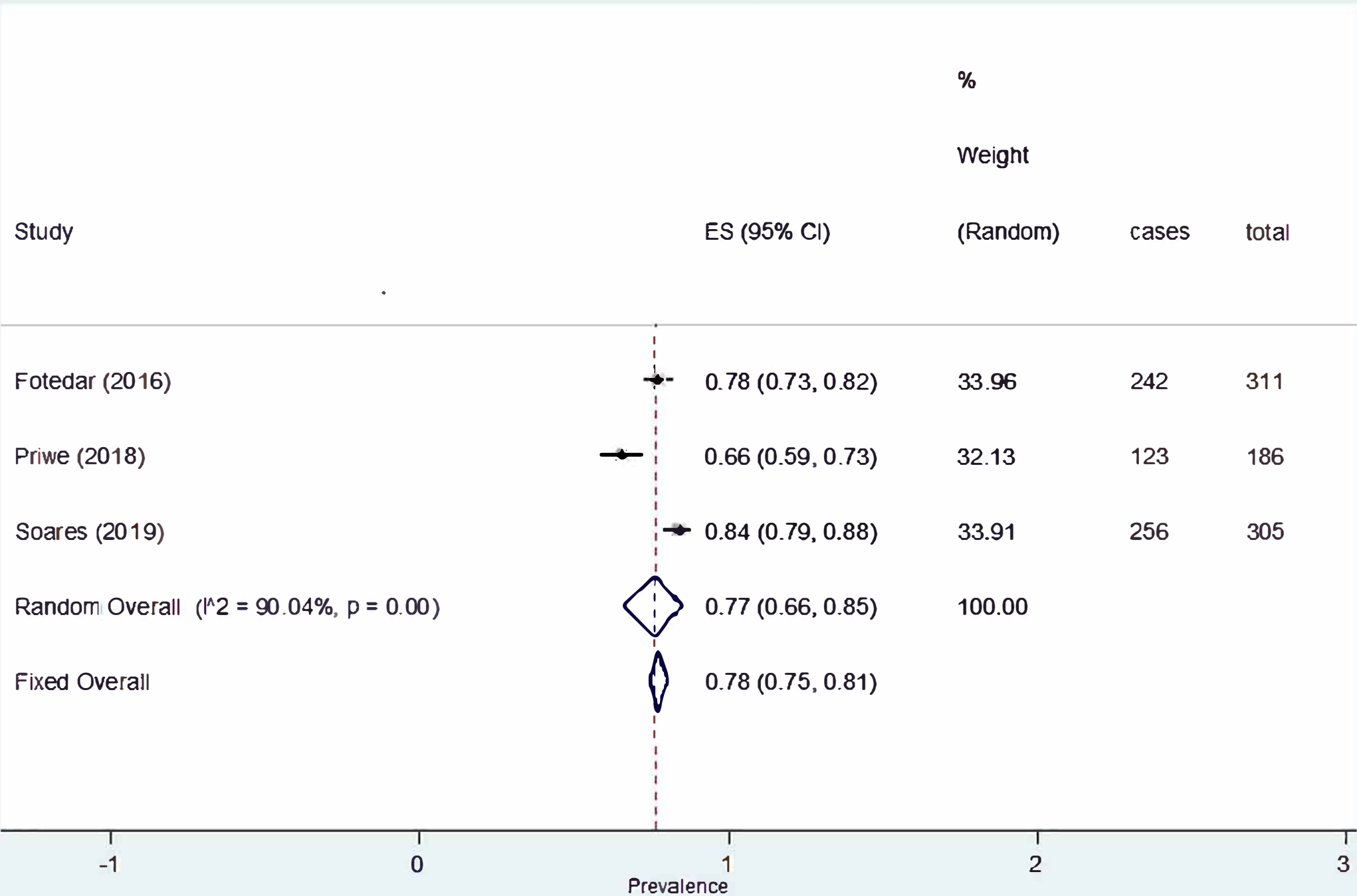
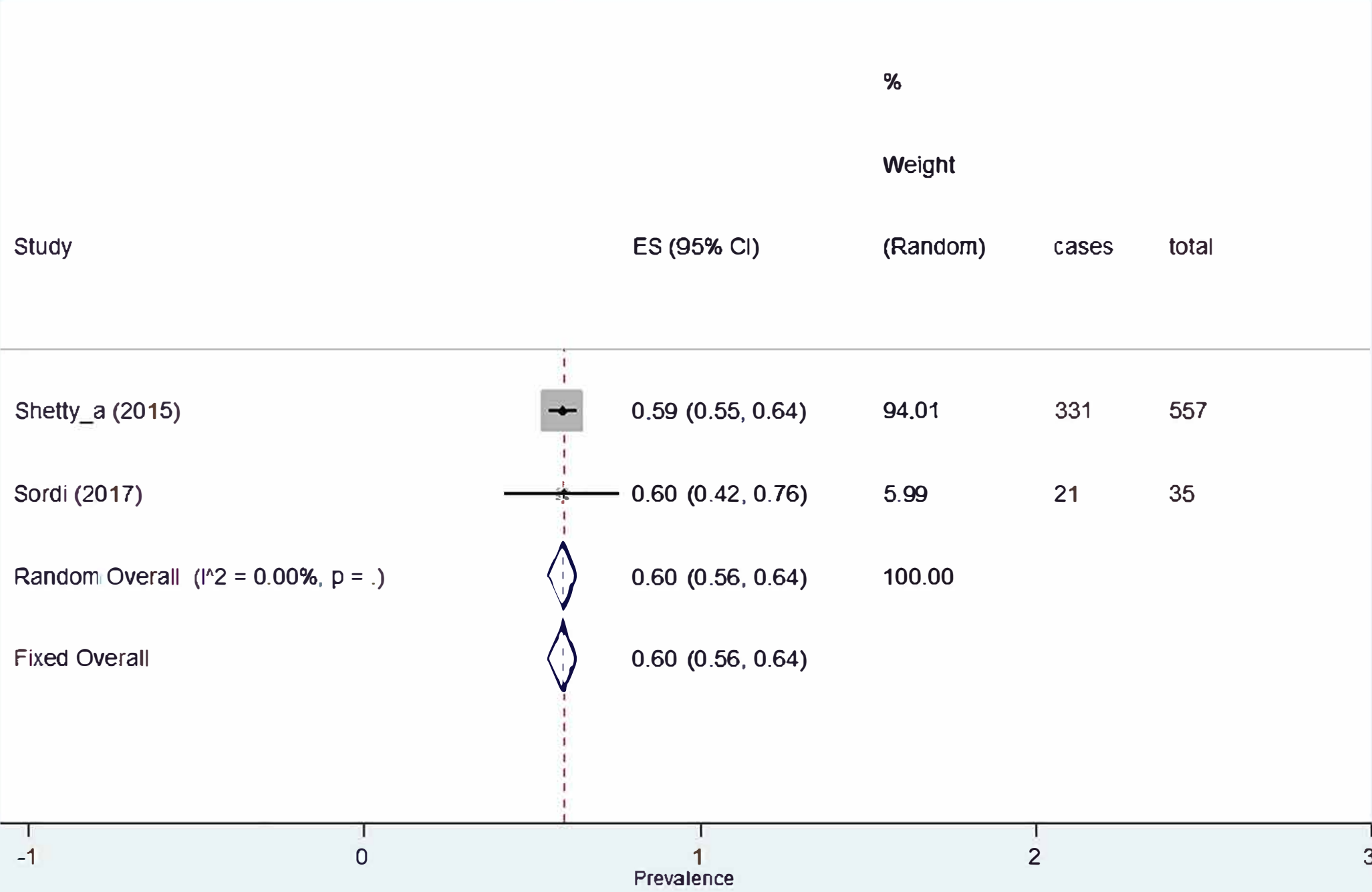


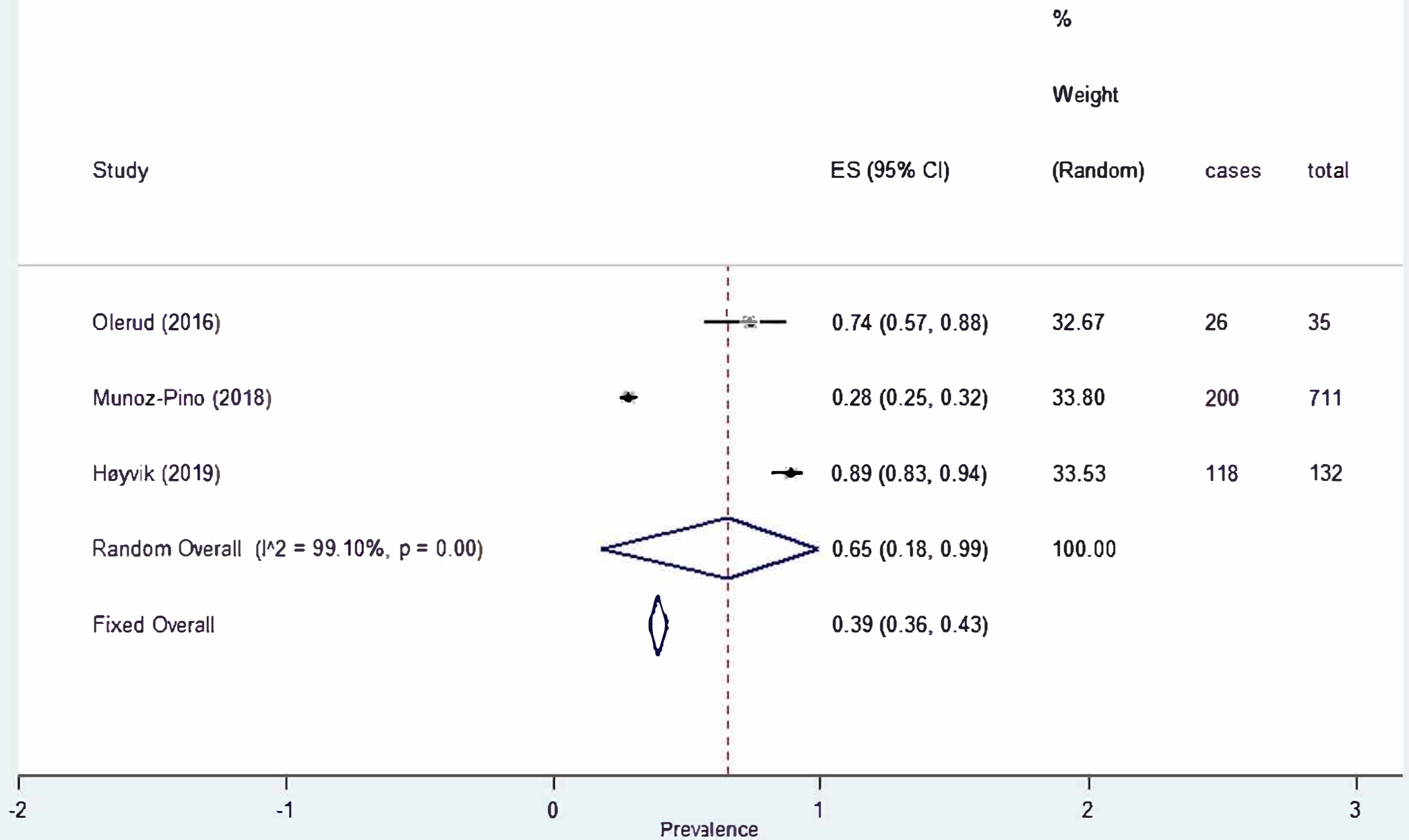
Prisoners and caries prevalence



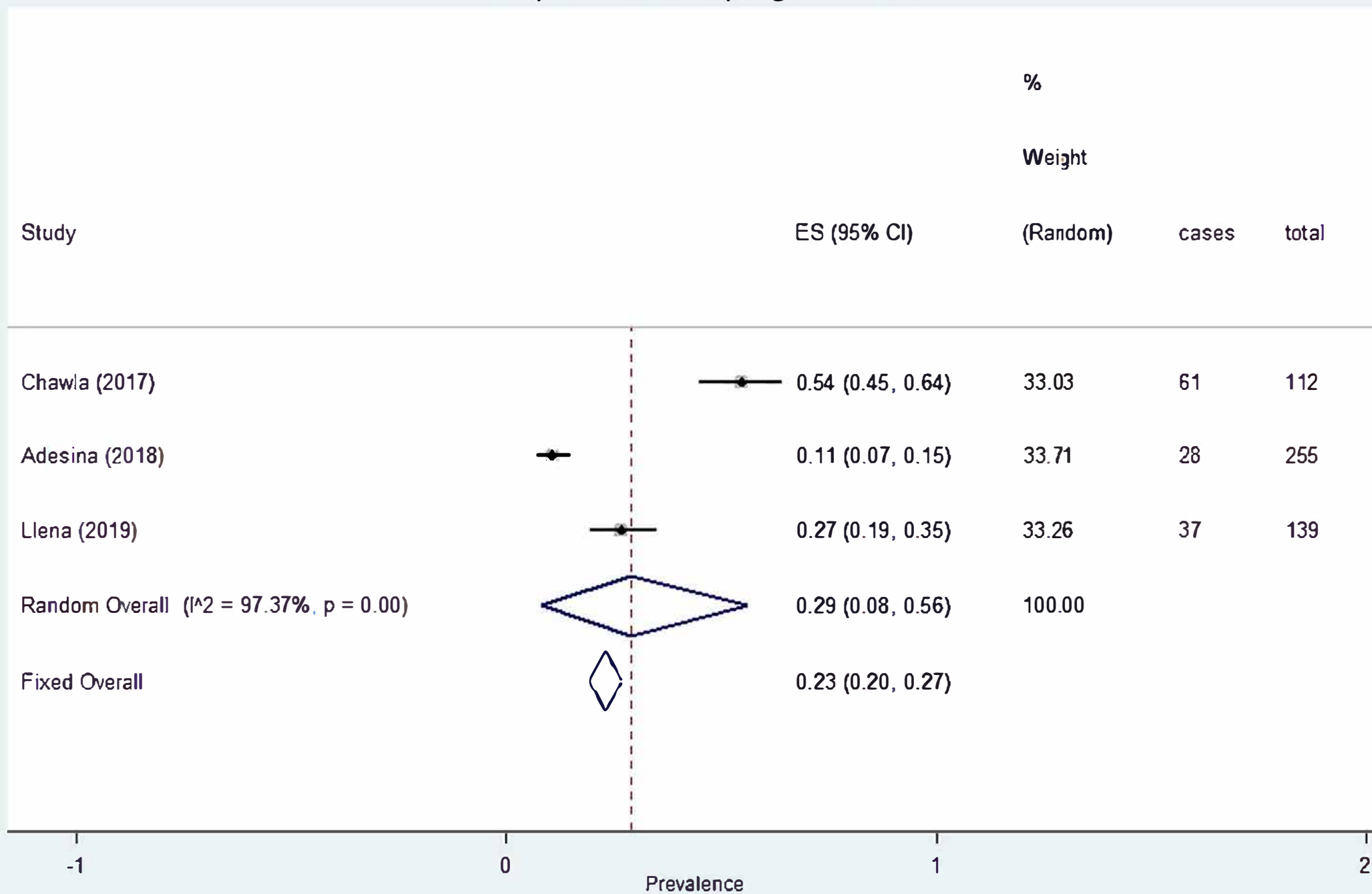
crown caries prevalence AND drug abusers



