

Supplementary Table S1. Kolmogorov-Smirnov test for normal distribution of quantitative variables obtained at the time of admission in the characteristics of the cohort of patients with positive anti-S-SARS-CoV-2 immunoglobulins and cohort of patients with negative anti-S-SARS-CoV-2 immunoglobulins.

| | anti-SARS-CoV-2 Ig positive p-value (KS – test) | anti-SARS-CoV-2 Ig Negative p-value (KS – test) |
|--|--|---|
| Age (years) | 0.268 | 0.246 |
| BMI (kg.m ⁻²) | 0.0001 | 0.005 |
| CRP (mg/L) | 0.024 | 0.012 |
| IL-6 (pg/mL) | 0.0001 | 0.0001 |
| N/L ratio | 0.0001 | 0.0001 |
| GFR (ml/min) | 0.015 | 0.265 |
| D-dimer (mg/L) | 0.0001 | 0.0001 |
| Duration of symptoms to admission (days) | 0.0001 | 0.0001 |
| Hospitalisation length (days) | 0.0001 | 0.0001 |
| Length of follow up (days) | 0.0001 | 0.0001 |
| Survival in deceased patients (Days) | 0.0001 | 0.0001 |

BMI: body mass index; CRP: C-reactive protein; GFR: glomerular filtration rate; IL-6: interleukin 6; n: number, KS - test: Kolmogorov-Smirnov test; N/L ratio: neutrophil-to-lymphocyte ratio; p-value: probability

Supplementary Table S2: Binary logistic regression model – forward stepwise method of association of in-hospital death with anti-S SARS-CoV-2 negativity and other variables. Variables in the equation of regression model.

| | | Beta | Beta SE | Wald | p-value | OR | Lower 95% CI | Upper 95% CI |
|--------|----------------------------|---------|----------|---------|---------|-------|--------------|--------------|
| Step 1 | Comorbidity number (n) | 0.723 | 0.136 | 28.326 | 0.000 | 2.061 | 1.579 | 2.689 |
| | Constant | -2.890 | 0.255 | 128.897 | 0.000 | 0.056 | | |
| Step 2 | Moderate disease | | | 20.893 | 0.000 | | | |
| | Severe disease | -21.212 | 5007.119 | 0.000 | 0.997 | 0.000 | 0.000 | |
| | Critical disease | -2.240 | 0.490 | 20.893 | 0.000 | 9.433 | 3,600 | 24.392 |
| Step 3 | Comorbidity number (n) | 0.759 | 0.146 | 26.877 | 0.000 | 2.136 | 1.603 | 2.846 |
| | Constant | -.768 | .472 | 2.652 | .103 | .464 | | |
| Step 4 | Moderate disease | | | 13.190 | 0.001 | | | |
| | Severe disease | -20.850 | 4906.200 | 0.000 | 0.997 | 0.000 | 0.000 | |
| | Critical disease | -1.877 | 0.517 | 13.190 | 0.000 | 6.536 | 2.381 | 17.857 |
| Step 5 | Comorbidity number (n) | 0.756 | 0.149 | 25.844 | 0.000 | 2.130 | 1.592 | 2.852 |
| | Anti-S SARS-CoV-2 negative | 1.242 | 0.347 | 12.776 | 0.000 | 3.461 | 1.752 | 6.837 |
| | Constant | -1.751 | 0.577 | 9.219 | 0.002 | 0.174 | | |
| Step 4 | Moderate disease | | | 13.170 | 0.001 | | | |
| | Severe disease | -21.081 | 4775.218 | 0.000 | 0.996 | 0.000 | 0.000 | |
| | Critical disease | -1.954 | 0.538 | 13.170 | 0.0001 | 7.042 | 2.457 | 20.408 |
| Step 5 | Comorbidity number (n) | 0.483 | 0.164 | 8.620 | 0.003 | 1.621 | 1.174 | 2.237 |
| | Age (years) | 0.056 | 0.017 | 10.942 | 0.001 | 1.058 | 1.023 | 1.093 |
| Step 5 | Anti-S SARS-CoV-2 negative | 1.205 | 0.353 | 11.671 | 0.001 | 3.336 | 1.671 | 6.659 |
| | Constant | -4.899 | 1.142 | 18.393 | 0.000 | 0.007 | | |
| Step 5 | Moderate disease | | | 12.694 | 0.002 | | | |
| | Severe disease | -21.120 | 4748.158 | 0.000 | 0.996 | 0.000 | 0.000 | |
| | Critical disease | -1.957 | 0.549 | 12.694 | 0.0001 | 7.460 | 2.475 | 22.222 |
| | D-dimer (mg/l) | 0.092 | 0.046 | 4.037 | 0.045 | 1.096 | 1.002 | 1.199 |
| Step 5 | Comorbidity number (n) | 0.496 | 0.166 | 8.956 | 0.003 | 1.641 | 1.186 | 2.271 |
| | Age (years) | 0.053 | 0.017 | 9.669 | 0.002 | 1.055 | 1.020 | 1.091 |
| Step 5 | Anti-S SARS-CoV-2 negative | 1.240 | 0.357 | 12.066 | 0.001 | 3.457 | 1.717 | 6.961 |
| | Constant | -4.923 | 1.151 | 18.281 | 0.000 | 0.007 | | |

