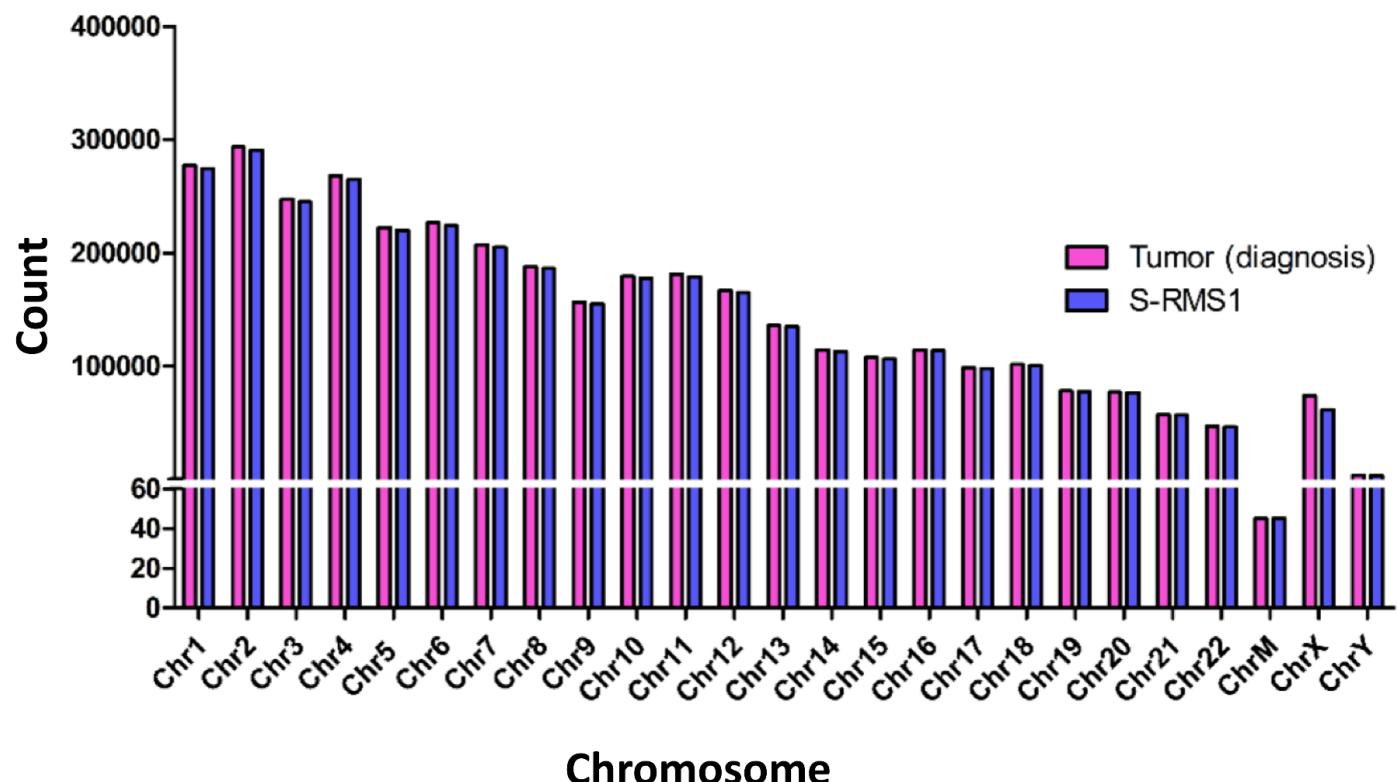


Figure S2: The histogram depicts the number of variant counts in each chromosomes of patient genome for tumor at diagnosis (pink bars) and S-RMS1 (blue bars) samples.