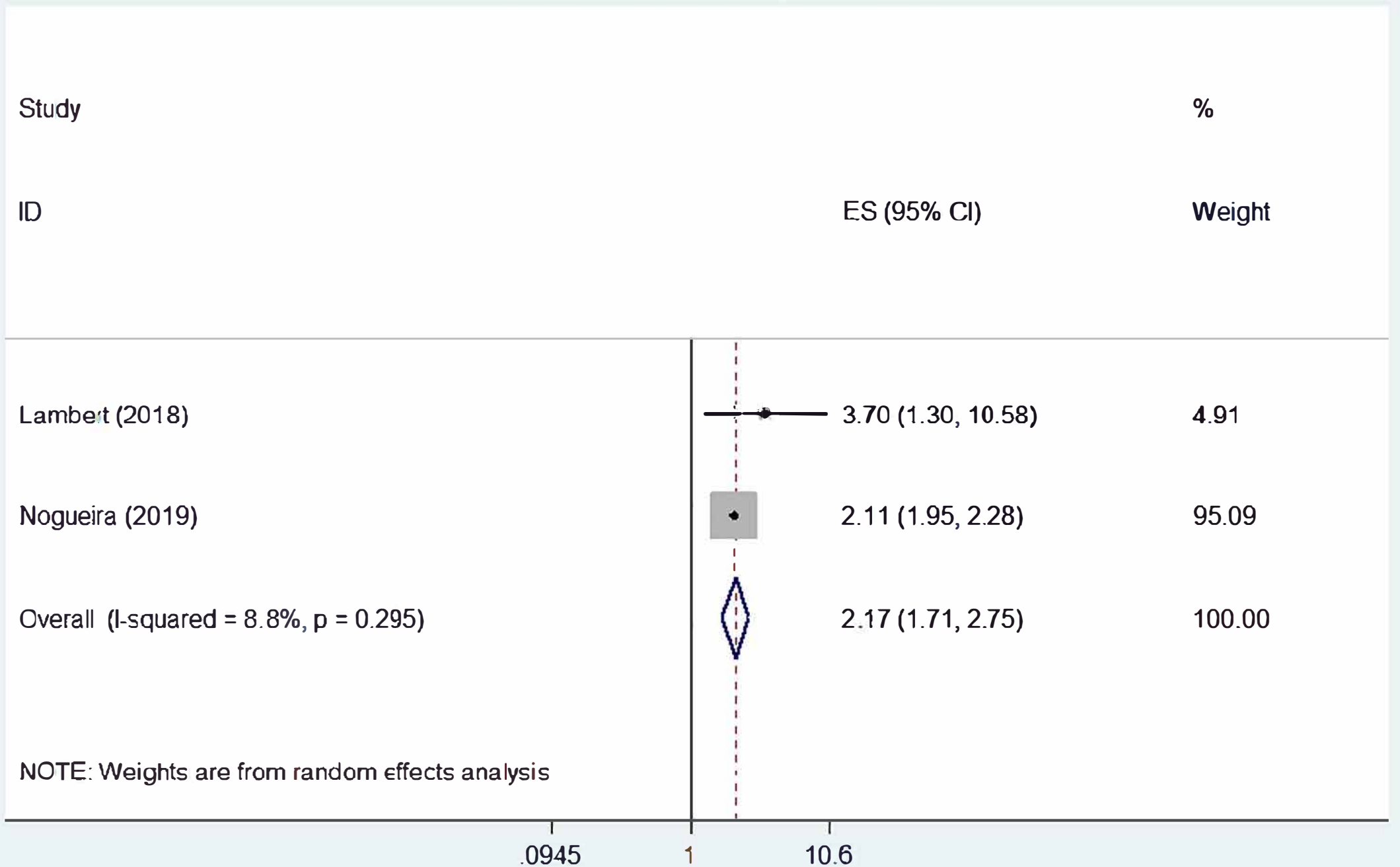
immigrants and caries prevalence



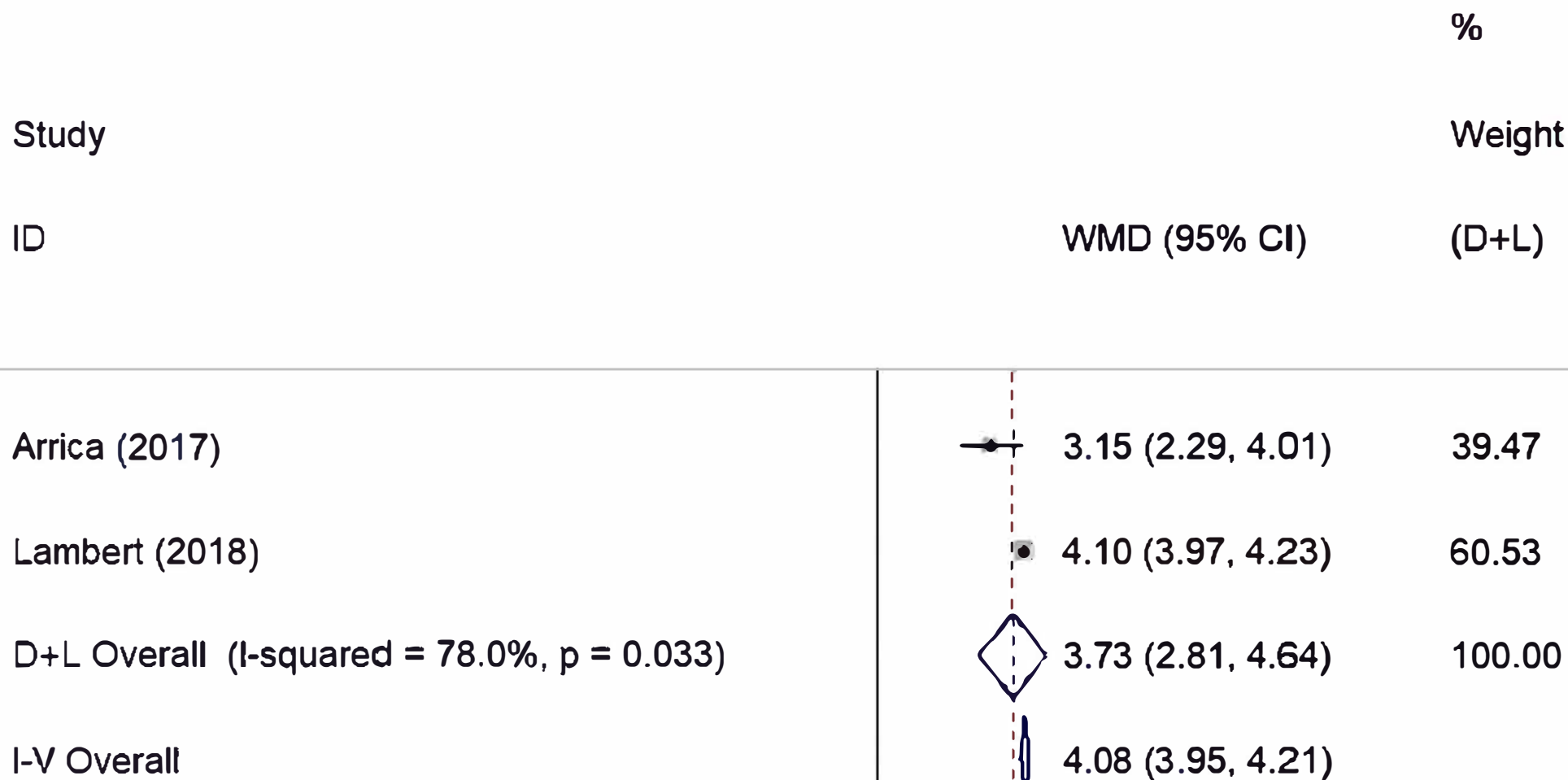
Caries prevalence in pregnant women



Low income and caries prevalence

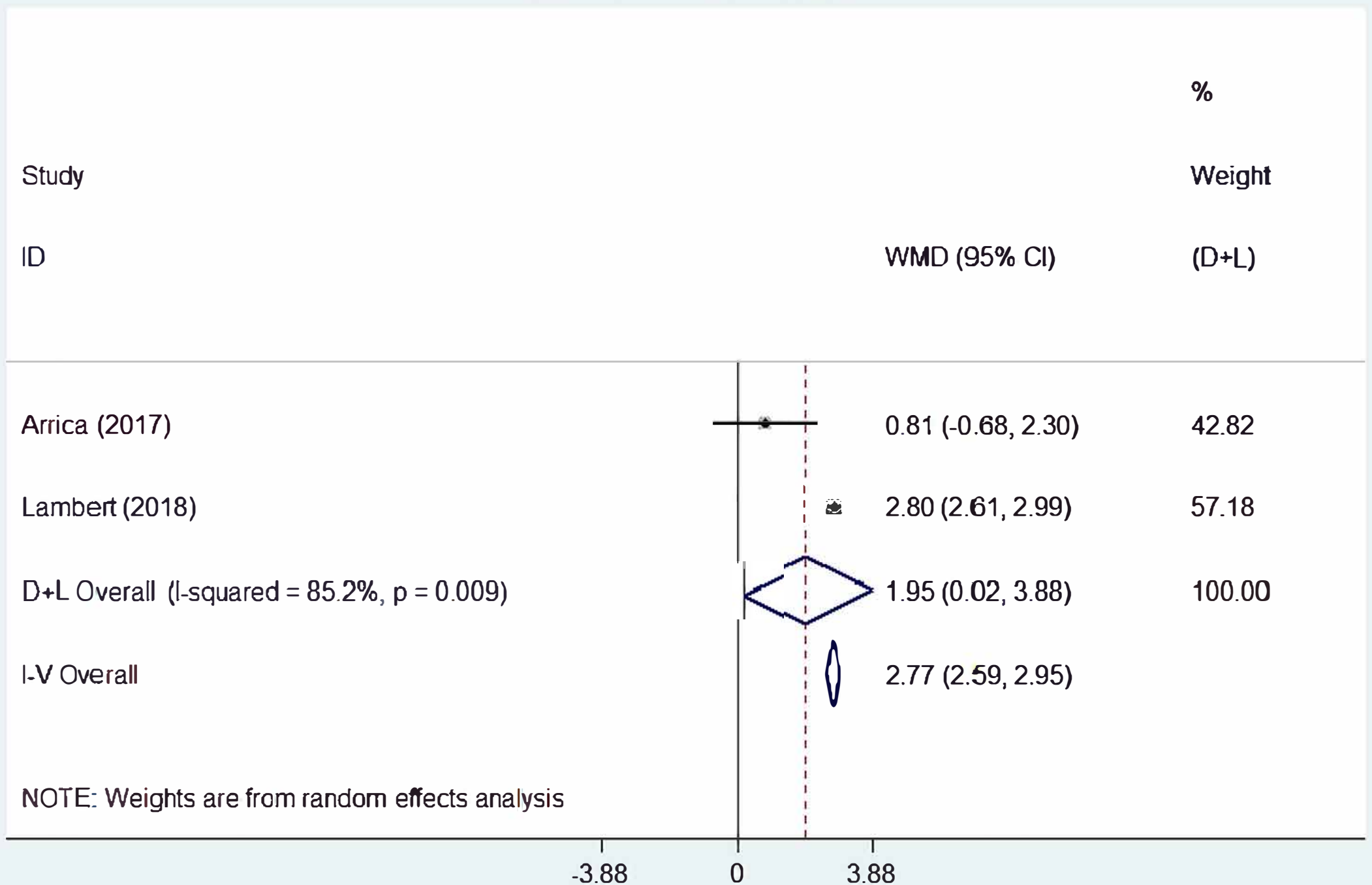


DMFT and low income



NOTE: Weights are from random effects analysis

DMFT and low education



DMFT and income

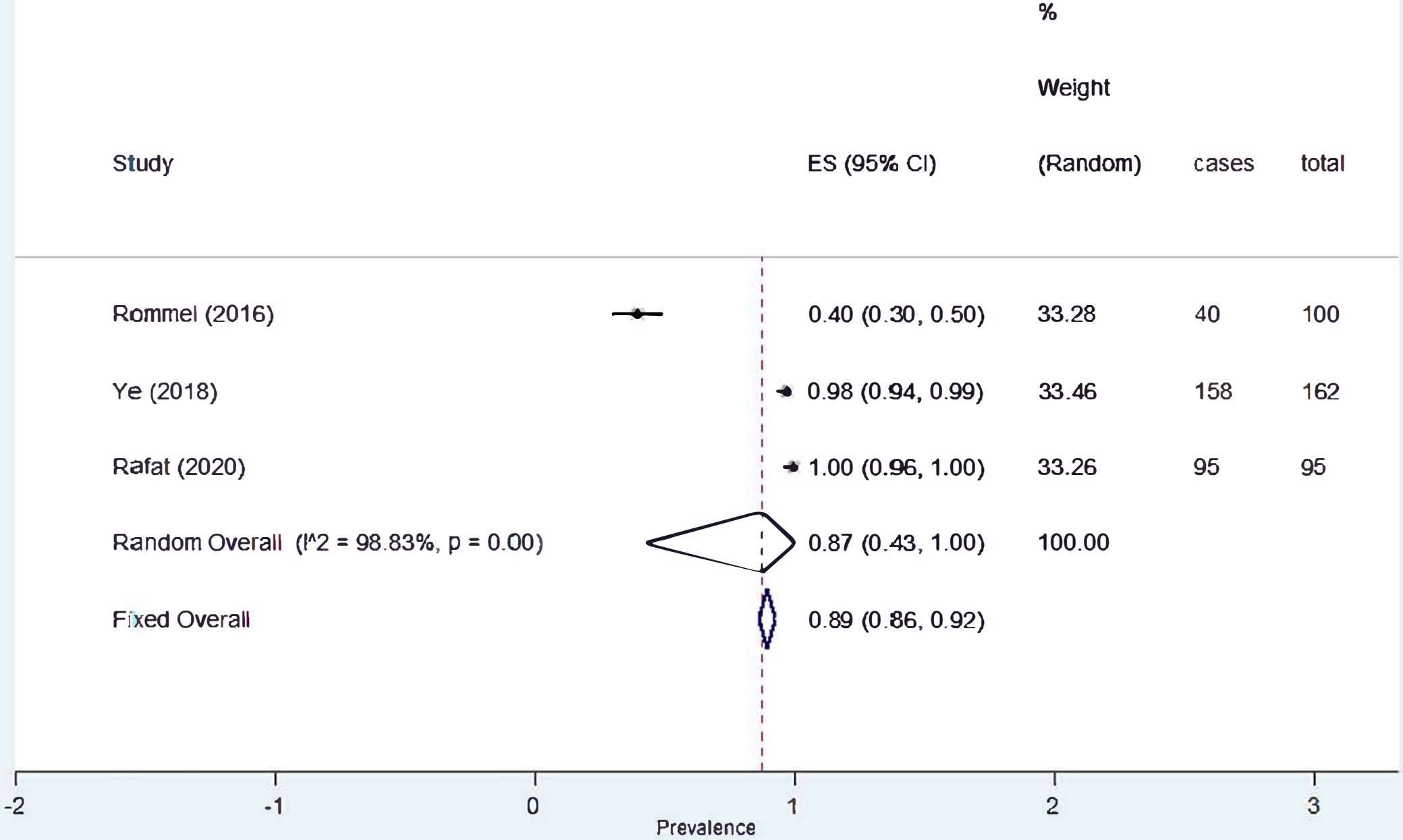
		%	
Study		Weight	
ID	WMD (95% CI)	(D+L)	

Arrica (2017)	3.15 (2.30, 4.00)	2.34
Lambert (2018)	2.80 (2.67, 2.93)	97.66
D+L Overall (I-squared = 0.0%, p = 0.425)	2.81 (2.68, 2.94)	100.00
I-V Overall	2.81 (2.68, 2.94)	