A forward stepwise method (probability for stepwise: entry p < 0.05) for binary logistic regression has been used to reduce the number of independent variables entering the model to reduce the probability of model overfitting. CI: confidence interval; n: number; OR: odds ratio; p-value: probability (multivariate), SE: standard error.

Supplementary Table S3: Binary logistic regression model – forward stepwise method of association of in-hospital death with anti-S SARS-CoV-2 negativity and other variables. Variables not in the equation of regression model.

| | | Score | p-value |
|--------|---|--------|---------|
| Step 1 | Age (years) | 11.282 | 0.001 |
| | Duration of symptoms (days) | 0.684 | 0.408 |
| | Baricitinib | 3.821 | 0.051 |
| | Anti-S SARS-CoV-2 negative | 20.893 | 0.000 |
| | BMI ($\text{kg} \cdot \text{m}^{-2}$) | 0.067 | 0.795 |
| | CRP (mg/L) | 6.002 | 0.014 |
| | IL-6 (pg/mL) | 2.566 | 0.109 |
| | N/L ratio | 6.800 | 0.009 |
| | D-dimer (mg/L) | 3.430 | 0.064 |
| Step 2 | Severity | 26.007 | 0.000 |
| | Age (years) | 14.200 | 0.000 |
| | Duration of symptoms (days) | 1.440 | 0.230 |
| | Baricitinib | 0.686 | 0.407 |
| | Anti-S SARS-CoV-2 negative | 14.200 | 0.000 |
| | BMI ($\text{kg} \cdot \text{m}^{-2}$) | 0.006 | 0.938 |
| | CRP (mg/L) | 2.392 | 0.122 |
| | IL-6 (pg/mL) | 1.108 | 0.293 |
| | N/L ratio | 5.882 | 0.015 |
| Step 3 | D-dimer (mg/L) | 5.513 | 0.019 |
| | Age | 13.024 | 0.000 |
| | Duration of symptoms (days) | 2.218 | 0.136 |
| | Baricitinib | 0.083 | 0.774 |
| | BMI ($\text{kg} \cdot \text{m}^{-2}$) | 0.133 | 0.715 |
| | CRP (mg/L) | 4.827 | 0.028 |
| | IL-6 (pg/mL) | 2.040 | 0.153 |
| | N/L ratio | 7.201 | 0.007 |
| Step 4 | D-dimer (mg/L) | 6.088 | 0.014 |
| | Duration of symptoms (days) | 1.617 | 0.204 |
| | Baricitinib | 0.334 | 0.563 |
| | BMI ($\text{kg} \cdot \text{m}^{-2}$) | 0.522 | 0.470 |
| | CRP (mg/L) | 4.118 | 0.042 |
| | IL-6 (pg/mL) | 1.456 | 0.228 |
| Step 5 | N/L-ratio | 4.003 | 0.045 |
| | D-dimer (mg/L) | 4.942 | 0.026 |
| | Duration of symptoms (days) | 1.598 | 0.206 |
| | Baricitinib | 0.450 | 0.502 |
| | BMI ($\text{kg} \cdot \text{m}^{-2}$) | 0.554 | 0.457 |
| | CRP (mg/L) | 2.840 | 0.092 |
| | IL-6 (pg/mL) | 0.912 | 0.339 |
| | N/L ratio | 3.507 | 0.061 |

BMI: body mass index; CRP: C-reactive protein; IL-6: interleukin 6; n: number, N/L ratio: neutrophil-to-lymphocyte ratio; OR: odds ratio; p-value: probability (univariate)

Supplementary Table S4: Binary logistic regression model – forward stepwise method of association of in-hospital death with anti-S SARS-CoV-2 IgM negativity and other variables. Variables in the equation of regression model.

