

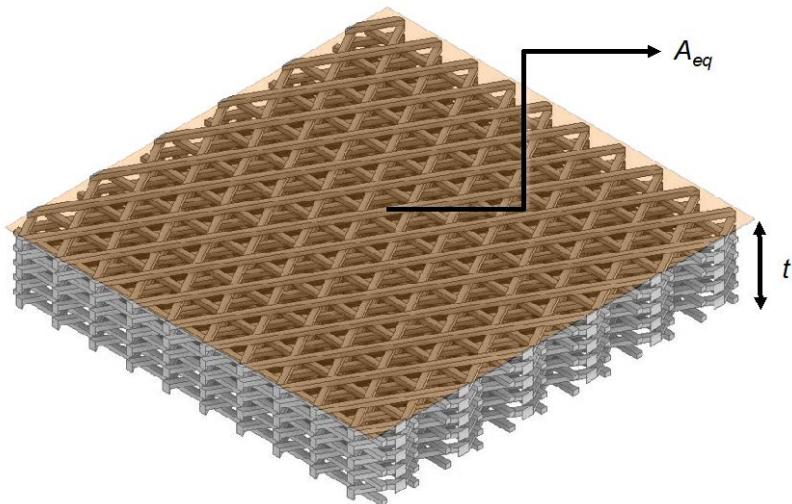
*Supplementary Information for*

# Design Data and Finite Element Analysis of 3D Printed Poly( $\epsilon$ -Caprolactone)-Based Lattice Scaffolds: Influence of Type of Unit Cell, Porosity, and Nozzle Diameter on the Mechanical Behavior

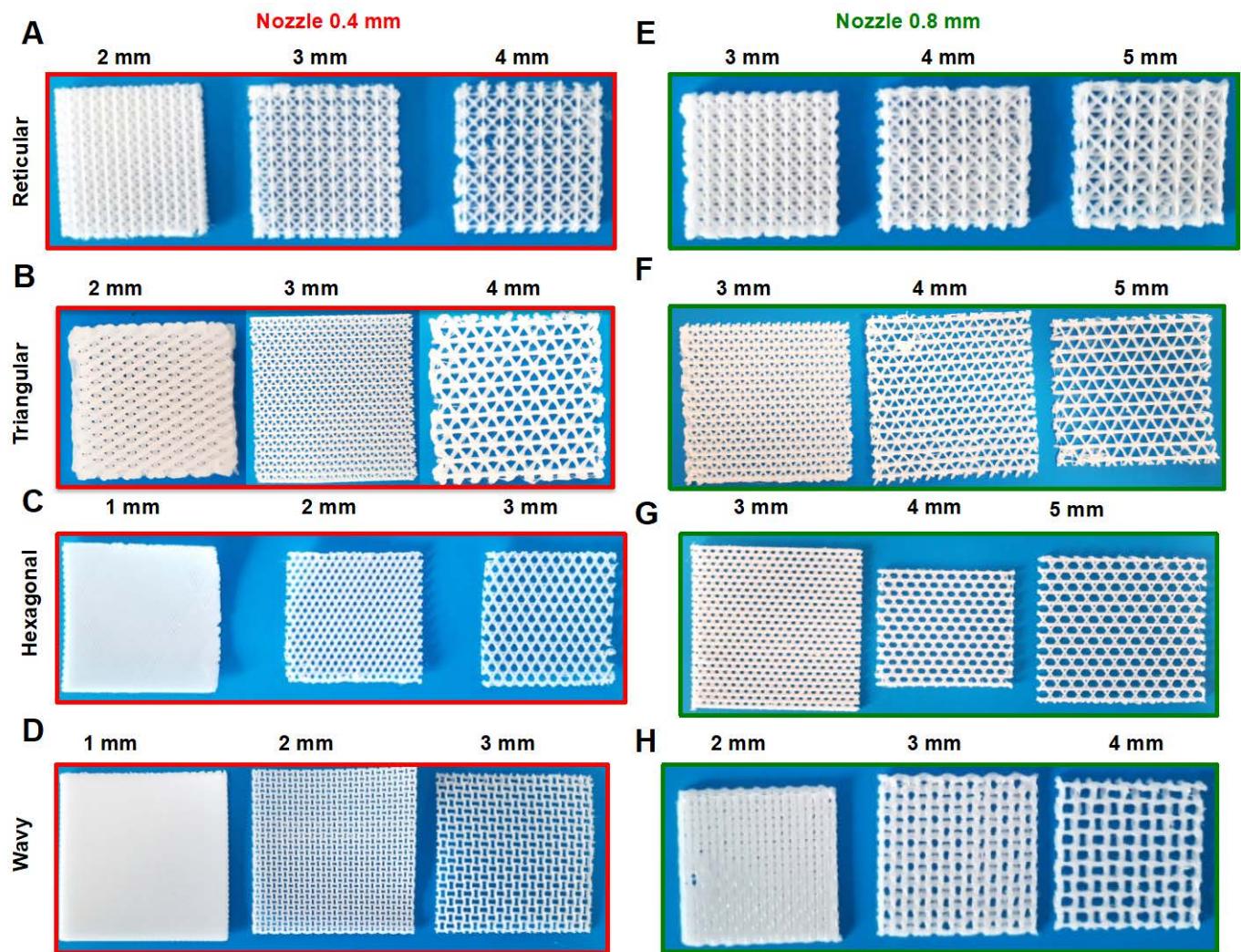
Riccardo Sala, Stefano Regondi and Raffaele Pugliese \*

NeMO Lab, ASST Niguarda Cà Granda Hospital, Milan, Italy; riccardo.sala@nemolab.it (R.S.); stefano.regondi@nemolab.it (S.R.)

