Association among *Helicobacter pylori* Infection, Tooth Loss, and Heavy Medal Exposure in a Chinese Rural Population

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Table S1. Association between *H. pylori* infection and dental problems using multiple linear regression analysis.

	Model 1		**Model 2**	
	β (95%CI)	***p* Value**	**β (95%CI)**	***p* Value**
MT index				
0–10	reference		reference	
11–28	0.032 (−0.235 to 0.299)	0.814	0.033 (−0.240 to 0.360)	0.811
FT index				
0–10	reference		reference	
11–28	0.178 (0.018–0.339)	0.030 *	0.195 (0.030–0.360)	0.021 *
MFT index				
0–10	reference		reference	
11–28	0.160 (0.024–0.295)	0.021 *	0.172 (0.033–0.311)	0.015 *

MT: missing teeth; FT: filled teeth; MFT: missing or filled teeth; CI: confidence interval. Model 1 adjusted with nothing; Model 2 adjusted with BMI, gastric history, cigarette smoking, and alcohol consumption. All data are shown as β Coefficient (95%CI) and were analyzed by using multiple linear regression. * $p < 0.05$.