| | | Beta | Beta SE | Wald | p-value | OR | Lower 95% CI | Upper 95% CI |
|--------|--------------------------------|---------|----------|---------|---------|-------|--------------|--------------|
| Step 1 | Comorbidity number (n) | 0.752 | 0.138 | 29.845 | 0.000 | 2.121 | 1.619 | 2.777 |
| | Constant | -2.936 | 0.260 | 127.826 | 0.000 | 0.053 | | |
| Step 2 | Moderate disease | | | 21.126 | 0.000 | | | |
| | Severe disease | -21.228 | 5030.084 | 0.000 | 0.997 | 0.000 | 0.000 | |
| | Critical disease | -2.269 | 0.494 | 21.126 | 0.000 | 9.708 | 3.676 | 25.64 |
| | Comorbidity number (n) | 0.794 | 0.149 | 28.421 | 0.000 | 2.212 | 1.652 | 2.962 |
| | Constant | -0.802 | 0.474 | 2.862 | 0.091 | 0.449 | | |
| Step 3 | Moderate disease | | | 12.831 | 0.002 | | | |
| | Severe disease | -20.849 | 4921.019 | 0.000 | 0.997 | 0.000 | 0.000 | |
| | Critical disease | -1.873 | 0.523 | 12.831 | 0.0001 | 6.493 | 2.336 | 18.182 |
| | Anti-S SARS-CoV-2 IgM negative | 1.396 | 0.361 | 14.992 | 0.0001 | 4.041 | 1.993 | 8.194 |
| | Comorbidity number (n) | 0.777 | 0.151 | 26.376 | 0.0001 | 2.176 | 1.617 | 2.927 |
| | Constant | -1.900 | 0.588 | 10.432 | 0.001 | 0.150 | | |
| Step 4 | Age (years) | 0.062 | 0.018 | 12.465 | 0.0001 | 1.064 | 1.028 | 1.101 |
| | Moderate disease | | | 13.039 | 0.001 | | | |
| | Severe disease | -21.119 | 4769.362 | 0.000 | 0.996 | 0.000 | 0.000 | |
| | Critical disease | -1.983 | 0.549 | 13.039 | 0.0001 | 7.246 | 2.475 | 21.277 |
| | Anti-S SARS-CoV-2 IgM negative | 1.335 | 0.366 | 13.277 | 0.0001 | 3.801 | 1.853 | 7.795 |
| | Comorbidity number (n) | 0.483 | 0.168 | 8.324 | 0.004 | 1.622 | 1.168 | 2.252 |
| | Constant | -5.370 | 1.179 | 20.761 | 0.0001 | 0.005 | | |
| Step 5 | Age (years) | 0.059 | 0.018 | 11.171 | 0.001 | 1.061 | 1.025 | 1.098 |
| | Moderate disease | | | 12.623 | 0.002 | | | |
| | Severe disease | -21.165 | 4740.599 | 0.000 | 0.996 | 0.000 | 0.000 | |
| | Critical disease | -1.990 | 0.560 | 12.623 | 0.0001 | 7.299 | 2.439 | 21.739 |
| | Anti-S SARS-CoV-2 IgM negative | 1.385 | 0.372 | 13.846 | 0.0001 | 3.994 | 1.926 | 8.284 |
| | D-dimer (mg/L) | 0.096 | 0.046 | 4.227 | 0.040 | 1.100 | 1.004 | 1.205 |
| | Comorbidity number (n) | 0.495 | 0.169 | 8.612 | 0.003 | 1.641 | 1.179 | 2.283 |
| | Constant | -5.412 | 1.189 | 20.724 | 0.0001 | 0.004 | | |
| Step 6 | Age (years) | 0.055 | 0.018 | 9.306 | 0.002 | 1.056 | 1.020 | 1.094 |
| | Moderate disease | | | 11.703 | 0.003 | | | |
| | Severe disease | -21.077 | 4700.488 | 0.000 | 0.996 | 0.000 | 0.000 | |
| | Critical disease | -1.909 | 0.558 | 11.703 | 0.001 | 6.757 | 2.257 | 20.000 |
| | Anti-S SARS-CoV-2 IgM negative | 1.513 | 0.387 | 15.261 | 0.0001 | 4.542 | 2.126 | 9.706 |
| | N/L-ratio | 0.042 | 0.021 | 4.034 | 0.045 | 1.043 | 1.001 | 1.086 |
| | D-dimer (mg/L) | 0.092 | 0.047 | 3.815 | 0.051 | 1.096 | 1.000 | 1.202 |

| | | | | | | | | |
|--|------------------------|--------|-------|--------|--------|-------|-------|-------|
| | Comorbidity number (n) | 0.500 | 0.171 | 8.555 | 0.003 | 1.649 | 1.179 | 2.305 |
| | Constant | -5.653 | 1.219 | 21.489 | 0.0001 | 0.004 | | |

A forward stepwise method (probability for stepwise: entry p < 0.05) for binary logistic regression been used to reduce the number of independent variables entering the model to reduce the probability of model overfitting. CI: confidence interval; n: number, OR: odds ratio; , N/L ratio: neutrophil-to-lymphocyte ratio; p-value: probability (multivariate), SE: standard error.