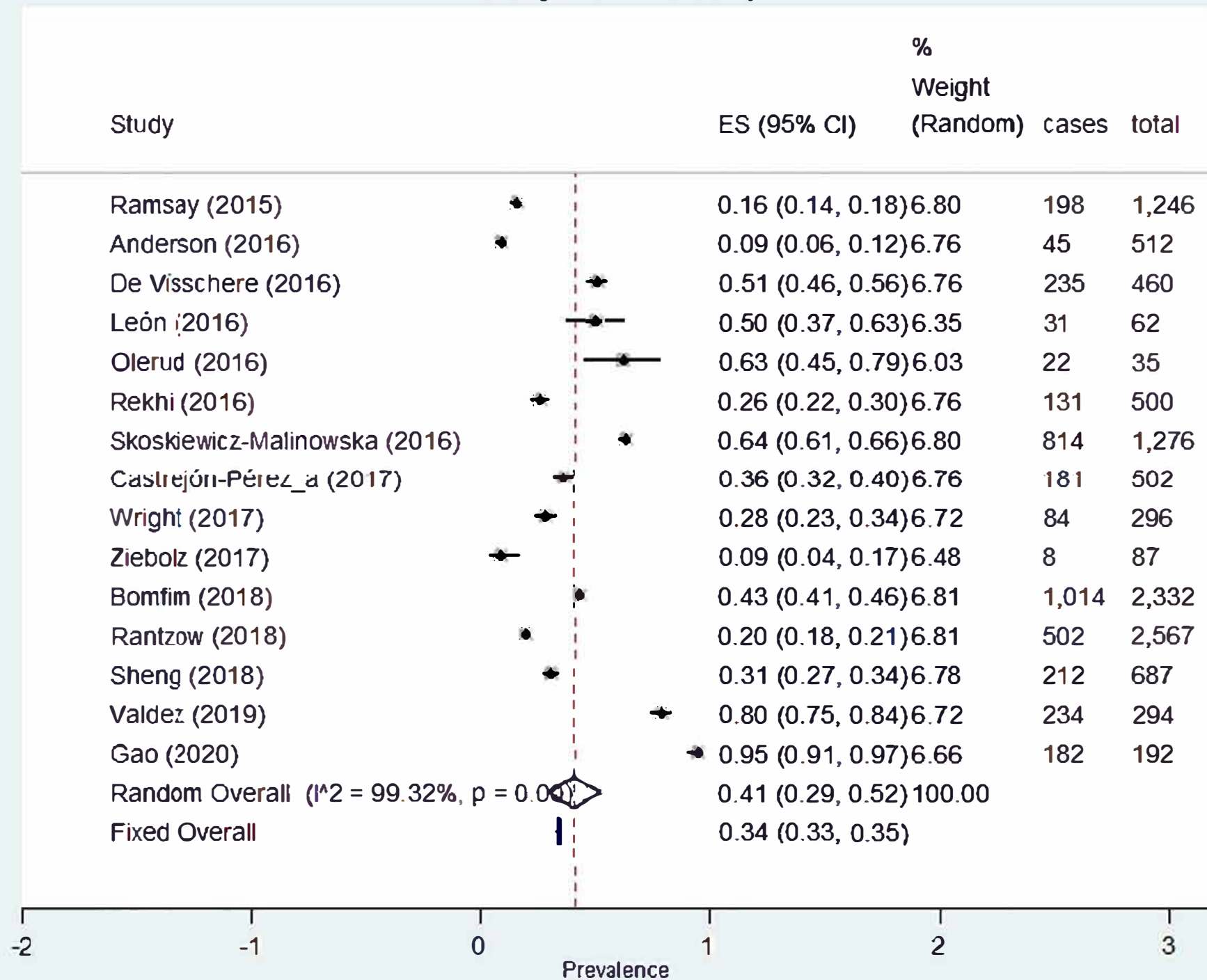
NOTE: Weights are from random effects analysis

-4 0 4

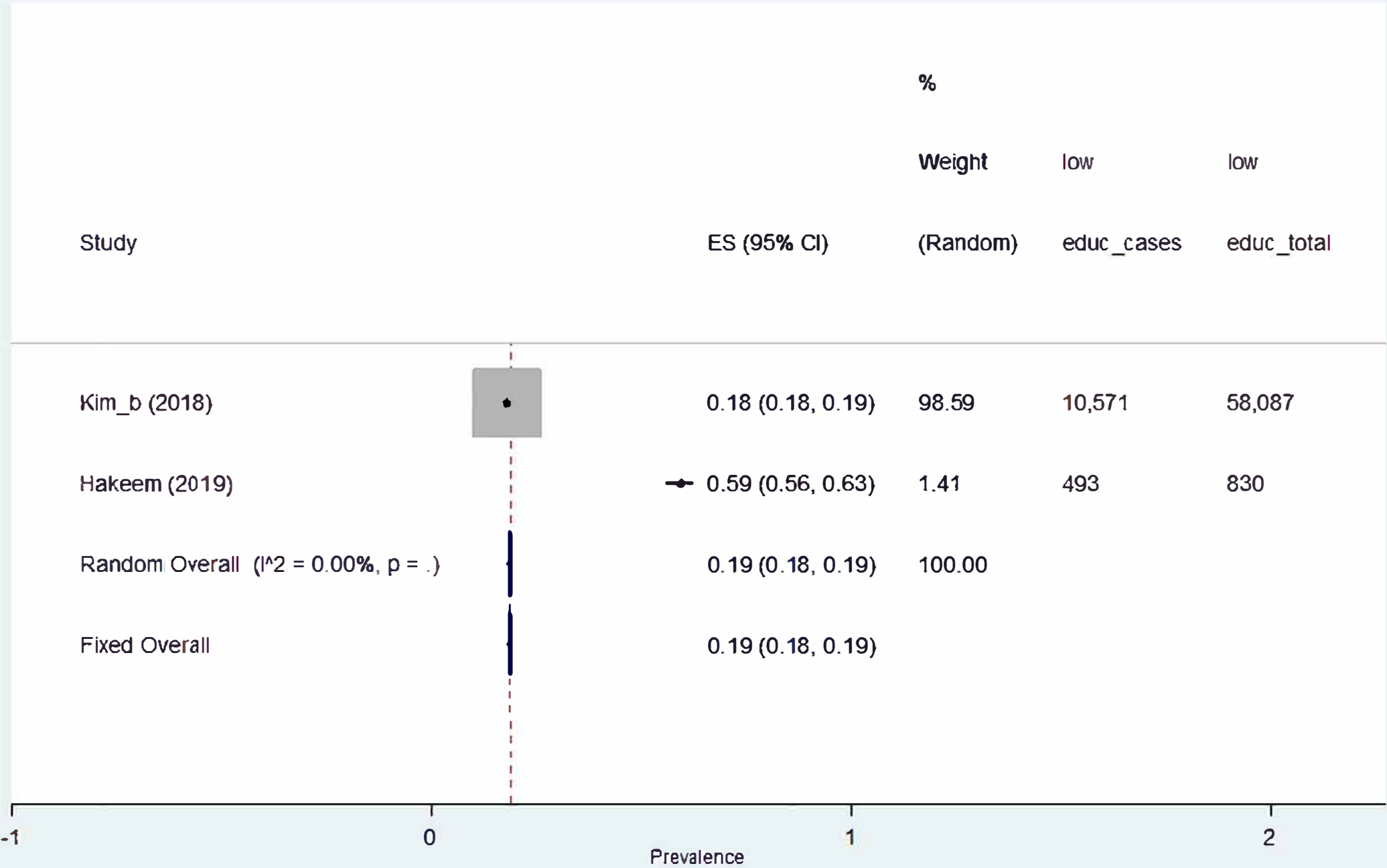
Gingivitis in drug abusers



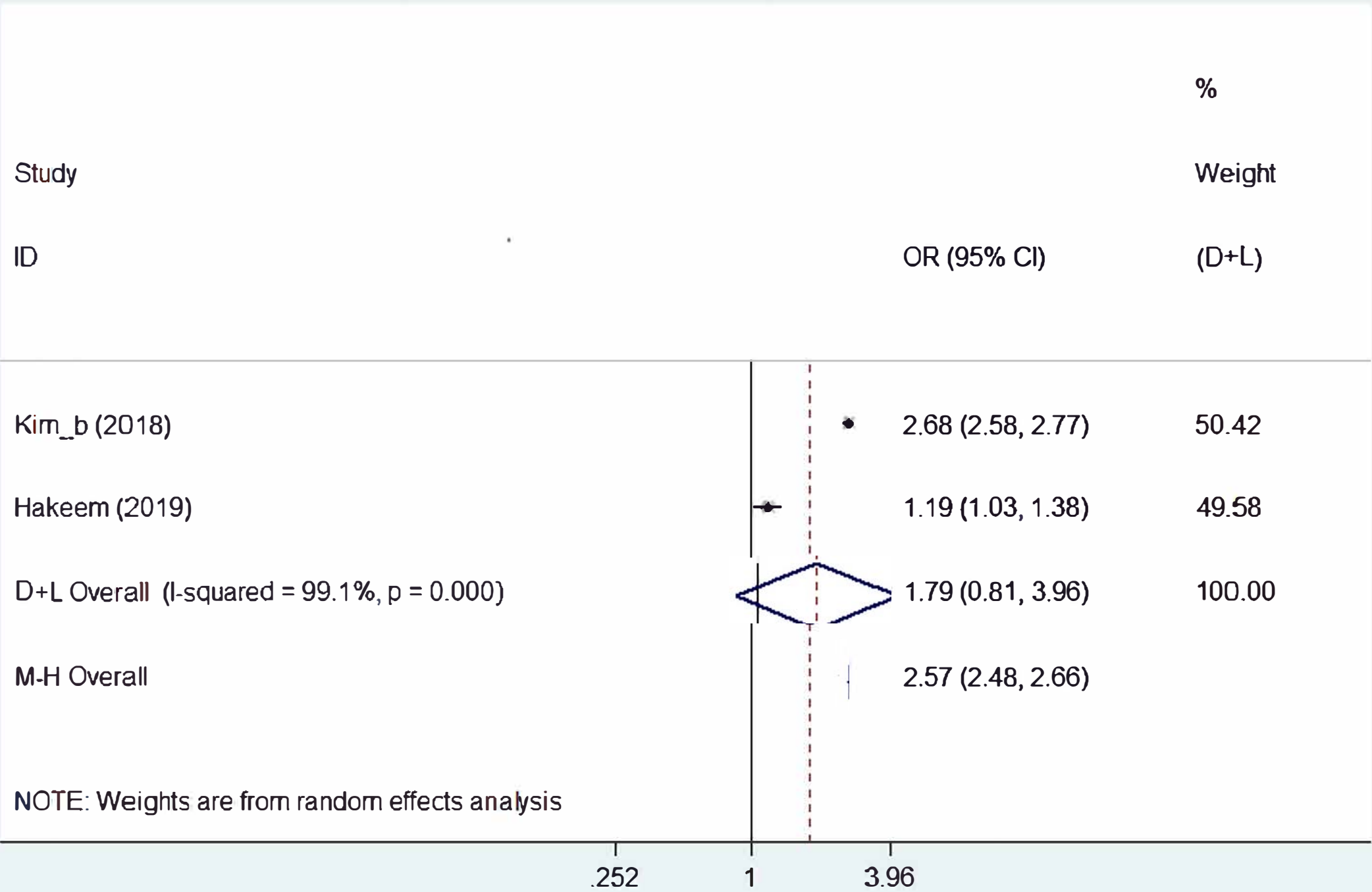
Gingivitis in elderly



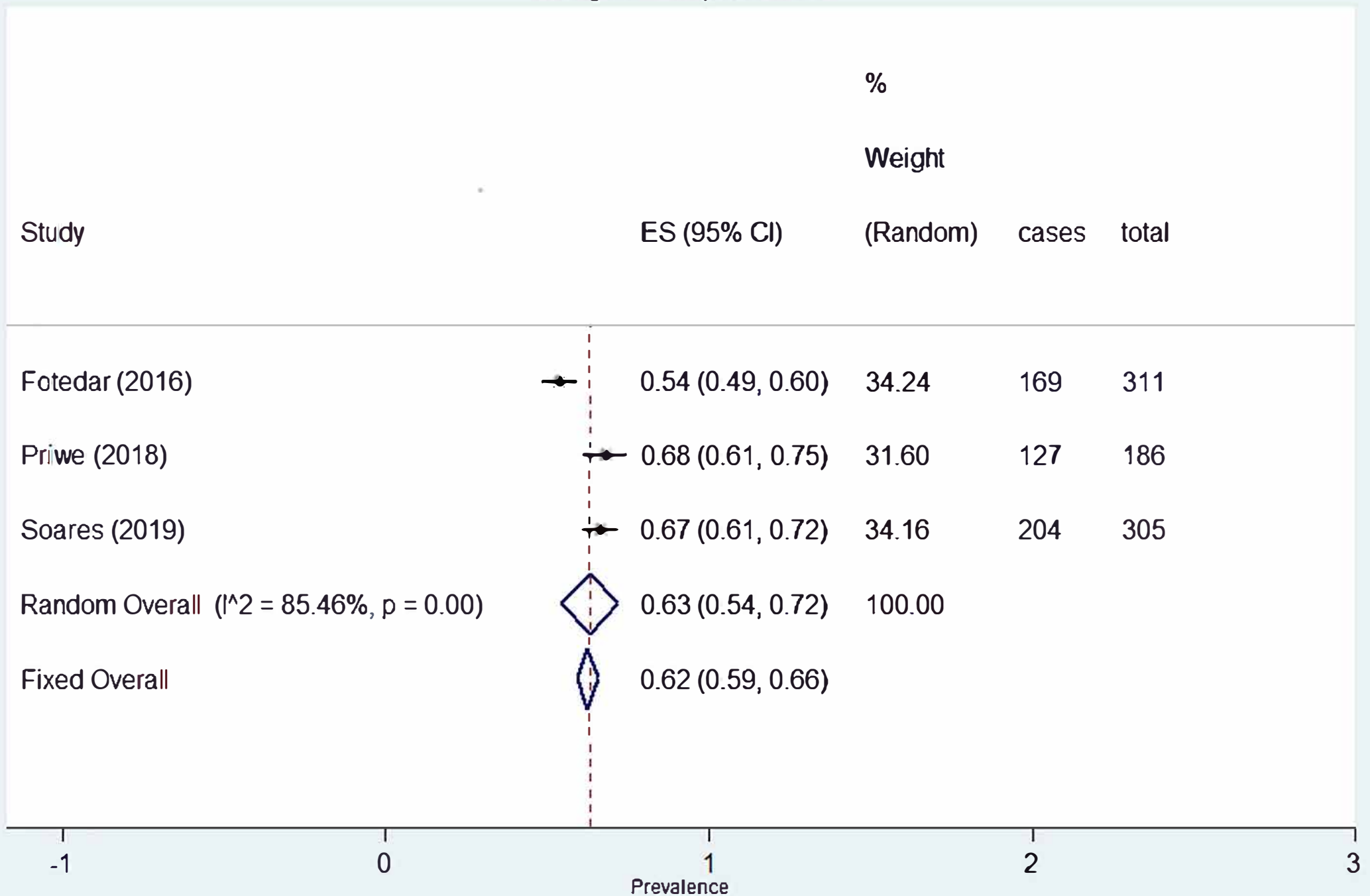
Gingivitis in low-educated people



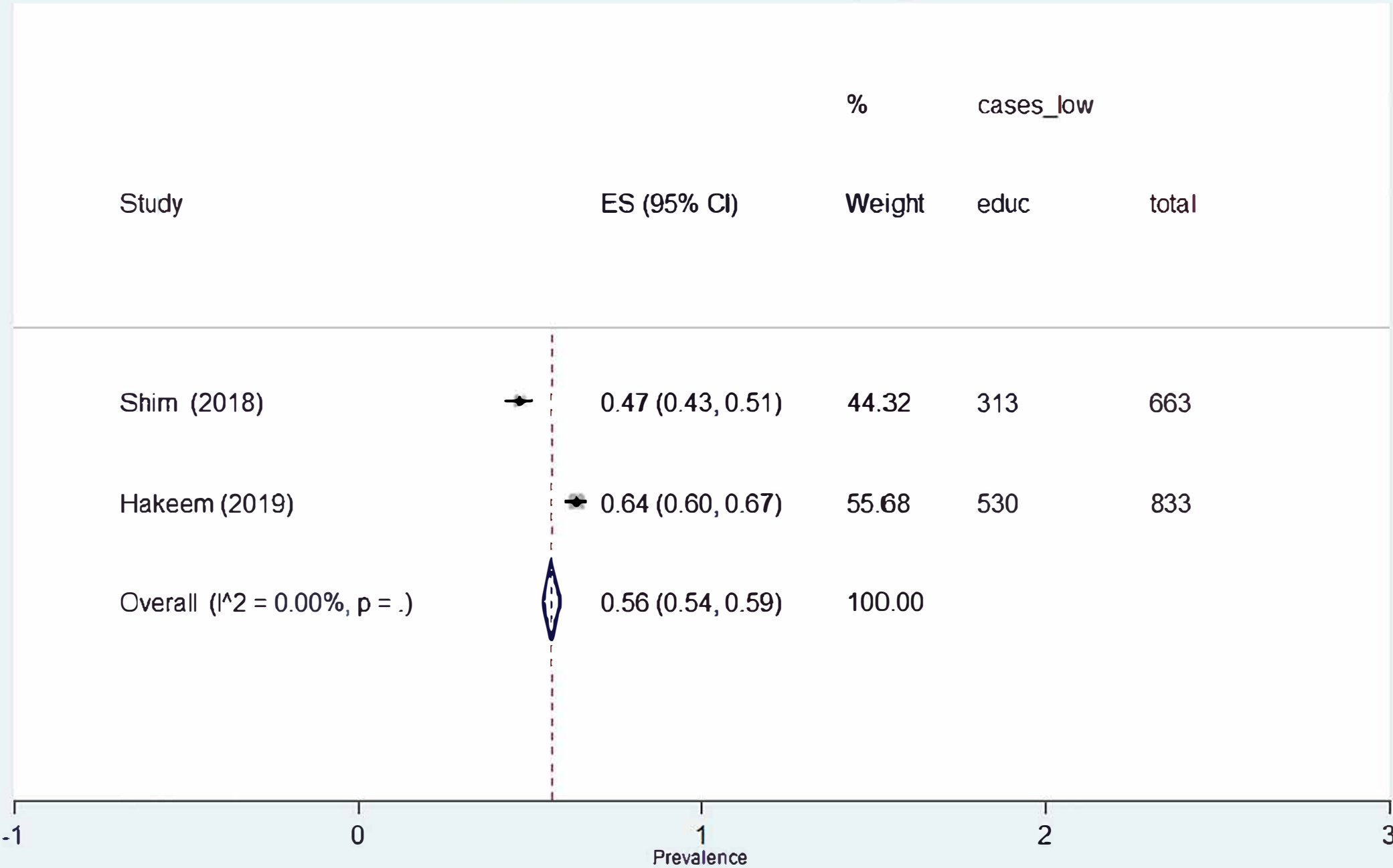
Gingivitis in low-educated vs high-educated people