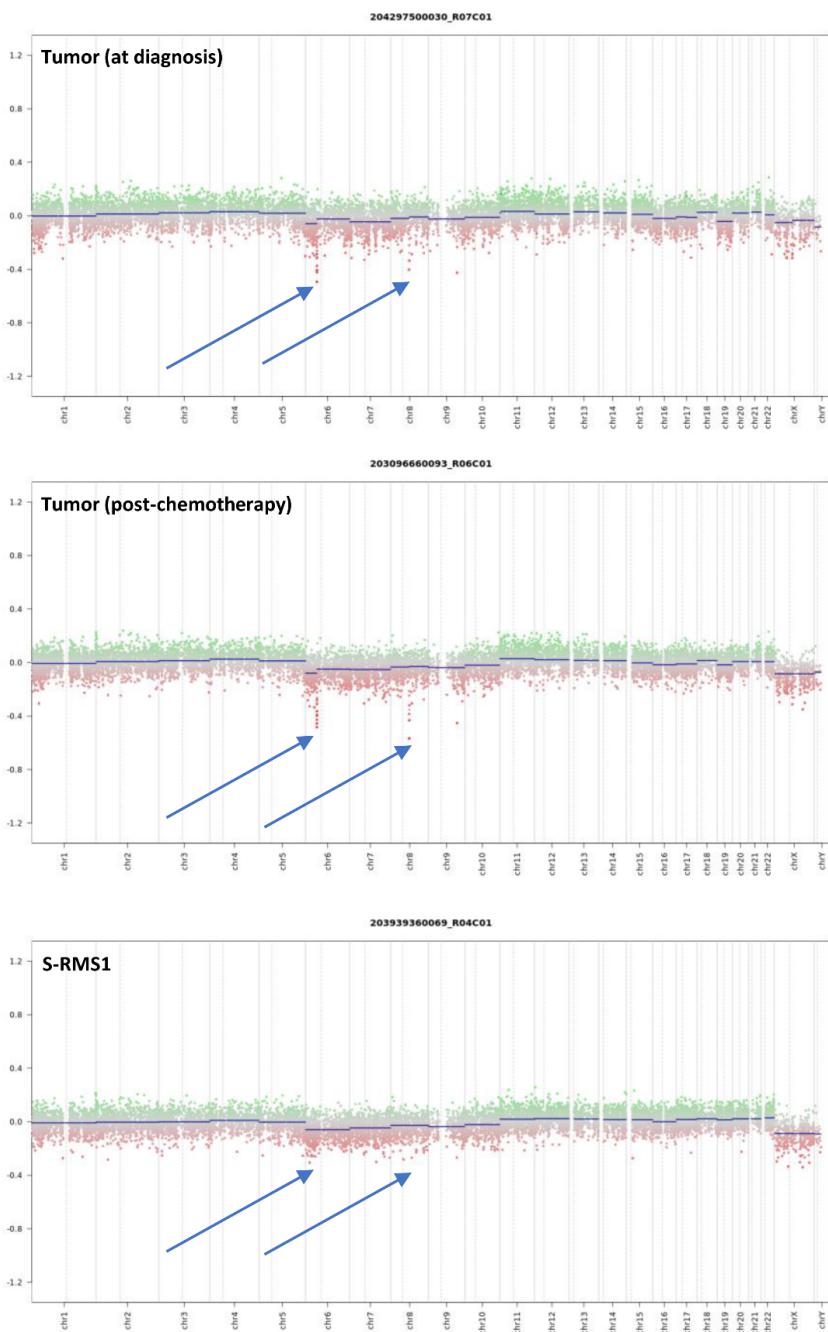
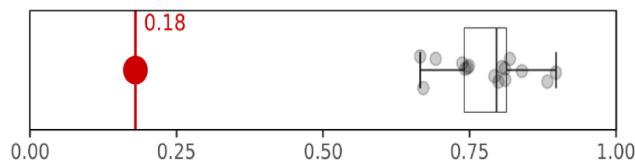


Figure S3: Copy number variation plot calculated from DNA methylation array data of the indicated tumor samples and cell line (S-RMS1). Depiction of structural rearrangements involving autosomes and X/Y chromosomes. Gains/amplifications represent positive (green), losses negative (red) deviations from the baseline. Blue arrows highlight chromosome 6p and 8q deletion corresponding to the breakpoints of SRF and NCOA2 respectively.

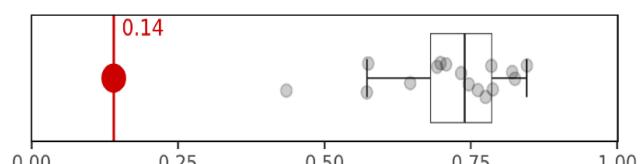
Tumor (at diagnosis)

ALMO_MPC



203096660093_R06C01 (red) reference cases (grey)

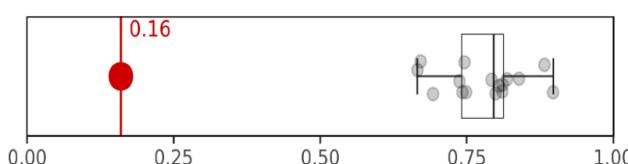
ASPS



203096660093_R06C01 (red) reference cases (grey)

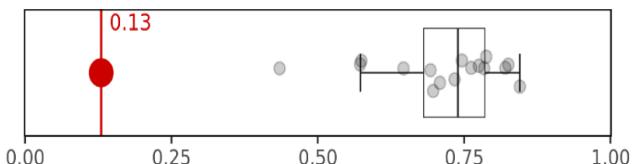
Tumor (postchemotherapy)

ALMO_MPC



204297500030_R07C01 (red) reference cases (grey)

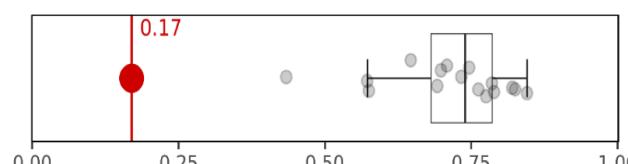
ASPS



204297500030_R07C01 (red) reference cases (grey)

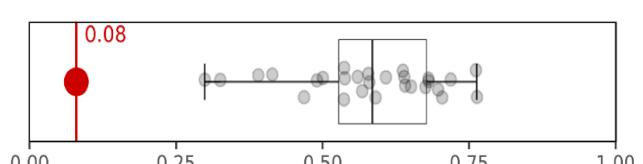
S-RMS1

ASPS



203939360069_R04C01 (red) reference cases (grey)

RMS_EMB



203939360069_R04C01 (red) reference cases (grey)

Figure S4: Box-and-whisker plots depicting the first and the second highest raw classification scores (red dot) of the tumor samples and cell line in the indicated methylation classes according to Sarcoma Classifier v12.2 (<https://www.molecularneuropathology.org/mnp/classifier/9>). Grey dots represent the reference cases in the methylation class. ALMO_MPC angioleiomyoma / myopericytoma; ASPS alveolar soft part sarcoma; RMS_EMB rhabdomyosarcoma, embryonal