Supplementary Table S5: Binary logistic regression model – forward stepwise method of association of in-hospital death with anti-S SARS-CoV-2 IgM negativity and other variables. Variables not in the equation of regression model.

| | | Score | p-value |
|--------|--------------------------------|--------|---------|
| Step 1 | Age (years) | 12.783 | 0.0001 |
| | Duration of symptoms (days) | 0.694 | 0.405 |
| | Moderate disease | 38.585 | 0.0001 |
| | Severe disease | 8.154 | 0.004 |
| | Critical disease | 0.871 | 0.351 |
| | Anti-S SARS-CoV-2 IgM negative | 23.194 | 0.000 |
| | BMI (kg.m ⁻²) | 0.082 | 0.774 |
| | IL-6 (pg/mL) | 2.549 | 0.110 |
| | CRP (mg/L) | 6.043 | 0.014 |
| | N/L ratio | 5.891 | 0.015 |
| Step 2 | D-dimer (mg/L) | 9.502 | 0.002 |
| | Baricitinib | 3.482 | 0.062 |
| | Age (years) | 15.059 | 0.0001 |
| | Duration of symptoms (days) | 1.431 | 0.232 |
| | Anti-S SARS-CoV-2 IgM negative | 16.508 | 0.0001 |
| | BMI (kg.m ⁻²) | 0.009 | 0.925 |
| | IL-6 (pg/mL) | 1.253 | 0.263 |
| | CRP (mg/L) | 2.232 | 0.135 |
| Step 3 | N/L ratio | 4.929 | 0.026 |
| | D-dimer (mg/L) | 5.674 | 0.017 |
| | Baricitinib | 0.596 | 0.440 |
| | Age (years) | 13.128 | 0.0001 |
| | Duration of symptoms (days) | 2.212 | 0.137 |
| | BMI (kg.m ⁻²) | 0.255 | 0.614 |
| | IL-6 (pg/mL) | 2.623 | 0.105 |
| | CRP (mg/L) | 5.042 | 0.025 |
| Step 4 | N/L ratio | 7.605 | 0.006 |
| | D-dimer (mg/L) | 5.842 | 0.016 |
| | Baricitinib | 0.110 | 0.741 |
| | Duration of symptoms (days) | 1.572 | 0.210 |
| | BMI (kg.m ⁻²) | 0.264 | 0.607 |
| | IL-6 (pg/mL) | 2.202 | 0.138 |
| | CRP (mg/L) | 4.231 | 0.040 |
| Step 5 | N/L ratio | 4.340 | 0.037 |
| | D-dimer (mg/L) | 4.369 | 0.037 |
| | Baricitinib | 0.454 | 0.501 |
| | Duration of symptoms (days) | 1.531 | 0.216 |
| | BMI (kg.m ⁻²) | 0.256 | 0.613 |

| | | | |
|--------|---|-------|-------|
| | IL-6 (pg/mL) | 2.073 | 0.150 |
| | CRP (mg/L) | 2.835 | 0.092 |
| | N/L ratio | 4.002 | 0.045 |
| | Baricitinib | 0.667 | 0.414 |
| Step 6 | Duration of symptoms (days) | 1.507 | 0.220 |
| | BMI ($\text{kg} \cdot \text{m}^{-2}$) | 0.383 | 0.536 |
| | IL-6 (pg/mL) | 1.576 | 0.209 |
| | CRP (mg/L) | 0.643 | 0.423 |
| | Baricitinib | 0.764 | 0.382 |

BMI: body mass index; CRP: C-reactive protein; IL-6: interleukin 6; n: number, N/L ratio: neutrophil-to-lymphocyte ratio; p-value: probability (univariate)

Supplementary Table S6: Binary logistic regression model – forward stepwise method of association of in-hospital death with anti-S SARS-CoV-2 IgG negativity and other variables. Variables in the equation of regression model.