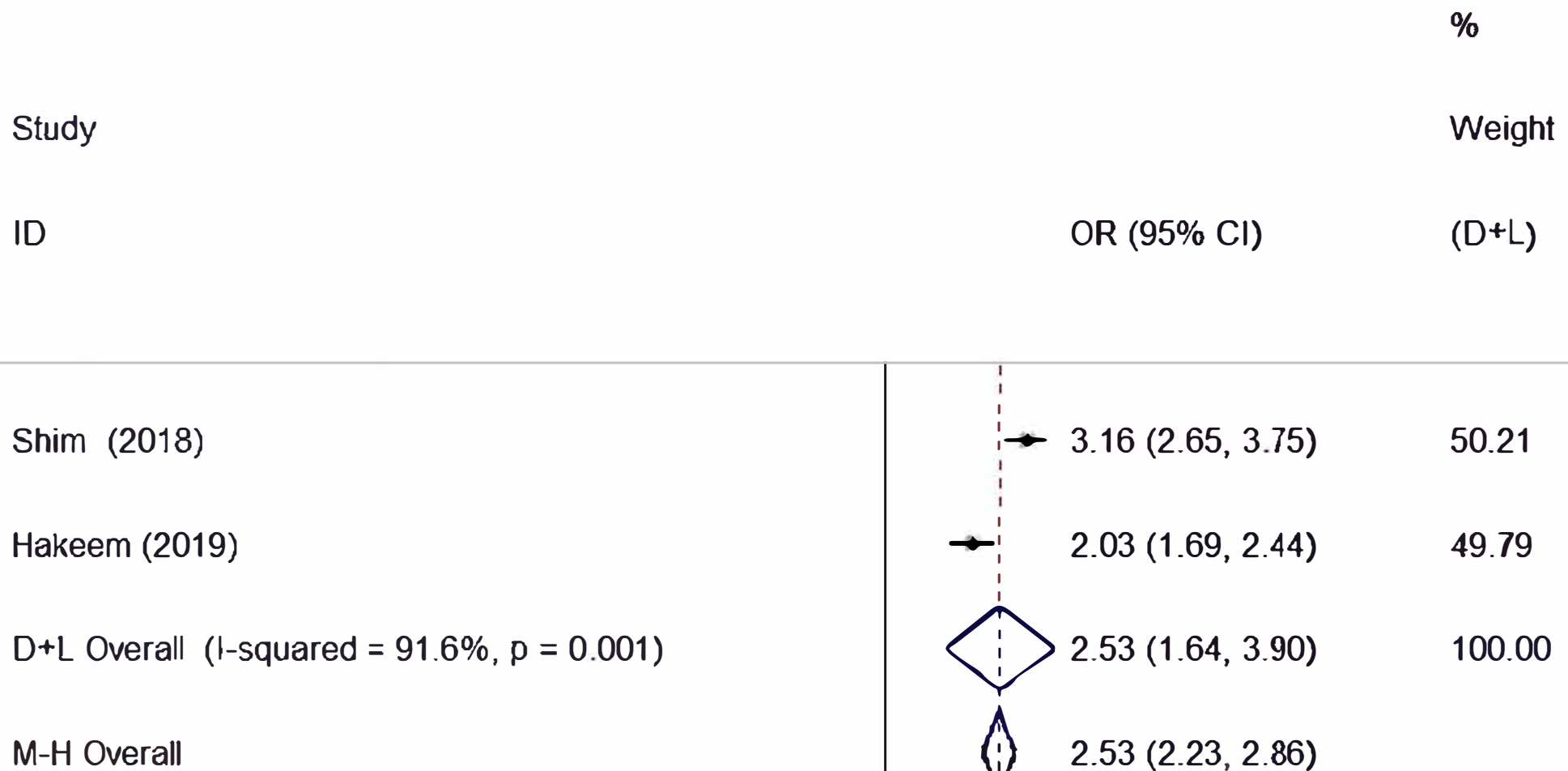
Gingivitis in prisoners



Periodontitis in low-educated people



Periodontitis in low-educated vs high-educated people



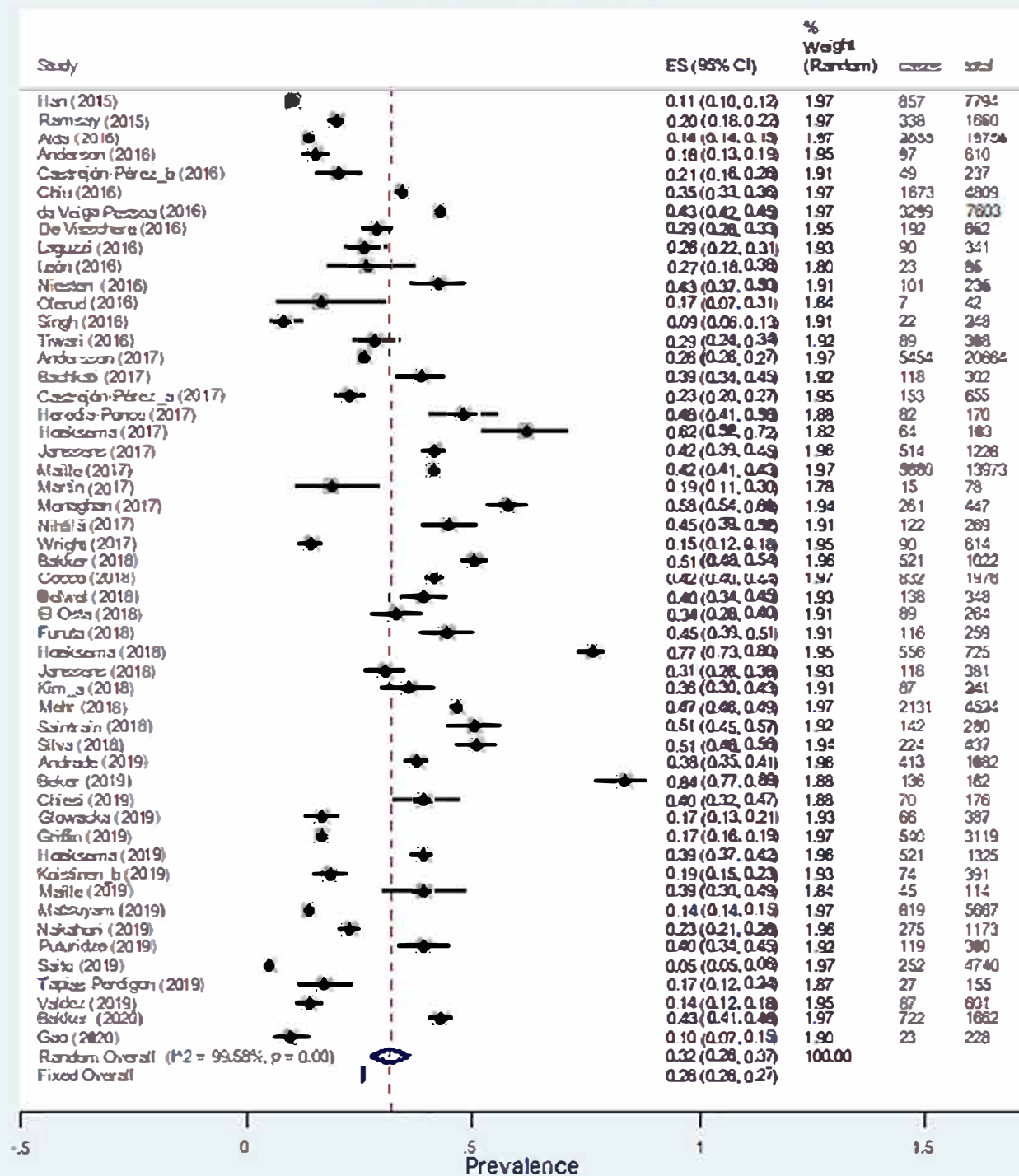
NOTE: Weights are from random effects analysis

