

SUPPLEMENTARY MATERIALS

Table S1. Descriptive statistics ($N = 954$)

Variable	Range	M	SD	Median	Skewness	Kurtosis
Instagram addiction	6-30	16.43	6.41	16	0.23	-0.88
Life satisfaction	5-35	20.71	6.74	21	-0.24	-0.65
Loneliness general	0-11	5.65	3.52	6	-0.04	-1.26
Emotional loneliness	0-6	3.26	2.09	3	-0.15	-1.32
Social loneliness	0-5	2.39	1.78	2	0.10	-1.35

Table S2. Model A validity measures for Instagram addiction, life satisfaction, and general loneliness ($N = 954$)

Variable	α	CR	AVE	MSV	Correlations r			HTMT	
					1	2	3	1	2
1. Instagram addiction	0.865	0.860	0.509	0.030	0.713				
2. Life satisfaction	0.882	0.888	0.615	0.249	-0.157***	0.784			0.000
3. Loneliness general	0.867	0.898	0.815	0.249	0.172***	-0.499***	0.903	0.154	0.000

Note. α = Cronbach's α , CR = composite reliability, AVE = average variance extracted, MSV = maximum shared variance, HTMT = heterotrait-monotrait, numbers in bold are the square root of the AVE. *** $p < 0.001$

Table S3. Model B validity measures for Instagram addiction, life satisfaction, emotional loneliness, and social loneliness ($N = 954$)

Variable	α	CR	AVE	MSV	Correlations r				HTMT		
					1	2	3	4	1	2	3
1. Instagram addiction	0.865	0.860	0.509	0.038	0.713						
2. Life satisfaction	0.882	0.888	0.615	0.232	-0.157***	0.784					0.000
3. Emotional loneliness	0.798	0.799	0.400	0.656	0.195***	-0.481***	0.633		0.196	0.000	
4. Social loneliness	0.790	0.809	0.461	0.656	0.098*	-0.415***	0.810***	0.679	0.090	0.000	0.828

Note. α = Cronbach's α , CR = composite reliability, AVE = average variance extracted, MSV = maximum shared variance, HTMT = heterotrait-monotrait, numbers in bold are the square root of the AVE. * $p < 0.05$, *** $p < 0.001$.

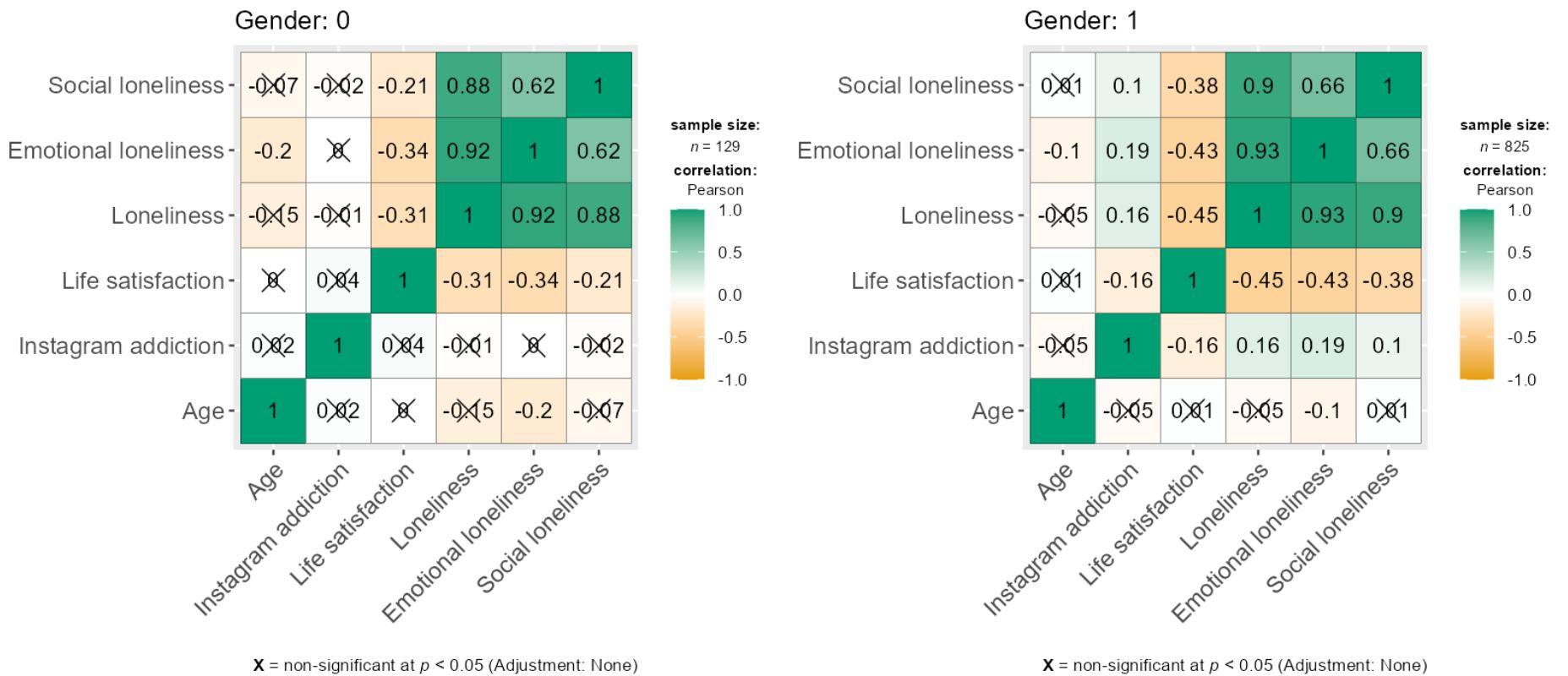


Figure S1. Correlation matrix for gender differences (Men = 0, n = 129; Women = 1, n = 825).