| | | Beta | Beta SE | Wald | p-value | OR | Lower 95% CI | Upper 95% CI |
|---------|--------------------------------|---------|----------|---------|---------|--------|--------------|--------------|
| Step 1 | Comorbidity number (n) | 0.752 | 0.138 | 29.845 | 0.0001 | 2.121 | 1.619 | 2.777 |
| | Constant | -2.936 | 0.260 | 127.826 | 0.0001 | 0.053 | | |
| Step 2 | Moderate disease | | | 21.126 | 0.0001 | | | |
| | Severe disease | -21.228 | 5030.084 | 0.000 | 0.997 | 0.000 | 0.000 | |
| Step 3 | Critical disease | -2.269 | 0.494 | 21.126 | 0.0001 | 9,708 | 3.676 | 25.641 |
| | Comorbidity number (n) | 0.794 | 0.149 | 28.421 | 0.0001 | 2.212 | 1.652 | 2.962 |
| Step 4 | Constant | -.802 | 0.474 | 2.862 | 0.091 | .449 | | |
| | Age (years) | 0.066 | 0.017 | 14.284 | 0.0001 | 1.068 | 1.032 | 1.105 |
| Step 5 | Moderate disease | | | 20.592 | 0.0001 | | | |
| | Severe disease | -21.499 | 4853.950 | 0.000 | 0.996 | 0.000 | 0.000 | |
| Step 6 | Critical disease | -2.408 | 0.531 | 20.592 | 0.0001 | 11.111 | 3.922 | 31.250 |
| | Comorbidity number (n) | 0.498 | 0.161 | 9.509 | 0.002 | 1.645 | 1.199 | 2.258 |
| Step 7 | Constant | -4.530 | 1.126 | 16.187 | 0.0001 | 0.011 | | |
| | Age (years) | 0.068 | 0.018 | 14.915 | 0.0001 | 1.070 | 1.034 | 1.108 |
| Step 8 | Moderate disease | | | 16.709 | 0.0001 | | | |
| | Severe disease | -21.326 | 4770.738 | 0.000 | 0.996 | 0.000 | 0.000 | |
| Step 9 | Critical disease | -2.230 | 0.545 | 16.709 | 0.0001 | 9.259 | 3.195 | 27.027 |
| | Comorbidity number (n) | 0.492 | 0.168 | 8.548 | 0.003 | 1.635 | 1.176 | 2.273 |
| Step 10 | Anti-S SARS-CoV-2 IgG negative | 1.049 | 0.382 | 7.532 | 0.006 | 2.855 | 1.350 | 6.039 |
| | Constant | -5.509 | 1.208 | 20.793 | 0.0001 | 0.004 | | |
| Step 11 | Age (years) | 0.065 | 0.018 | 13.377 | 0.0001 | 1.067 | 1.031 | 1.105 |
| | Moderate disease | | | 16.200 | 0.0001 | | | |
| Step 12 | Severe disease | -21.373 | 4746.051 | 0.000 | 0.996 | 0.000 | 0.000 | |
| | Critical disease | -2.244 | 0.558 | 16.200 | 0.0001 | 9.434 | 3.165 | 27.778 |
| Step 13 | Comorbidity number (n) | 0.094 | 0.046 | 4.142 | 0.042 | 1.099 | 1.003 | 1.203 |
| | D-dimer (mg/L) | 0.505 | 0.170 | 8.871 | 0.003 | 1.657 | 1.188 | 2.310 |
| Step 14 | Anti-S SARS-CoV-2 IgG negative | 1.093 | 0.389 | 7.908 | 0.005 | 2.983 | 1.393 | 6.388 |
| | Constant | -5.527 | 1.217 | 20.610 | 0.0001 | 0.004 | | |

A forward stepwise method (probability for stepwise: entry p < 0.05) for binary logistic regression and has been used to reduce the number of independent variables entering the model to reduce the probability of model overfitting.

CI: confidence interval; n: number; OR: odds ratio; p-value: probability (multivariate), SE: standard error.

Supplementary Table S7: Binary logistic regression model – forward stepwise method of association of in-hospital death with anti-S SARS-CoV-2 IgG negativity and other variables. Variables not in the equation of regression model.