.256

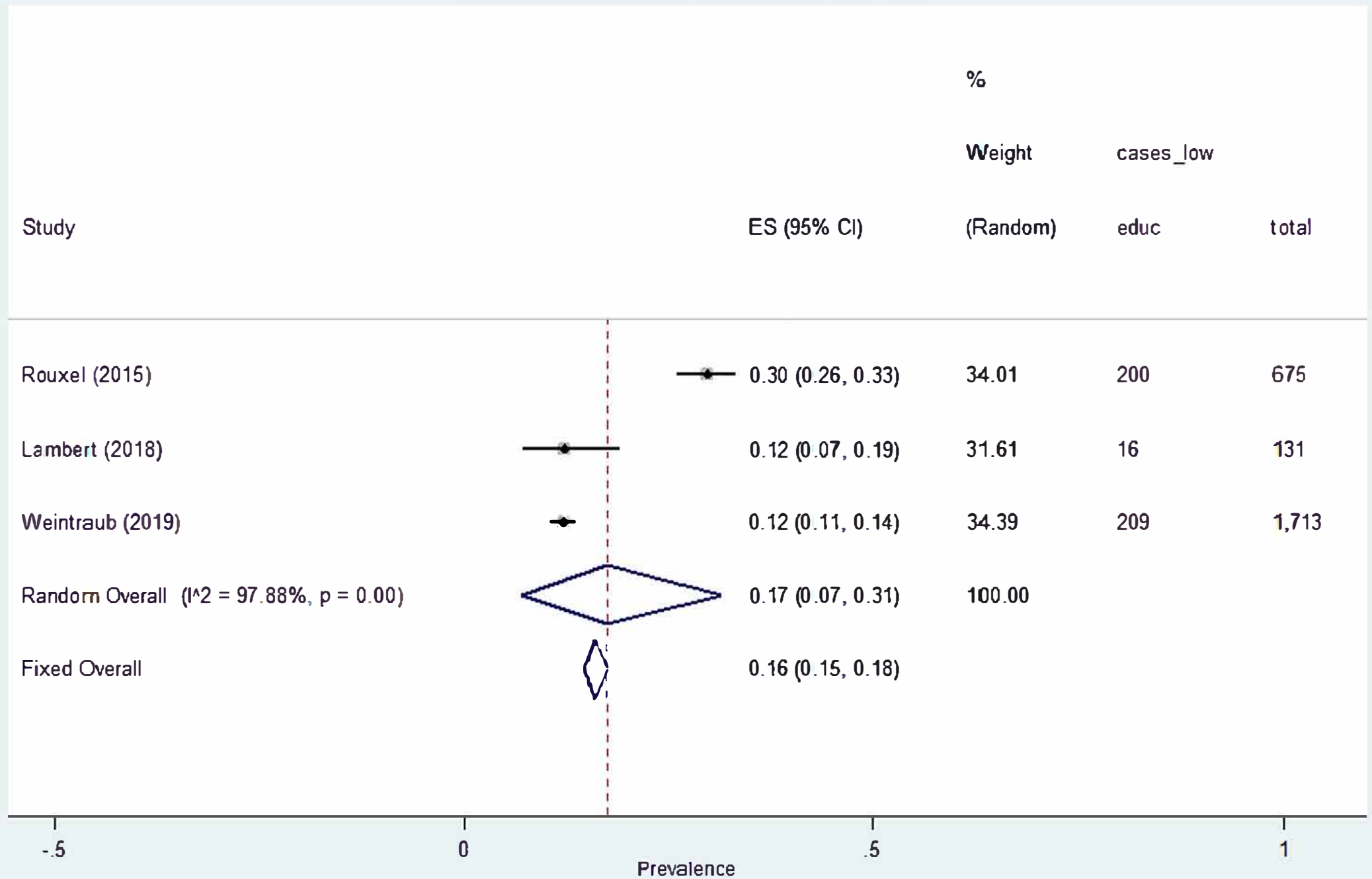
1

3.9

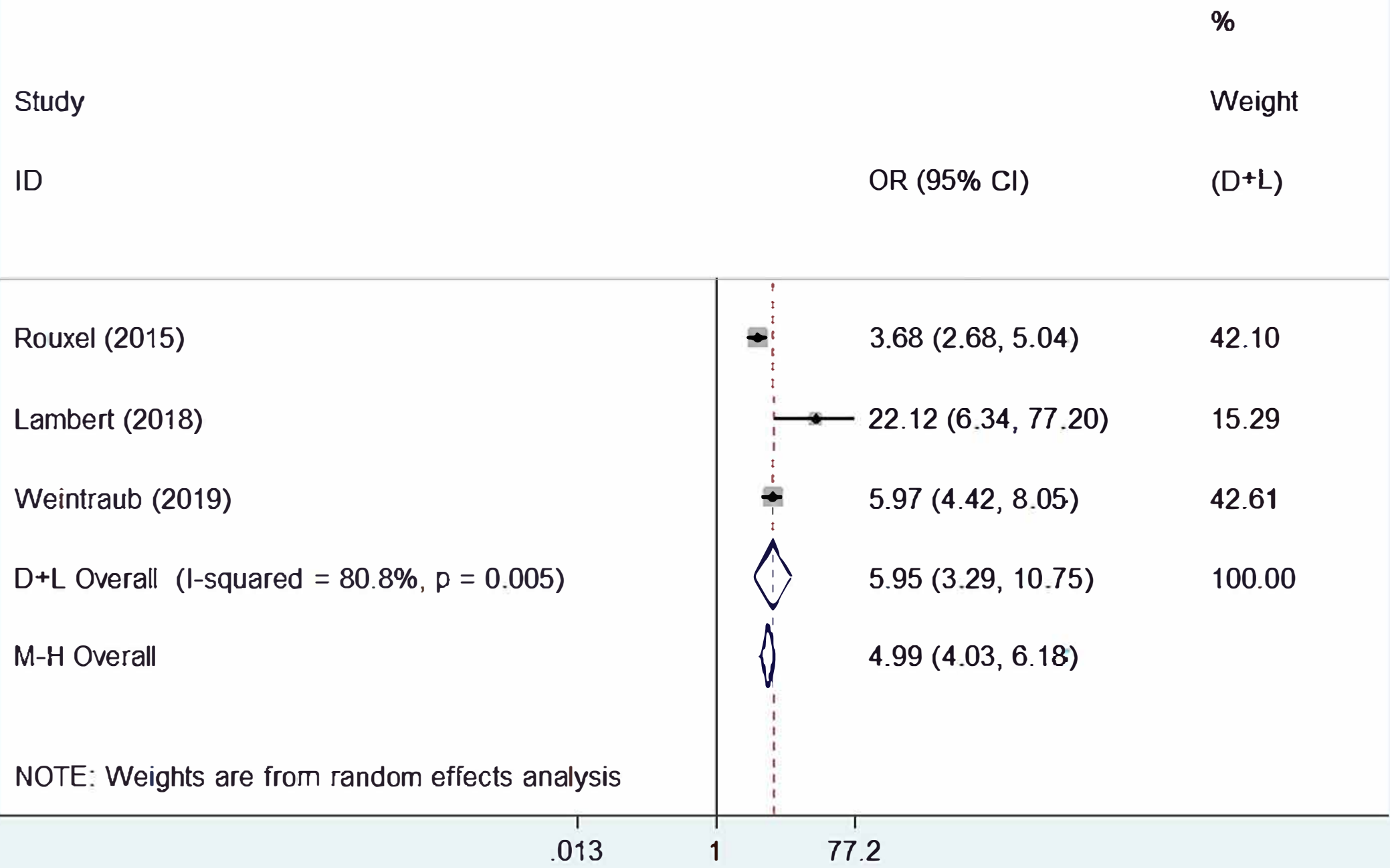
Edentulia in elderly



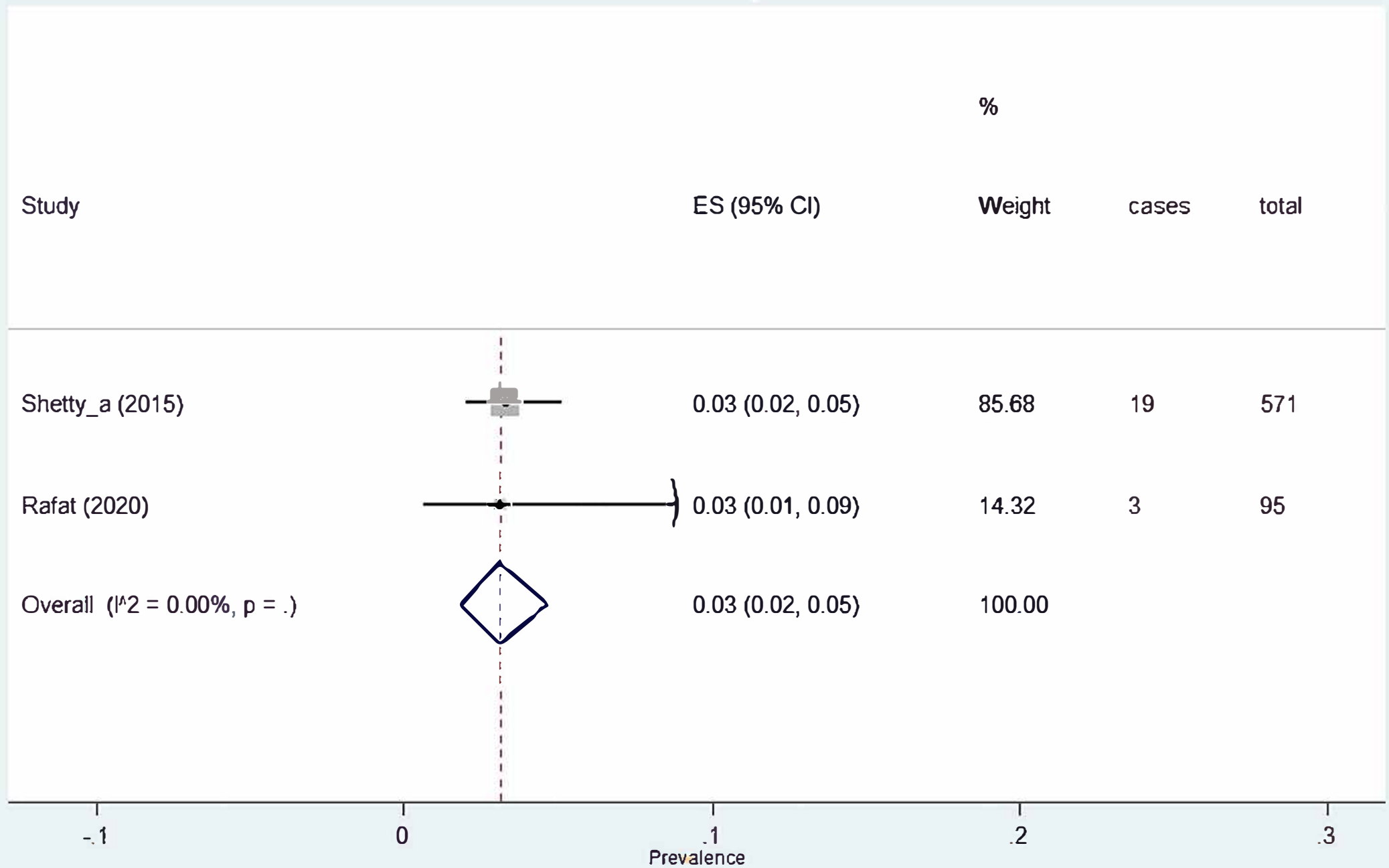
Edentulism in low-educated people



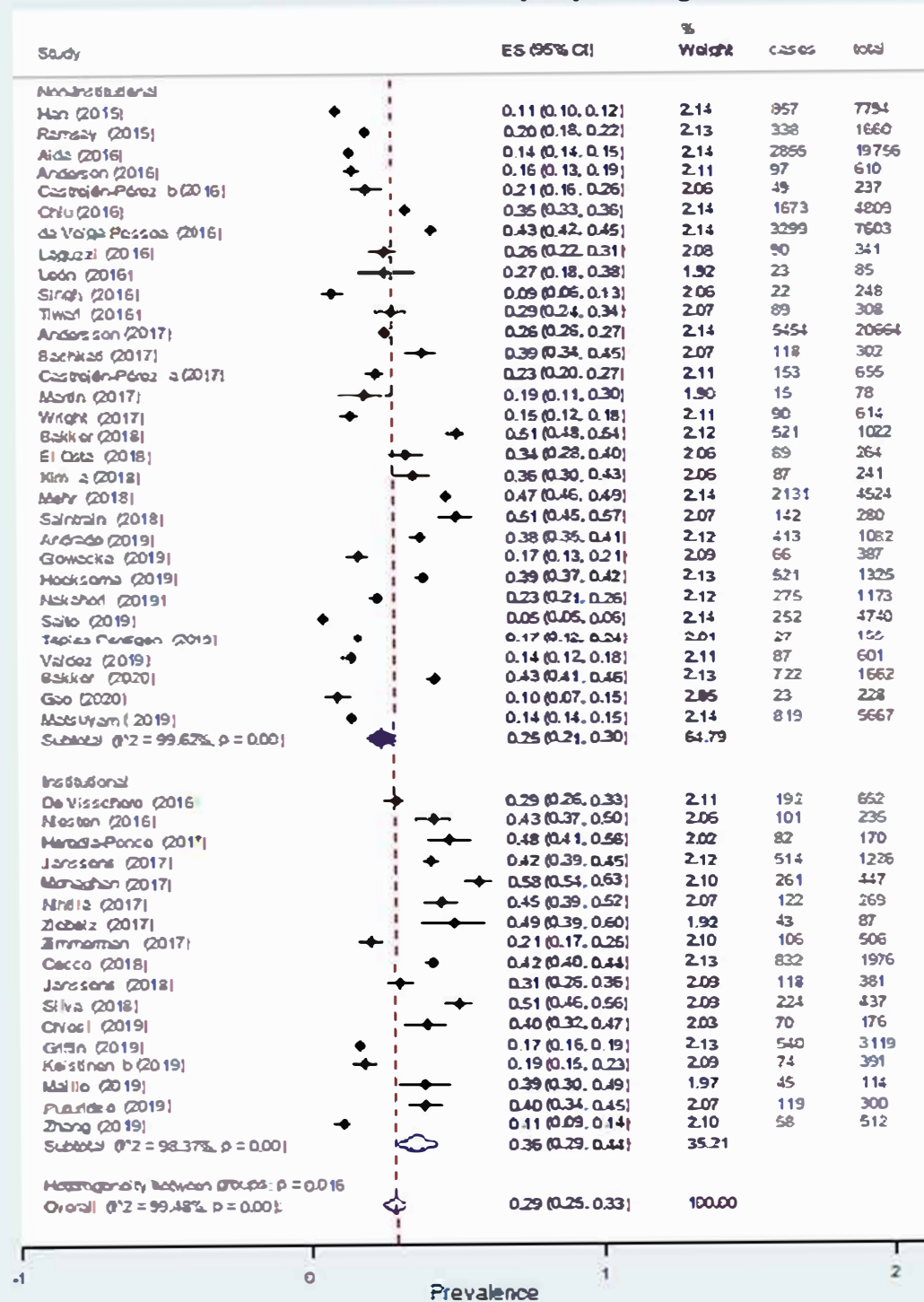
Edentulism in low-educated vs high-educated people



