

Optimizing Drone-Based Surface Models for Prescribed Fire Monitoring

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Supplementary Materials:

Table S1. Summary of the main characteristics of the RGB camera used.

Camera Model	Sony ILCE-7RM2
Image width	7952 px.
Image height	5304 px.
Sensor width	35.9 mm
Sensor height	24 mm
Sensor length	15 mm
Field of vision	90°

Table S2. Overview of the UAV flight plan as configured. Along with the use of the digital RGB camera, the covered area, the set of GSD, flying altitude, the number of strips and their respective orientations, and the adjusted side (S) and forward (F) overlaps, the survey's date is also noted.

Camera Model	Sony ILCE-7RM2
Date	06 July 2020
Camera Model	Sony ILCE-7RM2
Coverage area (ha)	18
GSD (cm/px)	2
Flight altitude	66
Nb. of strips	11
Orientation of strips	West-East
Overlaps	75% (Forward) – 75% (Side)

Table S3. Overview of the UAV flight plan as configured. Along with the use of the digital RGB camera, the covered area, the set of GSD, flying altitude, the number of strips and their respective orientations, and the adjusted side (S) and forward (F) overlaps, the survey's date is also noted.

Environmental conditions	Value
Start time UTC	11:31 a.m.
Weather conditions	Sunny (100%)
Sun elevation	54.51°
Sun azimuth	111.05°
Camera parameter settings	Value

Camera orientation	0°
F-stop (Aperture)	F/8
ISO	500 to 1600
Shutter speed	1/1000

Table S4. Metashape image alignment parameters setting for sparse cloud generation.

Alignment parameters	Value
Accuracy	High
Key point limit	40000
Tie point limit	4000
Generic preselection	yes
Reference preselection	yes
Adaptive camera model fitting	yes

Table S5. Camera parameters and coefficients used during the sparse cloud re-optimizing process.

Camera parameters	Coefficients
Focal length	f
Main point coordinates	cx, cy
Aspect transformation and tilt coefficients	b1, b2
Radial distortion coefficients	k1, k2, k3, k4
Tangential distortion coefficients	p1, p2

Table S6. Definition of the quality attributes of the sparse cloud. Source: Metashape User Manual (Version 1.7.3).

Metric	Equation	Elements of the equation	Description
Reprojection error (RE)	$R = x_i^l - x_i \vee / S_i$	Where x_i^l is the point projection according to adjusted orientation parameters on the i-th image in pixels. x_i refers to the measured point projection coordinates on the i-th image in pixels and. S_i is the image scale at which corresponding projection was measured on the i-th image.	Low values of RE indicate good location accuracy of the corresponding point projection. Filtering points with high RE improves the accuracy of the sparse cloud optimization step.
Reconstruction uncertainty (RU)	$RU = \sqrt{(k_1/k_3)}$	Where k_1 is the largest eigenvalue of the tie point covariance matrix for the bundle adjustment calculations and k_3 is the smallest eigenvalue of the tie point covariance matrix for the bundle adjustment calculations.	Ratio of the largest semi-axes to the smallest semi-axis of the error ellipse of the triangulated 3D point coordinates. Higher values of RU error indicate that the points deviate significantly from the surface of the object, introducing noise in the point cloud
Projection accuracy (PA)	$PA = \sum i S_i / n$	Where S_i is the image scale at which corresponding, projections were measured on the i-th image and. n is a few images where tie points were measured.	Ratio between the average scale of the image at which the projection was measured and the number of images on which the tie points were measured. This filter allows to remove those points whose projections were worse located due to their larger scale size

Table S7. Summary of the elevation measurement accuracy and density metrics of the 30 Dense Terrain Point Clouds (DTPC) versions according to image quality resolution levels (Ultra-High Quality (UHQ) and High Quality (HQ)) and depth filters levels (mild, moderate and aggressive) and varying the maxdist parameter by 1, 2.5, 5, 7.5 and 10 mm. Includes linear regression between the observed *GNSS-Validation points* elevation values and the predicted elevation values at the respective closest point of each DTPC (R^2 , and standard metrics of linear regressions such as MAE) and DTPC density metrics such as grid density and low point density area.

Image Quality Resolution	Depth filter	Maxdist (mm)	Number samples	R^2	Elevation MAE (m)	Grid density (pts/m ²)	Low point density area (%)
UHQ	Mild	10	41	0.9992	0.039	1119.18	0.309
		7.5	41	0.9992	0.033	909.95	0.710
		5	39	0.9993	0.030	655.49	2.673
		2.5	37	0.9993	0.046	374.43	6.381
		1	37	0.9993	0.052	183.32	10.645
	Moderate	10	44	0.9991	0.052	1118.36	0.540
		7.5	40	0.9990	0.056	907.80	0.834
		5	37	0.9992	0.041	653.03	2.595
		2.5	38	0.9993	0.052	371.16	6.705
		1	33	0.9991	0.042	182.30	10.815
	Aggressive	10	42	0.9991	0.049	1118.47	0.355
		7.5	41	0.9992	0.044	912.08	0.726
		5	39	0.9994	0.040	656.04	2.920
		2.5	41	0.9994	0.050	373.15	7.416
		1	36	0.9991	0.048	183.87	11.480
HQ	Mild	10	41	0.9993	0.043	220.90	0.309
		7.5	40	0.9993	0.048	170.72	0.509
		5	35	0.9992	0.043	118.75	2.240
		2.5	28	0.9990	0.048	68.27	5.747
		1	26	0.9994	0.054	34.76	8.760
	Moderate	10	38	0.9991	0.048	221.35	0.278
		7.5	38	0.9992	0.042	170.56	0.509
		5	33	0.9993	0.044	118.72	1.730
		2.5	32	0.9994	0.037	68.21	5.207
		1	26	0.9998	0.028	34.60	8.050
	Aggressive	10	42	0.9989	0.054	221.32	0.278
		7.5	39	0.9990	0.044	170.28	0.571
		5	35	0.9992	0.037	118.22	1.699
		2.5	31	0.9991	0.052	68.23	5.547
		1	23	0.9985	0.064	34.46	7.957