| | | Score | p-value |
|--------|-----------------------------|--------|---------|
| Step 1 | Age (years) | 12.783 | 0.0001 |
| | Duration of symptoms (days) | 0.694 | 0.405 |
| | Moderate disease | 38.585 | 0.0001 |
| | Severe disease | 8.154 | 0.004 |
| | Critical disease | 0.871 | 0.351 |

| | | | |
|--------|---|--------|--------|
| | BMI ($\text{kg} \cdot \text{m}^{-2}$) | 0.082 | 0.774 |
| | IL6 (ng/l) | 2.549 | 0.110 |
| | CRP (mg/l) | 6.043 | 0.014 |
| | N/L ratio | 5.891 | 0.015 |
| | D-Dimer (mg/l) | 9.502 | 0.002 |
| | Baricitinib | 3.482 | 0.062 |
| | Anti-S SARS-CoV-2 IgG negative | 10.427 | 0.001 |
| Step 2 | Age (years) | 15.059 | 0.0001 |
| | Duration of symptoms (days) | 1.431 | 0.232 |
| | BMI ($\text{kg} \cdot \text{m}^{-2}$) | 0.009 | 0.925 |
| | IL6 (ng/l) | 1.253 | 0.263 |
| | CRP (mg/l) | 2.232 | 0.135 |
| | N/L ratio | 4.929 | 0.026 |
| | D-Dimer (mg/l) | 5.674 | 0.017 |
| | Baricitinib | 0.596 | 0.440 |
| | Anti-S SARS-CoV-2 IgG negative | 7.177 | 0.007 |
| Step 3 | Duration of symptoms (days) | 0.958 | 0.328 |
| | BMI ($\text{kg} \cdot \text{m}^{-2}$) | 1.089 | 0.297 |
| | IL6 (ng/l) | 1.097 | 0.295 |
| | CRP (mg/l) | 2.017 | 0.156 |
| | N/L ratio | 2.291 | 0.130 |
| | D-Dimer (mg/l) | 3.402 | 0.065 |
| | Baricitinib | 1.433 | 0.231 |
| | Anti-S SARS-CoV-2 IgG negative | 7.934 | 0.005 |
| Step 4 | Duration of symptoms (days) | 1.285 | 0.257 |
| | BMI ($\text{kg} \cdot \text{m}^{-2}$) | 0.869 | 0.351 |
| | IL6 (ng/l) | 1.892 | 0.169 |
| | CRP (mg/l) | 3.219 | 0.073 |
| | N/L ratio | 3.268 | 0.071 |
| | D-Dimer (mg/l) | 4.104 | 0.043 |
| Step 5 | Baricitinib | 0.376 | 0.540 |
| | Duration of symptoms (days) | 1.253 | 0.263 |
| | BMI ($\text{kg} \cdot \text{m}^{-2}$) | 0.963 | 0.326 |
| | IL6 (ng/l) | 1.719 | 0.190 |
| | CRP (mg/l) | 2.017 | 0.156 |
| | N/L ratio | 2.943 | 0.086 |
| | Baricitinib | 0.574 | 0.449 |

BMI: body mass index; CRP: C-reactive protein; IL-6: interleukin 6; n: number, N/L ratio: neutrophil-to-lymphocyte ratio; p-value: probability (univariate)

Supplementary Table S8: Cox regression model – forward stepwise method of association of in-hospital death with anti-S SARS-CoV-2 negativity and other variables. Variables in the equation of regression model.

| | | Beta | Beta SE | Wald | p-value | OR | Lower 95% CI | Upper 95% CI |
|--------|----------------------------|-------|---------|-------|---------|-------|--------------|--------------|
| Step 1 | Age (years) | 0.046 | 0.021 | 4.819 | 0.028 | 1.047 | 1.005 | 1.092 |
| Step 2 | Age (years) | 0.047 | 0.021 | 4.969 | 0.026 | 1.048 | 1.006 | 1.092 |
| | Anti-S SARS-CoV-2 negative | 1.034 | 0.484 | 4.577 | 0.032 | 2.814 | 1.091 | 7.258 |

A forward stepwise method (probability for stepwise: entry p < 0.05) for Cox regression has been used to reduce the number of independent variables entering the model to reduce the probability of model overfitting.

CI: confidence interval; n: number; OR: odds ratio; p-value: probability (multivariate), SE: standard error.

Supplementary Table S9: Cox regression model – forward stepwise method of association of in-hospital death with anti-S SARS-CoV-2 negativity and other variables. Variables not in the equation of regression model.