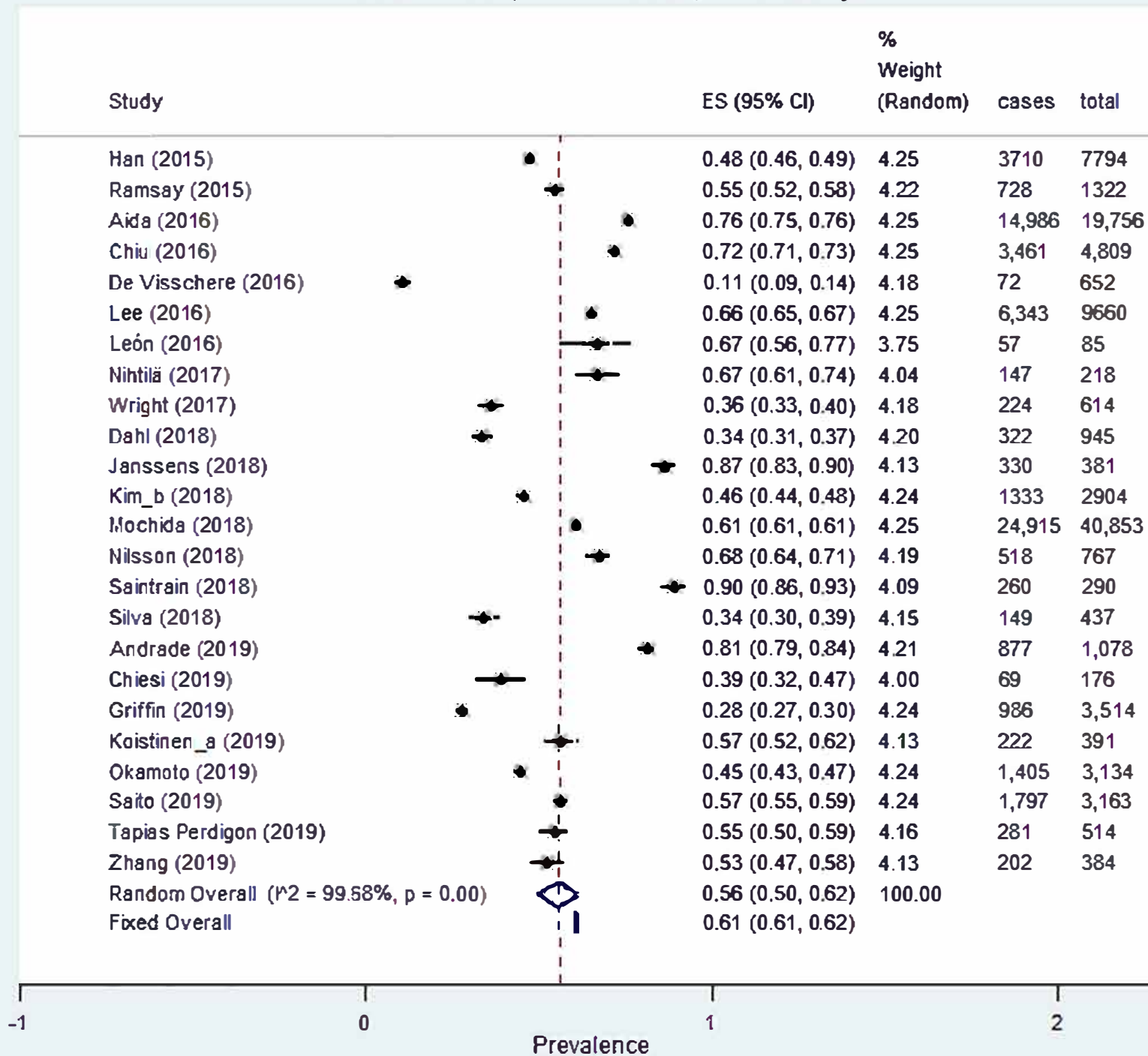
Edentulism in drug abusers



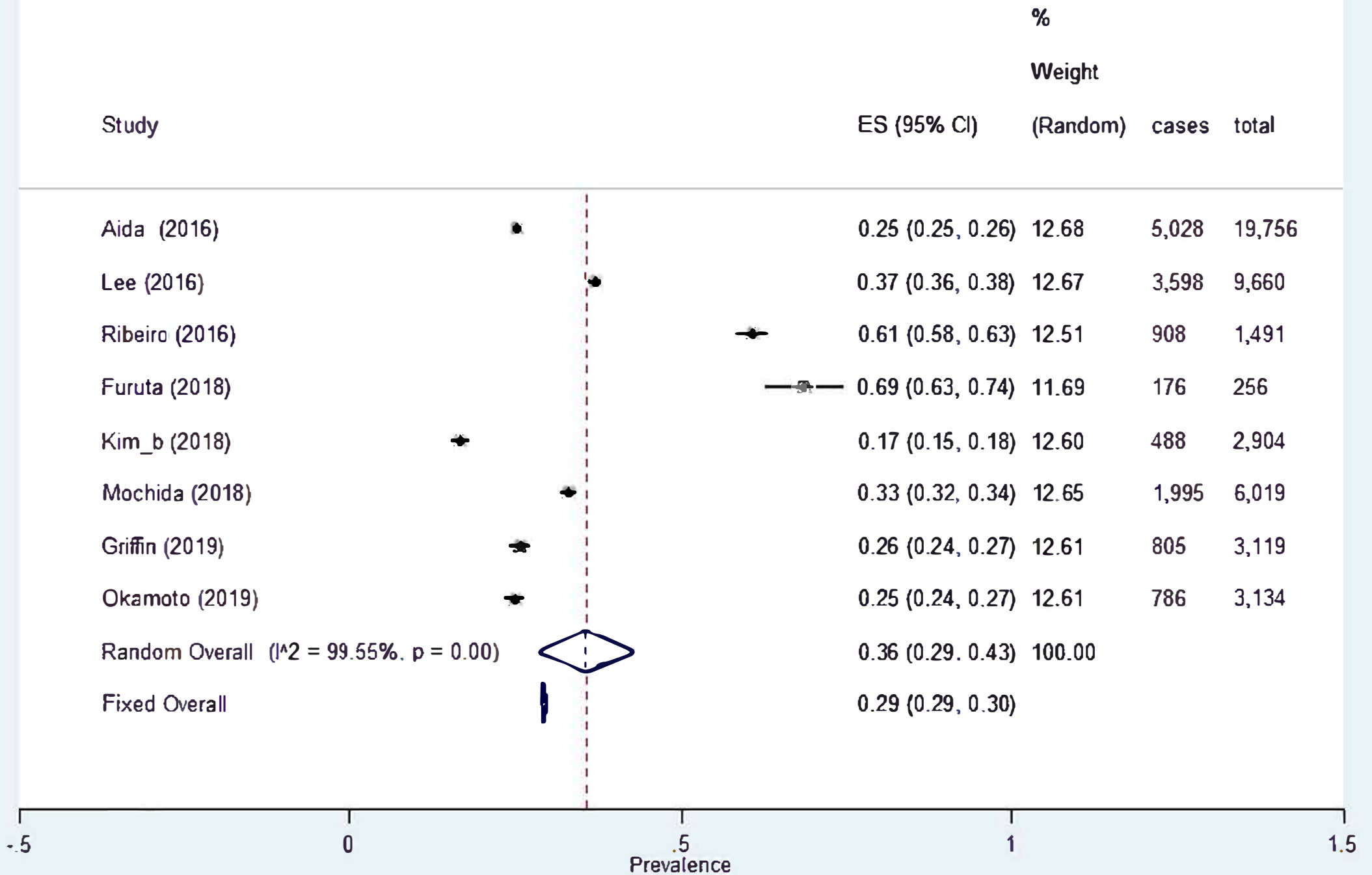
Edentulia in elderly, by setting



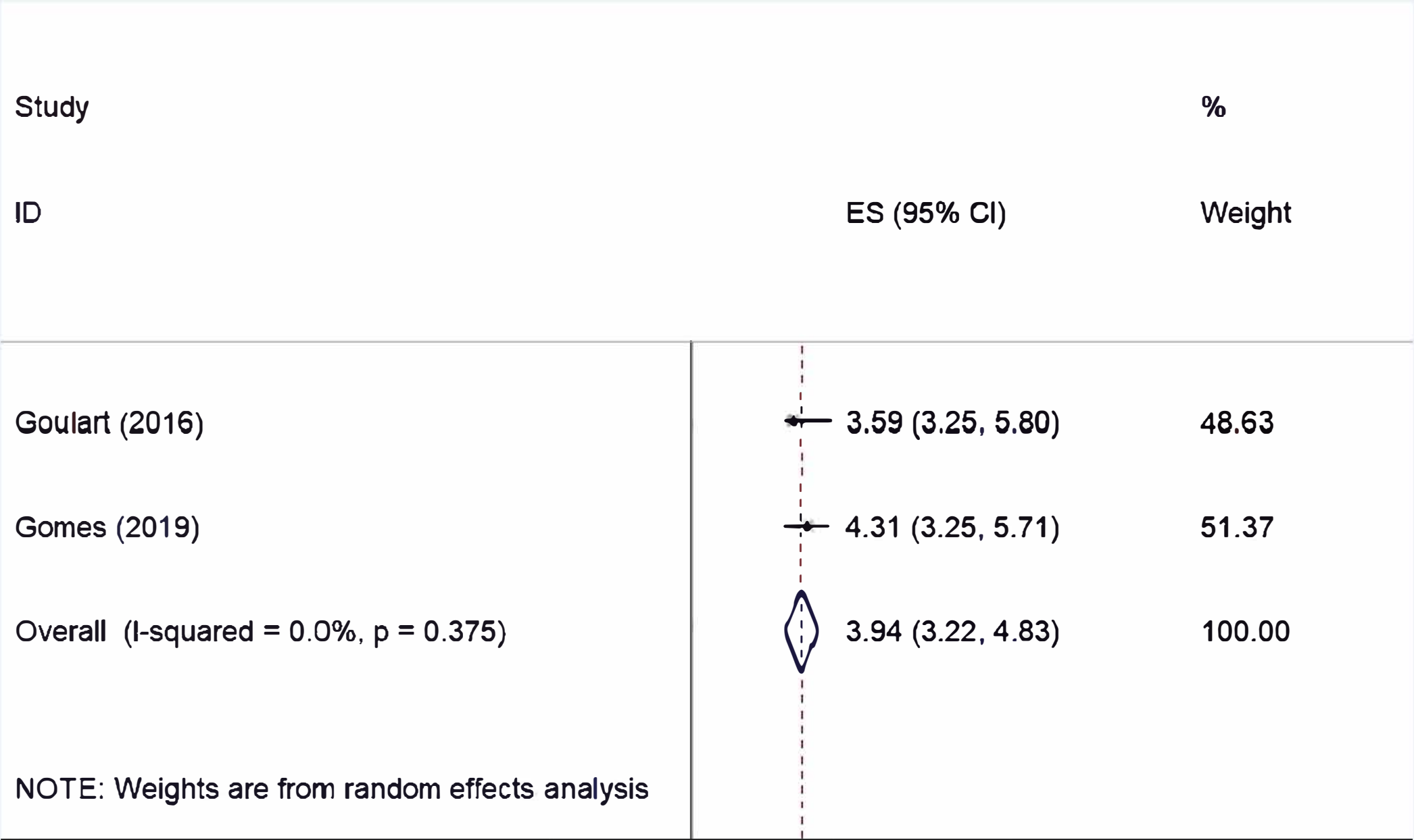
Tooth loss (<=20 teeth) in elderly



Tooth loss (<=10 teeth) in elderly



tooth loss(<21) and low income

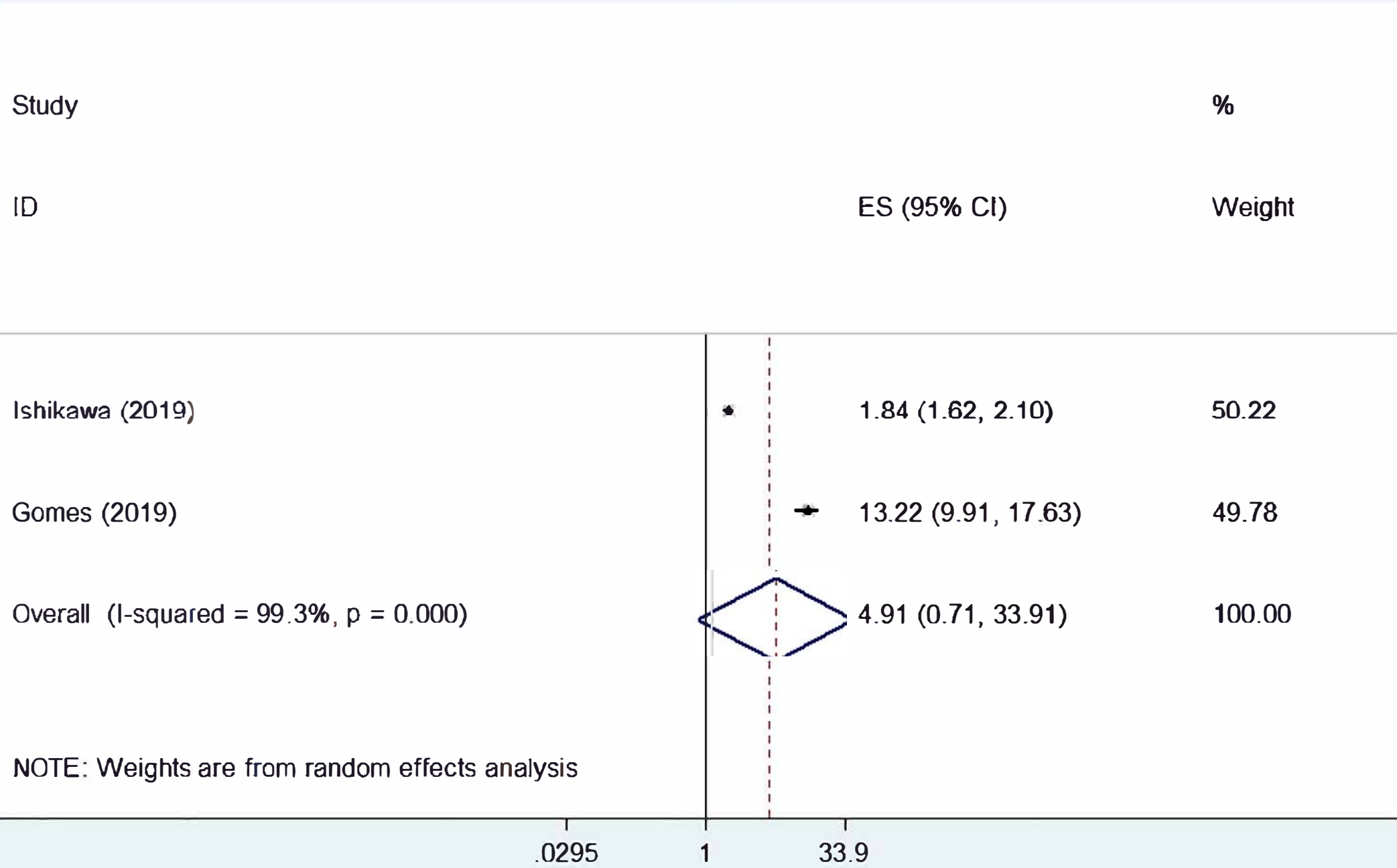


.172

1

5.8

tooth loss probability and education



Tooth loss (≤ 21 teeth) and low education

Study

%

ID

ES (95% CI)

Weight

Rodriguez _men (2017)

3.20 (1.16, 8.90)

25.76

Rodriguez_women (2017)

3.20 (1.10, 12.10)

21.47

Nogueira (2019)

1.29 (1.15, 1.44)

52.77

Overall (I-squared = 61.2%, $p = 0.076$)

1.98 (0.97, 4.06)

100.00

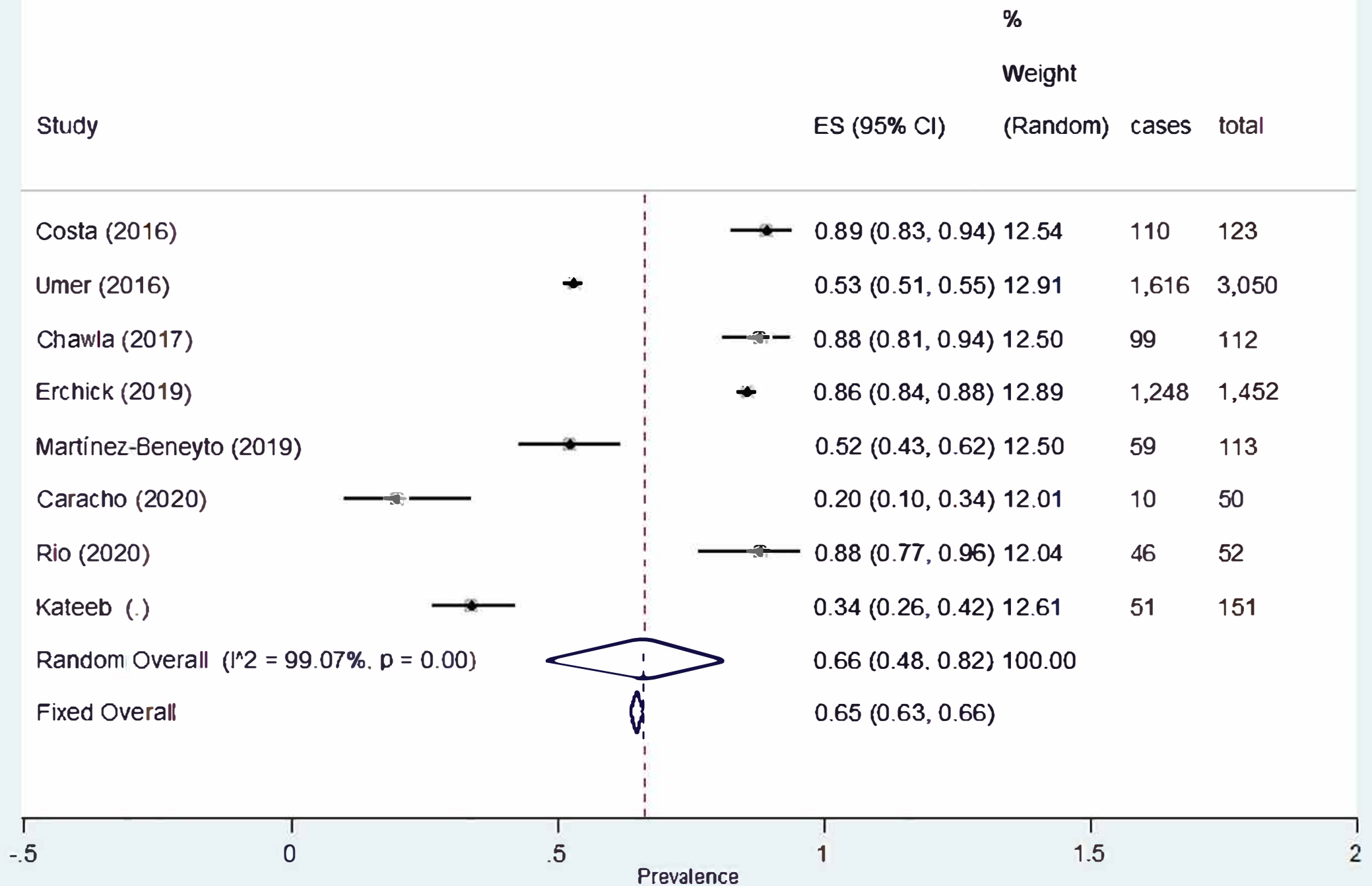
NOTE: Weights are from random effects analysis

.0826

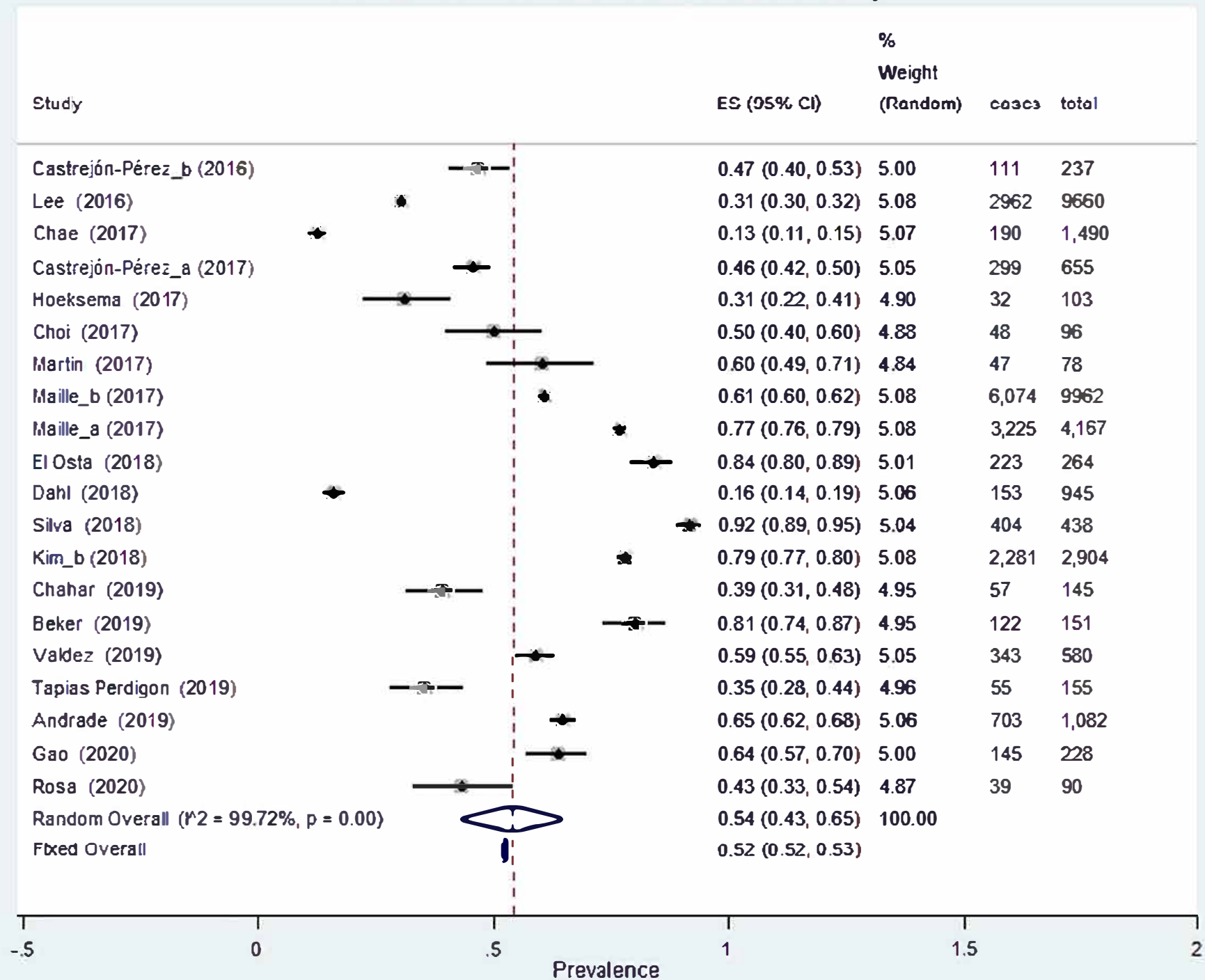
1

12.1

Dental service attendance and pregnant women



Dental service attendance and elderly



Dental service attendance and low income

Study

%

ID

ES (95% CI)

Weight

Lee (2016)

1.65 (1.48, 1.85)

29.22

Calvasina (2016)

3.67 (0.87, 15.46)

17.31

Berglund (2017)

5.80 (5.60, 6.09)

29.33

Akintobi (2018)

1.87 (0.84, 4.18)

24.13

Overall (I-squared = 99.3%, p = 0.000)

2.82 (1.11, 7.19)

