

Supplementary materials

Pseudocode for the room spraying scenario using the extended Euler method

This piece of pseudo code, which is based on Mathematica®, is only for the clarification of the basic ideas and is restricted to a binary mixture ($N_c = 2$). The algorithm starts with the definition of input parameters and corresponding functions and relations. The functions $f_1, f_2, f_3, f_4, f_5, f_6, f_7, f_8, f_9, f_{10}, f_{11}, f_{12}, f_{13}$ are defined according to equations 1, 22, 23, 19, 20, 15, 15, 27, 27, 25, 25, 3, 3 for both components. The functions for the activity coefficients $\gamma_1; \gamma_2$ must be specified depending on the corresponding substances. The initial values for the airborne concentrations are $A_i(0), C_i(0)$ (that is, $t_k = 0$) and the other model input parameters must be defined as well.

Discretizing the involved variables is achieved using Mathematica® lists. Please note that the indices k, l, ds are depicted in square brackets. The iteration algorithm is implemented by three nested Do loops. The k -loop represents the time discretization, the l -loop the spatial discretization, and the ds -loop runs through the droplet size classes. The symbol $Aev1$ represents the sum of vapour emission from the aerosol and $A1$ the sum of aerosol concentration over all release pulses and droplet size classes of component 1 (2 analogue). The symbol $mse1$ represents the sum of the sedimentation flows of component 1 over all release pulses and droplet size classes. The symbol $mF1$ stands for the amount of component 1 on the floor. Finally, the airborne concentrations $A1(t)$ and $C_i(t)$ as discrete functions of time t are obtained by transposing the t_k and $C_i(t_k), A1(t_k)$ lists.

$Nt;; IM;; T;; \beta_i;; t_{app};; t_{expo};; M_i;; V;; Q;;$	(*Defining parameters*)
$R;; C_i(0);; A(0);; \theta;; v_0;; D_0;; p_i^*;; rr;; d_m;; GSD$	
$\Delta t;; \gamma_i;; f_{1-13};;$	(*Defining functions and relations*)
$A[[l, ds]] = \text{Table}[A(0), \{l, 1, Nt\}, \{ds, NC\}];$	
$d[[k]] = \text{Table}[d(0), \{l, 1, Nt\}, \{ds, NC\}];$	
$x_i[[k]] = \text{Table}[x(0), \{l, 1, Nt\}, \{ds, NC\}];$	
$Aev1 [[l, ds]] = \text{Table}[0, \{l, 1, Nt\}];$	
$A1 [[k]] = \text{Table}[0, \{k, 1, Nt\}];$	
$A1 [[t]] = \text{Table}[0, \{t, 0, Nt, \Delta t\}];$	
$mse1k [[l, ds]] = \text{Table}[0, \{l, 1, Nt\}];$	
$mF1 [[l, ds]] = \text{Table}[0, \{l, 1, Nt\}];$	
$C_i[[k]] = \text{Table}[C_i(0), \{k, 1, Nt\}];$	
$C_i[[t]] = \text{Table}[C_i(0), \{k, 1, Nt, \Delta t\}];$	
$t[[k]] = \text{Table}[k \cdot \Delta t, \{k, 1, Nt\}];$	
$\text{Do}[A[[l, ds]] = A[[l, ds]] + \Delta t \cdot f1[A[[l, ds]], d[[l, ds]], x_1[[l, ds]], C_1[[k]], C_2[[k]]];$	
$d[[l, ds]] = d[[l, ds]] + \Delta t \cdot f2[d[[l, ds]], x_1[[l, ds]], C_1[[k]], C_2[[k]]];$	
$x_1[[l, ds]] = x_1[[l, ds]] + \Delta t \cdot f3[d[[l, ds]], x_1[[l, ds]], C_1[[k]], C_2[[k]]];$	
$Aev1[[k]] = Aev1[[k]] + f4[A[[l, ds]], d[[l, ds]], x_1[[l, ds]], C_2[[k]]];$	
$Aev2[[k]] = Aev2[[k]] + f5[A[[l, ds]], d[[l, ds]], x_1[[l, ds]], C_2[[k]]];$	
$A1[[k]] = A1[[k]] + A[[l, ds]] \frac{M_1 \cdot x_1[[l, ds]]}{M_2 + M_1 \cdot x_1[[l, ds]] - M_2 \cdot x_1[[l, ds]]}$	(*Iteration by three nested Do loops*)

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$$A2[[k]] = A2[[k]] + A[[l, ds]] \frac{M_2 - M_2 \cdot x_1[[l, ds]]}{M_2 + M_1 \cdot x_1[[l, ds]] - M_2 \cdot x_1[[l, ds]]}$$


$$msed1[[k]] = msed1[[k]] + f6[A[[l, ds]], d[[l, ds]], x_1[[l, ds]]];$$


$$msed2[[k]] = msed2[[k]] + f7[A[[l, ds]], d[[l, ds]], x_1[[l, ds]]];$$


$$mF1[[k + 1]] = mF1[[k]] + \Delta t \cdot f8[msed1[[k]], mF1[[k]], mF2[[k]], C_1[[k]]];$$


$$mF2[[k + 1]] = mF2[[k]] + \Delta t \cdot f9[msed2[[k]], mF2[[k]], mF2[[k]], C_2[[k]]];$$


$$\text{If } [mF1[[k]] > 0, mevF1[[k]] = f10[mF1[[k]], mF2[[k]], C_1[[k]]], mevF1[[k]] = msed1[[k]]];$$


$$\text{If } [mF2[[k]] > 0, mevF2[[k]] = f11[mF1[[k]], mF2[[k]], C_2[[k]]], mevF2[[k]] = msed2[[k]]];$$


$$C_1[[k + 1]] = C_1[[k]] + \Delta t \cdot f12[C_1[[k]], Aev1[[k]], mevF1[[k]]];$$


$$C_2[[k + 1]] = C_2[[k]] + \Delta t \cdot f13[C_2[[k]], Aev2[[k]], mevF2[[k]]];$$


$$\{k, 1, \text{Nt}\}, \{l, 1, k\}, \{\text{ds}, 1, N_c\};$$


$$C_1[[t]] = \text{Transpose}[t[[k]], C_1[[k]]];$$


$$C_2[[t]] = \text{Transpose}[t[[k]], C_2[[k]]];$$


$$A1[[t]] = \text{Transpose}[t[[k]], A1[[k]]];$$


$$A2[[t]] = \text{Transpose}[t[[k]], A2[[k]]];$$


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(*Obtaining C_1 , C_2 , A_1 , A_2
as a function of time*)