| | | Score | p-value |
|--------|----------------------------|-------|---------|
| Step 1 | Moderate disease | 5.460 | 0.065 |
| | Severe disease | 0.399 | 0.528 |
| | Critical disease | 2.252 | 0.133 |
| | BMI (kg.m ⁻²) | 1.988 | 0.159 |
| | IL6 (ng/l) | 0.127 | 0.722 |
| | CRP (mg/l) | 0.016 | 0.899 |
| | N/L ratio | 1.152 | 0.283 |
| | D-Dimer (mg/l) | 0.010 | 0.921 |
| | Comorbidity number (n) | 0.363 | 0.547 |
| | Baricitinib | 0.340 | 0.560 |
| Step 2 | Anti-S SARS-CoV-2 negative | 5.000 | 0.025 |
| | Moderate disease | 3.879 | 0.144 |
| | Severe disease | 0.255 | 0.614 |
| | Critical disease | 1.674 | 0.196 |
| | BMI (kg.m ⁻²) | 2.573 | 0.109 |
| | IL6 (ng/l) | 0.492 | 0.483 |
| | CRP (mg/l) | 0.000 | 0.984 |
| | N/L ratio | 2.411 | 0.120 |
| | D-Dimer (mg/l) | 0.106 | 0.745 |
| | Comorbidity number (n) | 0.473 | 0.491 |
| | Baricitinib | 0.112 | 0.738 |

BMI: body mass index; CRP: C-reactive protein; IL-6: interleukin 6; n: number, N/L ratio: neutrophil-to-lymphocyte ratio; p-value: probability (univariate), SE: standard error.

Supplementary Table S10: Cox regression model – forward stepwise method of association of in-hospital death with anti-S SARS-CoV-2 IgM negativity and other variables. Variables in the equation of regression model.

| | | Beta | Beta SE | Wald | p - value | OR | Lower 95% CI | Upper 95% CI |
|--------|--------------------------------|-------|---------|-------|-----------|-------|--------------|--------------|
| Step 1 | Age (years) | 0.046 | 0.021 | 4.819 | 0.028 | 1.047 | 1.005 | 1.092 |
| Step 2 | Age (years) | 0.045 | 0.020 | 4.838 | 0.028 | 1.046 | 1.005 | 1.089 |
| | Anti-S SARS-CoV-2 IgM negative | 1.003 | 0.484 | 4.304 | 0.038 | 2.728 | 1.057 | 7.039 |

A forward stepwise method (probability for stepwise: entry p<0.05) for Cox regression has been used to reduce the number of independent variables entering the model to reduce the probability of model overfitting.
CI: confidence interval; IgM: immunoglobulin M, n: number, N/L ratio: neutrophil-to-lymphocyte ratio; OR: odds ratio; p-value: probability, SE: standard error.

Supplementary Table S11: Cox regression model – forward stepwise method of association of in-hospital death with anti-S SARS-CoV-2 IgM negativity and other variables. Variables not in the equation of regression model.

| | | Score | p-value |
|--------|--------------------------------|-------|---------|
| Step 1 | Moderate disease | 5,460 | 0,065 |
| | Severe disease | 0,399 | 0,528 |
| | Critical disease | 2,252 | 0,133 |
| | BMI (kg.m ⁻²) | 1,988 | 0,159 |
| | IL6 (ng/l) | 0,127 | 0,722 |
| | CRP (mg/l) | 0,016 | 0,899 |
| | N/L ratio | 1,152 | 0,283 |
| | D-Dimer (mg/l) | 0,010 | 0,921 |
| | Comorbidity number (n) | 0,363 | 0,547 |
| | Baricitinib | 0,340 | 0,560 |
| Step 2 | Anti-S SARS-CoV-2 IgM negative | 4,676 | 0,031 |
| | Moderate disease | 3,932 | 0,140 |
| | Severe disease | 0,223 | 0,637 |
| | Critical disease | 1,601 | 0,206 |
| | BMI (kg.m ⁻²) | 2,606 | 0,106 |
| | CRP (mg/l) | 0,602 | 0,438 |
| | IL6 (ng/l) | 0,000 | 0,988 |
| | N/L ratio | 3,438 | 0,064 |
| | D-Dimer (mg/l) | 0,127 | 0,721 |
| | Comorbidity number (n) | 0,345 | 0,557 |
| | Baricitinib | 0,178 | 0,673 |

BMI: body mass index; CRP: C-reactive protein; IgM: immunoglobulin M, IL-6: interleukin 6; n: number, N/L ratio: neutrophil-to-lymphocyte ratio; p-value: probability (univariate), SE: standard error

Supplementary Table S12: Cox regression model – forward stepwise method of association of in-hospital death with anti-S SARS-CoV-2 IgG negativity and other variables. Variables in the equation of regression model.

| | | Beta | Beta SE | Wald | p - value | OR | Lower 95% CI | Upper 95% CI |
|--------|--------------------------------|-------|---------|-------|-----------|-------|--------------|--------------|
| Step 1 | Age (years) | 0.046 | 0.021 | 4.819 | 0.028 | 1.047 | 1.005 | 1.092 |
| Step 2 | Age (years) | 0.051 | 0.021 | 5.774 | 0.016 | 1.052 | 1.009 | 1.097 |
| | Anti-S SARS-CoV-2 IgG negative | 1.215 | 0.569 | 4.561 | 0.033 | 3.369 | 1.105 | 10.270 |

A forward stepwise method (probability for stepwise: entry p < 0.05) for Cox regression has been used to reduce the number of independent variables entering the model to reduce the probability of model overfitting.