100.00

NOTE: Weights are from random effects analysis

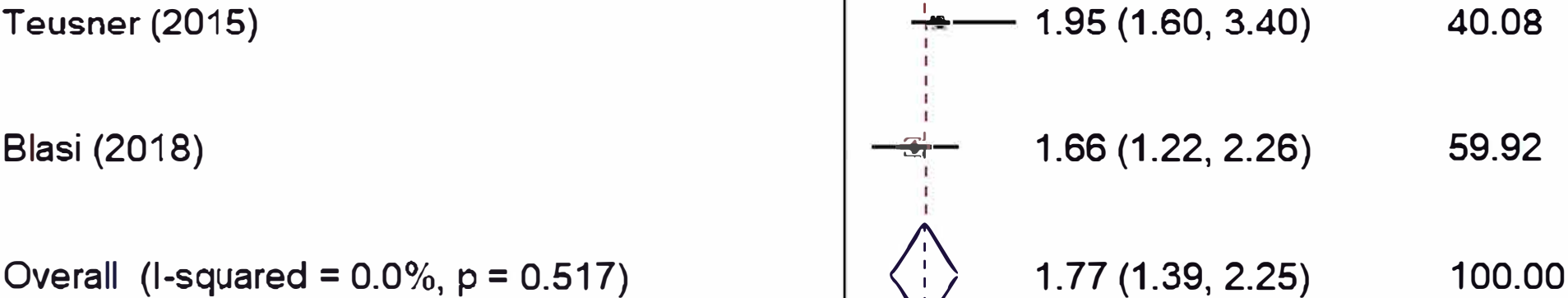
.0647

1

15.5

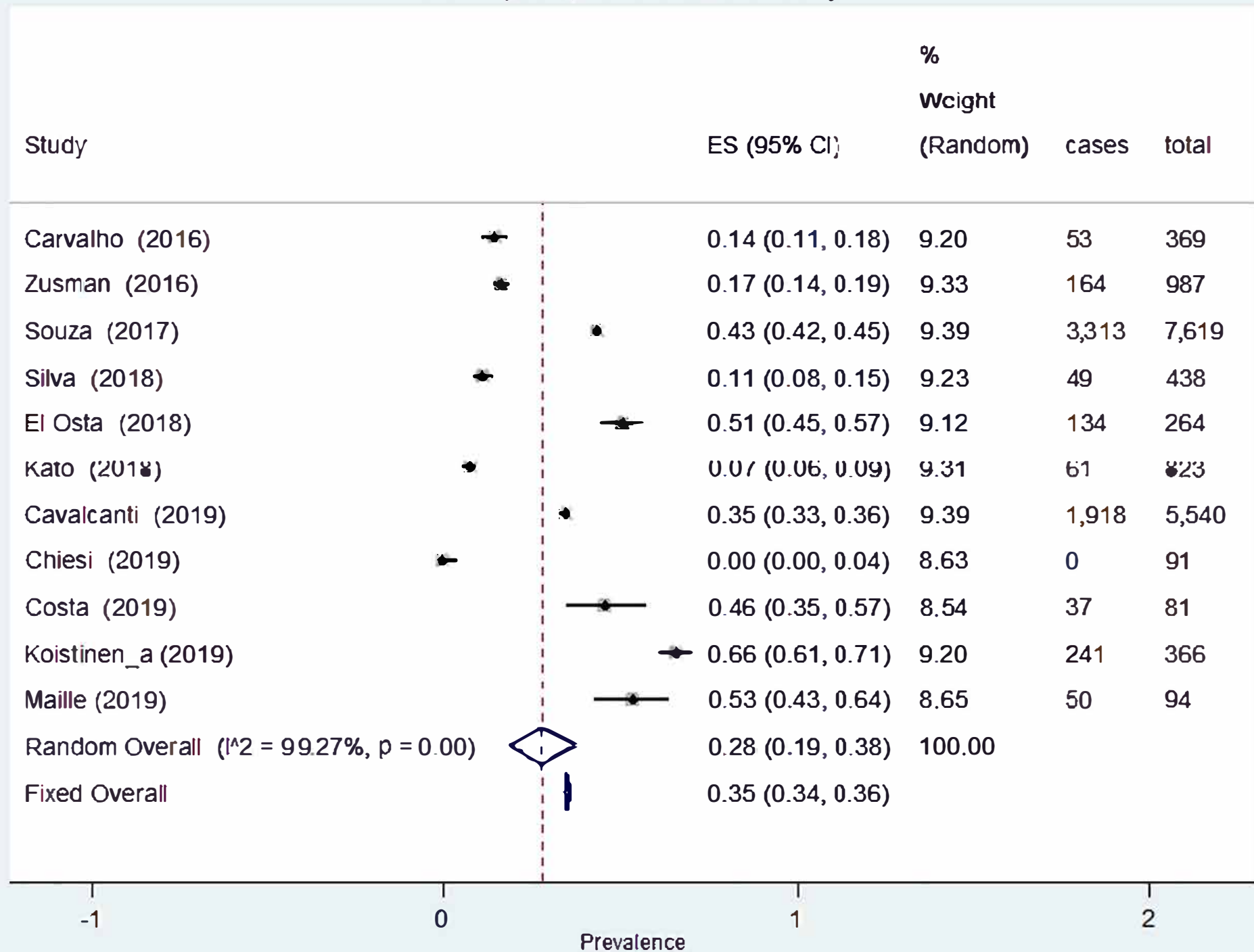
Regular Dental service attendance and non insured