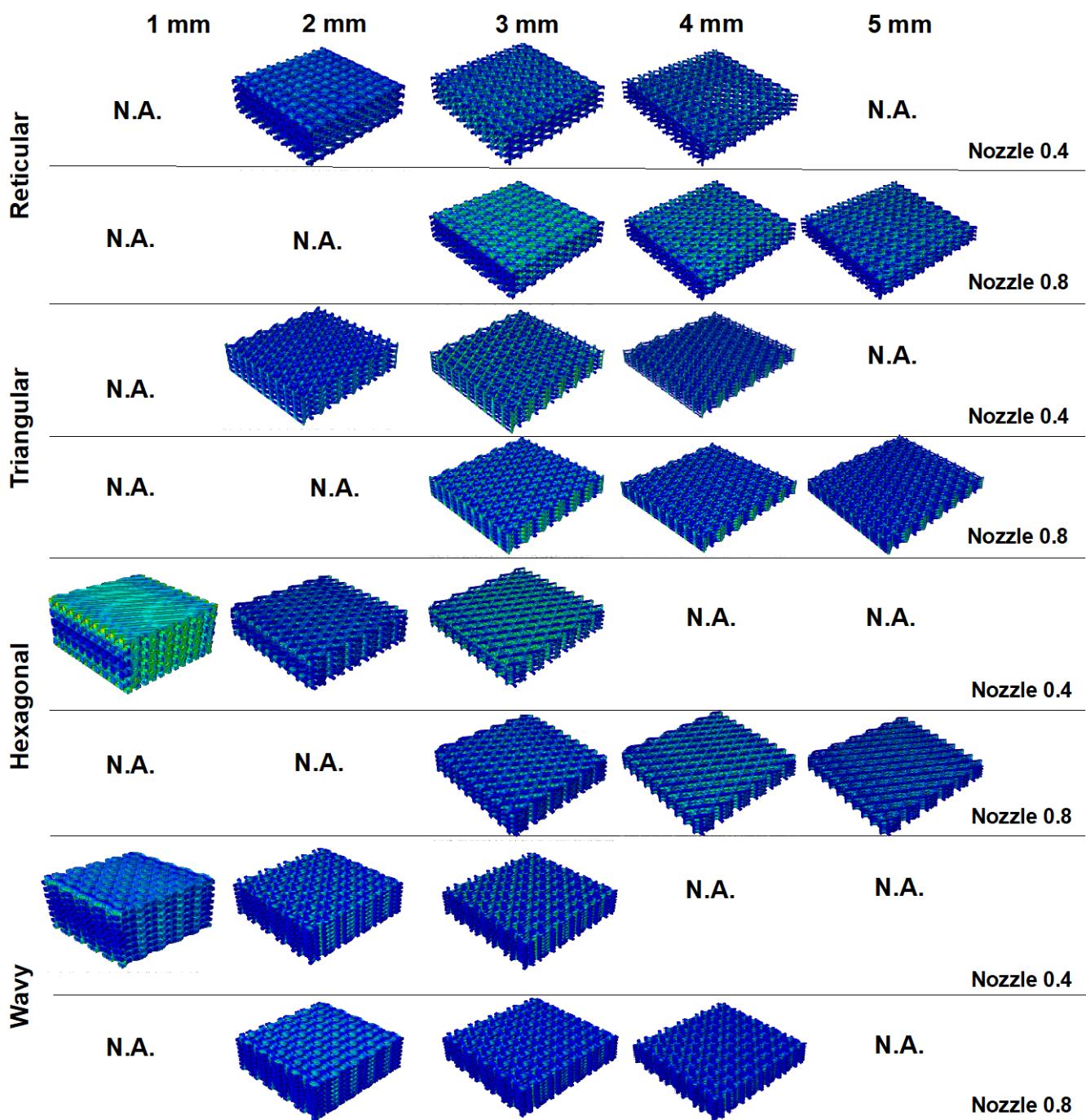
\* Correspondence: raffaele.pugliese@nemolab.it



**Figure S1.** Explanation picture about the quantities reported in Equations (2) and (3).



**Figure S2.** 3D printed PCL scaffolds with different geometries and nozzle diameters.



**Figure S3.** The Von-Mises stress-strain distributions in the simulated shear test by FEM in the *y*-directions.

**Table S1.** Comparison of shear moduli in the linear model of four types of scaffolds with different nozzle diameter and unit cell sizes.

Shear Modulus	G <sub>zx</sub>	G <sub>zy</sub>	G <sub>zx</sub>	G <sub>zy</sub>	G <sub>zx</sub>	G <sub>zy</sub>	G <sub>zx</sub>	G <sub>zy</sub>
Unit Cell Size (mm)	Reticular (MPa)		Triangular (MPa)		Hexagonal (MPa)		Wavy (MPa)	
1 (nozzle 0.4)	-	-	-	-	29.43	29.96	20.48	20.48
2 (nozzle 0.4)	5.52	5.52	3.16	3.24	3.30	3.35	2.59	2.59
3 (nozzle 0.4)	1.32	1.32	0.83	0.85	0.56	0.58	0.74	0.74
4 (nozzle 0.4)	0.47	0.47	0.34	0.35	-	-	-	-
5 (nozzle 0.4)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
1 (nozzle 0.8)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
2 (nozzle 0.8)	-	-	-	-	-	-	11.68	11.68
3 (nozzle 0.8)	5.69	5.69	2.98	3.03	2.92	2.97	2.81	2.81
4 (nozzle 0.8)	1.92	1.92	1.19	1.20	0.75	0.77	1.16	1.16
5 (nozzle 0.8)	0.99	0.99	0.62	0.63	0.26	0.27	-	-