BMI: body mass index; CI: confidence interval; IgG: immunoglobulin G, n: number; OR: odds ratio; p-value: probability (multivariate), SE: standard error.

Supplementary Table S13: Cox regression model – forward stepwise method of association of in-hospital death with anti-S SARS-CoV-2 IgG negativity and other variables. Variables not in the equation of regression model.

| | | Score | p-value |
|--------|--------------------------------|-------|---------|
| Step 1 | Moderate disease | 5.460 | 0.065 |
| | Severe disease | 0.399 | 0.528 |
| | Critical disease | 2.252 | 0.133 |
| | BMI (kg.m ⁻²) | 1.988 | 0.159 |
| | CRP (mg/l) | 0.127 | 0.722 |
| | IL6 (ng/l) | 0.016 | 0.899 |
| | N/L ratio | 1.152 | 0.283 |
| | D-Dimer (mg/l) | 0.010 | 0.921 |
| | Comorbidity number (n) | 0.363 | 0.547 |
| | Baricitinib | 0.340 | 0.560 |
| Step 2 | Anti-S SARS-CoV-2 IgG negative | 5.137 | 0.023 |
| | Moderate disease | 4.873 | 0.087 |
| | Severe disease | 0.293 | 0.588 |
| | Critical disease | 1.930 | 0.165 |
| | BMI (kg.m ⁻²) | 2.367 | 0.124 |
| | CRP (mg/l) | 0.510 | 0.475 |
| | IL6 (ng/l) | 0.002 | 0.964 |
| | N/L ratio | 2.607 | 0.106 |
| | D-Dimer (mg/l) | 0.167 | 0.683 |
| | Comorbidity number (n) | 0.305 | 0.581 |
| | Baricitinib | 0.003 | 0.959 |

BMI: body mass index; CRP: C-reactive protein; IgG: immunoglobulin G, IL-6: interleukin 6; n: number, N/L ratio: neutrophil-to-lymphocyte ratio; p-value: probability (univariate), SE: standard error.

Supplementary Table S14: Collinearity analysis of variables in the association with in-hospital death.

| | tolerance | VIF |
|---------------------------|-----------|-------|
| Disease severity | 0.915 | 1.093 |
| Duration of symptoms | 0.995 | 1.005 |
| Age (years) | 0.664 | 1.506 |
| BMI (kg.m ⁻²) | 0.901 | 1.109 |
| CRP (mg/l) | 0.775 | 1.290 |
| IL-6 (ng/l) | 0.874 | 1.145 |
| N/L ratio | 0.723 | 1.383 |

| | | |
|----------------------------|-------|-------|
| D-Dimer (mg/l) | 0.916 | 1.092 |
| Comorbidity number (n) | 0.705 | 1.418 |
| Baricitinib | 0.922 | 1.085 |
| Anti-S SARS-CoV-2 negative | 0.941 | 1.063 |

BMI: body mass index; CRP: C-reactive protein; IgG: immunoglobulin G, IL-6: interleukin 6; n: number, N/L ratio: neutrophil-to-lymphocyte ratio; p-value: probability (univariate), SE: standard error; VIF: variance inflation factor

Supplementary Table S15: Collinearity analysis of variables in association with death during the follow-up.

| | tolerance | VIF |
|----------------------------|-----------|-------|
| Disease severity | 0.927 | 1.079 |
| Duration of symptoms | 0.984 | 1.016 |
| Age (years) | 0.692 | 1.446 |
| BMI (kg.m ⁻²) | 0.903 | 1.108 |
| CRP (mg/l) | 0.760 | 1.316 |
| IL-6 (ng/l) | 0.813 | 1.230 |
| N/L ratio | 0.682 | 1.467 |
| D-Dimer (mg/l) | 0.887 | 1.127 |
| Comorbidity number (n) | 0.721 | 1.386 |
| Baricitinib | 0.917 | 1.091 |
| Anti-S SARS-CoV-2 negative | 0.939 | 1.065 |

BMI: body mass index; CRP: C-reactive protein; IgG: immunoglobulin G, IL-6: interleukin 6; n: number, N/L ratio: neutrophil-to-lymphocyte ratio; p-value: probability (univariate), SE: standard error; VIF: variance inflation factor.