Study		%
ID	ES (95% CI)	Weight

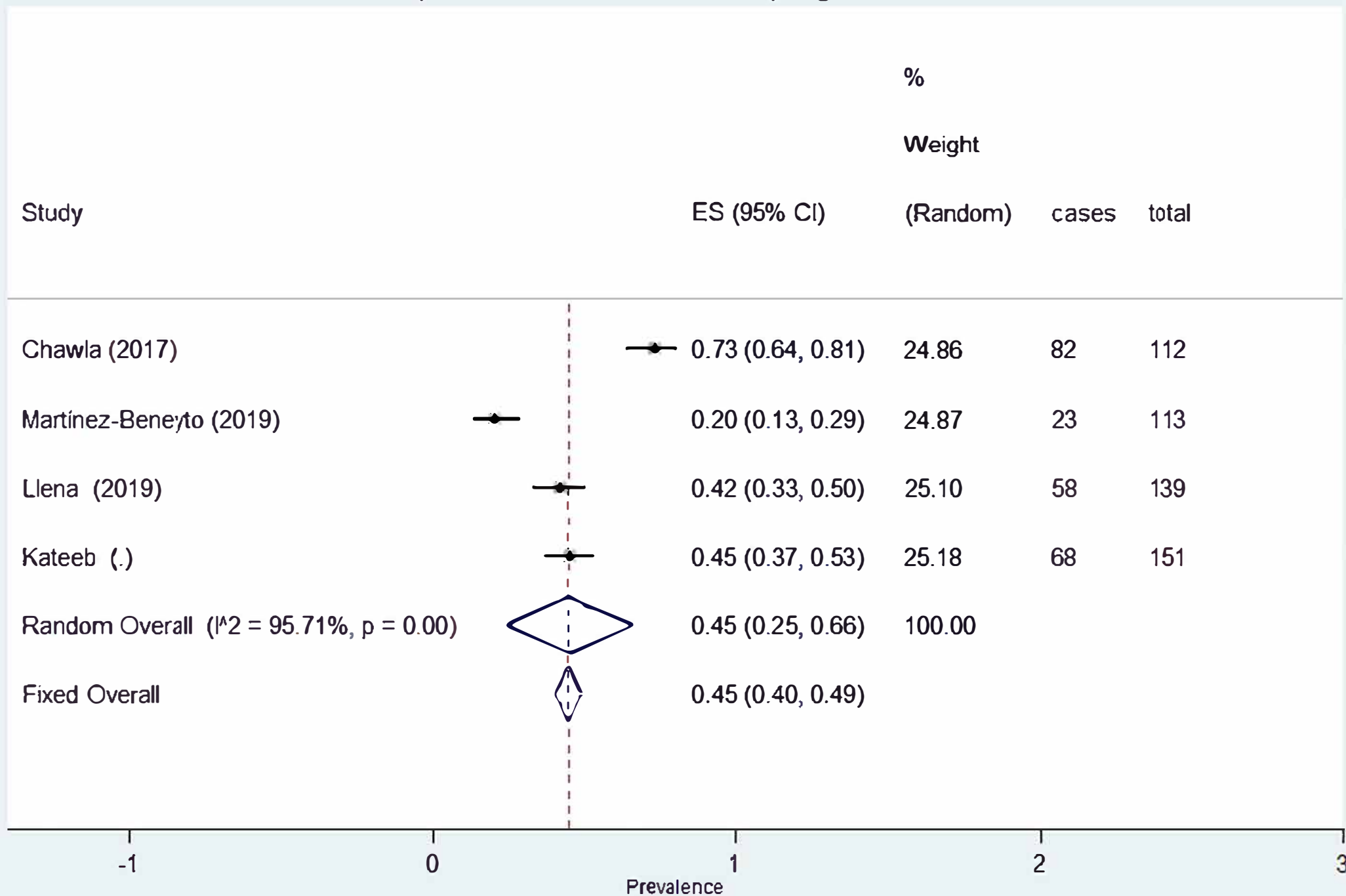


NOTE: Weights are from random effects analysis

Low quality of life and elderly

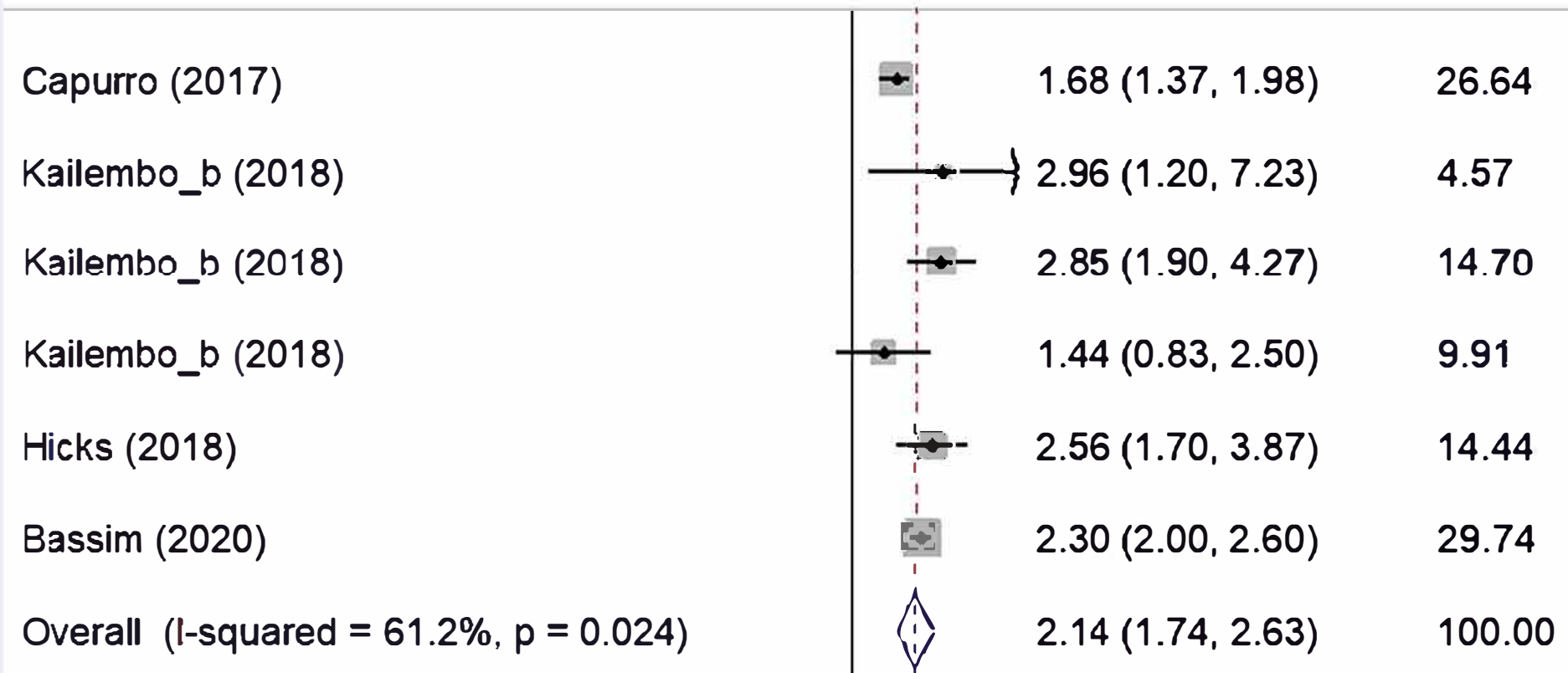


Low perceived oral health and pregnant woman



Oral health and income

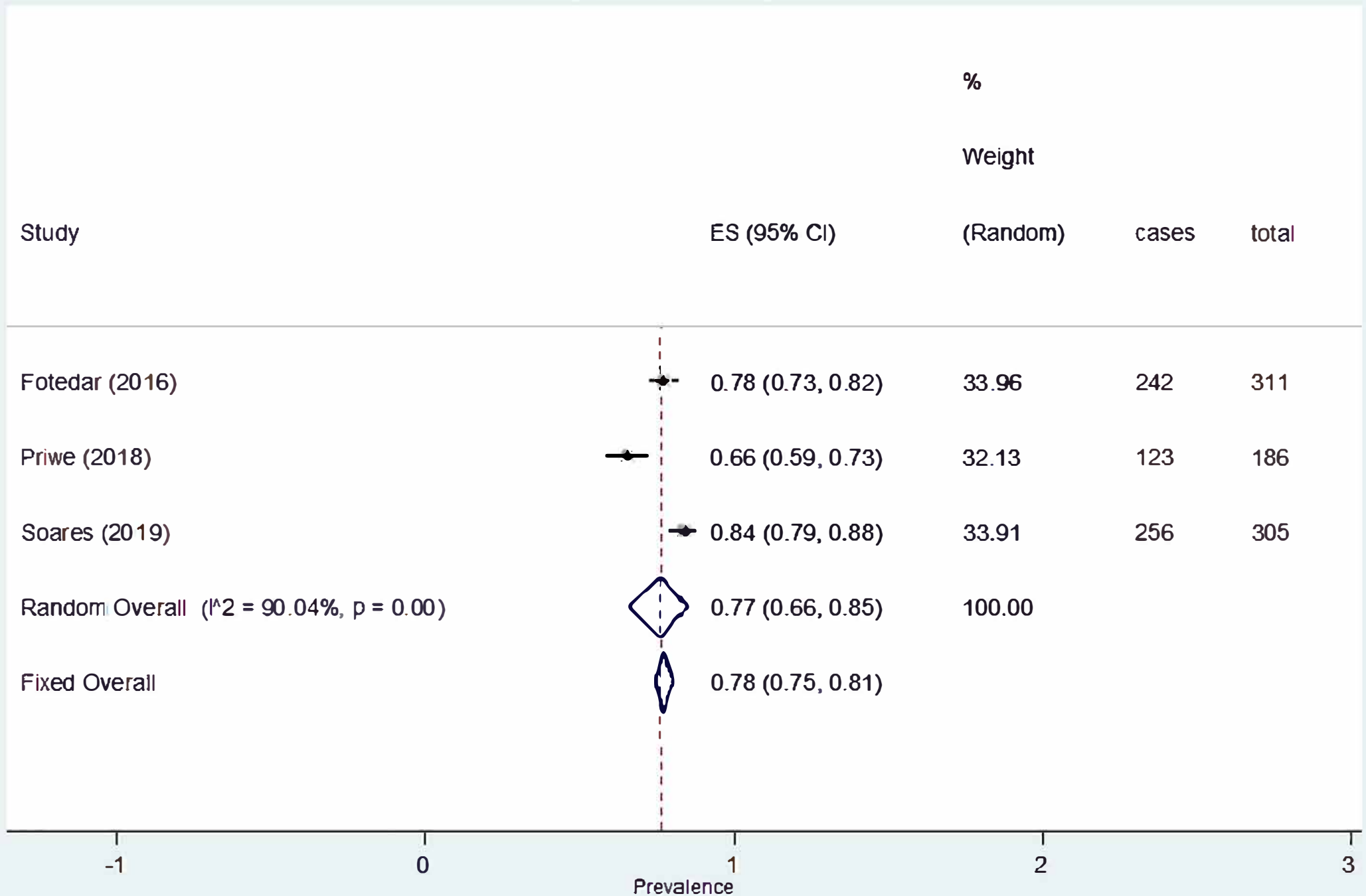
Study			%
ID	ES (95% CI)	Weight	



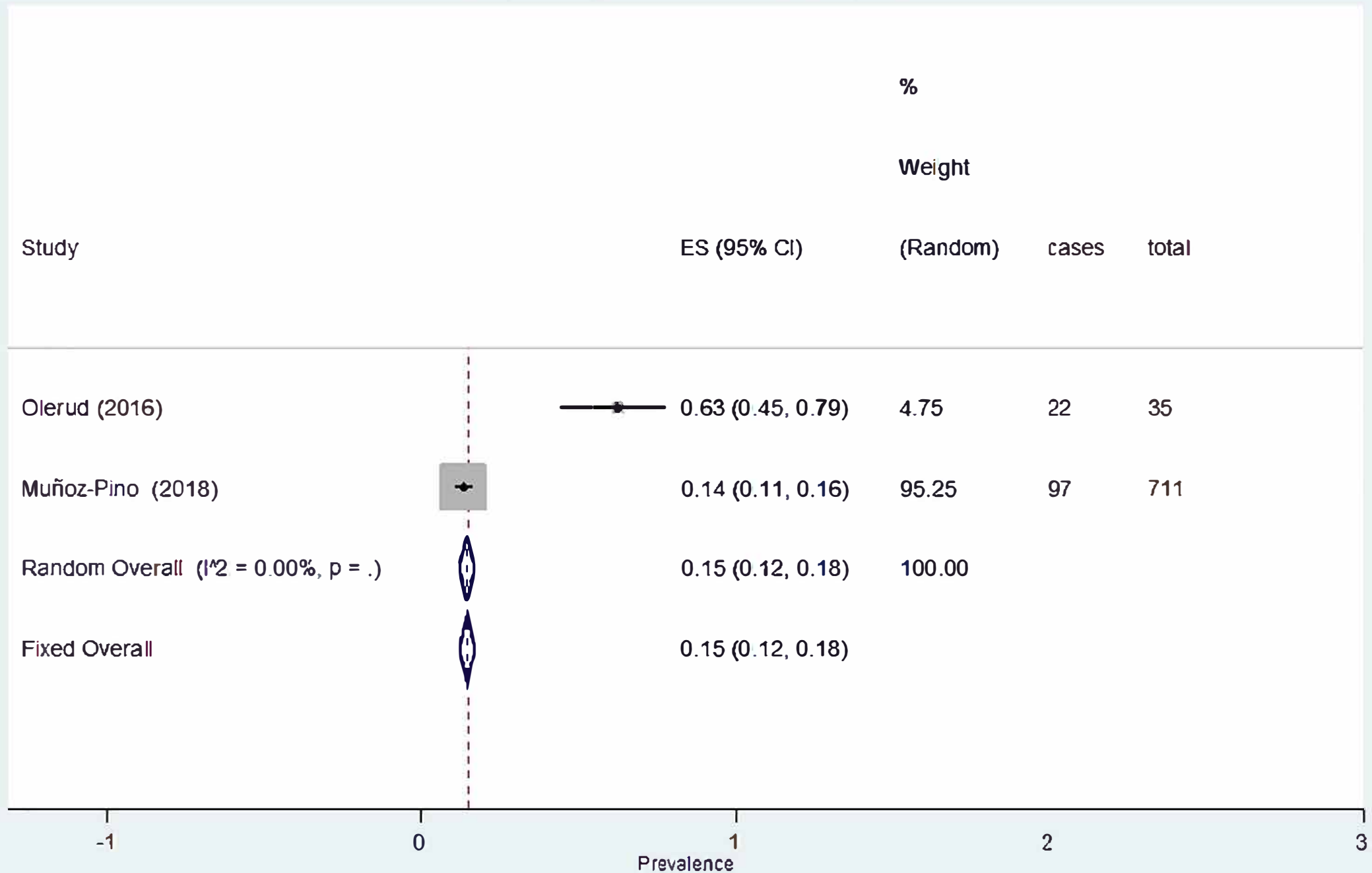
NOTE: Weights are from random effects analysis

.138 1 7.23

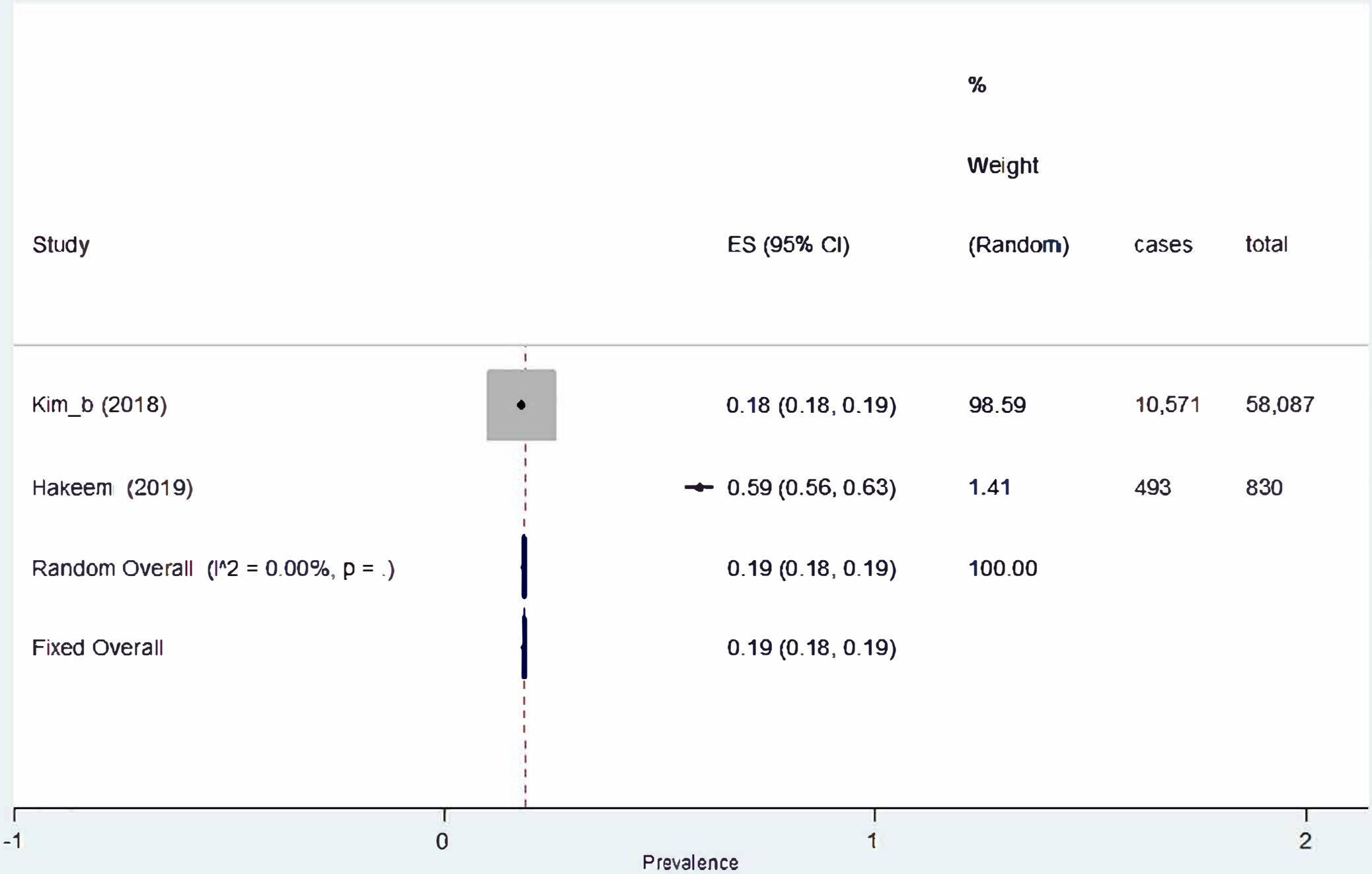
Caries prevalence in prisoners



Gingivitis prevalence in immigrants

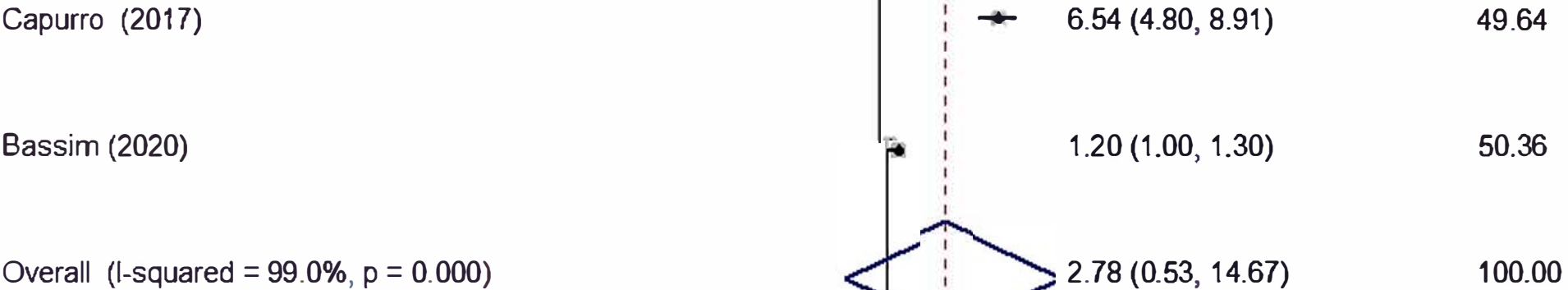


Gingivitis prevalence in low income



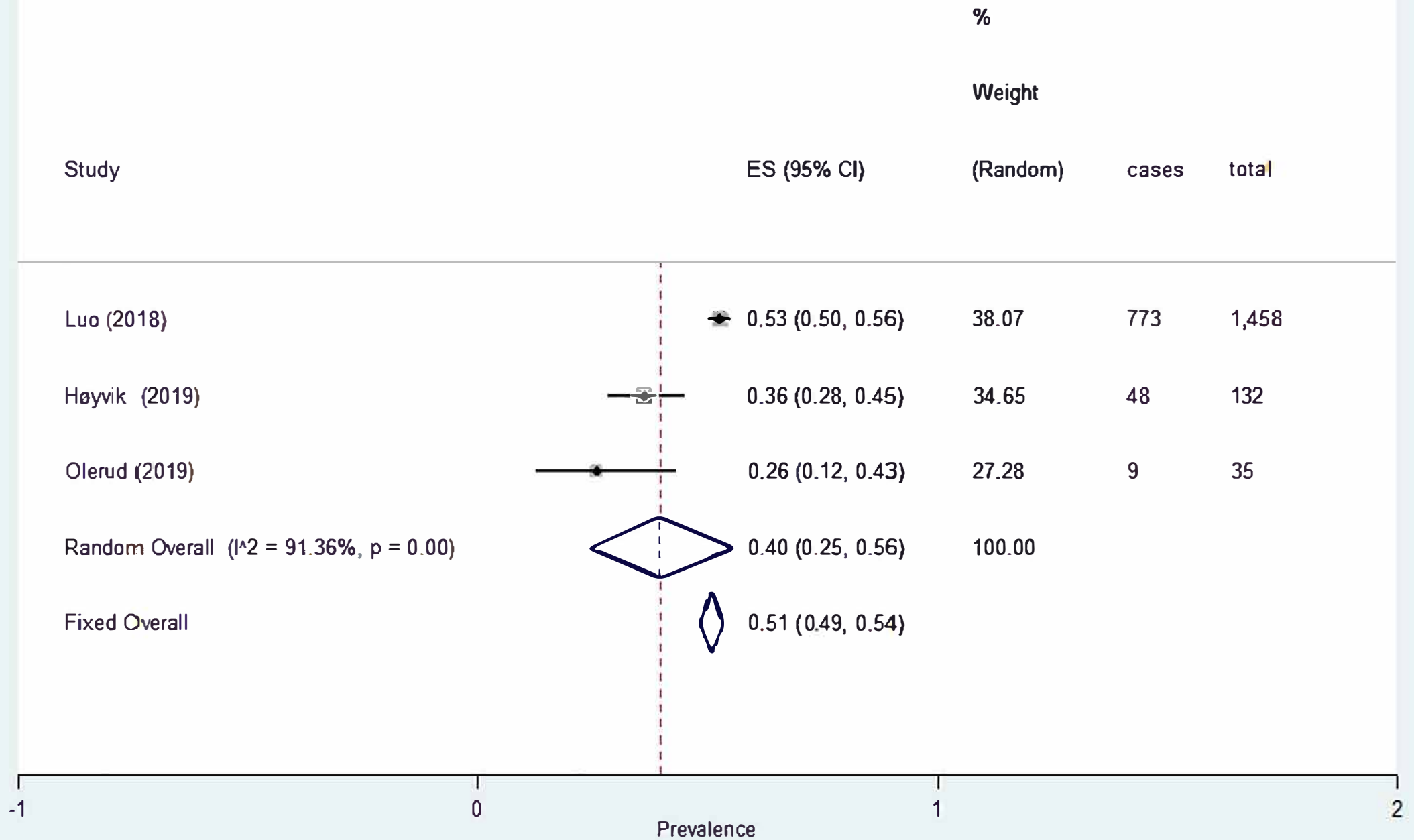
Oral health in low educated people

Study	%	
ID	ES (95% CI)	Weight

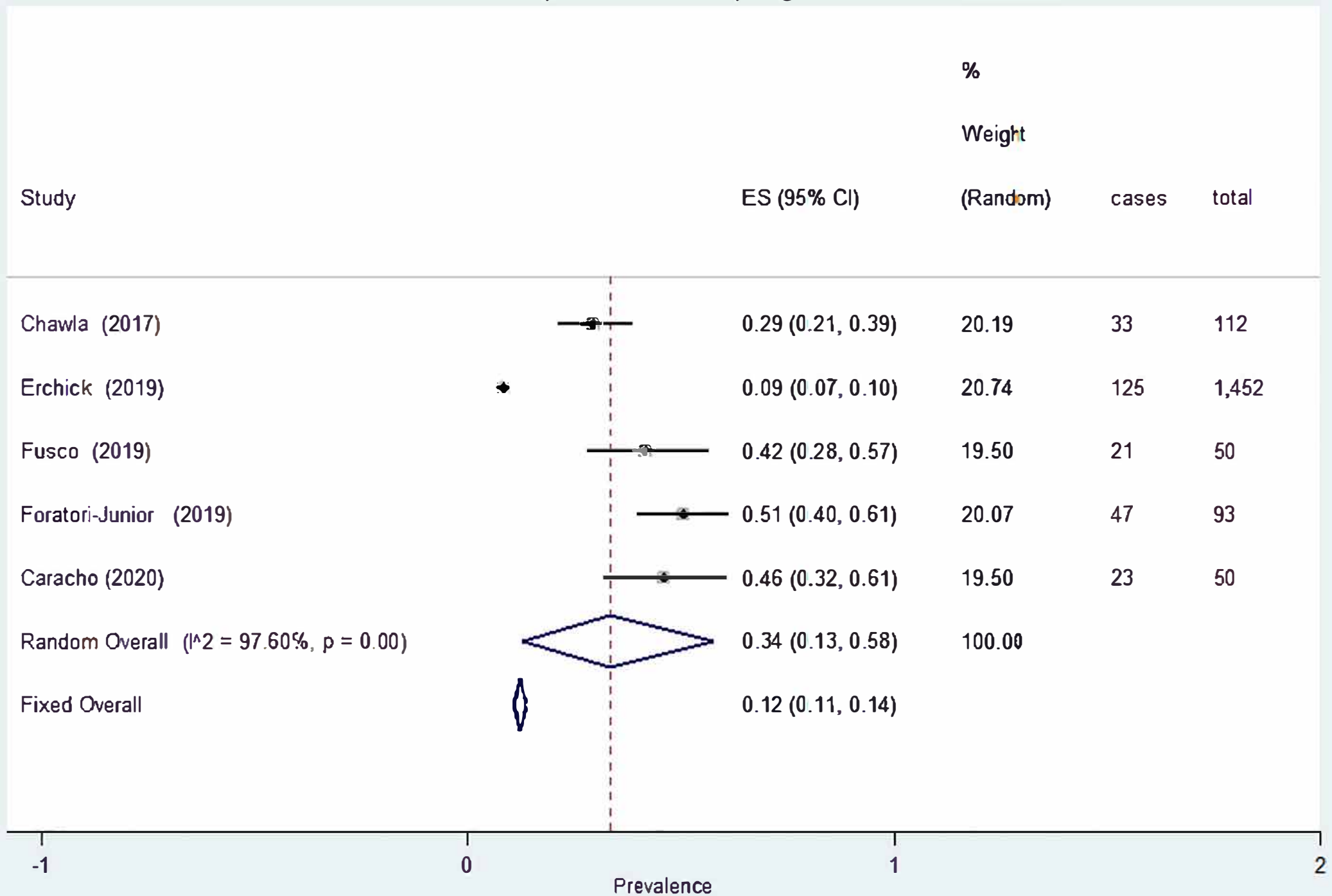


NOTE: Weights are from random effects analysis

Periodontitis prevalence in immigrants



Periodontitis prevalence in pregnant women



Service attendance in homeless

